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Moving from Cars to People

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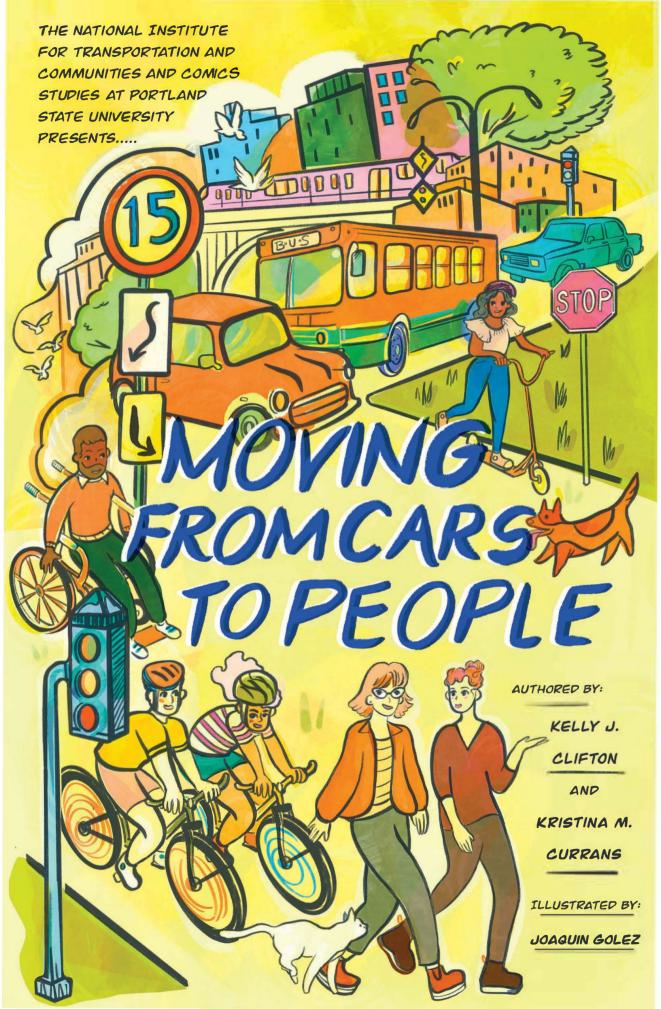
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THE COMIC WAS IMPROVED WITH THE FEEDBACK AND COMMENTS FROM OUR TECHNICAL REVIEWERS, INCLUDING KENNETH STAHL, ANNE HILL, SUSAN HANDY, DAVID SOMERS, AND WES MARSHALL, AND THE COMMUNITY MEMBERS FROM PORTLAND OR AND TUCSON AZ. TINA KIMMY AND EVREN SONMEZ WERE INVALUABLE IN HELPING US GET COMMUNITY FEEDBACK. CAIT MCCUSKER PROVIDED EARLY INPUT TO SHAPE THE PROJECT. AMY SPRING, JOHN MACARTHUR, AND KACY MCKINNEY, PHD GAVE THEIR TIME TO A HANDS-ON WORKSHOP.

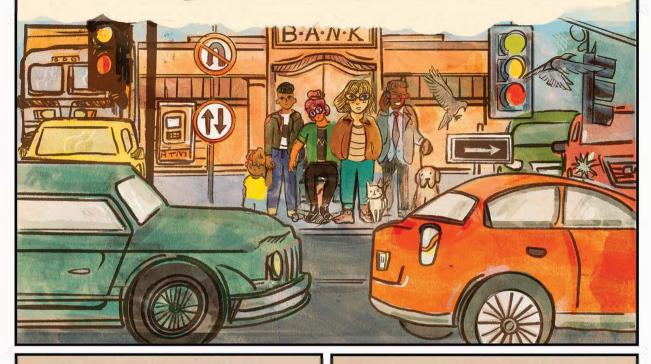
THIS PROJECT WAS INSPIRED BY THE COMICS COURSES OFFERED BY PORTLAND COMMUNITY COLLEGE CONTINUING EDUCATION. IT WOULD NOT HAVE COME TO LIGHT WITHOUT THE ENCOURAGEMENT AND KNOWLEDGE GAINED FROM RYAN ALEXANDER-TANNER, T. EDWARD BAK, AND SARAH MIRK.

A SPECIAL THANKS GOES TO RYAN ALEXANDER-TANNER FOR HIS MAD COMIC SKILLS AND KEEPING US ON TASK; SUSAN KIRTLEY, PHD FOR SHAPING THE NARRATIVE AND CHAMPIONING OUR VISION; AND JOAQUIN GOLEZ FOR MAKING OUR WORDS COME TO LIFE. THIS COMIC COULD NOT HAVE BEEN COMPLETED WITHOUT THE HARD WORK OF THIS INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM.

WE DEDICATE THIS COMIC TO \$BILL.

I'VE BEEN STRANDED AT THIS INTERSECTION FOR WHAT FEELS LIKE FOREVER WITH NO SAFE OR EASY WAY TO CROSS. THESE CARS ARE MOVING SO FAST. DRIVERS DON'T SEEM TO NOTICE THAT I'M HERE....DID ANYONE THINK ABOUT PEDESTRIANS? WHEN DID IT BECOME

ALL ABOUT THE CAR?



CARS, INVENTED IN 1886, WERE INITIALLY PLAYTHINGS FOR THE RICH. IN 1900, THERE WERE ONLY 8,000 OPERATING IN THE ENTIRE U.S.



LAUNCHED IN 1908, THE MODEL T MADE CARS MORE AFFORDABLE FOR THE AVERAGE AMERICAN.



CARS QUICKLY SKYPOCKETED IN POPULARITY AND BY 1920 THERE WERE 8 MILLION CARS ON THE ROADS. THE STREETS BECAME CHAOTIC.



TO CREATE A MORE ORDERLY FLOW, ENGINEERS DEVELOPED DESIGN STANDARDS AND "PULES OF THE ROAD". HELLO, TRAFFIC LIGHTS!



AFTER WWII, AUTOMOBILES AND NEW SUBURBAN HOUSING BECAME HALLMARKS OF THE AMERICAN OREAM. PLANNERS, ARCHITECTS, AND ENGINEERS STARTED TO THINK ABOUT OTHER WAYS THAT CARS COULD RESHAPE CITIES.



MANY CITIES EAGERLY EMBRACEO THIS NEW TECHNOLOGY, BUILDING HIGHWAYS TO MOVE VEHICLES IN AND AROUND THE CITIES AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE. BUT MANY POOR NEIGHBORHOODS, MOSTLY COMMUNITIES OF COLOR, WERE INTENTIONALLY DESTROYED. WE STILL LIVE WITH THE CONSEQUENCES OF THIS RACIST LEGACY.



PERSONAL VEHICLES EVOLVED INTO SYMBOLS OF AMERICAN CULTURE. CITY PLANNERS AND ENGINEERS CONTINUED TO PRIORITIZE THEM AT ALL SCALES — FROM THE REGION TO INDIVIDUAL PLOTS OF LAND.



TO INTEGRATE CARS INTO PLANNING FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT, ENGINEERS DEVELOPED AN APPROACH CALLED "TRANSPORTATION IMPACT STUDIES."* THESE STUDIES ESTIMATE THE NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS GENERATED FROM NEW DEVELOPMENT AND THE EFFECTS ON TRAFFIC FLOW.



AFTER THE IMPACT OF NEW DEVELOPMENT ON TRAFFIC IS DETERMINED, PLANNERS MAKE SUGGESTIONS FOR EASING CONGESTION, SUCH AS ADDING MORE LANES OR TRAFFIC SIGNALS.



KEY IN THIS PROCESS IS THE INSTITUTE
OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS TRIP
GENERATION HANDBOOK AND MANUAL.*
FIRST PUBLISHED IN 1976, IT BECAME
THE MOST WIDELY USED RESOURCE FOR
TRANSPORTATION AND LAND USE PLANNING.



IT IS A COMPILATION OF DATA ABOUT THE NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS EXPECTED FOR SUPERMARKETS, STRIP MALLS, AND OTHER KINDS OF DEVELOPMENTS.



THESE DATA ARE GATHERED BY COUNTING CARS COMING AND GOING FROM SITES ACROSS THE U.S., WITH A FOCUS ON THE BUSIEST TIMES OF DAY.

THOSE LITTLE TUBES ON THE STREET - THEY'RE COUNTING CARS!



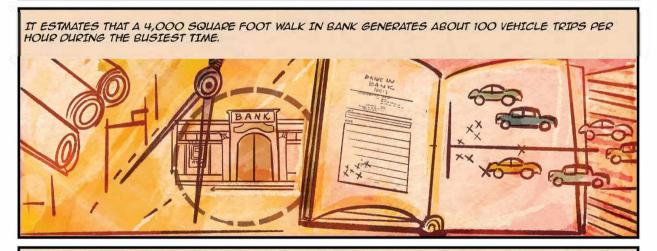
THIS INFORMATION HELPS PLANNERS FIGURE OUT HOW MUCH TRAFFIC IS CAUSED BY A NEW DEVELOPMENT. FOR EXAMPLE, LET'S SAY A DEVELOPER WANTS TO BUILD A BANK.

PLAN

BANK

THIS INFORMATION HELPS PLANNERS FIGURE OUT HOW MUCH TRAFFIC IS CAUSED BY A NEW DEVELOPER WANTS TO BUILD A BANK.

BASEO ON RESULTS GATHERED FROM THE 1980'S THROUGH 2010'S, TE TRIP GEN HAS DATA FOR TWO TYPES OF BANKS BANKS- WALK IN AND ORIVE IN.



THESE ESTIMATED TRIPS ARE COMPARED WITH THE CURRENT TRAFFIC LEVELS. IF IT LOOKS LIKE THIS WILL CAUSE UNACCEPTABLE DELAYS, CHANGES ARE MADE - LIKE ADDING LANES, DRIVEWAYS, OR TRAFFIC SIGNALS.







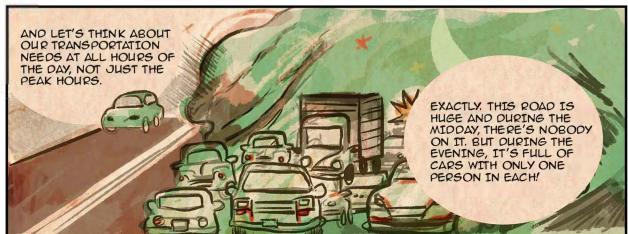










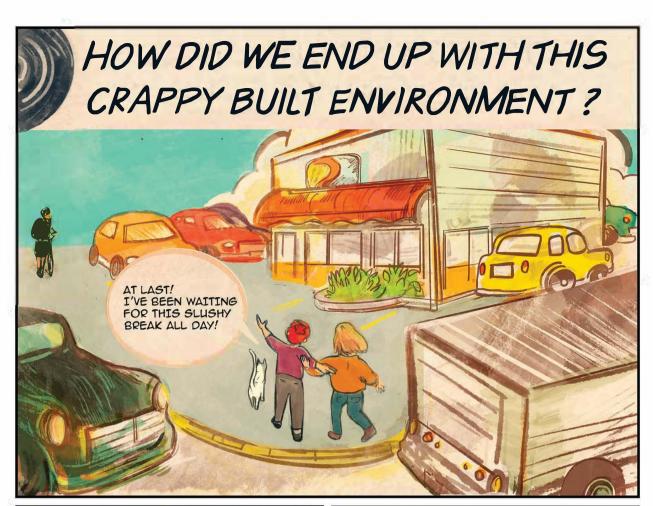






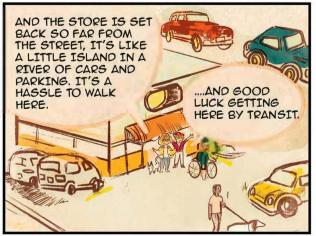














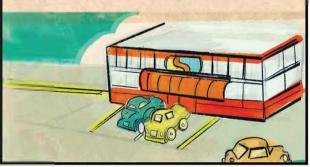
IT ALL STARTED WHEN A PERSON DECIDED TO BUILD THIS CONVENIENCE STORE ON THIS PARCEL OF LAND. SHE WORKED WITH ARCHITECTS AND PLANNERS TO CREATE A SITE PLAN FOR HER VISION.



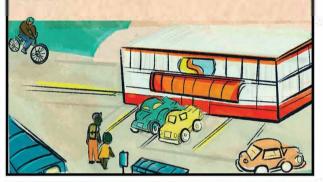
LOCAL DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS DETERMINED WHAT COULD BE BUILT HERE, HOW FAR THE BUILD-ING NEEDS TO BE FROM THE STREET, THE PEDESTRIAN CONNECTIONS, THE NUMBER AND LOCATIONS OF DRIVEWAYS, AND EVEN THE AMOUNT OF CAR PARKING REQUIRED.



MOST CITIES EVEN REQUIRED A MINIMUM NUMBER OF CAR PARKING SPACES BASED ON THE TYPE AND SIZE OF DEVELOPMENT. THE DEVELOPER COULD ALWAYS ADD MORE THAN REQUIRED, EVEN IF IT WAS LIKELY TO GO UNUSED MOST OF THE TIME.



THESE REQUIREMENTS WERE OFTEN BASED UPON BUSIEST TIMES FOR TRAFFIC AND THE ASSUMPTION THAT EVERYONE WILL ARRIVE AT THE SITE BY ORIVING.



THIS PARKING ASSESSMENT WAS DONE INDEPENDENTLY OF HOW MUCH PARKING WAS AVAILABLE IN THE SURROUNDING AREA.



IT OIDN'T CONSIDER WHAT OTHER MODES OF TRANSPORTATION PEOPLE MIGHT WANT TO USE TO GET TO THE CONVENIENCE STORE.



OURING THE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCESS, THE CITY REQUIRED A TRAFFIC MPACT STUDY TO ASSESS HOW MUCH NEW TRAFFIC THE CONVENIENCE STORE WOULD CREATE, PARTICULARLY DURING THE BUSIEST TIMES.

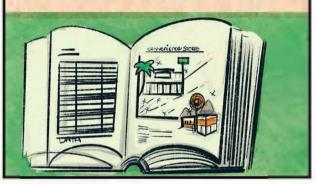


TO DO THIS, A DATA RESOURCE CALLED THE INSTITUTE OF TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERS TRIP GENERATION HANDBOOK AND MANUAL WAS USED.

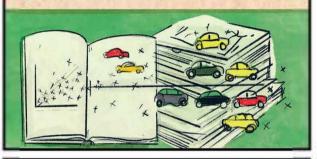
IT IS A COMPILATION OF DATA ON THE NUMBER OF VEHICLE TRIPS GENERATED BY DIFFERENT DEVELOPMENTS. THEY ARE ORGANIZED BY DIFFERENT LAND USES - THERE IS EVEN A CATEGORY FOR CONVENIENCE STORES!



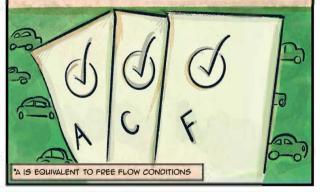
THE DATA IN THE ITE TRIP GENERATION MANUAL COME FROM MANY SITES IN NORTH AMERICA, MOST OF THEM SUBURBAN AUTOMOBILE-ORIENTED LOCATIONS.



USING ESTIMATES BASED ON THESE DATA, EXPERTS EVALUATED HOW MUCH THE FUTURE CONVENIENCE STORE WOULD IMPACT CONGESTION. IN THEIR EVALUATION, THEY USED A PERFORMANCE MEASURE CALLED LEVEL OF SERVICE (LOS), WHICH IS A MEASURE OF CONGESTION OR DELAY.



LIKE GRADES IN SCHOOL, LOS IS SCALED A-F*. UNLIKE GRADES IN SCHOOL, SOMETIMES AN F CAN COUNT AS PASSING.



BECAUSE OF THE ADDITIONAL TRAFFIC ANTICIPATED FROM THE CONVENIENCE STORE, THE INTERSECTION DIDN'T "MAKE THE GRADE"."

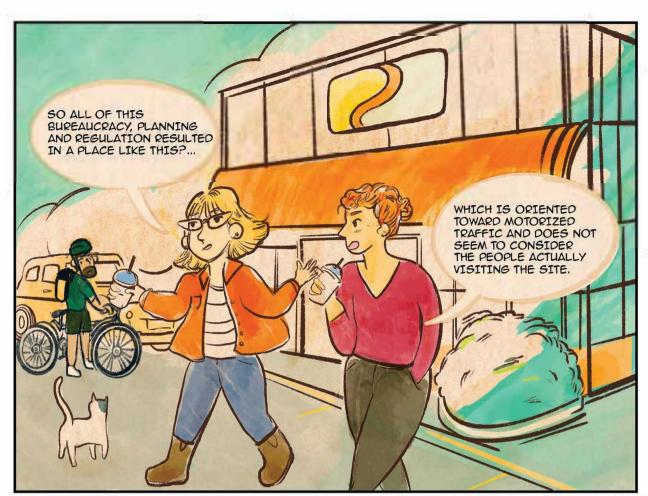


SO THE DEVELOPER HAD TO ADD ANOTHER DRIVEWAY ON THE SITE. SHE ALSO HAD TO CONTRIBUTE MONEY FOR A NEW TRAFFIC LIGHT AND A TURN LANE.



SHE CONSIDEREO BUILDING A SMALLER STORE TO AVOID SOME OF THESE COSTS, BUT A SMALLER STORE WOULDN'T BE PROFITABLE IN THE LONG RUN.







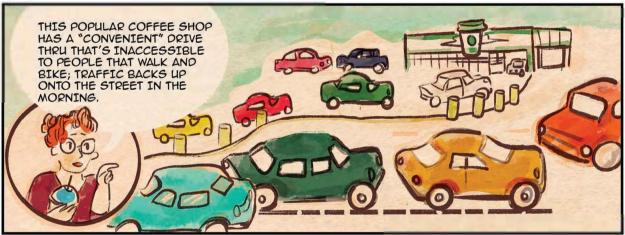


















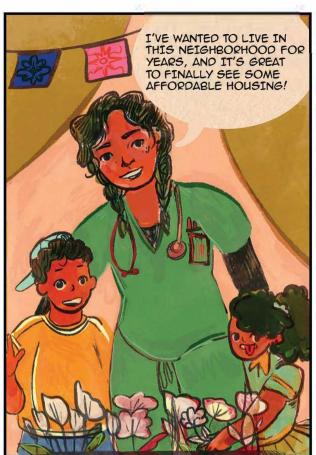








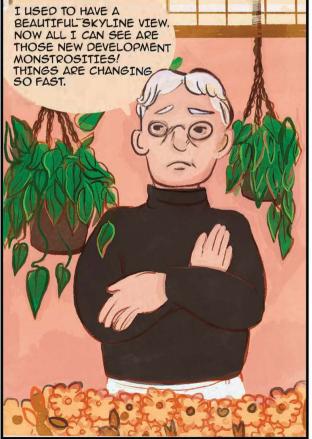






PEOPLE, PLACES, & PERSPECTIVES























BUT THESE CHANGES TAKE TIME. IN THE MEANTIME, THERE IS A DISCONNECT BETWEEN OUR PLANNED VISION....AND THE PRESENT STATE OF THINGS.



THIS BUILDING OFFERS NO ON-SITE PARKING IN ORDER TO ENCOURAGE RESIDENTS TO CARPOOL OR USE OTHER FORMS OF TRANSPORTATION.



BUT MANY STILL USE CARS BECAUSE THE CITY, AND MOST OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD, ARE STILL DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR AUTOMOBILES.



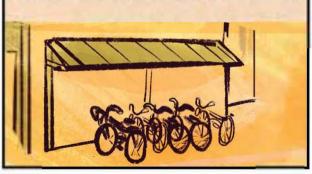
RESIDENTS GET FREE TRANSIT PASSES!



BUT TRANSIT DOESN'T COME OFTEN ENOUGH AND MAY NOT TAKE PEOPLE WHERE THEY NEED TO GO.



THERE'S BIKE PARKING AND A BIKE SHARE SYSTEM!



BUT WITH THE CURRENT STATE OF BIKE INFRASTRUCTURE, MANY DON'T FEEL SAFE RIDING ON STREETS IN TRAFFIC.



DELIVERIES ARE ON THE RISE AND THE PACKAGE CONCIERGE AND LOADING AREA CAN MAKE THE PROCESS EASIER.



BUT THE DELIVERY TRUCKS CREATE CONGESTION TOO!















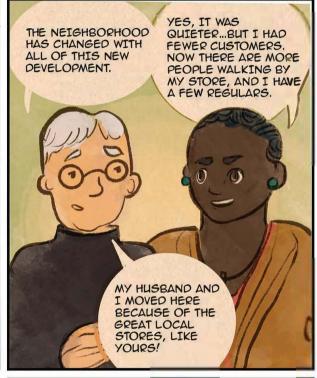




























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