

The Equity Journey at ISBE

State Education Equity Committee

Dr. Carmen I. Ayala Dr. Nakia Hall Dr. Michael Karner Nashwa Mekky Eric Veal Jr.

Equity • Quality • Collaboration • Community



Agenda

- Introduction
- State Education Equity Committee (SEEC) Overview
- Equity Journey Continuum Overview
- Elevating Educators Subcommittee
- Student Learning Subcommittee
- Learning Conditions Subcommittee
- Q&A
- Closing



State Education Equity Committee

Dr. Carmen I. AyalaState Superintendent of Education, ISBE



Dr. Nakia HallAssociate Executive Director
Field and Equity Services
Illinois Association of School Boards



Dr. Michael KarnerLake County Regional
Superintendent of Schools



Nashwa Mekky
Chief People, Equity, and
Culture Officer



Eric Veal Jr.Student



Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy



What does equity mean to you?





The General Assembly finds that this State has an urgent and collective responsibility to achieve educational equity by ensuring that all policies, programs, and practices affirm the strengths that each and every child brings with diverse background and life experiences and by delivering the comprehensive support, programs, and educational opportunities children need to succeed.



ISBE Strategic Plan



Goal 1: Student Learning

Every child will make significant academic gains each year, increasing their knowledge, skills, and opportunities so they graduate equipped to pursue a successful future, with the state paying special attention to addressing historic inequities.



Goal 2: Learning Conditions

All districts and schools will receive the resources necessary to create safe, healthy, and welcoming learning environments, and will be equipped to meet the unique academic and social and emotional needs of each and every student.



Goal 3: Elevating Educators

Illinois' diverse student population will have educators who are prepared through multiple pathways and are supported in and celebrated for their effectiveness in providing each and every child a high-quality education that meets their needs.



State Education Equity Committee



Focus on student learning, learning conditions, and elevating educators.

Identify evidence-based practices and policies to build on the state's progress to ensure educational equity for all its students from birth-through-Grade 12.

Seek input and feedback on identified evidence-based practices or policies from stakeholders that reflect the diversity of Illinois students.



State Education Equity Committee

- **Dr. Carmen I. Ayala**, State Superintendent of Education
- Liam Bird, Equity Policy Strategist, Chicago Public Schools 299
- Lisa Bouillion Diaz, Director and Assistant Dean, University of Illinois Extension 4-H Youth Development Program
- Jessica Canas, Assistant Director of Education, Enlace Chicago/Little Village Education Collaborative
- Dr. Nakia Hall, Illinois Association of School Boards
- Susan Hudson, Special Education Teacher, District 205 Thornwood High School
- Jennifer Jaeger, Community Services Director, City of Rockford
- Dr. Michael Karner, Lake County Regional Superintendent of Schools
- Nashwa Mekky, Chief People, Equity, and Culture Officer, IMSA

- Nacole Milbrook, Chief Program Officer, Youth Guidance
- Amber Phillips-Graham, Elementary Teacher, Cahokia School District 187
- Rosa Ramirez Richter, Director of Chicago Program and Policy, Healthy Schools Campaign
- Silvia Rogel, Director of Strategic Partnerships and External Affairs, Illinois Resource Center
- Dr. Brad Skertich, Superintendent, Collinsville CUSD 10
- Leonor Torres, Spanish Teacher, Chicago Public Schools 299
- **Eric L. Veal Jr.**, Former Member of ISBE Student Advisory Council
- Rebecca Vonderlack-Navarro, Director of Education Policy and Research, Latino Policy Forum
- R. Turner Winston, Urbana High School PTSA President, Urbana School District 116



Equity Journey Continuum



Large gaps in equity



Moderate gaps in equity



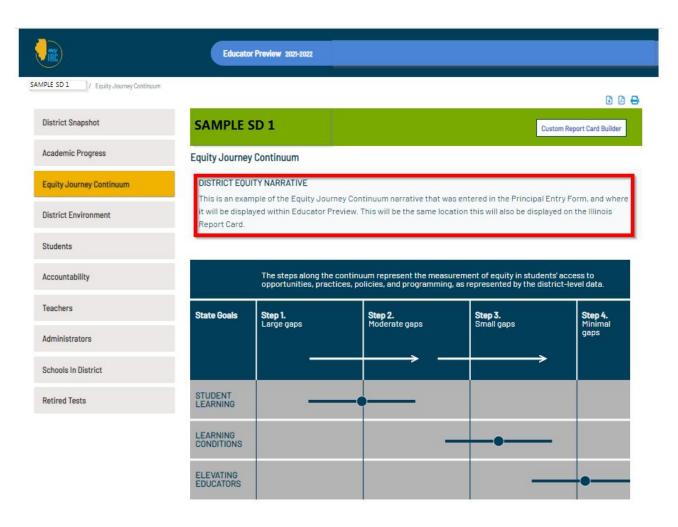
Small gaps in equity



Minimal gaps in equity



Equity Journey Continuum





Where are you on your equity journey?







State Education Equity Subcommittees

Elevating Educators

Student Learning

Learning Conditions



Elevating Educators Subcommittee

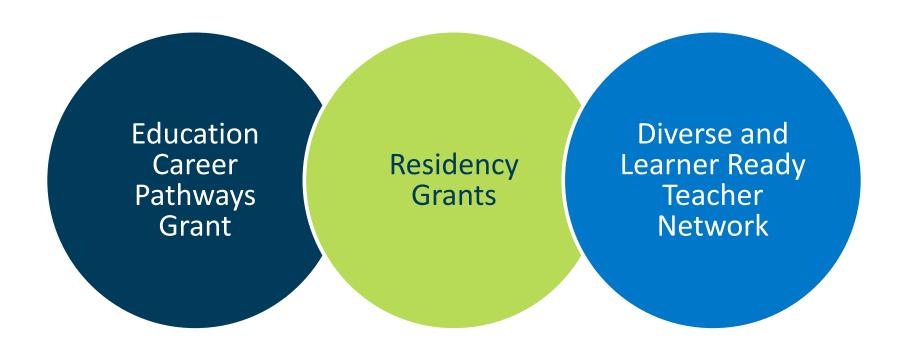
- Improve incentives, trainings, and offerings to recruit a diverse and learner ready teacher workforce.
- Using an equity paradigm, we examined and discussed ISBE's activities regarding three main areas of the educator pipeline:

Recruitment → Hiring → Retention



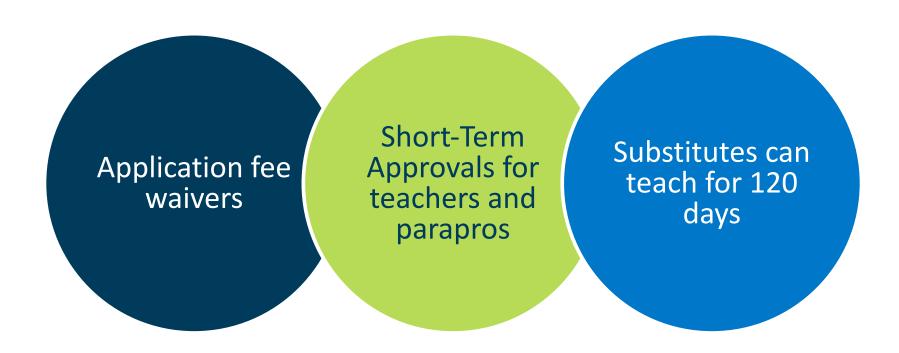


Recruitment





Hiring





Retention



\$5.6million to support special education teachers

\$2million two-year investment to focus on statewide affinity groups



What are your recommendations on recruiting, hiring, and retention?





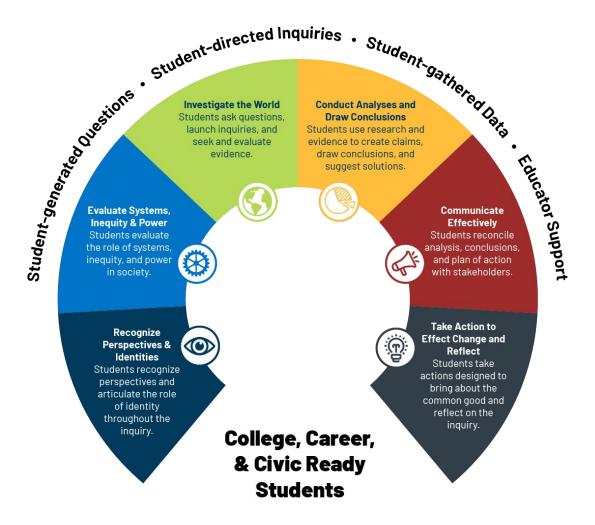
Student Learning Subcommittee

- Intense focus on equity and inclusion by supporting student learning and decreasing educational achievement disparity.
- Embed the history and accomplishments of the historically underrepresented groups (e.g., Hispanic, African American, LGBTQ) in the Illinois Social Science Learning Standards.





Social Science





Sustained Professional Development

- Training is embedded and occurs over at least a 12-month span.
 - Allows teachers to grow their knowledge, implement changes, manage successes and failures, and discuss with colleagues.
 - Demonstrates flexibility and responsiveness when a lesson is not successful.
 - Encourages peer observations.
 - Uses data to make instructional decisions that meet the needs of all learners.
 - Allocates time for teachers to reflect in psychologically safe environments.



Cultural Competence

- Opportunities for teachers to participate in training to learn and increase their knowledge of Black, Hispanic, Native American, Asian, multi-racial, etc. cultural values, key historical events, struggles, and contributions to our society.
 - Additional training can revolve around implicit bias and building cultural competence.
 - Cultural competence helps build strong relationships between teachers and their students and a trusting environment in the classroom.



Representation

- Detail the importance of children seeing themselves in the curriculum, being able to discuss past, present, and current events in class to not only gain knowledge of historical events, but also have discussions about those events in school.
 - Flip the classroom and encourage student-led conversations to effectively implement the revised Social Science Standards.
 - Focus heavily on ensuring that teachers understand they should never be expected to know all the answers and that these conversations may become uncomfortable.



How else can we create inclusive learning environments?





Learning Conditions Subcommittee

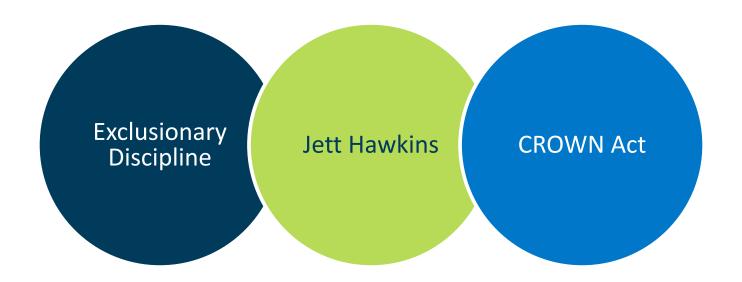
- Reduce exclusionary discipline for students of color by end of school year 2022-23.
- Support implicit bias training through professional development in schools and classrooms.





Legislation

Illinois legislators have taken an active role in passing reforms to address the disproportionate impact of exclusionary discipline on students of color.





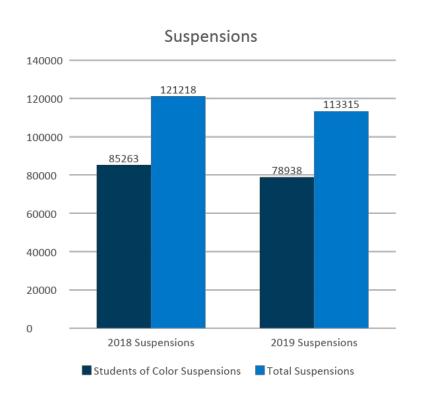
Exclusionary Discipline

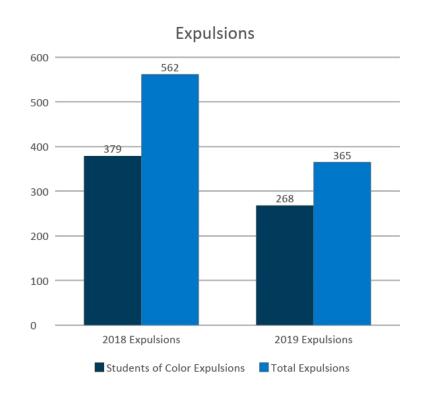
Public Act 098-1102 | Effective July 1, 2014

- Limit the number of suspensions and expulsions to the greatest extent possible.
- Notify parents of suspensions and expulsions.
- Boards may not institute zero-tolerance policy.
- Implement culturally responsive discipline, prevention/reengagement procedures.



Suspensions Vs. Expulsions







Exclusionary Discipline

Public Act 098-1102 | Effective July 1, 2014

- Schools will report on expulsions and suspensions and submit remediation plan for continuous three years.
- Annually report top 20 percent of districts with disaggregated expulsions and suspension data.



Bias Training

Public Act 100-0014 | Effective July 1, 2017

Implicit racial bias is a preference -- positive or negative -- for a racial or ethnic group outside of our awareness.

Empathic Instruction: A professional learning program that helps school districts support teachers' growth, improve student behavior, and reduce race-based disparities in discipline rates.

Partnership for Disciplinary
Equity: Create a catalog or central database for sharing resources and best practices.



Trauma-Informed Discipline

REACH:

Model of action to develop trauma-informed schools.

Safe2Help:

School safety hotline for students.

Social-Emotional Learning Hubs:

Housed within six Regional Offices of Education.

Attendance Works:

Collaborative initiative to recognize and combat chronic absenteeism.



What needs to be true to reduce exclusionary discipline across Illinois?

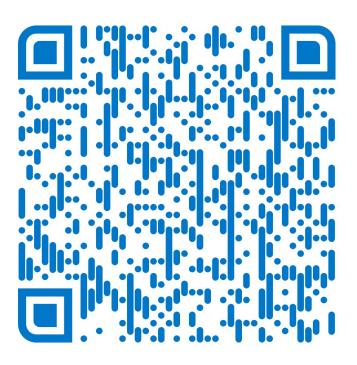




We value stakeholder voices among students, parents, advocates, teachers, administrators, ISBE staff, the ISBE Board, legislators, and all other entities involved in the education process to work toward the same goal —providing equitable education opportunities for all students in Illinois.



Rate the level of student voice in decision-making process of your school.





Next Steps

Will keep abreast of strategies and will offer support and feedback

Continue to work and provide recommendations for the next report.



Questions?