

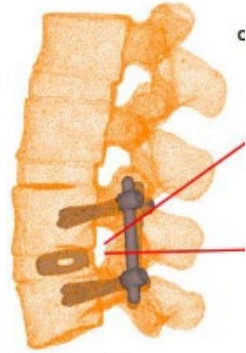
POLYMERIC SPINAL CAGE DEVELOPED VIA CT-FEA

INVENTOR: DR. MUHAMMAD HILMI BIN JALIL
FACULTY: Faculty of Mechanical and Automotive Engineering Technology
UNIVERSITY: Universiti Malaysia Pahang (UMP)
EMAIL: muhammadhilmi@ump.edu.my
CO-INVENTORS: DR. MOHD NADZERI OMAR, DR. MUHD HAZLI MAZLAN, KUGENDRAN A/L MAHENDRAN, MOHD FIRDAUS BIN MAK NANYAN



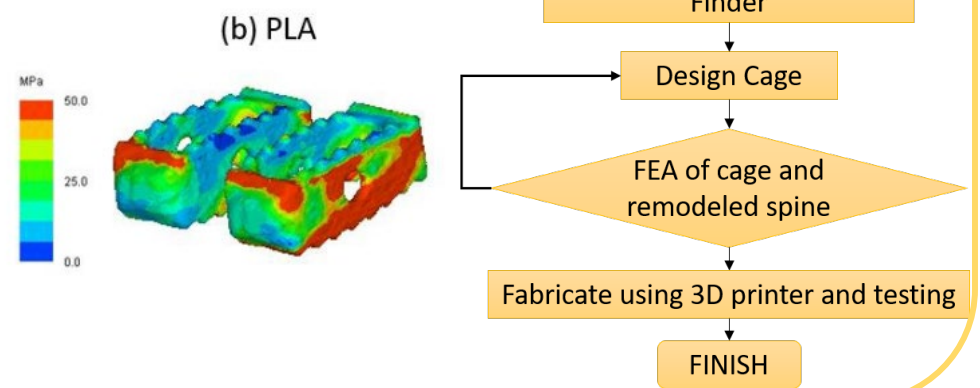
Product Background

- To treat back pain, PLIF procedure using cage is done.
- Main problem:
 - Stress shielding
 - No FEA for prediction of failure.
 - High material cost



State of the Art/ Methods

- FEA of PLA cage designed via CT-images



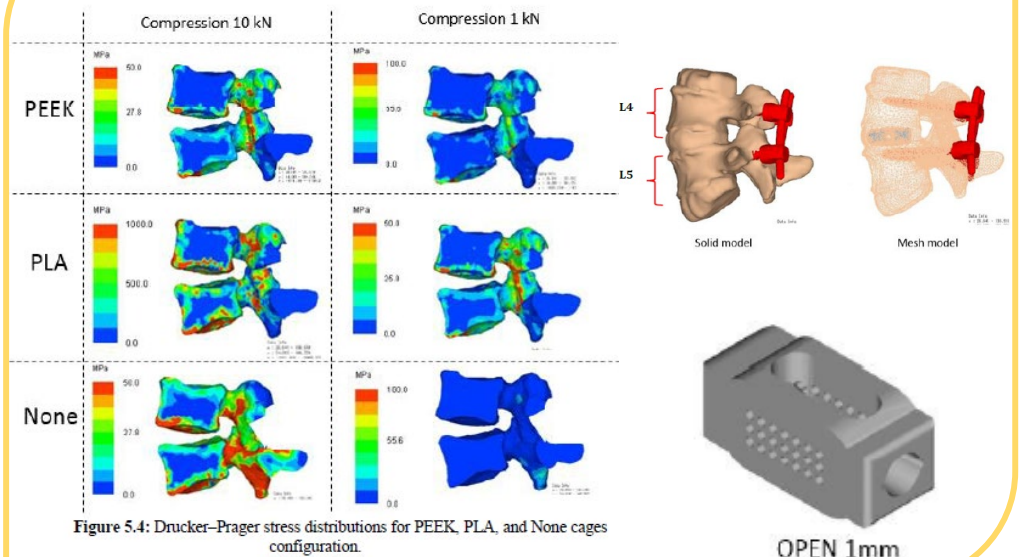
Novelty/ Originality/ Inventiveness

- Current marketed has not been fully optimised with the implementation of porous holes.
- The implementation of porous structures optimized using CT-FEA.
- Porous holes are a requirement for the bone graft fusion two adjacent vertebrae
- Material used : Poly lactic acid (PLA)

Benefits/Usefulness/ Applicability

- Biomaterial-bioresorbable and cheaper.
- Avoid stress shielding- better life quality for patients
- Fail prediction- using FEA to predict cage behavior

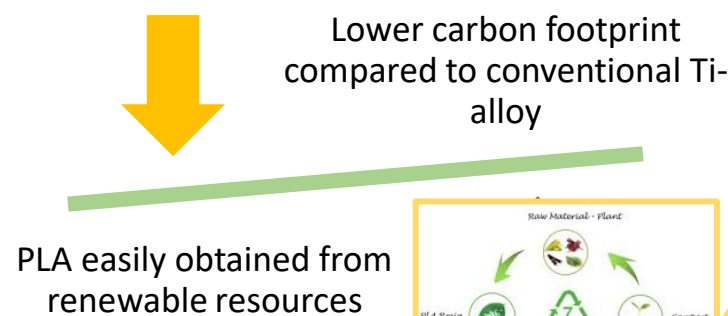
Product Image and Product Characteristics/Results



Cost Analysis

- Cost of conventional spinal fusion in Malaysia are between RM18k~RM 20k
- PLA is 20% cheaper than Ti-alloy and 50% than PEEK.

Environmental Impact



Marketability & Commercialisation

- PLIF and TLIF procedures are high, with reported arthrodesis rates between 77% and 100%
- In Malaysia, the prevalence of back pain was found to be 12%.
- 16%(5.12 million) of Malaysia population is 54 years old above.
- The percentage will increase worldwide as lifestyle changed due to the pandemic.

Status of Innovation

- Product Development is at concept development
- TRL Level 3: Research to prove feasibility
- Model

Publication

- Biomechanical Comparison of Polymeric Spinal Cages Using Ct Based Finite Element Method, International Journal of Bioscience, Biochemistry and Bioinformatics, 7, 119-117, 2017
- Chapter 4: Biomechanical Analysis Of Posterior Lumbar Interbody Cages, Advanced Computer Modelling and Electronics Engineering Series 1, Penerbit UTHM, 2020

Collaboration/Industrial Partner



KYUSHU
UNIVERSITY