

Microplastic in the environment: identification, occurrence, and mitigation measures

Motasem Y.D. Alazaiza^{a,*}, Ahmed Albahnasawi^b, Omar Al-Maskari^a, Gomaa A.M. Ali^c, Murat Eyvaz^b, Mohammed Shadi S. Abujazar^{d,e}, Salem S. Abu Amr^f, Dia Eddin Nassani^g

^aDepartment of Civil and Environmental Engineering, College of Engineering, A'Sharqiyah University, 400 Ibra, Oman, emails: my.azaiza@gmail.com (M.Y.D. Alazaiza), omar.al-maskari@asu.edu.om (O. Al-Maskari)

^bDepartment of Environmental Engineering, Gebze Technical University, 41400 Kocaeli, Turkey, emails: ahmedalbahnasawi@gmail.com (A. Albahnasawi), murateyvaz@gmail.com (M. Eyvaz)

^cChemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Al-Azhar University, 71524 Assiut, Egypt, email: gomaasanad@gmail.com (G.A.M. Ali)

^dFaculty of Engineering, Karabuk University, Demir Campus, 78050 Karabuk, Turkey, email: mohammedshadi@hotmail.com (M.S.S. Abujazar)

^eAl-Aqsa Community Intermediate college, Al-Aqsa University, Gaza, Palestine – P.B.4051

^fInternational College of Engineering and Management, P.O. Box 2511, C.P.O Seeb, P.C. 111, Sultanate of Oman, email: sabuamr@hotmail.com (S.S. Abu Amr)

^gDepartment of Civil Engineering, Hasan Kalyoncu University, 27500 Gaziantep, Turkey, email: diaeddin.nassani@hku.edu.tr (D.E. Nassani)

Received 9 May 2022; Accepted 17 August 2022

ABSTRACT

Microplastic is an emerging pollutant causing trouble worldwide due to its extensive distribution and potential hazards to the ecological system. Some fundamental questions about microplastics, such as their presence, source, and possible hazards, remain unanswered. These issues develop because of a lack of systematic and comprehensive microplastic analysis. As a result, we thoroughly evaluated current knowledge on microplastics, including detection, characterization, occurrence, source, and potential harm. Microplastics are found in seawater, soil, wetlands, and air matrices worldwide based on findings. Visual classification, which can be enhanced by combining it with additional tools, is one of the most used methods for identifying microplastics. As soon as is practicable, microplastics analytical methods ought to be standardized. New techniques for analyzing nano-plastics are urgently needed in the meantime. Numerous studies have shown that microplastics' impacts on people and soil are significantly influenced by their size, shape, and surface physicochemical characteristics. Finally, this study suggests areas for future research based on the knowledge gaps in the area of microplastics.

Keywords: Microplastics; Identification methods; Occurrence; Potential risk; Mitigation measures

* Corresponding author.