



HAL
open science

Exploiting brain critical dynamics to inform Brain-Computer Interfaces performance

Marie-Constance Corsi, Pierpaolo Sorrentino, Denis P Schwartz, Nathalie George, Laurent Hugueville, Ari E Kahn, Sophie Dupont, Danielle S Bassett, Viktor K Jirsa, Fabrizio de Vico Fallani

► To cite this version:

Marie-Constance Corsi, Pierpaolo Sorrentino, Denis P Schwartz, Nathalie George, Laurent Hugueville, et al.. Exploiting brain critical dynamics to inform Brain-Computer Interfaces performance. Brain Criticality Hybrid Meeting 2022, Nov 2022, Bethesda, United States. hal-03871532

HAL Id: hal-03871532

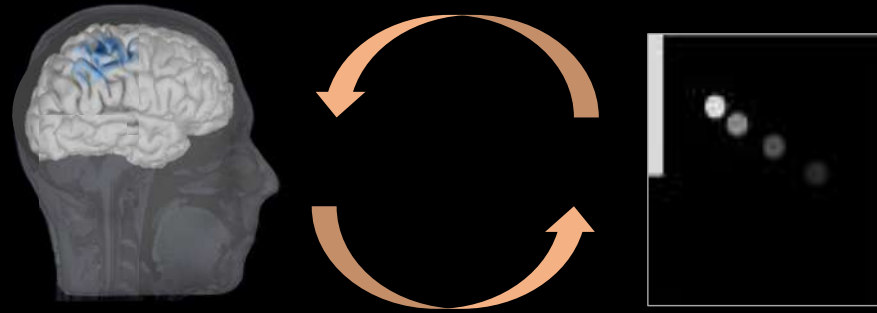
<https://hal.inria.fr/hal-03871532>

Submitted on 6 Dec 2022

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

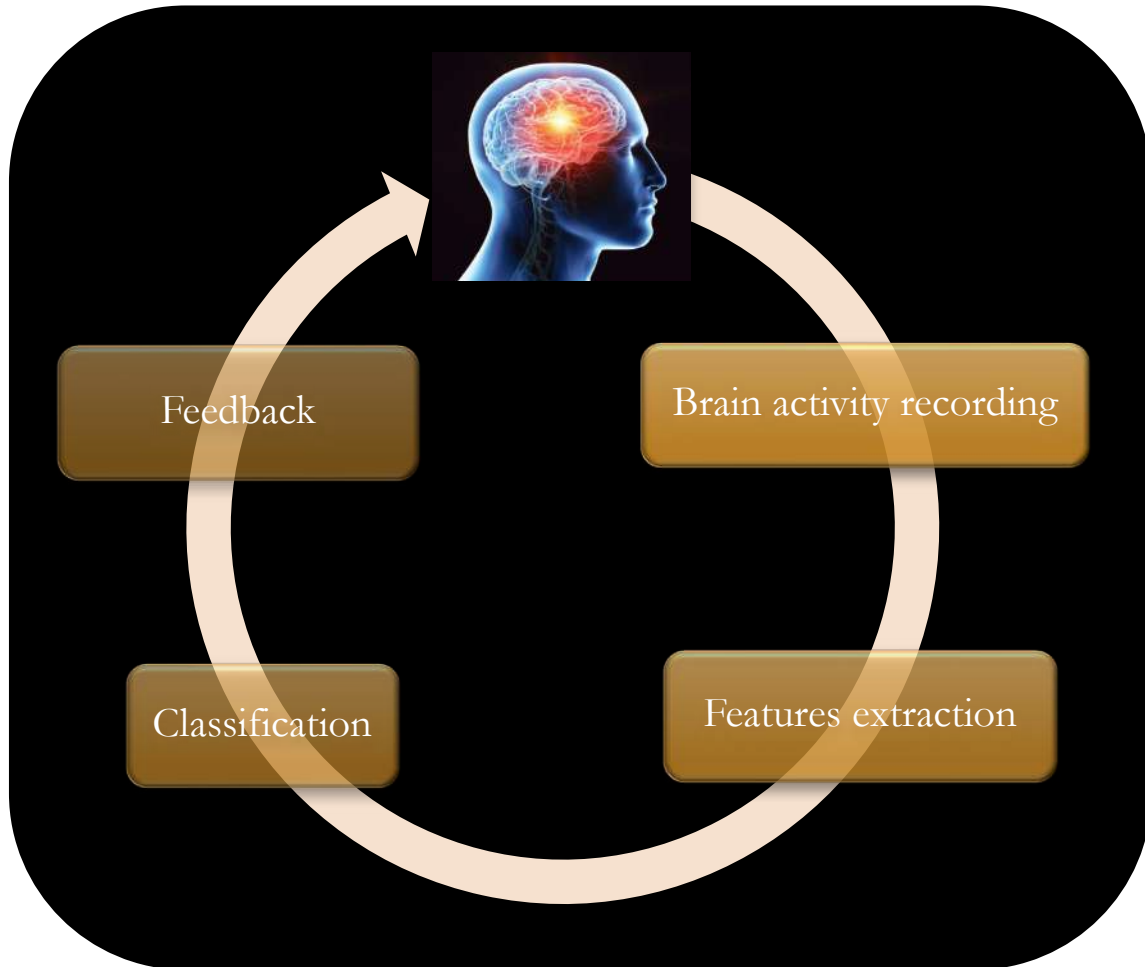
L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Exploiting brain critical dynamics to inform
Brain-Computer Interfaces performance

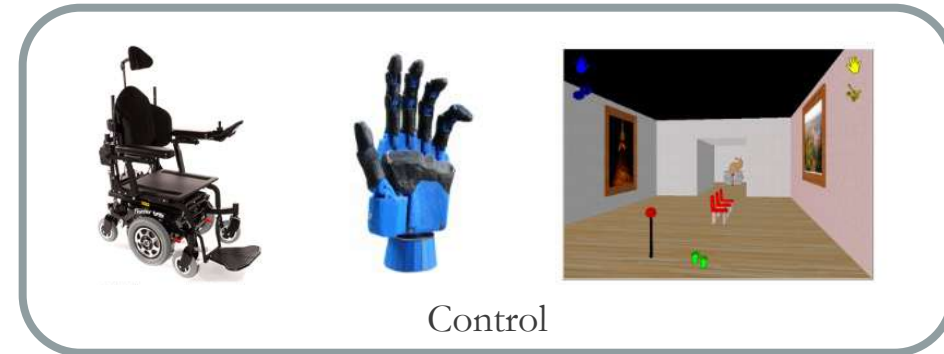


MC Corsi*, P Sorrentino*, D Schwartz, N George, L Hugueville, A E. Kahn, S Dupont, D S. Bassett,

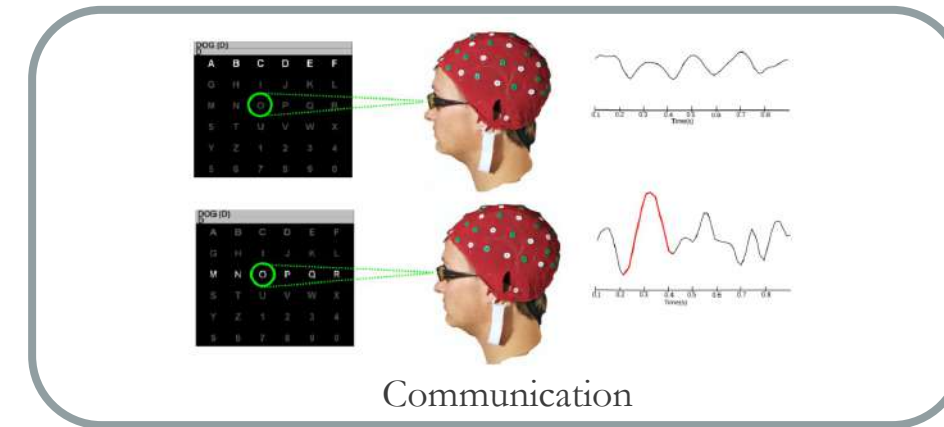
V Jirsa**, F De Vico Fallani**



BCI framework

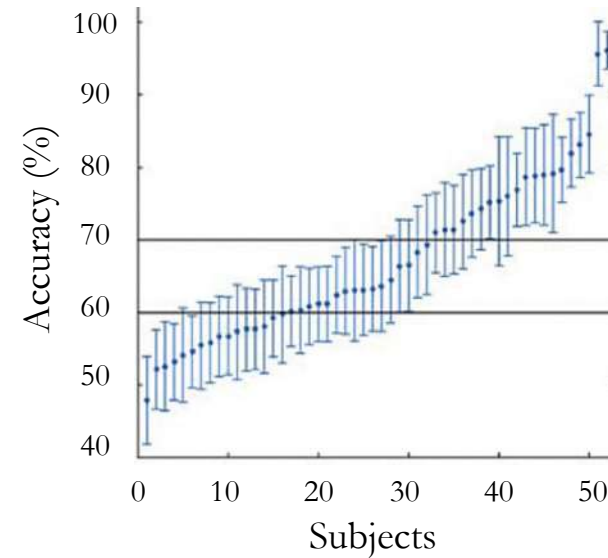
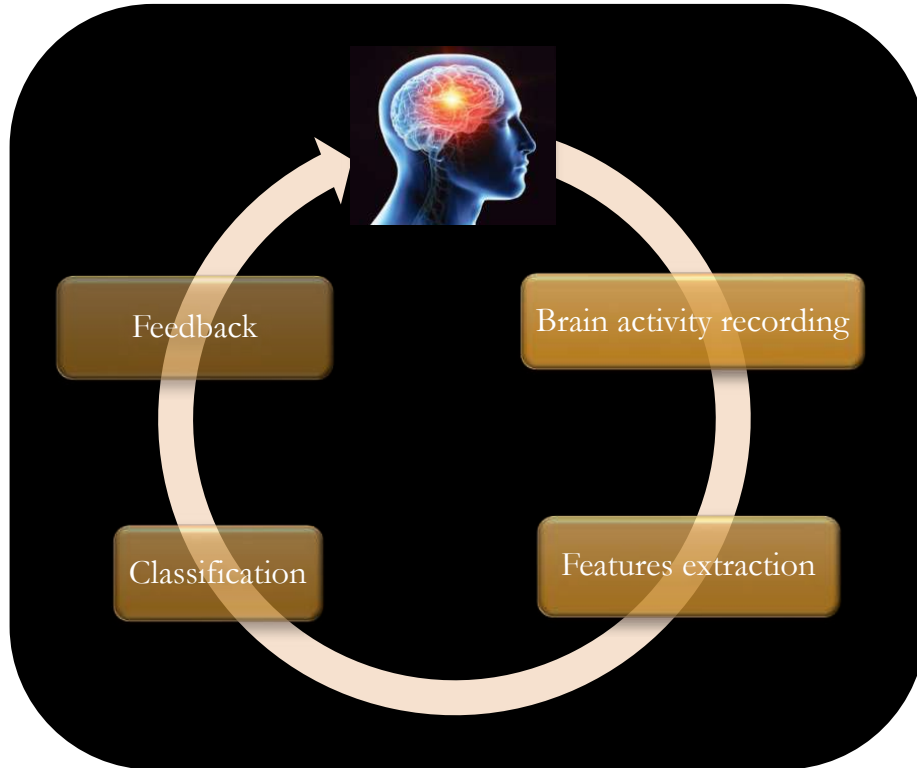


Control



Communication

Adapted from (Lotte et al, 2015)



Adapted from (Ahn & Jun, 2015)

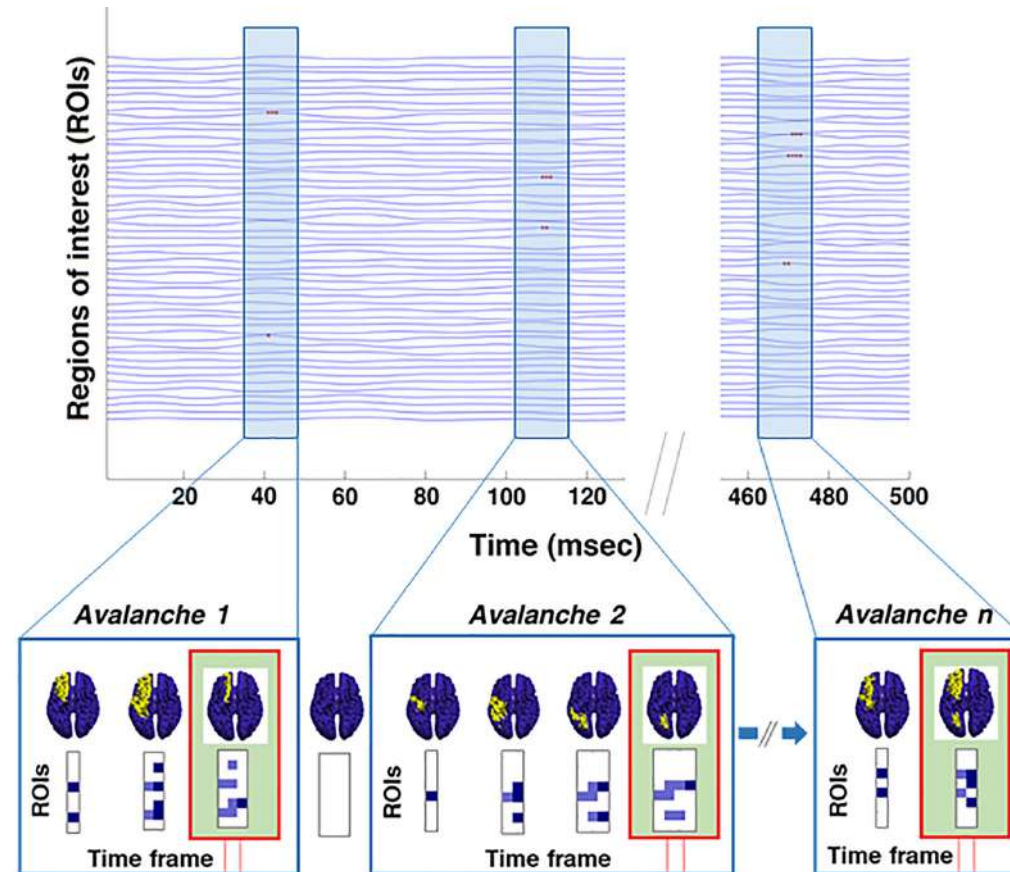
Problem:

Current BCIs fail to detect the mental intentions in ~30% of users – **BCI inefficiency** (Thompson, 2018)

⇒ Rely on local measurements of the brain activity

Capturing fast, non-linear brain dynamics

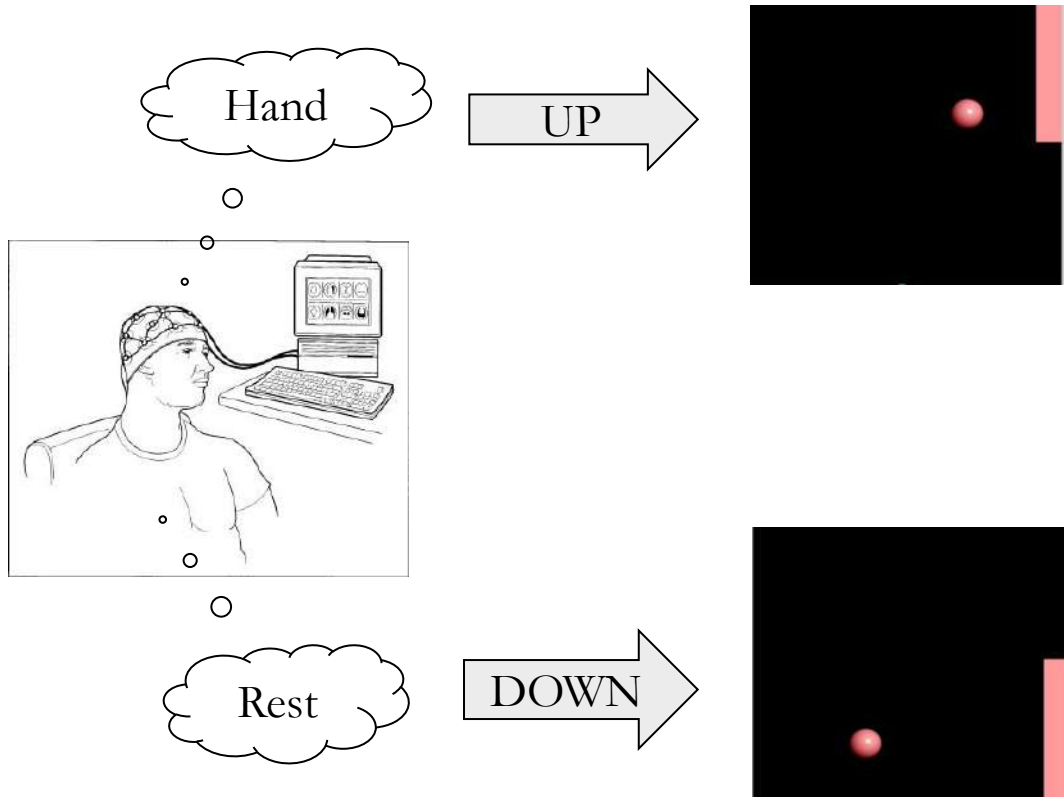
Neuronal avalanches: bursts of enhanced activity observed across neuroimaging modalities



Adapted from [Polverino et al, Neurology, 2022]

Hypothesis:

The neuronal avalanches could spread differently according to the task & provide original markers of BCI performance.

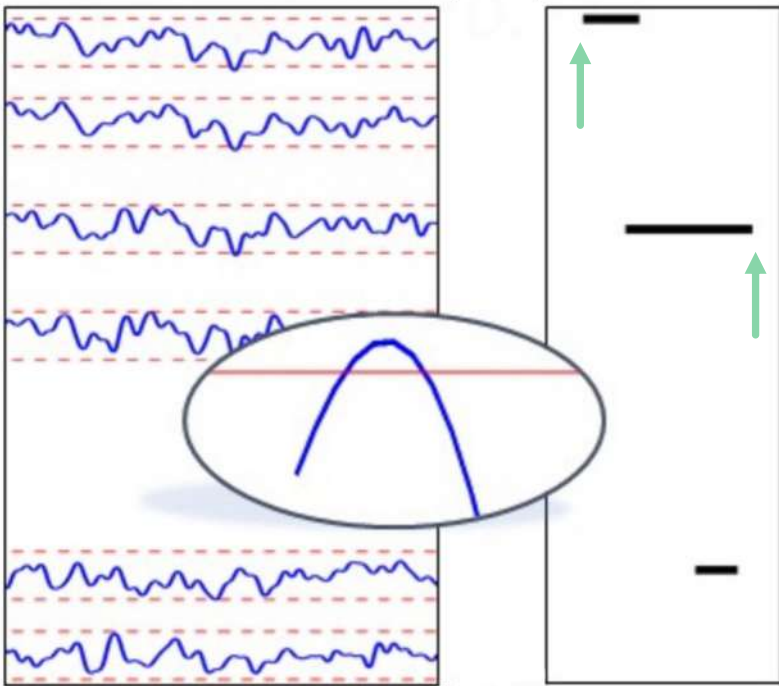


For a complete description of the protocol and the dataset, please refer to [\[Corsi et al, NeuroImage, 2020\]](#)

Objective:

Tracking the dynamical features related to motor imagery as compared to rest

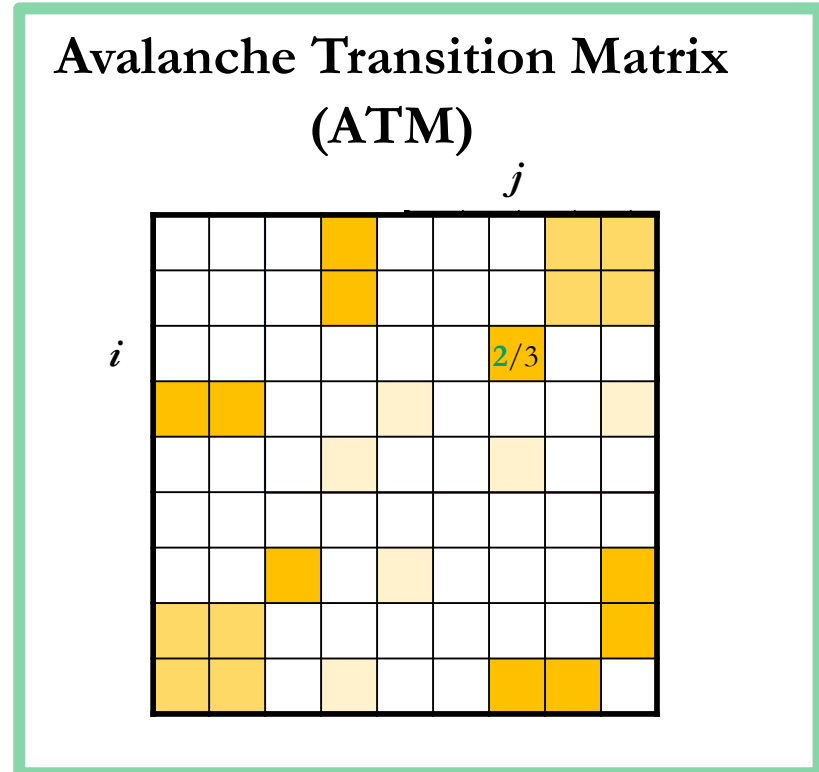
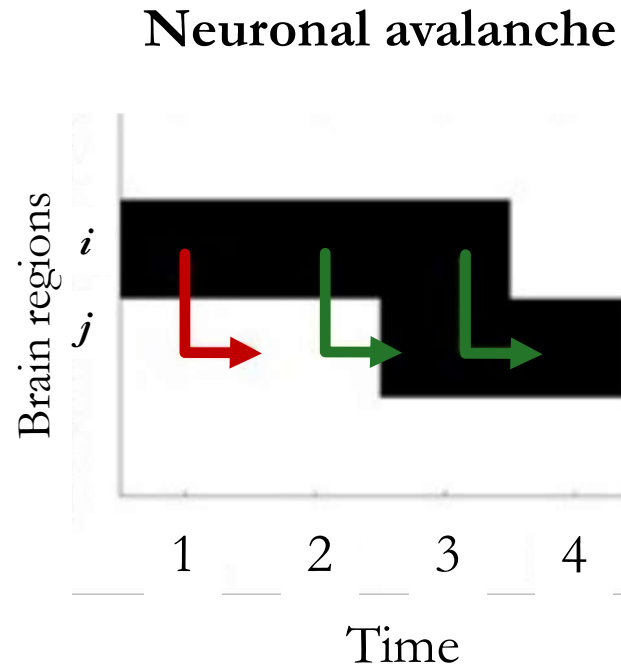
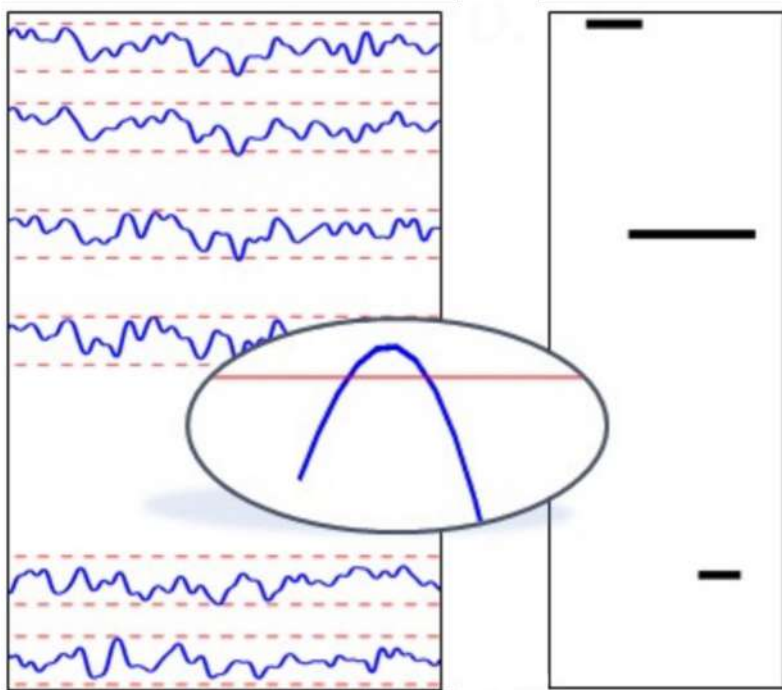
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states



Adapted from [Sorrentino et al, eLife, 2021]



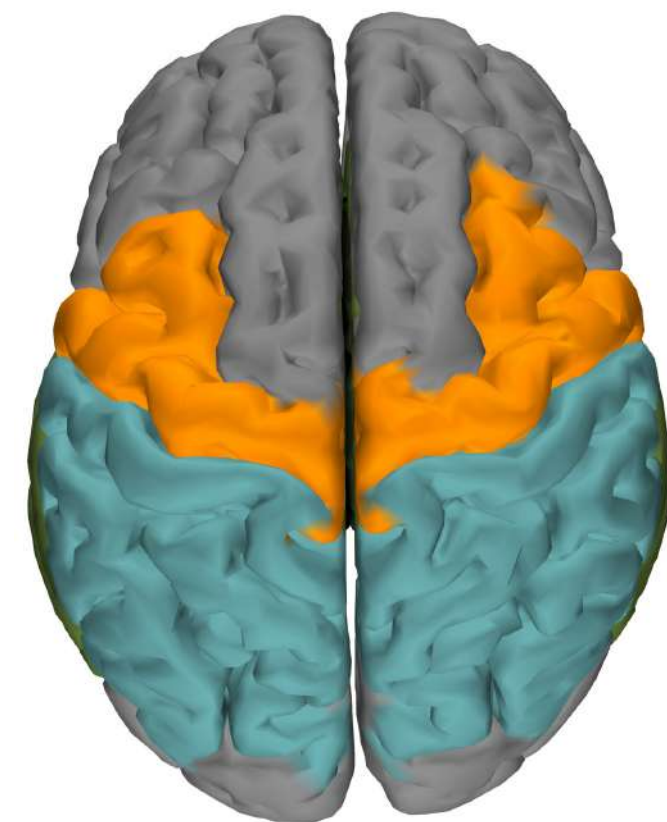
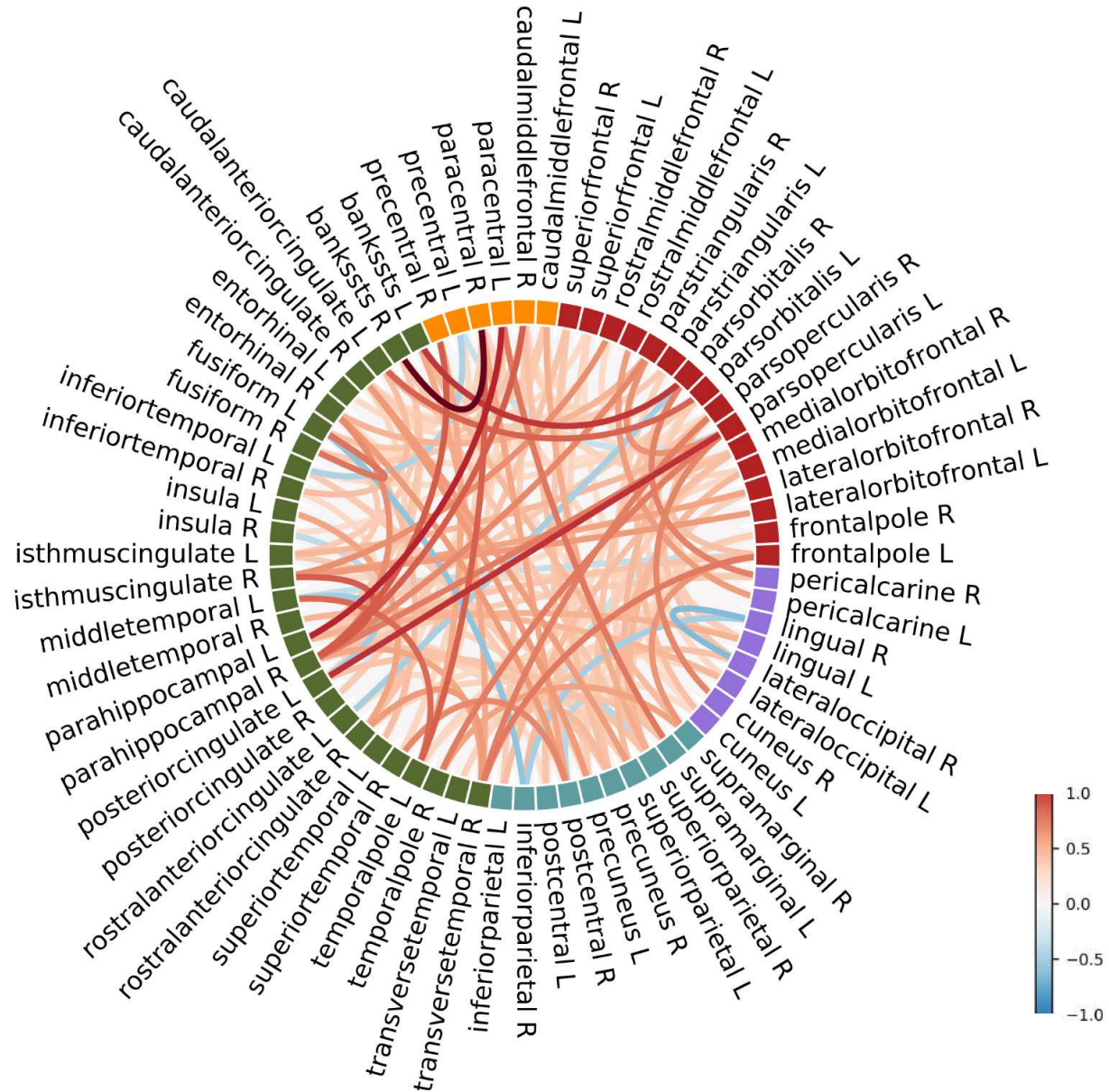
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states



Adapted from [Sorrentino et al, eLife, 2021]



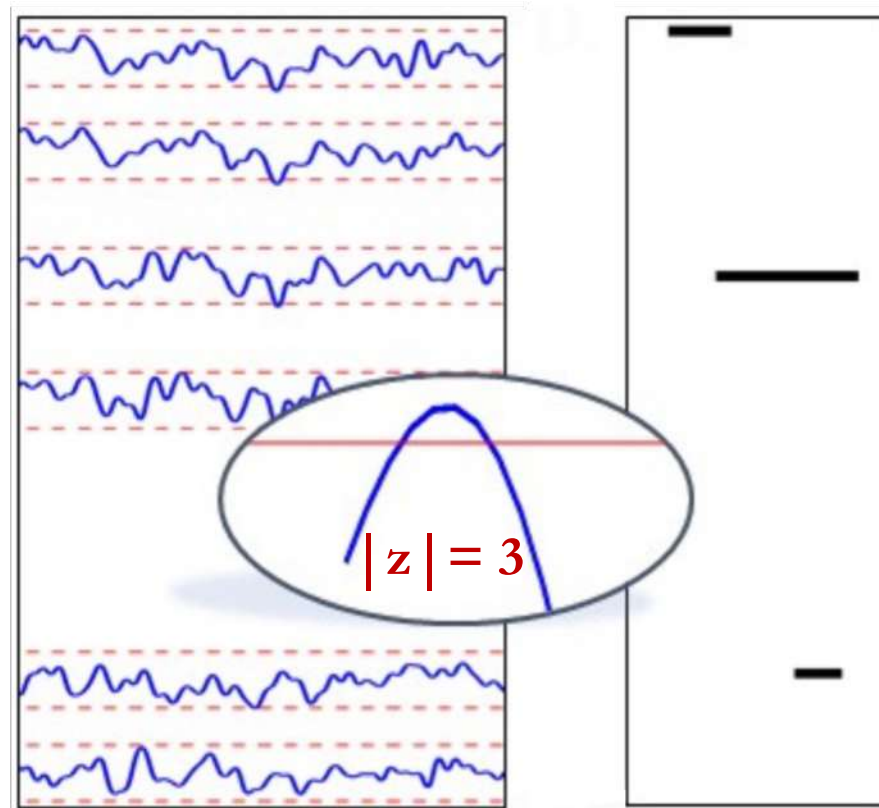
Differences in transition probabilities relate to BCI scores



- Executive
- Pre/motor
- Parietal
- Temporal
- Occipital

Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

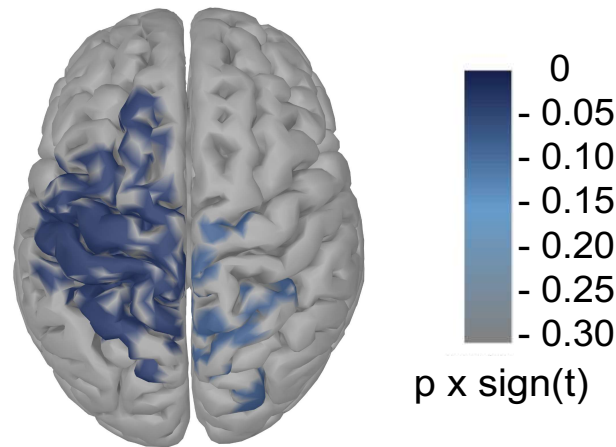
- Meaningful information communication among regions on the large-scale & aperiodic and scale-free perturbation



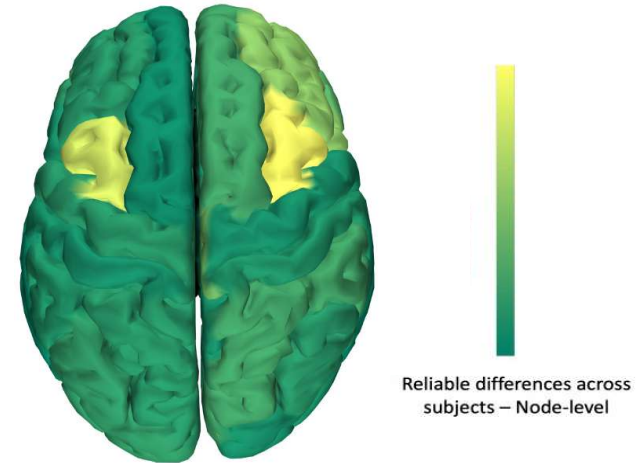
⇒ Focusing on higher-order perturbations to capture functionally-relevant processes & reliable information

Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

- Meaningful information communication among regions on the large-scale & aperiodic and scale-free perturbation
- Building innovative BCI protocols



Power spectra
significant at **group** level



Neuronal avalanches
significant at **individual** level

⇒ Tracking changes in perturbation spreading while performing different tasks via the avalanches transition matrices

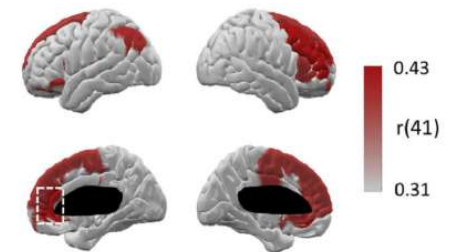
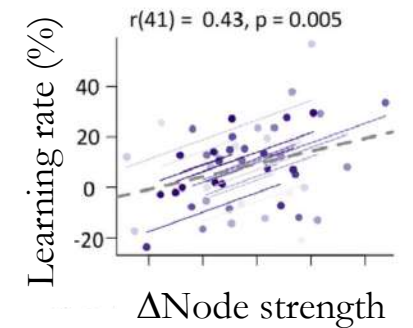
Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

- Meaningful information communication among regions on the large-scale & aperiodic and scale-free perturbation
- Building innovative BCI protocols

Markers of BCI performance

- Current predictors of BCI
 - Local measurements – power spectra (Ahn et al, 2015)
 - Time-averaged interactions (Sugata et al, 2014)
 - Brain networks metrics [Corsi et al, NeuroImage 2020; Corsi et al, JNE 2021]
- Spreading of neuronal avalanches
 - Patterns behaviorally meaningful (Chialvo et al, 2010)
 - Computational fast marker

} Replicability?
} Online implementation?



Paris Brain Institute

Mario Chavez,
Denis Schwartz,
Nathalie George,
Laurent Hugueville,
Christophe Gitton
Sophie Dupont,
Juliana Gonzalez-Astudillo,
Fabrizio De Vico Fallani (PI)



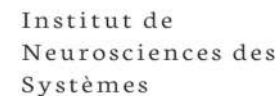
Penn University

Ari E. Kahn,
Ankit Khambhati,
Jennifer Stiso,
Arnold Campbell,
Danielle S. Bassett (PI)



Institut de Neurosciences des Systèmes

Pierpaolo Sorrentino,
Viktor Jirsa (PI)



Interested in this study?

Scan the QR code to get access to the associated preprint!



[mccorsi/NeuronalAvalanches4BCI](https://github.com/mccorsi/NeuronalAvalanches4BCI)

Thank you for your attention!



marie-constance.corsi@inria.com
pierpaolo.sorrentino@univ-amu.fr



MConstanceCorsi
PierpaSorre