

**BIOMINERALIZATION OF
HYDROXYETHYL CELLULOSE/SODIUM
ALGINATE IMPREGNATED WITH
CELLULOSE NANOCRYSTALS BY USING
SURFACE MODIFICATION TECHNIQUE**

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MASTER OF SCIENCE

UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA PAHANG



SUPERVISOR'S DECLARATION

I hereby declare that I have checked this thesis and in my opinion, this thesis is adequate in terms of scope and quality for the award of the degree of Master of Science.

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STUDENT'S DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work in this thesis is based on my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously or concurrently submitted for any other degree at Universiti Malaysia Pahang or any other institutions.

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ABSTRAK

Kejuruteraan tisu tulang menghasilkan replikasi kerangka daripada pelbagai material biopolimerik untuk mendapatkan topographi tertentu dan pemberian sel-sel tertentu sebelum dilaksanakan ke dalam badan yang cedera. Tujuan utama penyelidikan ini adalah untuk sintesis bahan biopolimer daripada hidroksil etil selulosa (HEC) (5% berat) yang dicampur dengan natrium alginat (SA) (10% berat) pada nisbah 1: 1, digabungkan dengan nanokristal selulosa (CNC) (11 w/v %) dan direka menggunakan teknik pengeringan beku. Tingkah laku peran cah seperti struktur kimia dan sifat terma diciikan dengan menggunakan FESEM, EDX, ATR-FTIR and UTM.. Pencirian adalah penting untuk memahami sifat fizikal, kimia dan mekanik kerangka. Biokompatibiliti in vitro kerangka telah disiasat dengan pengkulturan sel osteoblas janin manusia (hFOB) pada kerangka ini. Hasil imej SEM dipaparkan struktur berliang yang saling berkait dengan diameter antara 40 hingga 400 μm dengan peratusan keliangan dalam julat $75 \pm 5\%$ hingga $90.5 \pm 5\%$. Pengembangan ratio yang ketara pada HEC/SA tidak dirawat dengan kerangka SBF disebabkan kekuatan ikatan hydrogen dan interaksi antara Van der Waals dengan rantai polimer. Kerangaka mula hancur selepas hari ketujuh yang mana berat menurun sehingga $\sim 60\%$. Kemungkinan, itu njukkan oleh ATR-FTIR disebabkan oleh interaksi diantara HEC, SA, dan CNC dalam campuran. Hasil TGA menunjukkan empat bahagian yang berlainan kehilangan jisim, mewakili suhu peralihan amorfus dan pelupusan air, pecahan ikatan rantaian sisi, pirolisis SA dan kelakuan dehidrosilasi kalsium fosfat. Interaksi sel menunjukkan sel hFOB menunjukkan perbezaan merebak sangat baik ke atas percambahan sel dan lebih menonjol terhadap HEC/SA/CNC yang dirawat dengan kerangka SBF. Oleh kerana biokompatibil dan terbiodegradasi ini menghasilkan keputusan yang baik, kerangka ini boleh digunakan untuk reka bentuk kejuruteraan tisu tulang yang akan dihasilkan oleh generasi akan datang..

ABSTRACT

Bone tissue engineering utilizes scaffolds fabricated from various biopolymeric materials to obtain a specific topography prior to seeding with specified cells and implantation into an injured body. The aim of this research is to synthesize biopolymeric materials from hydroxylethylcellulose (HEC) (5 wt%) blended with sodium alginate (SA)(10 wt%) at 1:1 ratio and incorporated with cellulose nanocrystals (CNC) (11 w/v%). The scaffolds was fabricated using the freeze-drying technique. For the mineralization process, these HEC/SA and HEC/SA/CNC scaffolds were treated with simulated body fluid (SBF) by immersion technique through the depositing of calcium phosphate on the scaffold's surfaces. The behavior of scaffolds such as chemical structures and thermal properties were characterized by using FESEM, EDX, ATR-FTIR, and UTM. In-vitro biocompatibility of the scaffolds was investigated by culturing human fetal osteoblast (hFOB) cells on these scaffolds. The SEM images displayed interconnected porous structures with diameters ranging from 40 to 400 μm and porosity percentages ranging from $75 \pm 5\%$ to $90.5 \pm 5\%$. The high swelling ratio of HEC/SA untreated with SBF scaffold was ascribed to the strong hydrogen bonding and Van der Waals interactions between polymer chains. After 7 days of incubation, the scaffolds began to disintegrate, which leads to the increase in weight loss (simultaneously up to ~60%). ATR-FTIR results exhibit possible interactions between hydroxyl groups of HEC, SA and CNC in the blends suggests there is chemical interaction between scaffolds. The TGA results showed four different regions of mass losses, represents the degradation temperature and water disposal, side-chain bond breaking, pyrolysis of SA and dehydroxylation behavior of calcium phosphate, respectively. The cell-scaffolds interaction demonstrated that hFOB cells differentiated and spread well on the scaffolds with better cell proliferation and attachment on HEC/SA/CNC treated with SBF porous scaffolds. Since these biocompatible and biodegradable scaffolds showed promising results, these scaffolds could be adopted for the design of next-generation tissue-engineered bone grafts.

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