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Markus Stocker *und das ORKG Team*UB-Bielefeld Kolloquium Wissensinfrastrukturen
20.05.2022





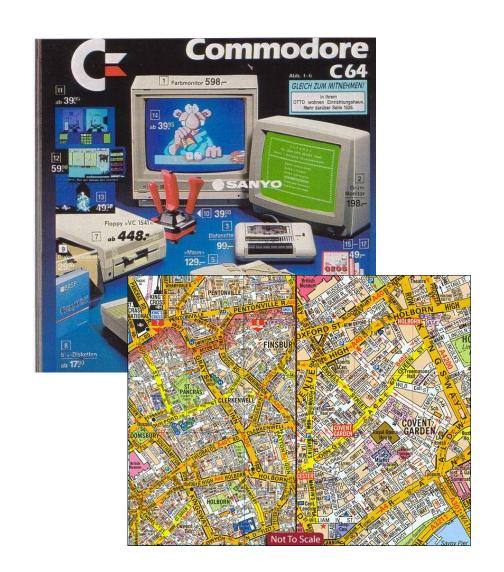
Kurz über mich

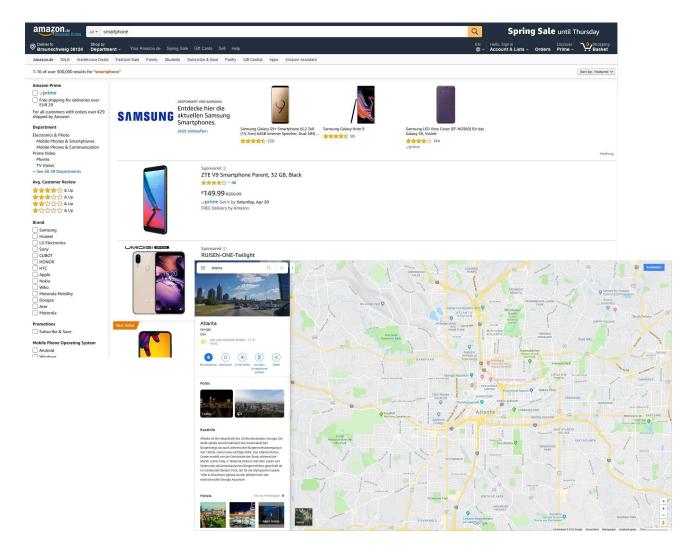


- Leitung Forschungsgruppe Wissensinfrastrukturen
- Seit Q4 2017 and der TIB, ORKG co-lead, Management ENVRI-FAIR und NFDI Projekte
- MSc in Informatik, auch mit Schwerpunkt Semantic Web (U. Zürich)
- PhD in Umweltinformatik, inkl. MSc in Umweltwissenschaften (U. Eastern Finland)
- Forschungsinteressen in Neurosymbolische Hybride Systeme, Forschungsinfrastrukturen,
 Forschungsdatenmanagement, und generell die Produktion und Nachnutzung von wiss. Wissen

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Digitalisierung in der Wissenschaft



1665

TE IOVRNAL DES SCAVANS

Du Lundy V. Ianuier, M. DC. LXV.

Per le Sieur DE HEDOVVILLE.

VICTORIS VITENSIS, ET VIGILII Tapfensis , Pronincie Bisecene Episcoporum opera, Edente R. P. Chifletio, Soc. lefts Presb. in A. Dinione.



E feul cuurage qui nous reste de Victor Vitensis est l'histoire de la persecution d'afrique, sous les Wandales, On voit par le commencement de cette histoite qu'il l'escri-

uit l'an 487. Nous auions desia cet ouurage dans la Biblioteque des Peres, sous le nom de Victor Vticensis : mais tous les sçauans demeurent presentement d'accord, qu'il est de Victor Vitenfis. De plus, cette histoire estoit desfectueus se dans la Biblioteque des Peres : car on n'y voit point la liste des Euesques d'Afrique qui se trouuerent enueloppez dans cette persecution. Cepen. dant c'est vne piece excellente, & qui peut beaucoup seruir à l'esclaircissement de plusieurs difficultez de l'histoire Ecclesiastique, C'est pourquoy cette édition de Victor Vitensis; est beaucoup plus parfaite que toutes les precedentes.

1850



2017



BASIC SCIENCE

Iron-regulatory proteins secure iron availability in cardiomyocytes to prevent heart failure

Saba Haddad^{1,2}, Yong Wang^{1,2}, Bruno Galy^{3,4}, Mortimer Korf-Klingebiel^{1,2} Valentin Hirsch^{1,2}, Abdul M. Baru^{1,2}, Fatemeh Rostami^{1,2}, Marc R. Reboll^{1,2}, Jörg Heineke², Ulrich Flögel⁵, Stephanie Groos⁶, André Renner⁷, Karl Toischer⁸, Fabian Zimmermann⁹, Stefan Engeli¹⁰, Jens Jordan¹⁰, Johann Bauersachs², Matthias W. Hentze3, Kai C. Wollert1,2, and Tibor Kempf1,2,

Takono of Political and Francisco Carlos (1986), Falconor Politica STORC, Carloscology and P. 1982; Fasconor, Carminy Visiglations of a Carloscopy and P. 1982; Fasconor, Carminy Visiglations of Carloscopy and Political STORC, Carminy Visiglations of Carloscopy and Political Storce (1986), Political STORCE, Carloscopy and Political Storce, Carminy Visiglations of Annies and Political Carloscopy, Chemroly of Disouthers (1987), Political Storce, Political Storc

Received 30 November 2015; revised 27 June 2016; accepted 12 July 2016; online publish-shead-of-print 21 August 2016

See page 373 for the editorial comment on this article (doi: 10.1093/eurheartj/ehw386

Iron deficiency (ID) is associated with adverse outcomes in heart failure (HF) but the underlying mechanisms are ncompletely understood. Intracellular iron availability is secured by two mRNA-binding iron-regulatory protein (IRPs), IRP1 and IRP2. We generated mice with a cardiomyocyte-targeted deletion of Irp1 and Irp2 to explore the functional implications of IID in the heart independent of systemic IID and anaemia Iron content in cardiomyocytes was reduced in Irp-targeted mice. The animals were not anaemic and did not show

a phenotype under baseline conditions. Irp-targeted mice, however, were unable to increase left ventricular (LV) systolic function in response to an acute dobutamine challenge. After myocardial infarction, Irp-targeted mice developed more severe LV dysfunction with increased HF mortality, Mechanistically, the activity of the iron-sulphur cluster-containing complex I of the mitochondrial electron transport chain was reduced in left ventricles from Inp-targeted mice. As demonstrated by extracellular flux analysis in vitro, mitochondrial respiration was preserved at baseline but falled to increase in response to dobutamine in Inp-targeted cardiomyocytes. As shown by ³¹P-magnetic resonance spectroscopy in vivo, LV phosphocreatine/ATP ratio declined during dobutamine stress in Instanced mice but remained stable in control mice. Intravenous injection of ferric carboxymaltose replenished cardiac iron stores, restored mitochondrial respiratory capacity and inotropic reserve, and attenuated adverse remodelling after myocardial infarction in Iro-tarseted mice but not in control mice. As shown by electrophoretic mobility shift assays, IRP activity was significantly reduced in LV tissue samples from patients with advanced HF and

ID in cardiomyocytes impairs mitochondrial respiration and adaptation to acute and chronic increases in workload Iron supplementation restores cardiac energy reserve and function in iron-deficient hearts.

Iron deficiency • Heart failure • Energy metabolism • Extracellular flux analysis • 31P-Magnetic resonance

responding author: Tet: +49 (0)511 532-2229, Fax: +49 (0)511 532-3357, Email: kempfatbor@mb-hannover.de

https://doi.org/10.1098/rstl.1850.0004

http://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehw333

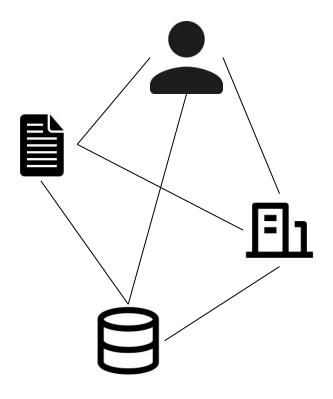


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Nicht ganz so schlimm ...













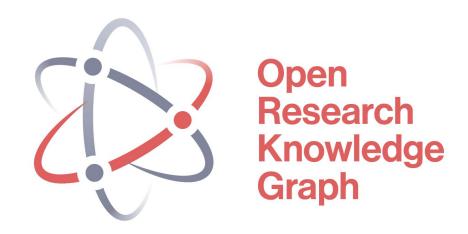






Können wir das was heute für Metadaten möglich ist auch für Daten umsetzen, also für die wiss. Information in Beiträgen?





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arXiv.org > q-bio > arXiv:2003.09320

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All fields

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Quantitative Biology > Populations and Evolution

COVID-19 e-print

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(Submitted on 20 Mar 2020)

The early phase of the COVID-19 outbreak in Lombardy, Italy

Cereda D, Tirani M, Rovida F, Demicheli V, Ajelli M, Poletti P, Trentini F, Guzzetta G, Marziano V, Barone A, Magoni M, Deandrea S, Diurno G, Lombardo M, Faccini M, Pan A, Bruno R, Pariani E, Grasselli G, Piatti A, Gramegna M, Baldanti F, Melegaro A, Merler S

In the night of February 20, 2020, the first case of novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) was confirmed in the Lombardy Region, Italy. In the week that followed, Lombardy experienced a very rapid increase in the number of cases. We analyzed the first 5,830 laboratory-confirmed cases to provide the first epidemiological characterization of a COVID-19 outbreak in a Western Country. Epidemiological data were collected through standardized interviews of confirmed cases and their close contacts. We collected demographic backgrounds, dates of symptom onset, clinical features, respiratory tract specimen results, hospitalization, contact tracing. We provide estimates of the reproduction number and serial interval. The epidemic in Italy started much earlier than February 20, 2020. At the time of detection of the first COVID-19 case, the epidemic had already spread in most municipalities of Southern-Lombardy. The median age for of cases is 69 years (range, 1 month to 101 years). 47% of positive subjects were hospitalized. Among these, 18% required intensive care. The mean serial interval is estimated to be 6.6 days (95% CI, 0.7 to 19). We estimate the basic reproduction number at 3.1 (95% CI, 2.9 to 3.2). We estimated a decreasing trend in the net reproduction number starting around February 20, 2020. We did not observe significantly different viral loads in nasal swabs between symptomatic and asymptomatic. The transmission potential of COVID-19 is very high and the number of critical cases may become largely unsustainable for the healthcare system in a very short-time horizon. We observed a slight decrease of the reproduction number, possibly connected with an increased population awareness and early effect of interventions. Aggressive containment strategies are required to control COVID-19 spread and catastrophic outcomes for the healthcare system.

Subjects: Populations and Evolution (q-bio.PE)

Cite as: arXiv:2003.09320 [q-bio.PE]

(or arXiv:2003.09320v1 [q-bio.PE] for this version)

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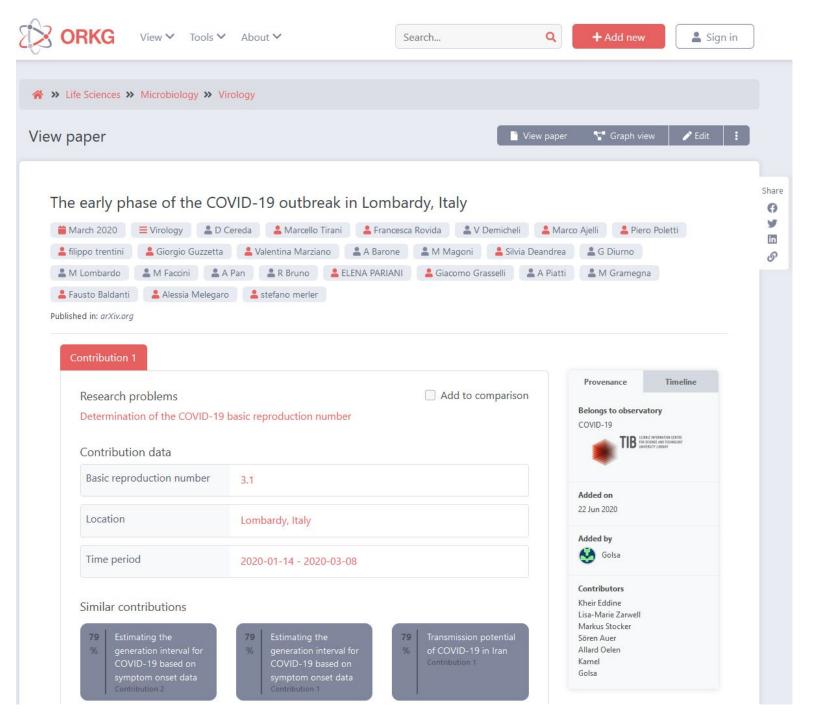


Results

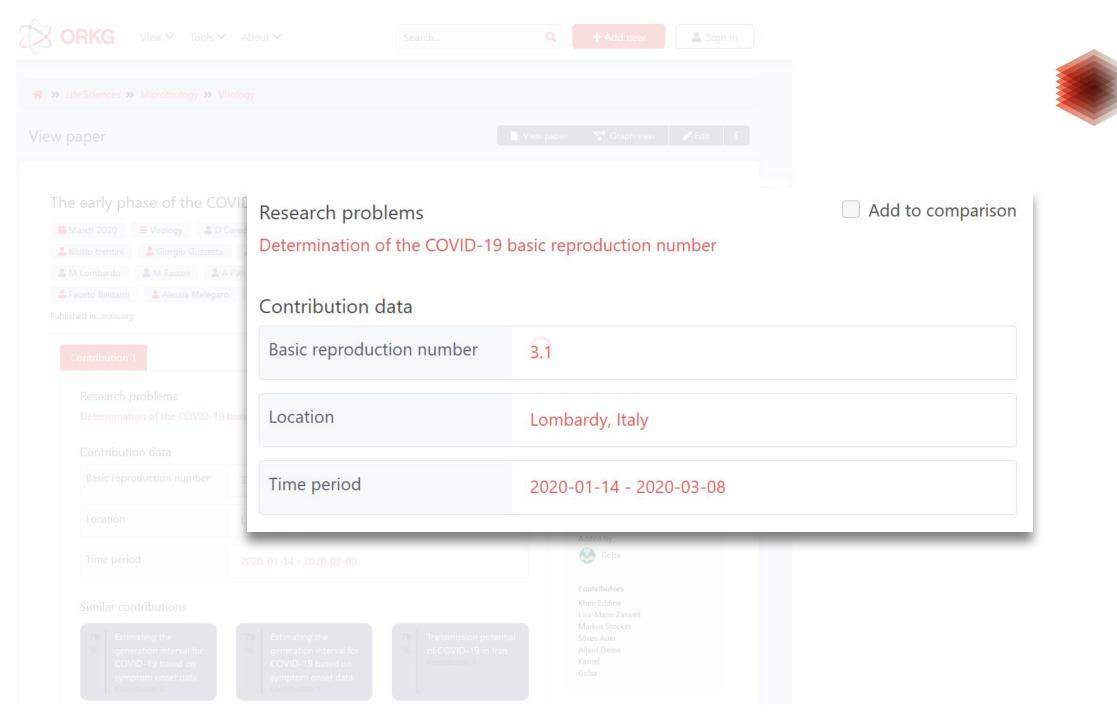
The epidemic in Italy started much earlier than February 20, 2020. At the time of detection of the first COVID-19 case, the epidemic had already spread in most municipalities of Southern-Lombardy. The median age for of cases is 69 years (range, 1 month to 101 years). 47% of positive subjects were hospitalized. Among these, 18% required intensive care. The mean serial interval is estimated to be 6.6 days (95% CI, 0.7 to 19). We estimate the basic reproduction number at 3.1 (95% CI, 2.9 to 3.2). We estimated a decreasing trend in the net reproduction number starting around February 20, 2020. We did not observe significantly different viral loads in nasal swabs between symptomatic and asymptomatic.

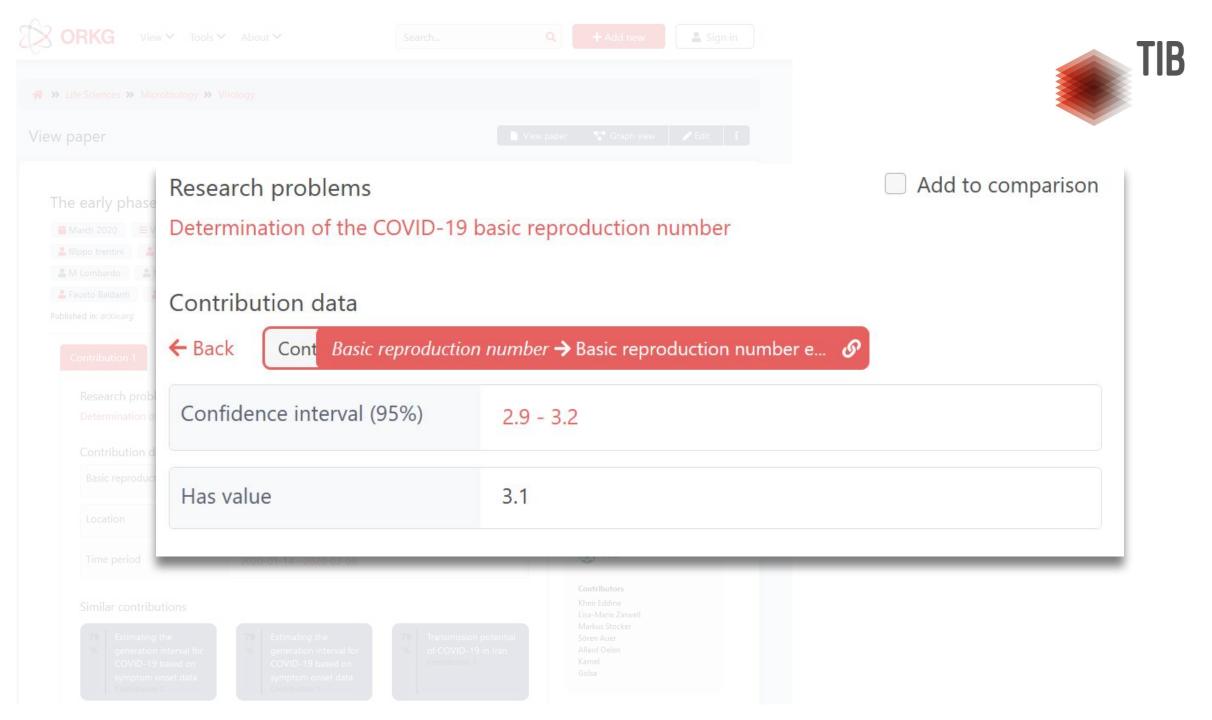


Here we provide an analysis of the first 5,830 laboratory-confirmed cases reported in Lombardy, with date of symptoms onset over the period from January 14 to March 8, 2020. Epidemiological analyses of the confirmed cases and their background demographic and exposure characteristics are presented here as well as the transmission dynamics of the infection within the Region. Also, the virological analysis on a subsample of the reported cases is included to provide preliminary assessment of the level of the viral load among symptomatic and asymptomatic cases.

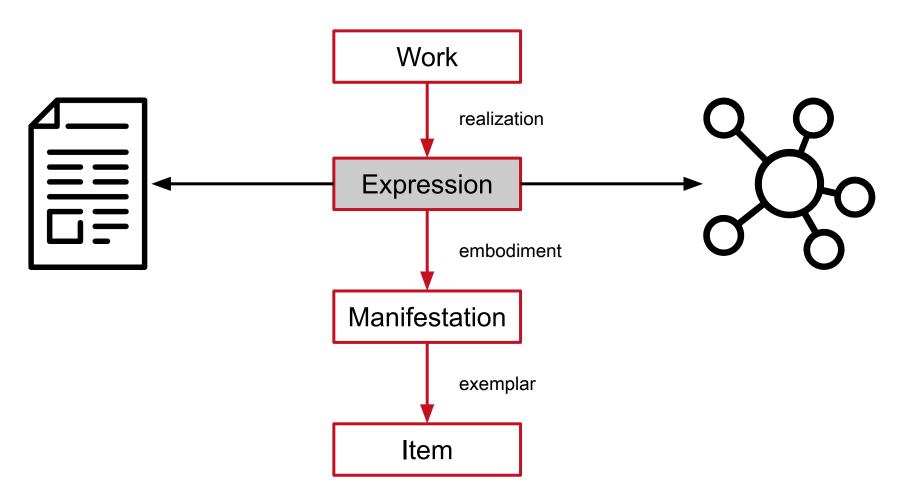










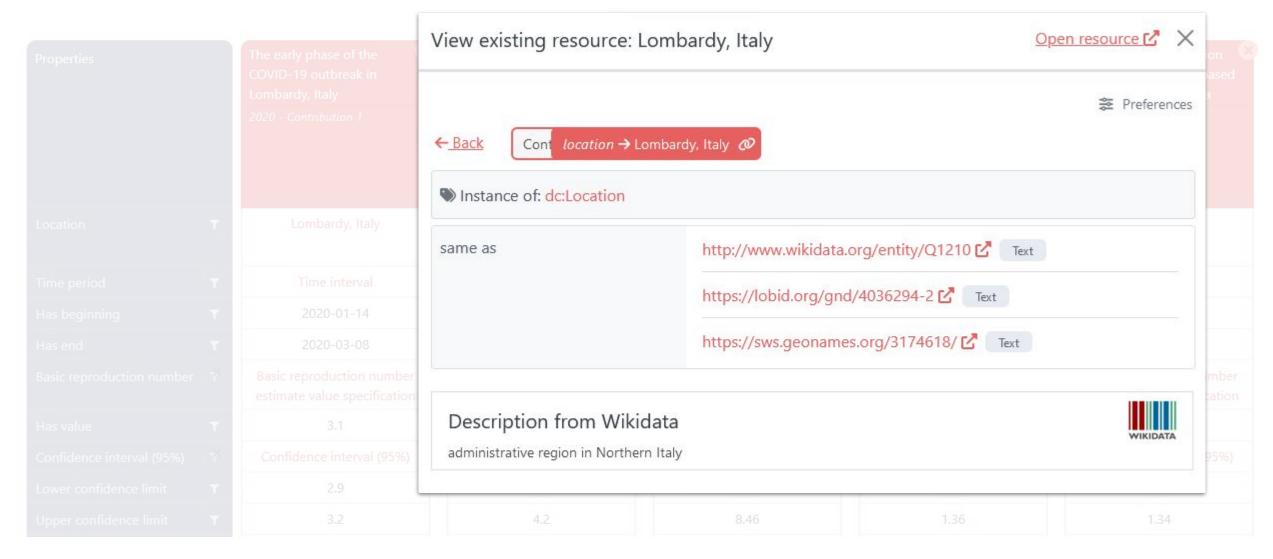


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Properties		The early phase of the COVID-19 outbreak in Lombardy, Italy 2020 - Contribution 1	Transmission potential of COVID-19 in Iran 2020 - Contribution 1	Transmission potential of COVID-19 in Iran 2020 - Contribution 2	Estimating the generation interval for COVID-19 based on symptom onset data 2020 - Contribution 1	Estimating the generation interval for COVID-19 based on symptom onset data 2020 - Contribution 2
Location	т	Lombardy, Italy	Iran	Iran	Singapore	Singapore
Time period	т	Time interval	Time interval	Time interval	Time interval	Time interval
Has beginning	т	2020-01-14	2020-02-19	2020-02-19	2020-01-21	2020-01-21
Has end	т	2020-03-08	2020-02-29	2020-02-29	2020-02-26	2020-02-26
Basic reproduction number	ř	Basic reproduction number estimate value specification	Basic reproduction number estimate value specification	Basic reproduction number estimate value specification	Basic reproduction number estimate value specification	Basic reproduction number estimate value specification
Has value	т	3.1	3.6	3.58	1.27	1.25
Confidence interval (95%)	ř	Confidence interval (95%)	Confidence interval (95%)	Confidence interval (95%)	Confidence interval (95%)	Confidence interval (95%)
Lower confidence limit	т	2.9	3.4	1.29	1.19	1.17
Upper confidence limit	T	3.2	4.2	8.46	1.36	1.34





Quantities, units, and conversions

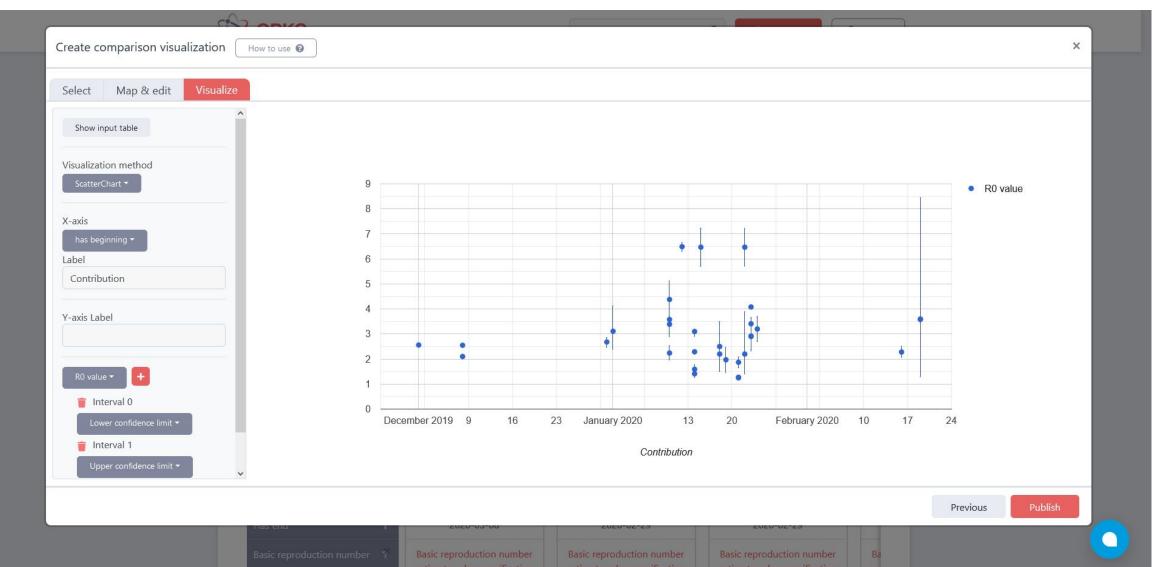


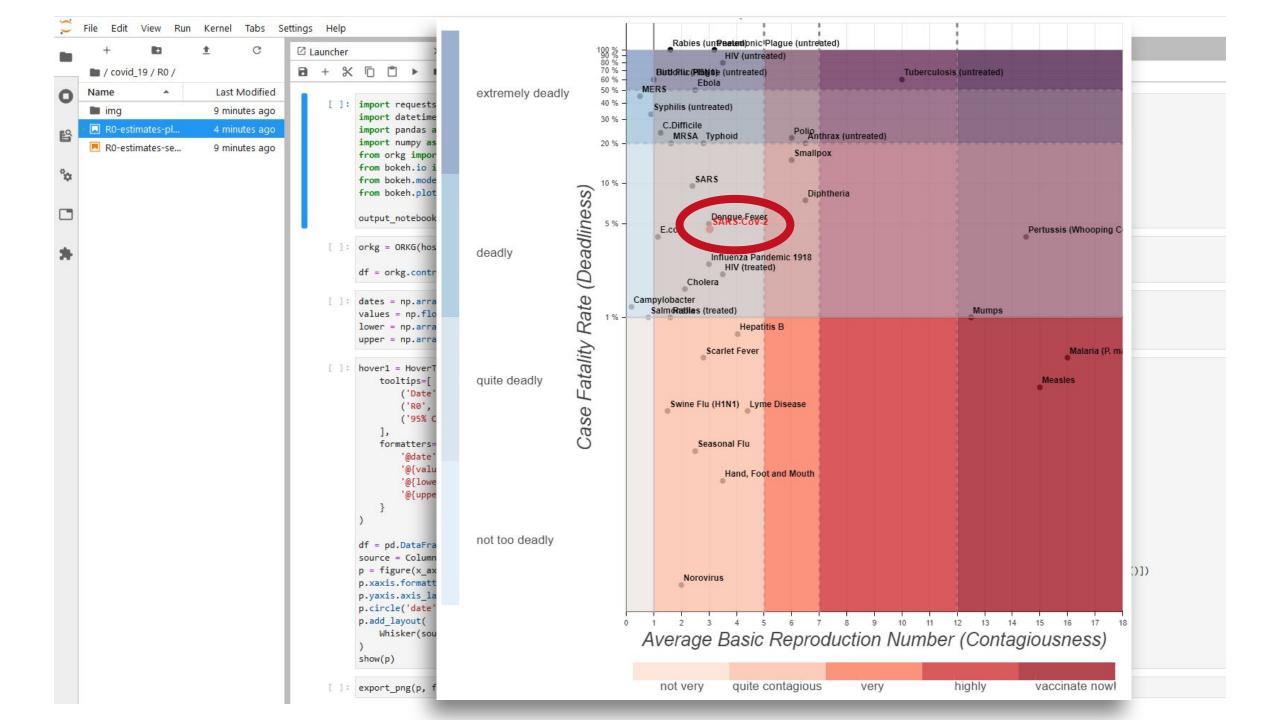
Global Mean Sea Level (GMSL) rise projections

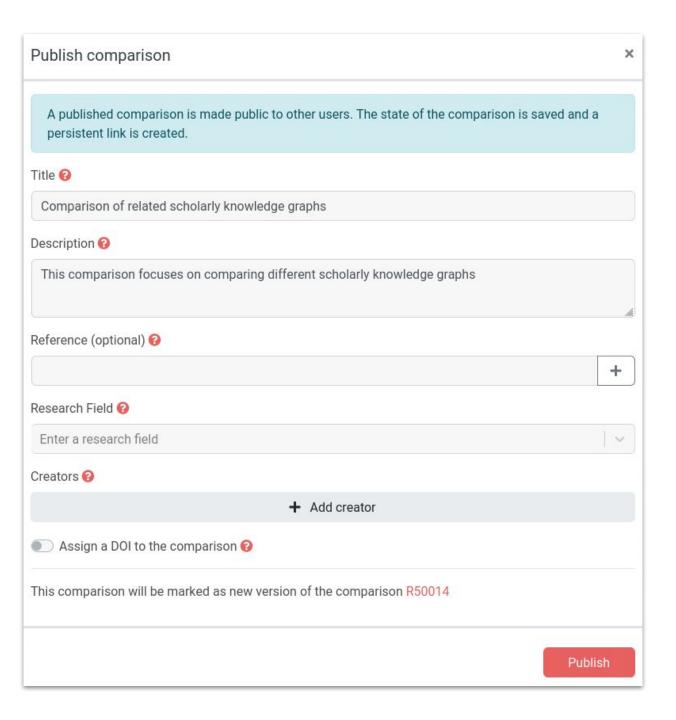
Global Mean Sea Level (GMSL) rise projections



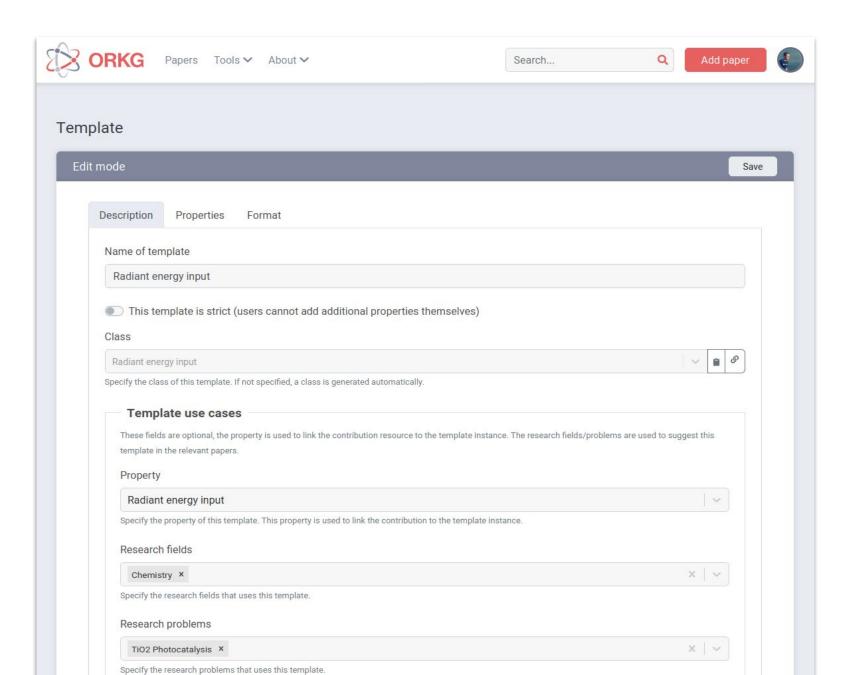














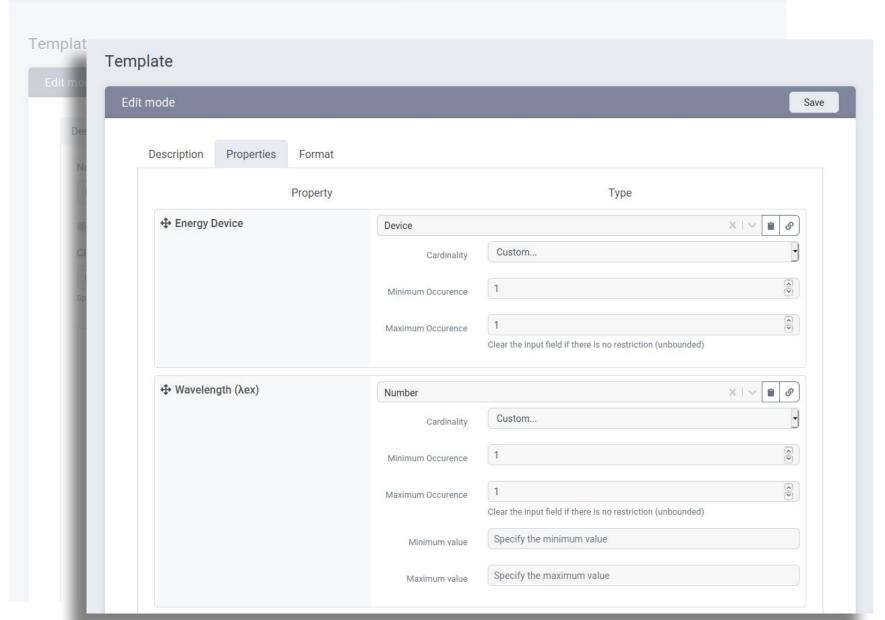


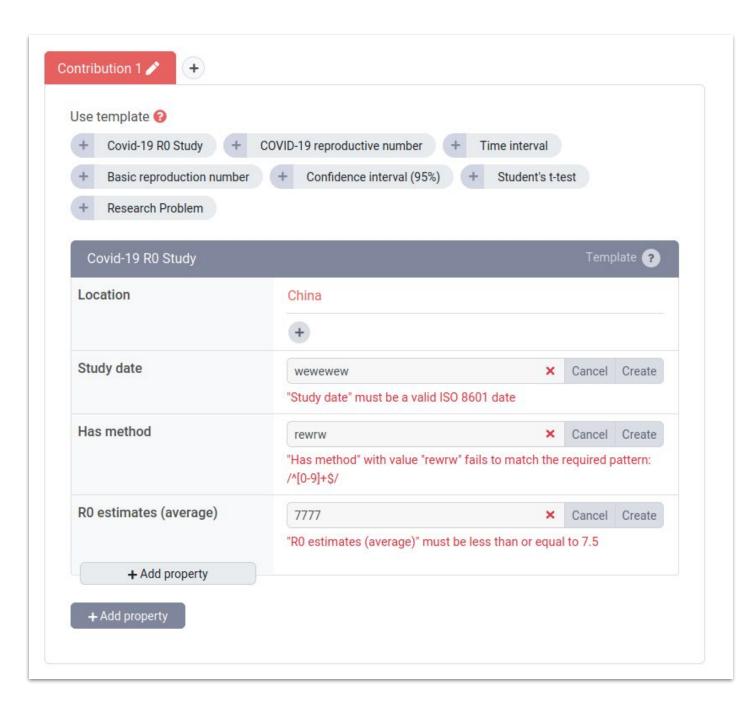




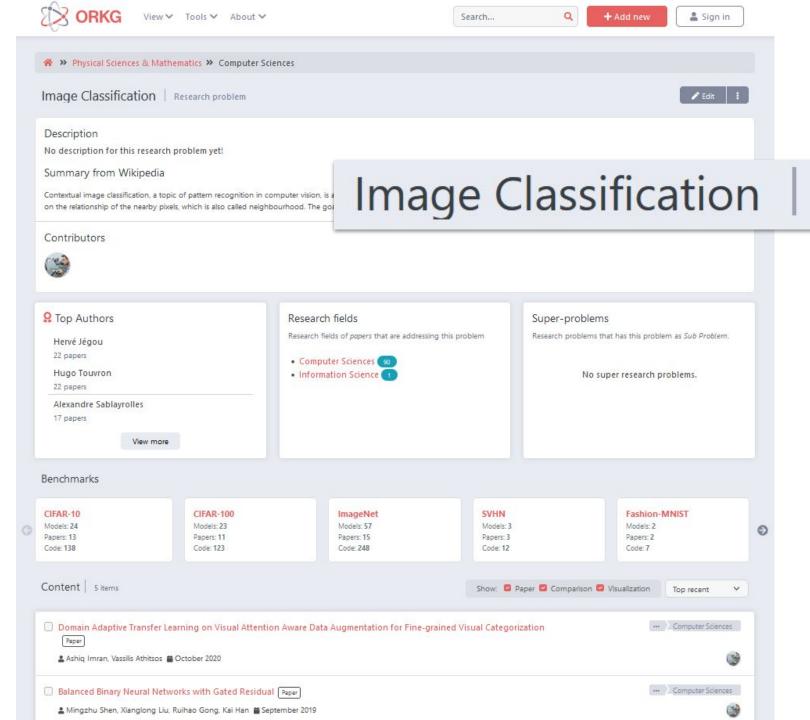






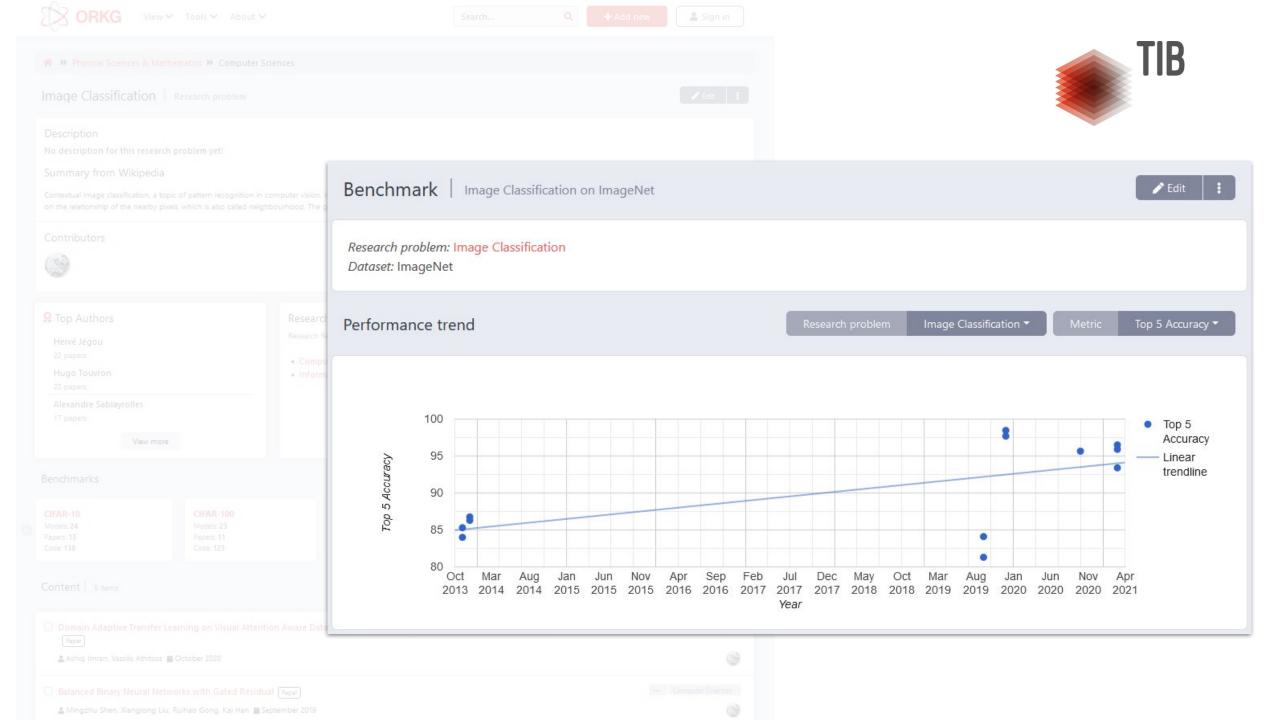








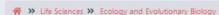
Research problem





Search...





Observatory Invasion Biology

Invasion biology, which is also known as Invasion ecology, is a subfield of biological and ecological research interested in organisms spreading outside their native distributional range. Research in invasion biology investigates the drivers of spread and invasion success as well as the ecological, evolutionary and socio-economic consequences of these introduced organisms, and how to manage them. This field of research overlaps with the fields of population biology, community ecology, evolutionary ecology, functional ecology and biogeography. This ORKG observatory is part of the Hi Knowledge initiative (https://hi-knowledge.org), and aims to keep

track, organize and synthesize scientific contributions to the field of invasion biology. We are currently developing description of the research questions, hypotheses, results and other metadata relevant to publications in invasion issued from previous work* are already included to illustrate the type of meta-analyses which the ORKG database ((2018). Invasion biology: hypotheses and evidence. In Invasion biology: hypotheses and evidence. CABI. Heger, T., & as a hierarchy of hypotheses. Oikos, 123(6), 741-750.

Observatory

Invasion Biology

Research Problems

- 1. Testing the enemy release hypothesis in invasion biology
- 2. Testing the disturbance hypothesis in invasion biology
- 3. Testing the darwin's naturalisation hypothesis in invasion biology

Organizations



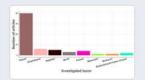
Maud Bernard-verdier

Members

IGB Leibniz-Institute of Freshwater Ecology and Inland

Figures





Comparisons

Invasion Biology- Enemy release hypothesis

■ 248 Contributions O Visualizations O attachments 25-11-2020

Comparison of studies that are relevant to the Enemy release hypothesis. This hypothesis says: The absence of enemies in the exotic range is a cause of invasion success.



++> Ecology and Evolut...

Invasion Biology- Biotic resistance hypothesis

■ 170 Contributions Let 0 Visualizations
■ 23-11-2020

Comparison of studies that are relevant to the biotic resistance hypothesis. This hypothesis says: An ecosystem with high biodiversity is more resistant against non-native species than an ecosyste...



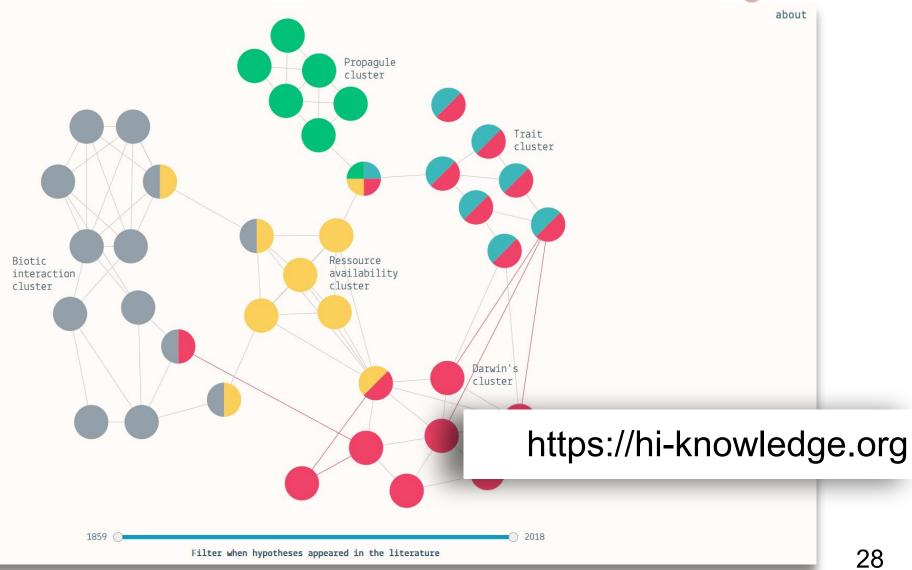






biology invasion biology

Interactive network showing clusters of invasion hypotheses. Node colors indicate membership of hypotheses to concept clusters. Similar hypotheses are connected with grey lines, whereas contradictory hypotheses are connected with red lines.



BR - Biotic resistance hypothesis



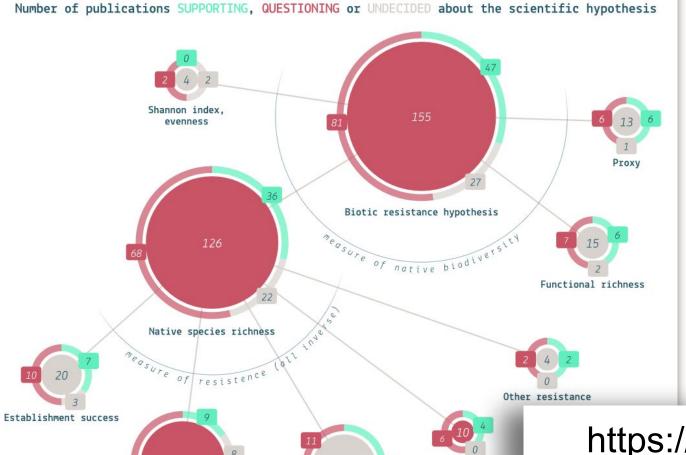
An ecosystem with high biodiversity is more resistant against non-native species than an ecosystem with lower biodiversity.





biology invasion biology

Interactive network showing of invasion hypotheses.
Node colors indicate membe hypotheses to concept clustimilar hypotheses are congrey lines, whereas contributions are contributionally of the connected in the



38

Abundance, biomass, cover

Non-native species richness

more info

Survival, growth,

reproduction

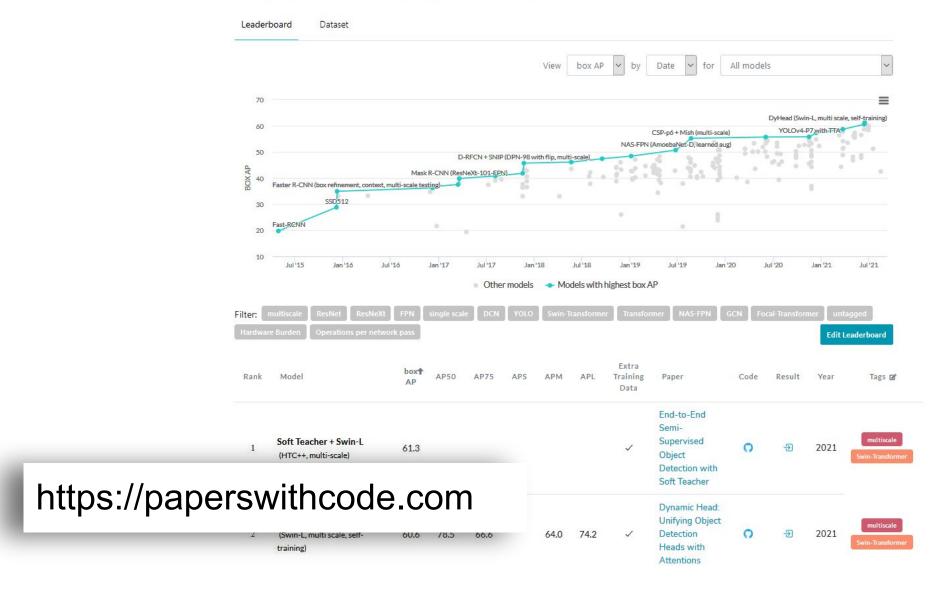
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Relevant papers testing the	the biotic resistance hypothesis	1									
			Focal concept	Measure of native biodiversity	Measure of resistance/		nomic focus				7
	Year Title		Supported/Undecided/Questioned					ungi Crustaceans	Insects Mr	olluscs Other i	invertebrates
	2010 Saturation and invasion resistance of non-interactive plant communities		10.000 0.000 0.000	Proxy	Abundance of exotic species	Many					
	2014 Community Structure Affects Annual Grass Weed Invasion During Restor		22000000000000000000000000000000000000	Number of native species	Biomass of exotic species						
	2013 Loss of native herbaceous species due to woody plant encroachment fa		Supported	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	Many	4				
	2015 The abiotic and biotic factors limiting establishment of predatory fishes at 0	201	500 M WWW 100 M	Number of native species	Establishment success						
			Questioned	Number of native functional groups	Abundance of exotic species						
Arndt, E	2006 Niche occupation by invasive ground-dwelling predator species in Canari E		The state of the s	Number of native species	Number of exotic species						7
	r, 2008 Invasion patterns of ground-dwelling arthropods in Canarian laurel forest			Number of native species	Number of exotic species					eans, inse 21 crusta	
	r, 2008 Invasion patterns of ground-dwelling arthropods in Canarian laurel forest			Proxy	Abundance of exotic species			21 crustaceans	s, 21 crustace?	eans, inse 21 crusta	staceans, insect
	2015 Stress and land-use legacies alter the relationship between invasive- and			Number of native species	Number of exotic species	126					/ P
		Global Ecology and Biogeogrpahy, 2	200 to 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	Many	4				
Beisner, BE; Hovius, J; Hayw	w 2006 Environmental productivity and biodiversity effects on invertebrate comm B	A BIOLOGICAL INVASIONS, 8 (4): 6557	Supported	Number of native species	Establishment success			1			
	w 2006 Environmental productivity and biodiversity effects on invertebrate comm b		Supported	Number of native species	Abundance of exotic species			1			F
Belote, RT (Belote, R. Travis):); 2008 Diversity-invasibility across an experimental disturbance gradient in Appa B	4 ECOLOGY, 89 (1): 183-192	Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	76					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Bennet, JA; Stotz, GC; Cahil,	, 2014 Patterns of phylogenetic diversity are linked to invasion impacts, not invas	& JOURNAL OF VEGETATION SCIENC	CE Questioned	Proxy	Biomass of exotic species	146					
		JOURNAL OF VEGETATION SCIENCE	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Number of native species	Cover of exotic species	3					7
The state of the s		NATURE, 414 (6860): 195-197	Questioned	Proxy	Establishment success				4 1		
Brewer, JS; Cralle, SP	2003 Phosphorus addition reduces invasion of a longleaf pine savanna (South F		Supported	Number of native species	Biomass of exotic species	1					
	1-! 2006 Functional group diversity, resource preemption and the genesis of invas		Supported	Number of native functional groups	Recruitment of exotic individuals		1				7
		Ecology 84, 32-39	Undecided	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	≈50	4				
	2003 Control of plant species diversity and community invasibility by species in 0		Questioned	Number of native species	Cover of exotic species	16	1		+		
	an 2004 Landscape-scale patterns of biological invasions in shoreline plant comm (Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	79			+		
	nti 2001 Evidence for spider community resilience to invasion by non-native spider			Number of native species	Abundance of exotic species	1					5
	n. 2013 Plant functional group identity and diversity determine biotic resistance to J		The state of the s	Number of native species	Growth of exotic species	36	+	-	+		
	n, 2015 Interactions between abiotic constraint, propagule pressure, and biotic re (Supported	Proxy	Abundance of exotic species	6	+				
	 2013 Interactions between about constraint, propaguie pressure, and bout retermined. 2007 Aquatic plant community invasibility and scale-dependent patterns in native. 		Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	8	+		4		
Case, TJ	1991 INVASION RESISTANCE, SPECIES BUILDUP AND COMMUNITY COLLAPSE		SEMINATION OF	Number of native species Number of native species	Establishment success	- 0	+		+		
A to a final contract of the c		BIOLOGICAL JOURNAL OF THE LINK BIOLOGICAL CONSERVATION, 78 (1		Number of native species Number of native species	Number of exotic species	+	+		4		
CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P					Number of exotic species Establishment success	+	+		4		
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		BIOLOGICAL CONSERVATION, 78 (1		Number of native species		+	+				
	ol 2004 Global patterns of introduction effort and establishment success in birds F			Proxy	Establishment success		-		4		
		JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MARIN		Number of native functional groups	Abundance of exotic species	404	2		4		
	G 2010 Native-exotic species richness relationships across spatial scales and bi I		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	404	4		4		
		Proc. R. Soc. B 276, 47-53	Questioned	Number of native species	Establishment success				4		;
	M 1998 Ecological biogeography of southern oceanic islands: species-area relation		Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species		4		Many		
	N 1998 Ecological biogeography of southern oceanic islands: species-area relative		Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species						
	N 1998 Ecological biogeography of southern oceanic islands: species-area relative		Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species						
	eli 2004 Invasion in space and time: non-native species richness and relative abuit		Tit	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	18					
	V 2008 Species richness and exotic species invasion in middle Tennessee cedar J			Number of native species	Number of exotic species	44					
		BIOLOGICAL INVASIONS, 9 (4): 433	- 14 CONTROL OF THE PARTY	Number of native species	Spread of exotic species	1					
	ar 2006 Effect of microbial species richness on community stability and community			Number of native species	Establishment success						
		Conserv. Biol. 17, 990-998	Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	59					
Daehler, C.C.	2006 Invasibility of tropical islands by introduced plants: partitioning the influence	A Preslia 78, 389-404	Supported	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	1508	4				
Daneshgar, P (Daneshgar, Pe	Pe 2009 Role of species identity in plant invasions: experimental test using Imperal E	A BIOLOGICAL INVASIONS, 11 (6): 14	14 Questioned	Number of native species	Cover of exotic species	1					
Davies, K; Cavender-Bares, J	J 2011 Native communities determine the identity of exotic invaders even at scale		3 Supported	Proxy	Proxy	156					
	.) 2007 Productivity alters the scale dependence of the diversity-invasibility relation		Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	79			4		
	rri 2005 Spatial heterogeneity explains the scale dependence of the native-exotic E		Undecided	Number of native species							
	a 2015 Community structure, succession and invasibility in a seasonal deciduous		17 Undecided	Number of native functional grou	-			_	-		
	ff 2015 The response of plant community diversity to alien invasion: evidence fro E			Number of native species	https:	·//	~: I/		- AC	4 A A	~~
	Si 2008 Darwin's naturalization conundrum: dissecting taxonomic patterns of spe E			Number of native species	HHUS	//[II-K	.f1()\\\ <u> </u> '	$\Theta(1)$	1 () [()	<i>(</i> () =
		ECOLOGY LETTERS, 8 (12): 1291-11	The second secon	Number of native species				110111	2 4 5	<i></i>	9
	tis 2005 Short-term invasibility patterns in burnt and unburnt experimental Mediterr (Supported	Number of native species							_
		OECOLOGIA, 126 (4): 563-568	Questioned	Number of native species	Biomass of exotic species	1					
	d: 2015 "The rich get richer" concept in riparian woody species - A case study of		1. Questioned	Number of native species	Number of exotic species	116					
	4 2007 Food web structure provides biotic resistance against plankton invasion :			Number of native species Number of native species	Establishment success	110		1			
	N 2008 Invasibility of experimental grassland communities: the role of earthworm: (Supported	Number of native species Number of native functional groups	Cover of exotic species	9	+	70			
			2011 March 1971 1971			Many			+		
Emer, C; Fonseca, C	2011 Araucaria Forest conservation: mechanisms providing resistance to inva-	diological invasions, 13 (1). 105-202	Supported	Proxy	Survival of exotic individuals	Many	4				



Object Detection on COCO test-dev









Hide Figures

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Take aways



- Wiss. Wissen kann so repräsentiert werden, dass es maschinenlesbarer ist
- Fördert die Nachnutzung, für Maschinen und Menschen
- Einige Disziplinen und jedes Review-Team machen das für definierte Zwecke und Anwendungen
- Die Praxis hat sich insg. aber noch nicht durchgesetzt
- Die Vision und Prototypen in die Praxis umzusetzen ist nicht trivial
- Bedarf deutliches Umdenken und Neuverdrahtung der Ansätze und Infrastrukturen