

TH3.3: Fostering an enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agrifood systems



CGIAR GENDER Science Exchange, Nairobi, 12-14 October 2022

Els Lecoutere, GENDER Impact Platform Esther Leah Achandi, ILRI Edidah Lubega Ampaire, IDRC Gundula Fischer, IITA Tatiana Gumucio, Clark University Dina Najjar, ICARDA Niyati Singaraju, IRRI Corresponding author <u>E.Lecoutere@cgiar.org</u>

Equality and empowerment by gender and intersecting social differentiation in agri-food systems: Setting the stage



Gender and social equality in agri-food systems are essential to achieving **SDG 5** and support progress across all SDGs

Current thinking has evolved from focusing on gender gaps to **enabling gender-transformative change** in agri-food systems, fostering **gender and social equality** and women's empowerment

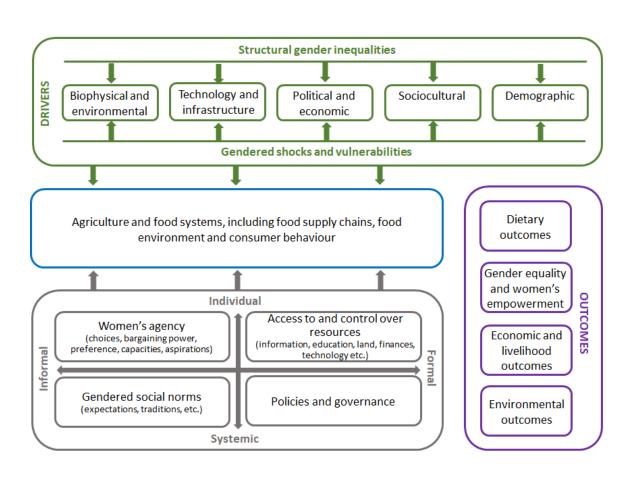
A global snapshot shows **persistent structural barriers** are root causes of gaps by gender and intersecting differentiation. Gender-transformative change in agri-food systems requires a holistic and **inclusive approach to dismantle those barriers**

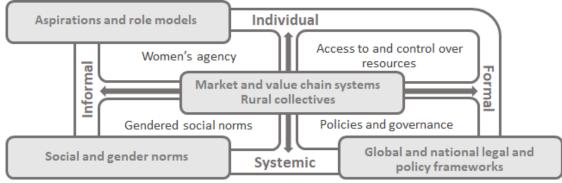
CGIAR GENDER Impact Platform teams address **key themes** important for transformative change and women's empowerment in **six background papers** for the forthcoming **FAO** Report on the Status of Rural Women in Agri-food Systems **10 Years after the 2011 SOFA** (State of Food and Agriculture):

- a) Fostering an enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems
- b) Making complementary agricultural resources, technologies, and services more gender-responsive
- c) Measuring women's empowerment in agriculture: Innovations and evidence
- d) Beyond crops: Towards gender equality in forestry, fisheries, aquaculture, and livestock development
- e) Addressing gender inequalities and strengthening women's agency for climate-resilient and sustainable food systems
- f) Closing gender gaps in productivity to advance gender equality and women's empowerment

An enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems Conceptual framework







An enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems Conceptual framework

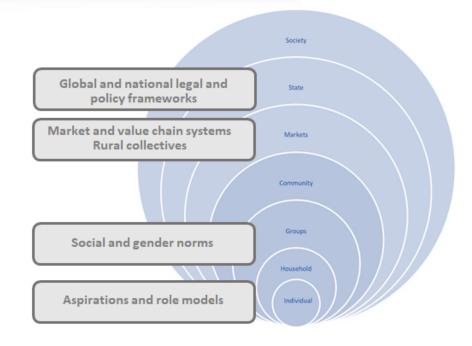


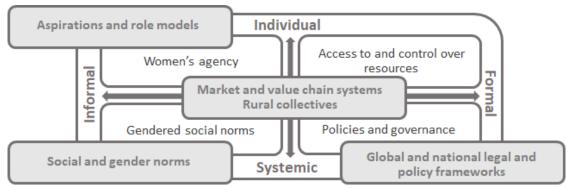
Structural constraints to equality can be found at different nested scales and are interrelated across scales:

- i) the scale of the state where we focus on global-, regional- and national-level policy and legal frameworks
- ii) the scale of markets where we focus on market and value chain systems and collectives
- iii) the scales of the community, household and individual where we focus on social and gender norms, role models and aspirations

(Collectives cross over to the scales of groups and community; norms to the scales of markets and the state)

Fostering an enabling environment requires a holistic approach across multiple nested scales

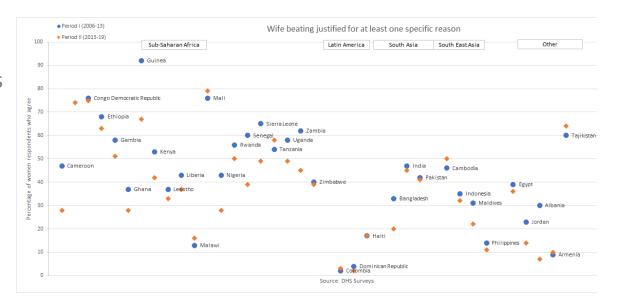




An enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems Current status and the evolution over the last 10 years



- 1. Global policy: Increasing attention for gender equality and women's empowerment (GEWE) and need for data, e.g., SDGs
- 2. Improved (national) policy and legal frameworks for GEWE and increasing gender mainstreaming, but varies across regions and countries
- 3. Increase in inclusive **market systems** interventions and 'gender-sensitive' **value chains**
- 4. More attention for rural **collectives** to enhance women's access to and benefits from resources and services



- 5. Status and trends of key gender **norms** vary across regions and countries E.g. Acceptability wifebeating: low to moderate support in Latin America and Asia, wide support in sub-Saharan Africa, declining trend
- 6. Evidence of **norms** shifting to recognition of women's role as farmers and household 'developers', and greater acceptability of women's mobility
- 7. Young women and men primarily **aspire** for higher education, salaried, non-agricultural jobs rather than ag-related jobs

What has proven to be effective enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems?



- 1. International guidelines => **Policy** guidance, coherence, motivation to align actions with SDGs
- 2. Inclusive consultation processes => Effective gender inclusion in **policymaking**
- 3. More and improved global data => Identify inequalities, hold governments accountable
- 4. Combining scaling of agricultural technologies, process upgrading, financial inclusion, enhancing micro-

entrepreneurship with

- i) GTAs
- ii) capacity development of women (and youth)
- iii) proving the business case for upgrading women's and youth's roles
- => More inclusion in market and value chain systems
- **5. GTAs** => Enhance i) women's sense of self-worth and intrahousehold decision-making power
 - ii) gender-equitable attitudes
 - iii) equitable sharing of resources and benefits
 - iv) shift gender roles and norms wrt women's knowledge and engagement in agri-food systems
- 6. Female role models => Increase women's **aspirations** in agri-food systems
- 7. Programs with a holistic approach => Enabling environment for GEWE

E.g., increasing women's benefits from value chain (VC) participation + enhancing commitment by VC actors + addressing constraining women's roles and gender norms



Key policy messages and recommendations for the way forward to strengthen (gender) transformative change for inclusive agri-food systems?



- 1. Translate international **policy** frameworks on gender equality to national and local contexts
- 2. Promote **policy** coherence across multiple sectors and governance levels for meaningful impacts on GEWE in agri-food systems
- 3. Consultative **policymaking** processes engaging women's rights groups and CSOs
- 4. Close critical data gaps for accountability to gender-equality goals and advocacy efforts
- 5. Address structural constraints at the scale of **markets** by
 - i) a better understanding of opportunities and risks in empowerment processes
 - ii) opportunities in non-traditional sectors for transformative change
 - iii) engaging multiple actors
- 6. Tackle root causes, including women's land rights and norms that invalidate women in agricultural roles, that prevent women to equally benefit from **collectives**
- 6. GTAs can shift i) individuals' mental models, values and beliefs
 - ii) transform women's and men's (understanding of) social relations
 - iii) promote less discriminatory, more positive gender norms
 - Scale GTAs in non-reductionist ways, include other social actors, watch out for harmful consequences
- 8. Include female role models in agri-food systems in agricultural extension programs, leadership positions, (mass) media and communication campaigns to raise women's and girls' aspirations

Key recommendation

Foster an enabling environment for gender and social equality and empowerment in agri-food systems

By tackling structural barriers across multiple scales in a holistic way

While concurrently reducing existing inequalities in access to and control over resources, resilience and leadership

An enabling environment for equality and empowerment in agri-food systems Review method



Search terms and data sources

Key search terms: gender mainstreaming + agriculture and food system + policy; gender and inclusion + policy, gender-responsive policy/institutions, markets (as institution), labor market (as institution), governance (and institutions), market systems approach + gender + norms; norms + value chains (systems/institutions), collectives, community-based, gender-transformative approaches, social norms, gender norms, aspirations, role models

Review studies and collections: Gennovate (https://gennovate.org) and Align (www.alignplatform.org); Young Lives; Reviews of gender-transformative approaches (Wong et al. 2019; FAO, IFAD and WFP 2020; McDougall et al. 2021; McDougall et al. 2022); Biskupski-Mujanovic, S., and D. Najjar. 2020 (Collectives)

Data sources: Global Gender Gap Index; World Bank Women, Business, and The Law Data; Demographic and Health Surveys, Afrobarometer, Latinobarómetro, World Values Surveys

Thank you

Scan QR to find the paper on Sharepoint – Please do not share beyond CGIAR yet



