"I am a person; I am not just the entity that is Julie's mum"

The Experience of Being a Working Mum with Young Children.

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Hello!

- Who am I?
- What is my research about and why?
- What will I cover today?



Why does it matter?

- **75.1%** mothers at work in the UK, record high (The ONS, 2019)
- Negotiations and sacrifices
- Social expectations: **'daunting expectations'** (Odenweller & Rittenour, 2017)
- But work makes them **happy**! (Guendouzi, 2006)
- So why exactly do WMs decide to work and how they feel about it? What does it all mean to them?

Methodology

• Because:

Occupational and Organisational Psychology

➤Quantitative research

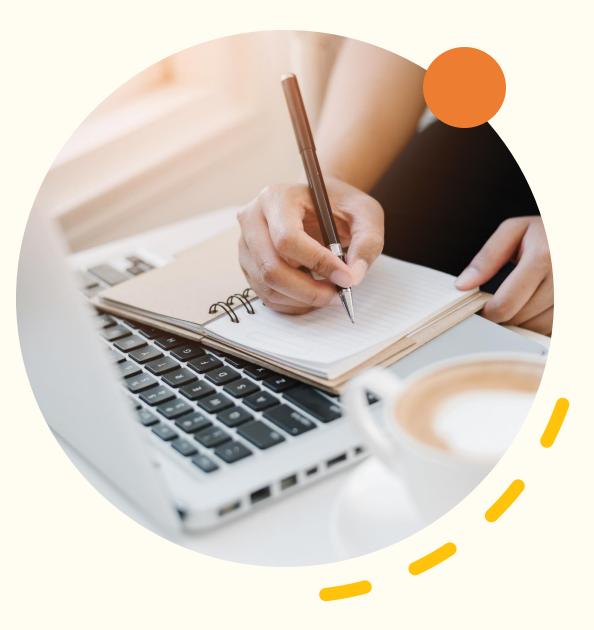
Mainstream ideologies, which influence social norms, ignore the variation in individuals' life experiences

- IPA (Interpretative Phenomenological Analysis): subjective experience (Smith, Flowers & Larkin, 2009)
- Research in the time of Covid: 6 friends/acquaintances, online

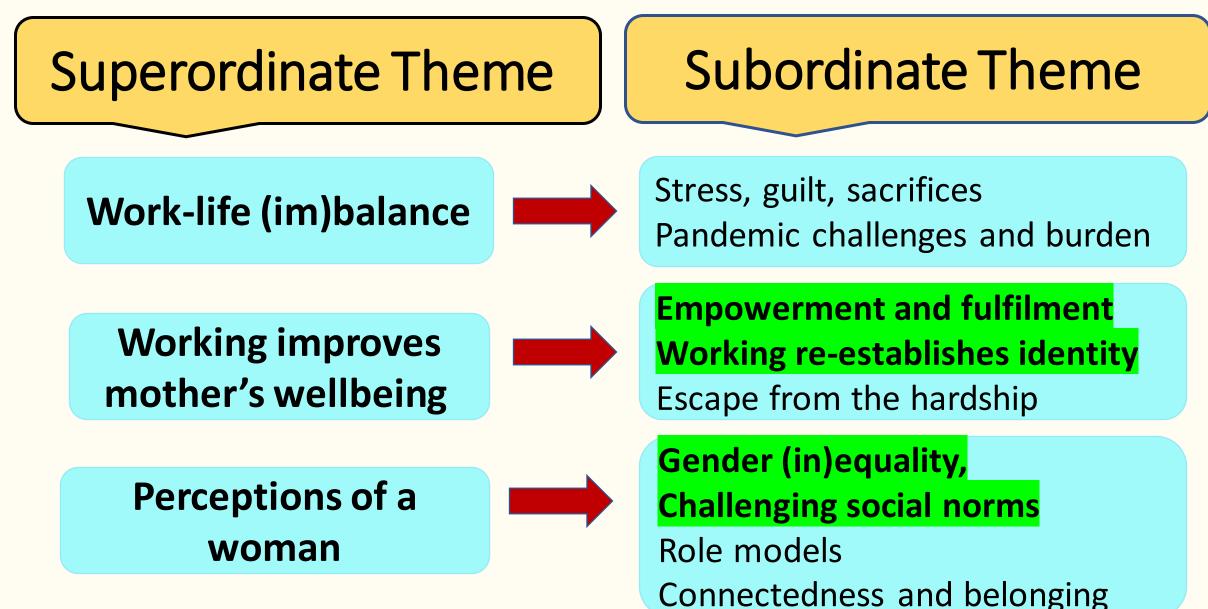


Data analysis

- Transcript
- Case by case analysis
- Cross-case analysis
- Codes themes superordinate themes
- Findings



Results





Summary and conclusion

- 'The inexorable motherhood situation' and guilt (Forbes, Lamar & Bornstein, 2020)
- Illusory freedom of choice (Elvin-Novak, 1999):
- Employment to preserve identity (Millward, 2006)
- Persistent gender inequality (Leahy & Doughney, 2006)
- Highly gendered sacrifices (Crompton & Lyonette, 2006)
- Shift of social attitudes but gender norms persist
 macrolevel change needed

Limitations, further directions and the PhD

- But why? Questioning the value of motherhood
- Societal expectations
- "Lose-lose" dilemmas

(Okimoto & Heilman, 2012)

- Issues with the sample: intersection of a work and family life considering contextual social and cultural factors
- Reflexivity

(Berger, 2015)

So the journey begins!

- Perfectly imperfect working mums
- Critical feminist psychology
- What is said?
- How is it interpreted?
- How is it lived?



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