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Lymphocytes in the frontline: local human T cells facing the challenges of the lung environment

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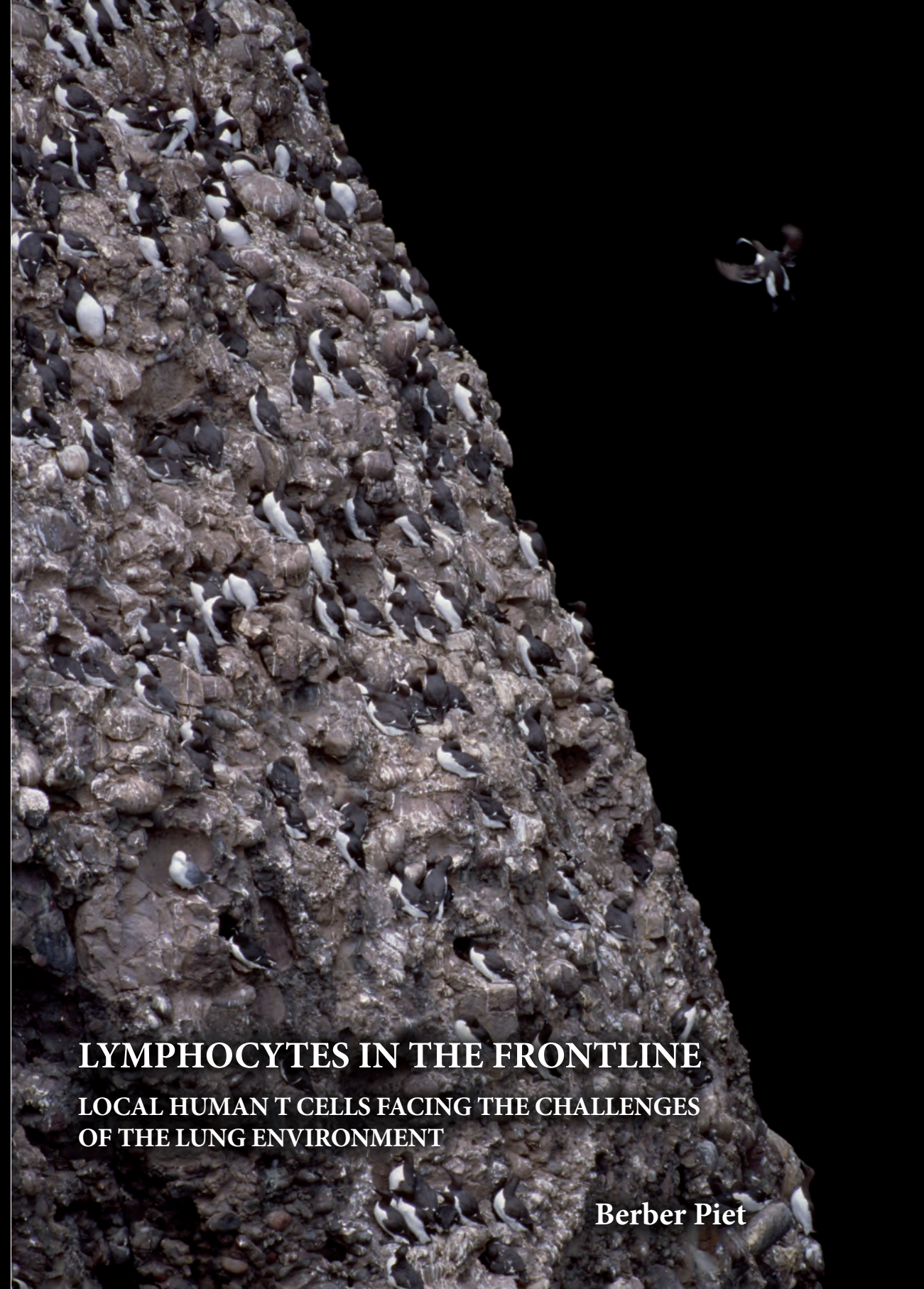
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LYMPHOCYTES IN THE FRONTLINE

Berber Piet



LYMPHOCYTES IN THE FRONTLINE

LOCAL HUMAN T CELLS FACING THE CHALLENGES
OF THE LUNG ENVIRONMENT

Berber Piet

Foto kaft: Mark Sisson (rspb-images.com)

De zeekoet (*Uria aalge*), maakt geen nest, maar legt haar ei op de richel van een kale rots. Als het jong drie weken oud is en nog niet kan vliegen, springt het van zijn richel af om in de soms wel meer dan 400 meter lager gelegen zee te belanden. Daar kan het zich nog niet zelfstandig redden. Het jong kan wel duiken, maar beheerst de kunst van het vissen nog niet. Een jaar of vier, vijf later is de zeekoet pas volledig volgroeid.

Cover Photo: Mark Sisson (rspb-images.com)

The guillemot (*Uria aalge*) makes no nest, but lays its egg on a bare rock ledge. When the chick is three weeks old, it leaves its cliff. At this moment it is unable to fly properly, so it jumps the sometimes more than 400 meters to reach the sea. The young is able to dive, but does not yet master the art of fishing. It takes the guillemot four or five years to become fully grown.