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# PHYTOPLANKTON COMPOSITION IN A BORROW PIT LAKE IN VIRGINIA

Seba B. Sheavly and Harold G. Marshall

Abstract. – The phytoplankton assemblages in Lake Trashmore, Virginia, a borrow pit, were dominated by centric diatoms and cyanobacteria, with seasonal pulses of cryptomonads, euglenoids, and chlorophyceans. Ninety species were identified and their abundance levels noted for a 12-month period.

Borrow pit lakes are generally associated with highway construction and residential landscaping. In contrast, this borrow pit lake was formed as part of an above-ground landfill operation. Alternate layers of soil and refuse were laid down to eventually form a mound that was capped with soil, then landscaped. The pit formed in this process was gradually filled with water by 1971. The lake is located in Virginia Beach, Virginia, where it is now a part of a recreational park complex. The lake has a mean depth of 4 m, a maximum depth of 7.3 m, a surface area of 21 ha, and a volume of  $8.4 \times 10^5$ m<sup>3</sup> (Virginia State Water Control Board 1982). The surrounding area is highly developed. The lake is flanked to the north and south by major highways and is adjacent to the disposal mound (Mount Trashmore) on the west, with residential development along the eastern section.

were of greater size than Lake Trashmore, and all were found to be eutrophic. Phytoplankton were included in a limited water quality study during the early formation of Lake Trashmore by Beck (1973). He indicated an abundance of diatoms, chlorophyceans, cyanobacteria and phytoflagellates. Later Cocke (1973) completed a one year study of the lake and reported 45 taxa, with chlorophyceans and diatoms dominant. In general, borrow pit lake studies are rare. In Nebraska, McCarraher et al. (1974) surveyed 41 borrow pit lakes in the Platte River Valley, with Adrian et al. (1970) conducting a primary productivity study on one lake. Seven Illinois borrow pit ponds were studied by Lipsey (1980). In all of these studies, the formation of borrow pits was associated with a major highway development. Diatoms, cyanobacteria and chlorophyceans were generally the dominant forms in these ponds or lakes.

The purpose of this study was to identify the seasonal phytoplankton composition and concentrations of this lake and to make comparisons with a phytoplankton survey of the lake made over a decade ago (Cocke 1973). Other phytoplankton studies in Virginia have concentrated on the two natural lakes in the state, Lake Drummond and Mountain Lake (Simmons & Neff 1974, Marshall 1979). In addition, the National Eutrophication Survey (Anonymous 1972) included eight other Virginia lakes and reservoirs that

Methods. — One collection station was established at the center and deepest (7.3 m) portion of the lake. Samples were collected monthly from the upper and lower 0.5 m of the euphotic zone from Mar 1985 to Feb 1986. The lower sampling depth was determined from transparency measurements with a Secchi disk (15 cm diam), according to Holmes (1970). A Kemmerer water bottle (2 liter) was used to obtain 500 ml water samples from both depths. These were preserved immediately with Lugol's solution and returned to the laboratory, where a settling and siphoning procedure was followed to obtain a 40 ml concentrate. Aliquots were taken from this concentrate and placed in settling chambers for examination with a Zeiss inverted plankton microscope. A random field and minimum count procedure was followed at magnifications of  $312 \times$  and  $500 \times$  for micro-, nano-, and picoplankton for a precision estimate of 85%. In addition, the net phytoplankton were counted by scanning the entire chamber at  $125 \times$ .

Results. – Mean water temperatures ranged from 4.0°C in January to 27.3°C in August, with only small differences generally found with depth in the euphotic zone. The mean monthly pH value was 7.52, with a range from 6.5 (Dec) to 8.6 (Sep). Secchi disk readings ranged from 0.47 m (Mar) to 1.18 m (Aug), averaging 0.84 m. Ninety phytoplankton species were identified in this study (Table 1), including 32 Chlorophyceae, 28 Bacillariophyceae, 16 Cyanobacteria, 8 Euglenophyceae, 5 Dinophyceae, and 1 Cryptophyceae. Unidentified picoplankton and nanoplankton cells were counted by size groups <3, 3-5 and  $5-10 \,\mu\text{m}$ . They were present throughout the year, with lowest concentrations in May (3.7  $\times$  10<sup>6</sup> cells/liter), gradually increasing to a December high ( $61.5 \times 10^6$  cells/liter). The majority of these cells were  $<3 \mu m$  in size and under epifluorescence microscopy proved to be cyanobacteria. In contrast, larger and identifiable cyanobacteria had one major pulse in summer and early fall, reaching  $37.0 \times 10^6$  cells/liter in September. Euglenoids and dinoflagellates also had high summer concentrations. In contrast, the cryptomonads were in lowest concentrations in summer and early fall and became more abundant during winter and spring. The diatoms had low concentrations in spring and summer, gradually increased into fall and early winter and peaked in December  $(9.4 \times 10^6 \text{ cells/liter})$ . The dominant species were Cyclotella spp. and Melosira spp., with representatives from these genera most common in the unidentified category of centric diatoms  $< 20 \ \mu m$  size.

Discussion. - In comparison to early data on phytoplankton populations in Lake Trashmore (Beck 1973, Cocke 1973), there has been a shift in composition and dominant species. Cocke identified 45 species in a seven-month study (Aug-Feb), with the two dominant groups: pennate diatoms (e.g., Pleurosigma normanii, P. strigosum) and chlorophyceans (Pediastrum simplex) the major species. He found cyanobacteria (blue-green algae) to be common, but not abundant. Other dominant species included the desmids Closterium lunuae and Cosmarium circulare, the diatoms Fragilaria crotonensis, Melosira spp., Navicula spp., and the dinoflagellate Gymnodinium simplex. Secchi disk readings at this time ranged between 24.0 and 54.0 cm, averaging 40.9 cm. The range of the surface pH values was 6.6 to 7.1, averaging 6.8. The present study indicated a more basic pH mean of 7.52, ranging between 6.5 and 8.6. However, the Secchi disk readings were higher, averaging 84 cm, with readings between 47 cm (Mar) and 118 cm (Aug). In addition to an increased diversity of species, there has been a change over the past decade in the phytoplankton populations in Lake Trashmore. The transition has been from a dominance of pennate diatoms, chlorophyceans, and a filamentous-coccoid assemblage of cyanobacteria to the current status, where cyanobacteria, centric diatoms (e.g., Cyclotella spp., Melosira spp.), plus a seasonal abundance of cryptomonads, euglenoids, and chlorophyceans are dominant. It is impossible to evaluate the significance of the high picoplankton and nanoplankton (<10  $\mu$ m) concentrations because Cocke's collection procedure by tow net would not have collected many of these cells. However, these changes in phytoplankton composition and abundance are assumed to be in association with the changing and advancing eutrophic state of the lake over the past decade.

Table 1	Mean month	ly abundance	for each i	identified	taxon (	cells/liter).
AND ADD ATTESAN PRIVACE A		and the concernance and a second second second second			UNIVERSITY AND	Toologue station and a service station of the

	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Bacillariophyceae	to a strange	the lasts start	this mean	mon of
Achnanthes sp.	47,268	639	5373	757
Amphora costata W. Smith	0	0	0	213
Amphora sp.	Õ	21	Ő	213
Biddulphia alternans (Bailey) Van Heurck	0	0	5	0
Cocconeis distans Gregory	21	Ő	Õ	0
Cyclotella meneghiniana Kützing	0	77,867	29,373	18,131
Cyclotella sp.	273,843	27,084	28,213	4578
C. striata (Kützing) Grunow	0	0	18,056	0
Cylindrotheca closterium (Ehrenberg)			10,000	
Reimann & Lewin	277	0	0	53
Cymbella sp.	9515	602	123	85
Diploneis sp.	0	0	16	12
Fragilaria sp.	0	0	0	10,579
Gomphonema sp.	0	0	16	53
Gyrosigma sp.	0	0	10	21
Melosira distans (Ehrenberg) Kützing	33,824	0	0	21
M. granulata (Ehrenberg) Ralfs	221,898	9649	299	1664
M. islandica Muller	5195	0	4557	85
M. moniliformis (Muller) Agardh	0	0	32	05
Melosira sp.	0	37	107	427
Navicula spp.	9813	37	32	117
Nitzschia clausii Hantzsch	9015	57	52	64
	43	0	0	75
N. pungens Grunow N. seriata Cleve	43	0	0	/3
Nitzschia sp.	14,411	16	0	32
Rhizosolenia eriensis H. L. Smith	14,411	10	0	0
Synedra acus Kaützing	0	0	0	0
	0	21	85	587
Synedra spp. Thalassionama nitaschioides (Grupow)	U	21	05	507
Thalassionema nitzschioides (Grunow) Grunow & Hustedt	0	16	0	384
	285 276	293,413	178,303	81,607
centrics (unid.) <20 $\mu$ m diam.	285,376 109,243	293,413	170,505	14,374
centrics (unid.) 20–100 $\mu$ m diam.	51,857	56,426	28,341	22,072
pennates (unid.) >20 $\mu$ m in length	a serie and a series	112		
pennates (unid.) $< 20 \ \mu m$ in length	26,076		101	156 000
subtotal	1,088,703	465,940	294,032	156,000
Dinophyceae				
Ceratium hirundinella (O. F. Muller)				
Dujardin	0	0	368	19,040
Glenodinium gymnodinium Penard	0	0	0	43
Glenodinium sp.	0	3	0	0
Gymnodinium sp.	0	0	0	36,113
Protoperidinium sp.	0	0	0	96
subtotal	0	3	368	55,292
Cyanobacteria				
Anabaena sp.	725	23,138	0	576
Chroococcus limnecticus Lemmerman	0	23,130	0	477,533
Dactylococcopsis raphidiodes Hansgirg	2,607,829	920,865	478,484	101,230
Gomphosphaeria aponina Kutzing	120,610	152	2294	9028
Johannesbaptistia pellucida (Dickie)	120,010	152	2274	7020
Taylor & Drouet	0	0	0	0
Lyngbya controta Lemmermann	0	0	0	0

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Table 1.-Continued.

Feb	Jan	Dec	Nov	Oct	Sep	Aug	Jul
		256	0	0	0		1004
	0	256	0	0	0	0	1984
64	0	0	0	0	107	64	469
	0	247	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
402.01	55 207	190.007	26 455	0	26 1 1 2	10.070	19.057
483,010	55,297	180,907	36,455	0	36,113	18,078	18,057
731,310	40,626	424,328	81,255	81,255	270,850	135,532	9028
40,628	0	0	0	0	22,571	0	0
72:	208	213	128	0	46,187	32,154	0
13	32	640	128	128	277	64	43
	0	0	0	0	0	0	43
	0	768	341	0	36,849	853	533
	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
153,78	137,677	3,403,654	1,363,278	36,415	0	0	0
690,66	343,064	3,710,612	806,756	768,108	248,919	31,864	28,557
	0	0	0	198,623	427	1472	320
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	40	0	0	9220
18,09	64	1963	256	1493	2965	939	768
Bene Kalant	0	256	0	0	0	4557	9114
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	555	0	128
	0	0	0	0	63,198	117,432	0
78	517	700	469	128	53,675	875	43
29	171	3212	3029	49,878	124,323	51,789	597
	0	180,799	0	0	272,215	18,505	299
1,923,03	279,190	1,426,466	261,864	135,425	329,534	153,482	117,368
31,59	38,369	640	213	0	18,227	21	21
90,28	58,682	232,435	939	54,170	99,312	9028	22,571
53.	8028	1244	768	85	341	40,734	85
4,164,98	961,930	9,569,435	2,555,879	1,325,748	1,626,645	617,507	219,248
	16	537	1408	13,227	23,467	3392	5589
	0	0	0	981	1771	1835	85
	0	0	0	18,185	1600	0	213
	22,570	0	0	10,105	0	0	64
	22,570	0	0	0	0	0	43
	22,586	537	1408	32,393	26,838	5227	5994
	0	356,250	2987	1,760,525	6,238,578	9,619,689	1,173,683
175,54	205,091	2,644,782	504,161	451,417	643,401	64,009	537,186
1,047,28	815,906	839,628	353,897	370,162	225,708	0	94,947
32,81	21,479	58,479	91,862	397,247	100,784	128	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	341
	0	0	0	64,350	174,098	794,493	0

Table 1.-Continued.

	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Merismopedia glauca (Ehrenberg)				
Naegeli	0	0	0	0
Merismopedia punctata Meyen	0	0	8038	18,526
Merismopedia sp.	0	0	0	0
Merismopedia tenuissima Lemmermann	0	0	0	0
Microcystis aeruginosa Kützing	408,516	2,471,603	2,059,101	2,719,878
Nostoc commune Vaucher	277	15,738	432	779
Oscillatoria limnetica Lemmermann		10,100		0
Oscillatoria sp.	0	32	208	4274
Spirulina laxa G. M. Smith	0	0	200	53
Spirulina subsalsa Oersted	0	0	0	32
	0	0	54 168	52
blue green spheres (unid)	0	1120	54,168	22 010
blue green trichomes (unid)	64	1129	6782	23,010
subtotal	3,138,021	3,432,657	2,609,507	3,354,919
Euglenophyceae				
Euglena acus Ehrenberg	0	0	0	0
Euglena sp.	0	0	0	1821
Eutreptia lanowii Steuer	2257	52,529	22,591	87,704
Eutreptia viridis Perty	85	0	5	43
Phacus longicaudus (Ehrenberg) Dujardin	0	0	0	0
Phacus curvicaudus Swirenko	0	0	0	0
Trachelomonas hispida (Perty) Stein	0	0	0	0
Trachelomonas volvocina Ehrenberg	0	Ō	0	76,608
subtotal	2342	52,529	22,591	182,572
Chlorophyceae				
Ankistrodesmus falcatus Beijerinck	156,672	27,655	31,316	31,445
Ankistrodesmus fractus (West & West)				
Brunnthaler	0	0	0	0
Chlorella sp.	9028	0	0	0
Chlorella vulgaris Beijerinck	0	0	0	4104
Cosmarium botrytis Meneghini	Ő	Õ	0 0	0
Crucigenia apiculata (Lemmermann)	U	U	U	Ū
Schmidle	0	0	0	0
	92,219	0	0	18,057
Crucigenia fenestrata Schmidle	92,219	0	0112	and the second second second
Crucigenia quadrata Morren	0	0	9113	744,539
Crucigenia sp.	0	U	4514	0
Crucigenia tetrapedia (Kirchner) West	1 001 050	1 4 2 1 5 2	0	207 000
& West	1,831,853	143,152	0	207,908
Dictyosphaerium pulcellum Wood	1365	309,316	143,839	2,013,046
Euastrum denticulatum (Kirchner) Gay	0	0	0	21
Franceia droescheri (Lemmermann)	0	0	0	0
Kirchneriella contorta (Schmidle) Bohlin	191,125	293,977	302,438	283,177
Lagerheimia ciliata (Lagerheim) Chodat	0	0	0	0
Lagerheimia quadriseta Lemmermann				
(G. M. Smith)	0	0	0	0
Micractinium pusillum Frensenius	0	0	0	0
Oedogonium sp.	0	0	421	0
Oocystis borgei Snow	114,091	129,214	105,047	250,682
Pediastrum duplex Meyen	0	0	0	0
Pediastrum simplex (Meyen)				
Lemmermann	36,147	421	1259	5845
Scenedesmus armatus (Chodat) G. M. Smith	363	721	1255	5045

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	av		10/10/10/10	~	on	LITT	uv	<b>.</b>

Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
0	115,257	0	341	0	0	0	0
0	115,257	2123	1024	308,329	704	0	0
0	0	0	0	288,907	0	0	0
0	0	15,924,935	5,673,395	870,724	928	18,056	0
10,251,540	7,031,505	8,564,855	9,331,530	6,593,405	4,709,592	82,145	251,908
2,902,609	6,414,631	4,441,940	5,254,490	3,891,212	2,146,677	928,350	853
2,702,007	993,117	672,611	361,133	0	2,110,077	0	0
22,912	13,756	0/2,011	18,057	0	427	32	0
0	18,675	85	0	171	0	0	0
Ő	9071	0	Ő	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4514	9028	90,283	18,057	43	0	48	213
14,987,732	25,083,530	37,079,401	23,701,728	1,290,568	10,757,467	2,071,107	150,862
14,707,752	23,005,550	57,077,401	23,701,720	1,270,500	10,757,407	2,071,107	150,002
0	192	299	0	0	0	0	0
39,953	12,634	186,958	55,493	768	341	0	0
126,397	54,234	288,907	180,567	63,284	208,333	80	4099
0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1664	0	128	0	0	0
0	256	77,091	95,446	1323	0	32	0
448	832	832	46,282	118,307	2603	16,992	49,763
32,218	0	0	27,085	72,227	54,170	16,928	63,433
198,568	67,785	555,751	404,873	256,037	265,447	34,032	154,186
66,646	9600	46,780	317,562	72,133	8021	437	405
0	0	0	0	0	112,487	6485	2112
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	36,113	0	384	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	583,616	1,529,376	252,869	597
0	0	0	0	63,198	0	341	77,082
72,376	162,851	110,900	580,928	361,133	1,011,507	27,575	1280
18,057	0	0	0	0	0	0	235
341	0	144,453	306,963	184,151	1,594,264	188,460	277,399
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
128	9178	135,425	597	299	1024	0	0
18,057	0	0	0	384	0	0	0
18,057	0	0	4949	383,115	1,119,844	125,264	112,876
0	22,571	0	0	0	0	0	0
63,198	58,684	18,057	171	0	341	0	0
0,170	0	10,057	4779	0	0	0	0
0	171	0		0	0	0	0
176,053	361,389	487,701	397,247	297,935	2,058,442	164,761	171,773
0	0	0	0	0	2,000,442	0	0
10,197	10,603	63,957	88,832	153,583	55,808	599	1792
10.17/	10,005	03,931	00.032	133,303	55,000	377	1192

Table 1.-Continued.

	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Scenedesmus bijugus Turpin Lager.	20,096	2343	0	37,685
Scenedesmus dimorphus (Turpin) Kutzing	0	0	0	85
Scenedesmus quadricaudus (Turpin)				
Brébisson	9625	40,405	27,276	196,406
Scenedesmus sp.	85	11,285	4530	18,398
Selenastrum gracile Reinsch	0	0	0	0
Staurastrum americanum (West & West) G. M.				
Smith	0	0	11	0
Staurastrum leptocladum var. insigne West				
& West	0	0	80	3008
Staurastrum paradoxum Meyen	0	0	11	341
Staurastrum sp.	0	37	43	117
Tetraedron minimum (Braun) Hansgirg	64	580	21	102,122
Chlorophyceans (unid.)	171	16,928	136,549	650,038
subtotal	2,462,904	975,313	766,468	4,567,024
Cryptophyceae				
Cryptomonas sp.	825,700	1,816,905	1,271,836	554,242
subtotal	825,700	1,816,905	1,271,836	554,242
Other taxa				
micro-phytoflagellates <10 µm	47,637	0	0	175,407
micro-phytoflagellates >10 µm	0	0	8215	43,810
small green spheres ( $<3 \mu m$ )	18,320,895	3,792,191	3,348,778	9,835,356
small green spheres $(3-5 \mu m)$	4,786,425	470,241	262,864	675,405
small green spheres (5-10 µm)	997,156	131,192	84,883	115,001
subtotal	24,152,113	4,393,624	3,704,740	10,844,979
Total	31,669,783	11,136,971	869,542	19,715,028

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Table 1.-Continued.

1	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
	388,218	173,006	439,333	507,080	257,401	15,104	299	1365
	128	341	72,483	683	0	1024	0	0
	193,623	55,109	218,088	361,133	3,250,202	326,042	84,234	198,623
	49,656	0	0	153,482	35,455	270,847	0	0
	0	0	21,662	128	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	981	0	64
	555	2688	1536	1621	1579	512	16	0
	128	1152	1314	724	384	256	0	64
	13,628	85	0	0	0	0	32	0
	72,227	148,968	230,223	252,793	99,696	622,950	27,153	27,192
	1,060,829	871,234	3,954,410	21,397,150	1,932,063	3,186,975	354,349	442,388
	2,227,102	1,887,651	5,982,435	24,376,822	4,752,529	11,915,805	1,232,874	1,315,247
	306,963	446,903	979,574	451,417	486,558	1,733,426	822,677	1,584,473
	306,963	446,903	979,574	451,417	486,558	1,733,426	822,677	1,584,473
	81,255	279,878	419,818	343,077	379,190	442,385	144,448	18,057
	15,335	153,353	0	0	591,435	219,050	240,959	503,816
	14,763,970	14,238,250	18,641,155	13,708,148	16,143,985	56,011,283	5,542,049	12,748,730
	1,171,918	104,048	3,066,790	1,533,350	1,555,255	3,986,723	353,223	657,151
	328,575	394,290	6,900,008	635,245	240,955	876,203	35,596	120,478
	16,361,053	16,106,241	22,817,681	16,219,820	18,910,820	61,535,644	6,316,275	14,048,232
	34,306,660	44,214,844	69,068,298	66,512,801	39,870,929	95,777,761	11,461,481	22,775,746

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