## 精神分裂病の客観的核医学画像診断法確立のための 神経伝達物質マッピング基礎的研究

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## 1987 Fiscal Year Final Research Report Summary

Basic research on neurotransmitter mapping for establishing objective nuclear medicine imaging of schizophrenic disorder

**Research Project** 

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Research Field
Radiation science
Research Institution
Kanazawa University
Principal Investigator
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Project Period (FY)
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Keywords

Schizophrenic disorder / neurotransmitter / autoradiography / image processing / mathematical model / 99mTc-labeled agent / ^<99m>Tc標識薬剤 / 向精神 薬

## **Research Abstract**

A fundamental study was performed on a quantitative measurement of brain receptor using an autoradiographic technique in rats. Highly qualified autoradiograms were obtained using six different ligands labeled with tritium after the investigation of appropriate incubation time and washing time, and of

presence or absence of saturation. In a comparative study in quantitation and manipulation among the following three systems for anlayzing autoradiograms:1)scanning densitometer, 2) drum scanner, 3)video digitizer system (VDS), the VDS system showed by far the most convenient manipulation without any significant differences in quantitation. Appropriate setting of conditions in the ligandreceptor interaction revealed the similarity of the hitherto discordant values for the maximum number of binding sites of the muscarinic acetylcholine receptor and equilibrium dissociation conastant of its antagonist, H-quinuclidinyl bezylate, between in -vitro receptor assay and receptor autoradiography in the conventional Scatchard analysis. It is said that ligandmuscarinic receptor complex shows a conformational change from low to high affinity from (isomerization). In this isomerization model four rate constants were estimated with the use of a mewly developed mathematical equation. The validity of this new analysis was confirmed from the observation that the apparent equilibrium dissociation rate constant from these rate constants was in a good agreement with that from non-isomerization model. Schizophrenic model rats were developed eutger by administrating methamphetamine or by injection of 6-OHDA to prefrontal cortex, of which cerebral blood flow and glucose metablolsm were not significantly different from controls. Further investigations are being carried out on receptor changes in these models. Twenty to thirty percent derease in the maximum number of binding sites of 5-HT2 receptor was demonstrated in a part of frontal cortex after administrating clomipramine in the receptor autoradiography. For single photon emission computed tomography, 99mTc-labeled chelating agent was developed which crosses the blood-brain barrier. A multi-tracer autoradiographic technique was also established for simulataneous evaluation of cerebral blood flow and its metabolism. Less

## Research Products (13 results)

	All Ot	ther
	All Publications (13 resu	ılts)
[Publications] 久田 欣一: 臨床科学. 22. 999-1004 (1986)		~
[Publications] 森 厚文: 核医学. 23. 1585-1594 (1986)		~
[Publications] 隅屋 寿: 金沢大学十全医学会雑誌. 96. 321-337 (1987)		~
[Publications] Hiroshi Matsuda: J Cereb Blood Flow Metabol (Suppl). 7. 348 (1987)		~
[Publications] 森 厚文: 核医学. 25. (1988)		~
[Publications] 辻 志郎: 金沢大学十全医学会雑誌. 97. (1988)		~
[Publications] 久田 欣一: "放射線医学大系特別巻6(ポジトロンCT)" 中山書店, (1988)		~
[Publications] Kinichi Hisada: "Biological imaging using radioisotopes (2) receptor imaging" The Jurnal of Clinical Science. 22. 999-	-1004 (1986)	~
[Publications] Hirofumi Mori: "Binding sites and subcellular distribution of N-isopropyl-p-(I-125) iodoamphetamine in the rat brain Nuclear Medicine. 23. 1585-1594 (1986)	" Japanese Journal of	~
[Publications] Hisashi Sumiya: "Studies on quantitative double-labeled autoradiography in the rat brain using N-isopropyl-p-(125-I H-deoxyglucose" Journal of Juzen Medical Society. 96. 321-337 (1987)	I)iodoamphetamine and 3-	*
[Publications] Hiroshi Matsuda: "A new mathematical approach for two-step isomerization model of muscarinic antagonists" Journ and Metabolism (Supplement). 7. 348- (1987)	al of Cerebral Blood Flow	*
[Publications] Hirofumi Mori: "Quantitative receptor autoradiography using (3-H)-quinuclidinyl benzilate binding in the rat brain - A radioreceptor assay -" Japanese Journal of Nuclear Medicine. 25. (1988)	A comparison with	~
[Publications] Kinichi Hisada: Encyclopedia Radiologica, special issue VI ( positron CT). Nakayama Shoten, (1988)		~
<ul> <li>[Publications] Hirofumi Mori: "Binding sites and subcellular distribution of N-isopropyl-p-(I-125) iodoamphetamine in the rat brain Nuclear Medicine. 23. 1585-1594 (1986)</li> <li>[Publications] Hisashi Sumiya: "Studies on quantitative double-labeled autoradiography in the rat brain using N-isopropyl-p-(125-1 H-deoxyglucose" Journal of Juzen Medical Society. 96. 321-337 (1987)</li> <li>[Publications] Hiroshi Matsuda: "A new mathematical approach for two-step isomerization model of muscarinic antagonists" Journ and Metabolism (Supplement). 7. 348- (1987)</li> <li>[Publications] Hirofumi Mori: "Quantitative receptor autoradiography using (3-H)-quinuclidinyl benzilate binding in the rat brain - A radioreceptor assay -" Japanese Journal of Nuclear Medicine. 25. (1988)</li> <li>[Publications] Kinichi Hisada: Encyclopedia Radiologica, special issue VI ( positron CT). Nakayama Shoten, (1988)</li> </ul>	." Japanese Journal of I)iodoamphetamine and 3- nal of Cerebral Blood Flow A comparison with	* * *

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