## University of Montana

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**ASUM Student Government** 

4-6-2022

## SB101\_21-22\_Resolution Encouraging the University of Montana Academic Departments to Implement Content Warnings in Classes

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1	The Associated Students of the University of Montana
2	Resolution Encouraging University of Montana Academic Departments to Implement
3	Content Warnings in Classes
4	March 29, 2022
5	SB101-21/22
6	Authored by: Amelia Hawes, ASUM Senator; Madison McKenzie, ASUM Senator;
7	Sponsored by: Hailey Hargrove, Curry Health Wellness Team Health Promotion
8	Specialist; Jorgia Hawthorne, ASUM Senator; Danielle Pease, Chair of the Equitable
9	<b>Education Committee</b> ;
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1	Whereas, The Associated Students of the University of Montana ("ASUM") represents the
2	students of the University of Montana ("UM") and serves as an advocate for their mental,
2	emotional, and physical wellbeing;
4	
5	Whereas, On November 17, 2021, ASUM passed SB47-21/22, "Resolution Encouraging Faculty
6	to Include Mental Health, Wellness, and Basic Needs Resources in Syllabi" to promote further
7	support for students struggling with mental health, overall wellness, and fulfillment of basic
8	needs <sup>1</sup> ;
9	
20 21 22 23 24 25	Whereas, ASUM named Accessibility as one of its Core Values during the 21/22 session <sup>2</sup> ;
21	THE TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
22	Whereas, Experiences of trauma, victimization, and posttraumatic stress disorder ("PTSD") are
23	pervasive among college students;
24	
25	Whereas, One study from 2018 evaluating rates of exposure to potentially traumatic events
26	("PTE") and prevalence of PTSD among college students found that 70% of participants in the
27	study had been exposed to at least one PTE in their lifetime, and 25.3% of that group met criteria
28	for probable PTSD <sup>3</sup> ;
29	Whereas Survey results indicated that 76.10% of male and 05.10% of female LIM feaulty members
30 31	Whereas, Survey results indicated that 76.1% of male and 95.1% of female UM faculty members reported that their mental/emotional well-being is worse now than in semesters previous to the
32	COVID-19 pandemic <sup>4</sup> ;
33	COVID-17 pandenne,
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Glueckert, M. M., Lock, C. S., & Cowley, K. (2021). SB47-21/22: Resolution Encouraging Faculty to Include Mental Health, Wellness, and Basic Needs Resources in Syllabi. *Senate Resolutions, 2007-Present.* 927. <a href="https://scholarworks.umt.edu/asum\_resolutions/927">https://scholarworks.umt.edu/asum\_resolutions/927</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Glueckert, M. M. & Heaton, E. (2021). SB53-21/22: Resolution Amending the ASUM Core Values. *Senate Resolutions*, 2007-Present. 924. <a href="https://scholarworks.umt.edu/asum\_resolutions/924">https://scholarworks.umt.edu/asum\_resolutions/924</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cusack, S. E., Hicks, T. A., Bourdon, J., Sheerin, C. M., Overstreet, C. M., Kendler, K. S., Dick, D. M., & Amstadter, A. B. (2019). Prevalence and predictors of PTSD among a college sample. *Journal of American College Health : J of ACH* vol. 67,2: 123-131. doi:10.1080/07448481.2018.1462824

Whereas, Trauma and PTSD among college students have been associated with poor academic performance, substance abuse, and dropping out of school<sup>56</sup>;

Whereas, A characteristic symptom of PTSD as outlined in the DSM-5 is:

Intense or prolonged psychological distress at exposure to internal or external cues that symbolize or resemble an aspect of the traumatic event(s) [associated with an individual's PTSD].<sup>7</sup>;

Whereas, This reaction, commonly referred to as being "triggered", is both psychological and physiological, involving a relapse to the autonomic stress reaction an individual with PTSD experienced during a traumatic event(s) which may create the sense that the individual is reliving the event(s)<sup>8</sup>;

Whereas, The term "triggered" has been applied more widely to describe emotional arousal in response to triggering stimuli in people diagnosed with substance use disorders, eating disorders, anxiety, obsessive-compulsive disorder ("OCD"), and more<sup>910</sup>;

 Whereas, Becoming triggered can lead to relapse with self-destructive and socially destructive coping mechanisms such as substance abuse, violence, and self-harm, and can cause dissociation, feelings of numbness, depression, anxiety and/or panic attacks, suicidality, avoidance of reminders of trauma, angry outbursts, hyperarousal, intrusive thoughts, exaggerated startle responses, concentration problems, sleep disturbances, social isolation, and more<sup>111213</sup>;

Whereas, The impacts of being triggered can profoundly affect individuals' personal relationships, academic/professional pursuits, and ability to perform daily tasks<sup>14</sup>;

Whereas, Students may be triggered by course content which relates to trauma or mental health struggles they have, especially if no warning about potential triggers is given before students are asked to engage with this content;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Bachrach, R. L. & Read, J. P. (2012). The role of posttraumatic stress and problem alcohol involvement in university academic performance. *Journal of Clinical Psychology*, 68(7):843–859. doi:10.1002/jclp.21874.

<sup>6</sup> Arnekrans, A. K., Calmes, S. A., Laux, J. M., Roseman, C. P., Piazza, N. J., Reynolds, J. L., Harmening, D., & Scott, H. L. (2018). College students' experiences of childhood developmental traumatic stress: resilience, first-year academic performance, and substance use. *Journal of College Counseling*, 21(1), 2–14. doi:10.1002/jocc.12083

<sup>7</sup> Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (US). (2014). Trauma-Informed Care in Behavioral Health Services. Rockville (MD): Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (US). (Treatment Improvement Protocol (TIP) Series, No. 57.) Exhibit 1.3-4, DSM-5 Diagnostic Criteria for PTSD. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK207191/box/part1\_ch3.box16/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Laguardia, F., Michalsen, V., & Rider-Milkovich, H. (2017). Trigger Warnings: From Panic to Data. *Journal of Legal Education*, 66(4), 882–903, p.887. https://www.jstor.org/stable/26453524

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> American Psychological Association. Triggers. *APA Dictionary of Psychology*. https://dictionary.apa.org/trigger <sup>10</sup> Cuncic, A. (2022). What Does It Mean to Be 'Triggered' Types of Triggering Events and Coping Strategies. *VeryWell Mind*. https://www.verywellmind.com/what-does-it-mean-to-be-triggered-4175432
<sup>11</sup> ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The Mayo Clinic. (2018). Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD). <a href="https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/post-traumatic-stress-disorder/symptoms-causes/syc-20355967">https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/post-traumatic-stress-disorder/symptoms-causes/syc-20355967</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Laguardia, Michalsen, & Rider-Milkovich, p.883, p.887.

<sup>14</sup> ibid.

Whereas, There are currently no explicit, detailed, or university-wide policies in place at UM to ensure that classes are emotionally safe environments for students who struggle with mental health and/or have experienced trauma and victimization;

Whereas, The absence of any substantial UM policy or widespread provision of training for trauma attentiveness in work with students has created emotionally unsafe learning spaces that carry the risk of re-traumatizing students, triggering symptoms of PTSD, or generally acting as a detriment to the emotional wellbeing and academic pursuits of students;

Whereas, When emotionally unsafe learning spaces aggravate or catalyze mental health struggles for students, this also impacts faculty and staff, who are often asked to provide emotional support and referrals to resources for struggling students;

Whereas, Common experiences that inflict trauma and give rise to PTSD include but are not limited to experiencing or witnessing one or more of the following traumatic life events: sexual assault and harassment, losing a loved one to suicide, self-harm, attempting suicide, eating disorders, childhood and/or adult abuse or neglect at the hands of family members, romantic partners, or friends, substance abuse and addiction, accidents (vehicle collisions, sports injuries, falls, natural disasters, or various physical injuries), religious trauma, living with a disability, being threatened with violence, surviving war, terrorism, and genocide, and experiencing or witnessing racism, sexism, homophobia, transphobia, ableism, and other forms of xenophobia and systemic violence<sup>15</sup>;

Whereas, Higher education is a realm in which students are often asked to grapple with subjects such as those listed above which may be triggering;

Whereas, Although engaging with potentially triggering subject matter in an academic setting can be challenging and painful, teaching such material is widely regarded as necessary to the personal and academic growth of students;

Whereas, Survivors are incredibly resilient;

Whereas, Although their experiences may be traumatic, students should not feel discouraged from sharing about them because including these stories in the classroom brings depth, nuance, and personal relevance to aspects of the human experience explored in course material;

Whereas, Censorship of subject matter because it is potentially triggering would restrict the freedom of educators to delve into topics of profound social and scientific importance, the understanding of which may help students become more informed and productive members of society through fostering personal growth and self-reflection, teaching vulnerability, and forming deeper bonds with peers and instructors;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Mayo Clinic. (2022). Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD). Diseases and Conditions. https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/post-traumatic-stress-disorder/symptoms-causes/syc-20355967

Whereas, Content warnings are not a form of censorship, but rather help people prepare 107 108 themselves to engage with difficult topics and/or allow individuals to remove themselves from 109 an environment that may be emotionally unsafe and detrimental to their learning and emotional 110 wellbeing; 111 Whereas, Issuing a content warning to students well in advance of assigning potentially 112 triggering material gives students the opportunity to set up the resources and coping mechanisms 113 such as therapy that they need in order to navigate these difficult conversations while 114 115 maintaining their personal wellbeing; 116 117 Whereas, By giving students time to prepare themselves and access the resources they need, the fallout of emotionally heavy course material may become easier for students who struggle with 118 119 mental health to navigate; 120 Whereas, This could potentially reduce the burden placed on faculty to serve as emotional 121 122 support systems for triggered students, and overall make students more willing to come to class and participate more often, thereby making classroom environments more positive and 123 124 conducive to learning; 125 126 Whereas, UM recently published a Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion ("DEI") plan to promote 127 actionable ways to address injustice on campus and establish accountable parties for upholding 128 the values of diversity, equity, and inclusion; 129 130 Whereas, The pervasiveness of mental health struggles and PTSD among college students, staff, 131 and faculty and the impact that PTSD and mental health struggles have on people's personal lives and academic/professional pursuits make mental health a dimension of DEI and 132 133 accessibility; 134 135 Whereas, Enduring racism and xenophobia is continuously traumatizing and shapes the lives of racially and ethnically minoritized people, including and especially those who are a part of the 136 137 UM community; 138 139 Whereas, Establishing support for students who live with intergenerational trauma and the 140 trauma of racism and xenophobia is a responsibility of UM leadership and should be treated as 141 part of DEI; 142 143 Whereas, In order to foster a safe and inclusive environment for students as promised by UM 144 through the DEI plan, the University must promote trauma attentiveness and expand support for 145 mental health for students, staff, and faculty; 146 147 Therefore, Let It Be Resolved, That ASUM encourages UM Deans to ask department chairs to establish as a standard practice within their departments the provision of content warnings before 148 149 displaying content or facilitating conversations around potentially triggering subjects; 150 151 Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That ASUM encourages faculty to notify students that

material to be distributed and discussed as part of a class may be triggering at minimum noted

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with a warning in the syllabi under the course calendar when the material will be presented, **and** with written (email) notification one (1) day, but preferably by one (1) week or longer, prior to the assignment of this material;

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That an example of an effective content warning is a spoken statement, email message, and/or Moodle post such as the following statement from the University of Waterloo:

Next class our discussion will touch on the sexual assault that is depicted in the second last chapter of The White Hotel. This content is disturbing, so I encourage you to prepare yourself emotionally beforehand. If you believe that you will find the discussion to be traumatizing, you may choose not to participate in the discussion or to leave the classroom. You will still, however, be responsible for material that you miss, so if you leave the room for a significant time, please arrange to get notes from another student or see me individually. <sup>16</sup>;

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That a working group be established to develop specific, detailed guidelines and training around the administration of content warnings in classes, including developing guidelines around what specific topics need content warnings in classes, what can be done to accommodate students who need to step out of class due to triggering content, and guidelines on how to deliver content warnings;

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That this working group shall center the resilience and strength of survivors in the formation of policy and shall prioritize helping students manage symptoms rather than assuming they need protection from triggering content;

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Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That in the interest of developing policy that is comprehensive, nuanced, and agreeable to faculty and students alike, this working group shall be composed of faculty and staff, campus mental health professionals and advocates, and student representatives such as ASUM Senators and Students-At-Large ("SALs");

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That faculty are encouraged to work with students who find it necessary to abstain from in-class discussions that may be triggering and find accommodations, in the same way they do with other requirements under the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA");

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That ASUM encourages the Office for Disability Equity ("ODE") to develop policy recommendations for faculty to accommodate students on the basis of mental health and triggering course content;

Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That ASUM encourages UM to establish mental health and trauma, including and especially intergenerational trauma and trauma from systemic marginalization and oppression, as a dimension of DEI;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Centre for Teaching Excellence. University of Waterloo. Trigger Warnings. <a href="https://uwaterloo.ca/centre-for-teaching-excellence/trigger#:~:text=A%20trigger%20warning%20is%20a.clip%2C%20or%20piece%20of%20text">https://uwaterloo.ca/centre-for-teaching-excellence/trigger#:~:text=A%20trigger%20warning%20is%20a.clip%2C%20or%20piece%20of%20text</a>

197	Therefore, Let It Be Further Resolved, That this Resolution be sent to Kimber McKay, Chair of				
198	the Faculty Senate; Kelly Webster, UM Chief of Staff; Reed Humphrey, Interim Provost of the				
199	University of Montana; Nathan Lindsay, Chair of the Instructional Planning Group and Vice				
200	Provost for Academic Affairs; Laurie Baefsky, Dean of College of the Arts and Media; Matthew				
201	Semanoff, Interim Dean of the College of Humanities and Sciences; Adrea Lawrence, Dean of				
202	the Phyllis J. Washington College of Education; Suzanne	e Tilleman, Dean of the College of			
203	Business; Alan Townsend, Dean of the W.A. Franke Col	llege of Forestry & Conservation;			
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210	Passed by Committee: April 5, 2022				
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212	Passed by ASUM Senate: April 6, 2022				
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221	Chair of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion				

## Pandemic Stress among UM Faculty

Insights from the faculty workload survey

Your line resides primarily in:

College	Count	Percentage
<b>Humanities and Sciences</b>	74	38.7
College of Health	37	19.4
Forestry	19	9.9
College of the Arts and Media	18	9.4
Missoula College	11	5.8
College of Education	10	5.2
College of Business	9	4.7
School of Law	6	3.1
Mansfield Library	5	2.6
Other	2	1
Total	191	100.0



