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Coping with Congenital Heart Disease: Implementation of an Evidence-Based Intervention in a Pediatric Cardiac Intensive Care Unit

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Coping with Congenital Heart Disease: Implementation of an Evidence-Based Intervention for Caregivers in a Pediatric Cardiac Intensive Care Unit

> Tori Raphael, BSN, RN Final DNP Project Presentation



INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND



Introduction



Significance of the Problem

Caregiver

- >60% of parents develop acute stress disorder
- >80% experience signs and symptoms of PTSD
- Feelings of overwhelming fear and worry

Patient

- Reduced resilience
- Slower recovery time & longer lengths of stay

Purpose & Goals

- Implement an evidence-based coping intervention for parents of children admitted to the pediatric cardiac intensive care unit
 - Inspire the development of a standardized practice at the project site



Guiding Model and Theory: The Model of EBP Change & Lippitt's Change Theory



Step 1: Assess the Need for Change in Practice

PICOT Question

In parents of patients admitted to the pediatric cardiac intensive care unit (P), how does the application of an educational, behavioral, or combined program (I) compared to usual care (C) affect parental coping skills (O) during hospitalization (T)?



EVIDENCE



Step 2: Locate the Best Evidence



JOHNS HOPKINS EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICE FOR NURSES AND HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

MODEL & GUIDELINES Fourth Edition

Deborah Dang
Sandra L. Dearholt
Kim Bissett
Judith Ascenzi
Madeleine Whaten

Evidence Synthesis

Evidence Level & Quality

- Levels I-II
- Quality A/B

Evidence Synthesis

Interventions

- Congenital Heart Disease Intervention Program • (CHIP)
- 5 step individualized face to face program
- Mother-infant attachment program
- Early palliative care \bigstar
- Mother-nurse partnership program
- Information sheet •
- Family centered care
- Creating opportunities for parent empowerment ٠ program (COPE)
- Online interactive training course and relaxation techniques ٠
- Kangaroo Care & Skin-to-Skin
- Wearing Scent Cloth

Outcomes

- Anxiety ★
- Worry ★ • Coping ★
- Stress ★
- Depression **★**
- Mother-Infant Attachment
- Maternal-Health related PTSD symptoms quality of life
- Perceived family functioning



- Self efficacy
- Perceived mother nurse partnership
- Parental confidence
- Support for child
- Negative Mood State 🗙
- Social support

Qualitative Research, Clinical Expertise, Patient Preferences, & Values

- Qualitative study themes: decrease parental stress by using coping strategies & a holistic approach
- Patient and family-centered care

Consider the complexity of cardiac diagnoses



Recommendations for Practice

Implement an educational/informational intervention targeted towards improving psychological symptoms and coping for caregivers during their child's admission. Implement a multi-phase or multi-step intervention targeted towards improving psychological symptoms and coping for caregivers during their child's admission.

Implement an intervention that has been specifically tailored for caregivers of children diagnosed with congenital heart disease.

Step 4: Design Practice Change

Early Palliative Care for Maternal Stress in Infants Prenatally Diagnosed with Single-Ventricle Heart Disease

Washington University School of Medicine Digital Commons@Becker

Open Access Publications

2018

A randomised trial of early palliative care for maternal stress in infants prenatally diagnosed with single-ventricle heart disease

Hayley S. Hancock Children's Mercy Kansas City

Ken Pituch University of Michigan - Ann Arbor

Karen Uzark University of Michigan - Ann Arbor

Priya Bhat Washington University School of Medicine in St. Louis

Carly Fifer University of Michigan - Ann Arbor

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Step 4: Design Practice Change



Patients/ Participants

Ethical Considerations

Institutional Review Board (IRB)



Step 5: Implement and Evaluate Change in Practice

IMPLEMENTATION



Step 5.1: Assess Change Agent's Motivation and Resources

> Early Palliative Care for Maternal Stress in Infants Prenatally Diagnosed with Single-Ventricle Heart Disease

Intervention

- 1st consultation- within 2 weeks of admission and prior to surgery
 - Introduce palliative care team, complete palliative care team assessment, answer caregiver questions and concerns
- 2nd consultation- within 48 hours of surgery
 - Individualize care by providing patient and family support, education, and anticipatory guidance both during and after hospitalization
- 3rd consultation- within 1 week of surgery
 - Individualize care by providing patient and family support, education, and anticipatory guidance both during and after hospitalization

Intervention



Conquering CHD

- Kit Items:
 - Guided questions tool to ask medical team
 - Comfort items for parents and patients
 - How to connect with local heart families

OUTCOMES & EVALUATION



PSS:NICU-16

Sights and Sounds

- 1. The presence of monitors and equipment
- 2. The constant noises of monitors and equipment
- 3. The sudden noises of monitor alarms
- 4. The other sick babies in the room

Baby Looks and Behaves

- 1. The unusual color of my baby
- 2. My baby's unusual or abnormal breathing patterns
- 3. My baby being fed by an intravenous line or tube
- 4. The limp and weak appearance of my baby
- 5. Jerky or restless movements of my baby
- 6. My baby not being able to cry like others
- 7. Having a machine breathe for my baby

Parental Role

- 1. Being separated from my baby
- 2. Not feeding my baby by myself
- 3. Not being able to care for my baby myself
- 4. Feeling helpless about how to help by baby during this time
- 5. Not having time to be alone with my bay

	Caregiver Demographic	S	_	Patier	Patient Demographics	
Demographic Variable	Frequency (out of 8 Total Caregivers)	Percentage		Demographic Variable	Frequency and Percenta (Out of 6 Total Patient	
thnicity	White (3) Black or African American (2) Native American (2) Asian (1)	White (37.5%) Black or African American (25%) Native American (25%) Asian (12.5%)	Т	Type of Defect	Septal or valve defect (2, 33% Transposition of the great art (1, 17%) Single ventricle defect (1, 17% Combination of defects (2, 33	
nsurance	Medicaid (7) Group/Employer Sponsored (1)	Medicaid (87.5%) Group/Employer Sponsored (12.5%)	Ľ			
ousehold Income	Less than \$20k (2) \$20-35k (2) \$35-50k (2) >80k (1) Omitted (1)	Less than \$20k (25%) \$20-35k (25%) \$35-50k (25%) >\$80k (12.5%) Omitted (12.5%)	G	Gender	Female (5, 83%) Male (1, 17%)	
ighest Level of Education	High School Diploma (4) Some College (3) Post Graduate Education (1)	High School Diploma (50%) Some College (37.5%) Post Graduate Education (12.5%)				
vpe of Caregiver	Mother (5) Father (2) Grandparent (1)	Mother (62.5%) Father (25%) Grandparent (12.5%)				
aving been a Caregiver for a hild in an ICU Before	Yes (2) No (6)	Yes (25%) No (75%)				

Step 5.3: Choose Appropriate Role of the Change Agent

Results

Intervention Process Step 5.3: Choose Appropriate Role of the Change Agent

Results

The Palliative Care Team Assessment

 <u>Rating: Excellent, Good, Fair</u> Excellent (2/8) Good (3/8) Fair (2/8) Omitted (1/8) 	 <u>Rating: Average between 1-5</u> Pain (4.13/5) Difficulty Breathing (3.38/5) Irritability (3.25/5) 	 <u>Rating: Good, Fair, Absent</u> Other Parent Other Family Friends Community Spiritual/Religious 	 <u>Rating: Absent, Present</u> Work Financial Family Physical Health Mental Health/Substance Abuse
Baseline Understanding of Child's Diagnosis	Distressful and Burdensome Child Symptoms	Caregiver Support Systems	Life Stressors

Expectations and Hopes for Child's Medical Condition and	Specific Fear(s) Surrounding Child's Medical Condition and
Hospital Course	Hospital Course
"I'm hoping this surgery will fix all of her problems so she can get	: "I fear the surgery won't fix her and she will have to go through
off the ventilator and finally get to go home with her family."	even more than she already has."
"To not need another surgery and to get to go home."	"Needing more surgeries and having to stay here longer."
"I hope she lives as normal as possible, thrives, and doesn't let her condition stop her"	"Not having a long life and <i>being in the hospital a lot throughout her life."</i>
"Good recovery."	<i>"Having unexpected complications after the surgery and increase her stay."</i>
"That the nurses and doctors will always be readily available."	"If my child isn't cared for with 100% effort in regards to her medical condition."
"My expectation is that my son will recover and <i>get to come home,</i> that his surgery will be smooth and successful."	Omitted
"That my baby will recover well and be full of energy and les fussy. I just hope she feels better all around."	"Having pain, being separated from her, and having delays in her growth and motor function."
"I hope she will be healthy &be able to function as normal as possible to have a happy life. I hope the hospital will be able to continue to meet her needs as she grows."	"My fear is that she will be burdened by her condition and will have to spend a significant amount of time in the hospital."

Results

The PSS:NICU-16 Cronbach's Alpha Reliability Scores



Step 5.3: Choose Appropriate Role of the Change Agent Results *The PSS:NICU-16 Subscale Scores*



Limitations

- 4- week implementation time frame
- Limited number of caregivers
- Scheduling

 challenges
 between palliative
 care team
 members and
 caregivers



Practice Implications

This project...

- highlights the varying degrees of stressors that can negatively impact caregivers in the pediatric CICU and demonstrates how palliative care teams can promote effective coping strategies for these stressors
- cannot make conclusions that the palliative care team intervention directly increased nor decreased the varying degrees of stressors in the pediatric CICU setting
- cannot generalize its findings to other practice settings.

DISSEMINATION



Step 6: Integrate and Maintain Change in Practice

Dissemination Plan & Sustainability



Arkansas Children's Nursing Grand Rounds on December 20th, 2022



Arkansas Children's Research Institute Seminar on November 10th, 2022



Submit Manuscript to the Journal for Specialists in Pediatric Nursing

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