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### **Automatic Modulation Recognition Using Minimum-Phase Reconstruction and Deep Forward Neural Network**

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**Abstract:** Identification of signal waveforms is highly critical in 5G communication systems and radio technologies such as cognitive radios. For instance, to achieve efficient spectrum utilization, cognitive radios need to implement automatic modulation recognition (AMR). Several works have been reported in the literature on the subject, most of them have been limited to white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel. However, addressing the AWGN channel is not enough to emulate real-time wireless communications. In this paper, we created dataset for AMR in Software Defined Radio. Wireless signal impairment issues such as center frequency offset, sampling rate error, multipath fading effects were applied for the dataset creation. Afterward, we compared different artificial neural network (ANN) architectures using real cepstrum coefficients and minimum phase reconstruction coefficients (MPRC) extracted from the created signals. Between the architectures, the ANN architecture with Levenberg-Marquardt optimization features have the best performance, and the ANN architecture with Levenberg-Marquardt optimization as well as logsig and purelin activation functions in the hidden and output layers.

performance of 98.7% accuracy, 100% sensitivity, and 99.33% specificity w  
This model can be leveraged in cognitive radio for spectrum sensing and aut  
demodulators.

**Keyword:** Cognitive radio; Cepstrum analysis; GNU Radio; Modulation sche

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