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Poetry as window and mirror: Hellenistic poets on predecessors, contemporaries and themselves

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APPENDIX: LIST OF HELLENISTIC EPIGRAMS ON POETS

Corpus

The corpus consists of early Hellenistic epigrams dealing with poets, i.e. epigrams produced in the third Century BCE. I have chosen to exclude later Hellenistic authors such as Antipater Sidonius and Thessalonicensis as well as Meleager, because they produced their poetry in a different setting. Problematic are the epigrams attributed to Plato on Aristophanes (14 Diehl), Sappho (*AP* 9.506) and Pindar (*AP* 7.35). I follow Gow and Page (1965) in excluding the first two from the Hellenistic age, and attributing the last to Leonidas (20).

Poets of the Past

(Poems marked with an asterisk are discussed in the text.)

Orpheus

AP 7.9 Damagetus*

AP 7.10 Anonymous

Arion

AB 37 Posidippus*

Homer

AP 7.2 Anonymous

AP 9.2 Leonidas

AP 7.1 Alcaeus of Messene

AP 7.5 Alcaeus of Messene

AP 7.80 Callimachus (Homer and Creophylus)*

Hesiod

AP 7.55 Alcaeus of Messene

AP 7.54 Mnasalces

Pisander

AP 9.598 Theocritus

Antimachus

AP 9.63 Asclepiades*

Mimnermus, Antimachus, Hesiod, Homer

AP 12.168 Posidippus

On the nine lyric poets

AP 9.184 Anonymous

AP 9.571 Anonymous

Archilochus

AP 9.185 Anonymous

AP 7.664 Theocritus*

AP 7.351 Dioscorides*

Hipponax

AP 7.408 Leonidas*

AP 7.536 Alcaeus of Messene

AP 13.3 Theocritus*

Alcman

AP 7.709 Alexander Aetolus

Sappho

AP 9.189 Anonymous

Ath.13.696 Posidippus*

AP 7.407 Dioscorides

Pindar

AP 7.35 Leonidas

Anacreon

AP 7.28 Anonymous

AP 7.24 Pseudo-Simonides

AP 7.25 Pseudo-Simonides

AP 7.31 Dioscorides

API. 306 Leonidas*

APl. 307 Leonidas*

AP 9.599 Theocritus*

Erinna

AP 9.190 Anonymous

AP 7.12 Anonymous*

AP 7.11 Asclepiades

AP 7.13 Leonidas

Philitas

AB 63 Posidippus

Thespis

AP 7.410 Dioscorides

Aeschylus

AP 7.411 Dioscorides

Sophocles

AP 7.37 Dioscorides

AP 7.21 Simmias*

AP 7.22 Simmias

Euripides

AP 7.46 Anonymous

Tellen

AP 7.719 Leonidas

Epicharmus

AP 9.600 Theocritus

AP 7.125 Anonymous

Cratinus

AP 13.29 Nicaenetus of Samos

Heracleitus

AP 7.479 Theodoridas of Samos

Poets of the Present (Including Self-epitaphs)

Aratus

AP 9.507 Callimachus*

AP 9.25 Leonidas*

SH 712 = Vit. Arat. 1 (King Ptolemy "Physkon")

Asclepiades

AP 12.50 Asclepiades*

Callimachus

AP 7.415 Callimachus*

AP 7.525 Callimachus*

AP 9.566 Callimachus*

AP 11.362 Callimachus*

AP 12.43 Callimachus*

AP 11.275 "Apollonius"*

Euphorion

AP 11.218 Crates*

AP 7.406 Theodoridas*

Hedylus

Ath. 11.473a, GP V Hedylus*

Heracleitus

AP 7.80 Callimachus*

Leonidas

AP 7.715 Leonidas*

AP 6.300 Leonidas*

AP 6.302 Leonidas*

Machon

AP 7.708 Dioscorides

Mnasalces

AP 13.21 Theodoridas of Samos*

Nossis

AP 5.170 Nossis*

AP 7.718 Nossis*

Posidippus

SH 705 = AB 118*

Rhinthon

AP 7.414 Nossis

Sositheus

AP 7.707 Dioscorides

Theaetetus

(AP 9.565) Callimachus*

Singing versus Writing in the Epigrams

A. Poets of the Past.

In these epigrams, the profession of the poet is expressed with the following words: ποιητής (*AP* 7.2, 7.5 Homer; 7.664 Archilochus); ἀοιδός (*AP* 7.10 Orpheus; 7.1, 7.80 Homer; 7.13 Erinna; 13.29 Cratinus). Apart from these designations, there is a range of words forming a continuum between the two: εὐφώνων Πιερίδων πρόπολος (*AP* 7.35 Pindar); μουσοποιός (*AP* 9.598 Pisander; 13.3 Hipponax); ὑμνητήρ (*AP* 7.19 Alcman); ὑμνοπόλος (*AP* 9.24 Homer; 7.25 Anacreon; 7.13 Erinna); ωἰδοποιός (*AP* 9.599 Anacreon).

The expressions for the process/activity itself and its final product also range between these terms. Singing/reciting is expressed by (compounds of) the verbs: ἀείδω (AP 7.664 Archilochus; 9.63 Antimachus; 7.5 Homer); κλάγγω (AP 9.571 Pindar); μελίζεσθαι (API. 307 Anacreon); μέλπεσθαι (AP 7.21 Sophocles; API. 306 Anacreon; AP 7.19 Alcman); πνείω (AP 7.55 Hesiod; 7.24, 7.25 Anacreon; 7.407 Sappho; 9.571 Simonides); or the nouns ἀοιδή (AP 7.410 Thespis; Ath. 13.696 Sappho); αὐδά (AP 9.571 Alcaeus; μέλη (AP 7.25 Anacreon); μολπή (AP 7.25 Anacreon); ὕμνος (AP 9.189 Sappho); στόμα (AP 7.411 Aeschylus; 9.571 Simonides; 9.184 Pindar); φθέγγω (AP 13.696 Sappho; AP 9.571 Bacchylides); φθόγγος (AP 9.571 Simonides).

References to the lyre and hence to singing can be found in (*APl.* 306, 307, *AP* 7.24, 7.25 Anacreon; 9.189 Sappho; 7.664 Archilochus; 7.10 Orpheus; AB 37 Arion).

It is further noteworthy that Sappho's poems are called her "daughters" (AP 7.407); Erinna too is pictured as "giving birth" to her poetry (AP 7.12). Cratinus (AP 13.29) also uses the verb $\tau \dot{\epsilon} \kappa \omega$ to describe the production of poetry.

Writing and its products are expressed by: γοάμμα (AP 7.80 Homer; 9.63 Antimachus; 9.184 Anacreon; 7.411 Aeschylus); σέλις (AP 9.184 Simonides; Ath. 13.696 Sappho; AP 7.21 Sophocles); συγγοάφω (AP 9.598 Pisander).

This leaves verbs and nouns that could both denote writing or the spoken word: ἔπη (*AP* 7.12 Erinna; 7.2, 7.5 Homer; referring to hexametric poetry); διδασκαλία (*AP* 7.37 Sophocles); κυδαίνω (*AP* 7.1 Homer); ὁήματα (*AP* 9.600 Epicharmus; *AP* 7.408 Hipponax).

There is also a number of references to (specific) meters or genres (iambi, elegiac distich, melic and epic meter, *stichoi*, comedy etc.) and to the "300 verses of Erinna, which

conquer Homer's poetry" (*AP* 9.190). In general, lyric poets tend to be associated with song, epic poets and dramatists with writing and singing/reciting.

B. Poets of the Present

In these epigrams a similar alternation between π οιέω, ἀείδω, γοάφω and more opaque metaphors for the poetic process is found: π οιέω (*AP* 11.218; *AP* 7.406, Euphorion); π οίημα (*AP* 12.43, Callimachus *AP* 11.218 Euphorion); π οιητής (*AP* 9.566 Callimachus).

Singing/reciting is expressed by the following words and metaphors: ἀείδω and compound verbs (AB 118 Posidippus; AP 7.525 Callimachus); ἀήδονις (AP 7.414 Rhinthon); ἀήδων (AP 7.80 Heraclitus, referring to his works; AB 118 Archilochus, referring to the man); ἀοιδή/ἄεισμα (AP 9.507, Hesiod/Aratus AP 7.415, Callimachus); ἀοιδός (AP 9.507 Hesiod); κύκνος (AP 5.135 Zeno); τέττιξ (AP 12.98 Posidippus).

The following expressions seem to indicate improvisation: καίρια συγγελάσαι *AP* 7.415 (apparently used in opposition to ἀοιδή); παίζω (Ath 11.473a GPV Hedylus).

Writing is expressed by the words βίβλος (AB 118 Posidippus); γοάμμα (AP 9.20 Aratus, note that in AP9.507 the same work is referred to by ἄεισμα); γοάφω (AP 11.275 Callimachus; AB 118 Posidippus); δέλτον/σέλις (AB 118 Posidippus); ἐν βύβλοις πεπονημένη ... ψύχη (AP 12.98 Posidippus); κωμωδογοάφος (AP 7.708 Machon).

This leaves words that would seem to indicate speaking rather than writing: ἔπος (AP 9.507 Aratus/Hesiod Ath. 11.473a GPV Hedylus); ὀρθοεπὴς (AB 118 Posidippus); ὁήσιες (AP 9.507 Aratus).

In some epigrams metaphors for poetry are used that leave unexpressed whether written words are imagined or songs; the humble gifts Leonidas offers to the goddess Lathria in AP 6.300 are usually understood metapoetically; since they suggest material objects, written poems might be intended. A similar claim could be made about AP 6.302, where Leonidas refers to his household stores, which mice try to raid. The "roses" of Nossis (AP 5.170) are more ambiguous, as is her expression for receiving inspiration in AP 7.718 (τᾶν Σαπφοῦς χαρίτων ἄνθος ἐναυσόμενος). A similar metaphor is found in AP 7.708 (Dioscorides on Machon) ἐν Μούσαις δριμὸ πέφυκε θύμον, referring to the wit of Attic comedy, transferred by Machon from Attica to Alexandria.

Sometimes (expressions containing) $Mo\tilde{v}\sigma\alpha$ indicate either the poetic talent/inspiration of a given author (*AP* 5.134 Cleanthes), or his works (*AP* 7.715 Leonidas), or a genre (*AP* 7.707 Sositheus).