

UvA-DARE (Digital Academic Repository)

Designing bifunctional alkene isomerization catalysts using predictive modelling

Landman, I.R.; Paulson, E.R.; Rheingold, A.L.; Grotjahn, D.B.; Rothenberg, G.

DOI 10.1039/c7cy01106g

Publication date 2017 Document Version Other version Published in Catalysis Science & Technology License Article 25fa Dutch Copyright Act

Link to publication

Citation for published version (APA):

Landman, I. R., Paulson, E. R., Rhéingold, A. L., Grotjahn, D. B., & Rothenberg, G. (2017). Designing bifunctional alkene isomerization catalysts using predictive modelling. *Catalysis Science & Technology*, 7(20), 4842-4851. https://doi.org/10.1039/c7cy01106g

General rights

It is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), other than for strictly personal, individual use, unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

Disclaimer/Complaints regulations

If you believe that digital publication of certain material infringes any of your rights or (privacy) interests, please let the Library know, stating your reasons. In case of a legitimate complaint, the Library will make the material inaccessible and/or remove it from the website. Please Ask the Library: https://uba.uva.nl/en/contact, or a letter to: Library of the University of Amsterdam, Secretariat, Singel 425, 1012 WP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. You will be contacted as soon as possible.

UvA-DARE is a service provided by the library of the University of Amsterdam (https://dare.uva.nl)

S1

Landman et al.

Electronic Supplementary information for the article:

Designing bifunctional alkene isomerization catalysts using predictive modelling

Iris R. Landman,^a Erik R. Paulson,^b Arnold L. Rheingold,^c Douglas B. Grotjahn,^{b,*} and Gadi Rothenberg^{a,*}

This supplemanetary information contains the VIP plot for the 308 descriptors, the mass balance deviation plot, characterisation data for catalysts **9** and **13**, and a table containing the entire dataset (308 descriptor values for each of the 39 experimental cases, separate excel file).



Figure S1. Variable Importance Plot vs. 308 descriptors for the FOM yield of 3-alkene.

The threshold of VIP (see Figure S1) is set to separate the most outstanding descriptors from the less relevant descriptors with lower VIP values. For each FOM, the most outstanding descriptors were selected based on the VIP plot.



Figure S2. Mass balance deviation plot.

The data points had a 5% deviation centred on 100%, and were spread randomly (see Figure S2), confirming that there was no systemic error in the reaction mass balance.





140 120

100 80 60 40 20 f1 (ppm)

0

-20 -40 -60 -80 -100 -120

220 200

180 160 **S**3

--20

-140 -160



Figure S6. Catalyst 13, ³¹P NMR spectrum.



Figure S7. Catalyst 9, $^{1}H - ^{13}C$ NMR peak assignments for the cation (from 2D NMR data).

Figure S8. Catalyst **13**, ¹H – ¹³C NMR peak assignments for the cation (from 2D NMR data). **Predictive models**

Listed below are the prediction formulas for each FOM. The FOM is described by 2 descriptors with corresponding coefficients. Note that the values are based on scaled and centred data.

Pred Formula log(TOF) =

0.46143749364052*("q(e)_N*") + -7.34083838383433*("E(HOMO)") + (

-88.8747316618149) Pred Formula log(TON) = -0.0393080389325798*("d_Ru-P") + 120.333537225117*("d_Ru-Cp") + (-213.304077054034) Pred Formula Yield 2-E-alkene (%) = -0.816015493792368*("d_Ru-N") + -1.27919272688913*("PSA") + 59.3493452372081 Pred Formula Yield 3-alkene (%) = -3.18084933075505*("E(HOMO)") + -271.930106960903*("d_Ru-Cp") +456.35543760031

Complete list of the 308 computed descriptors and the entire dataset (see separate excel file)

The descriptors can be categorized by different types of descriptors. Within the Spartan and MarvinSketch programs we calculated electrostatic, constitutional and topological descriptors. Using ChemDes we calculated constitutional, topological, connectivity, Kappa, E-state, Moran autocorrelation, Geary autocorrelation, molecular property, Moreau-Broto autocorrelation, charge, MOE-type descriptors.