

# Sources, behaviour and mitigation strategies influencing indoor air quality

**Dr Stephanie Gauthier** (University of Southampton, UK)

**Dr Vicki Stevenson** (Cardiff University) **Dr Archit Mehra** (University of Chester) **Dr Zaheer Nasar** (Cranfield University) **Dr Stefano Rolfo** (STFC) **Dr Alejandro Moreno Rangel** (Lancaster University) **Dr Jo Zhong** (Nottingham Trent University) **Dr Rob Ferguson** (University of Essex) **Dr Douglas Booker** (NAQTS)

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# Indoor air quality

- Average UK person spends 90% time indoor
- High exposure to indoor air pollutants:  
particulate matter  
volatile organic compounds  
carbon monoxide  
biological materials

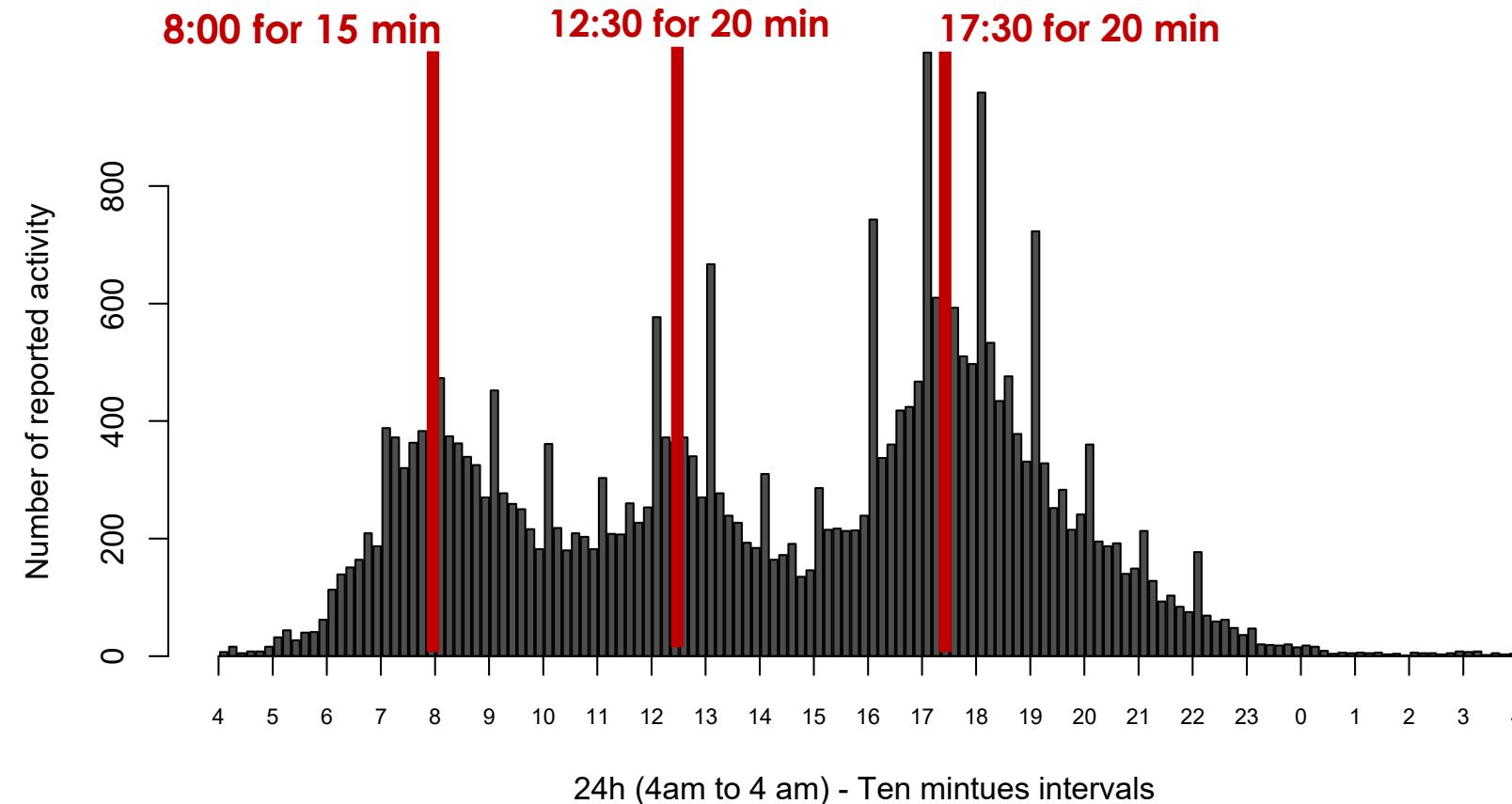


# Sources of pollution



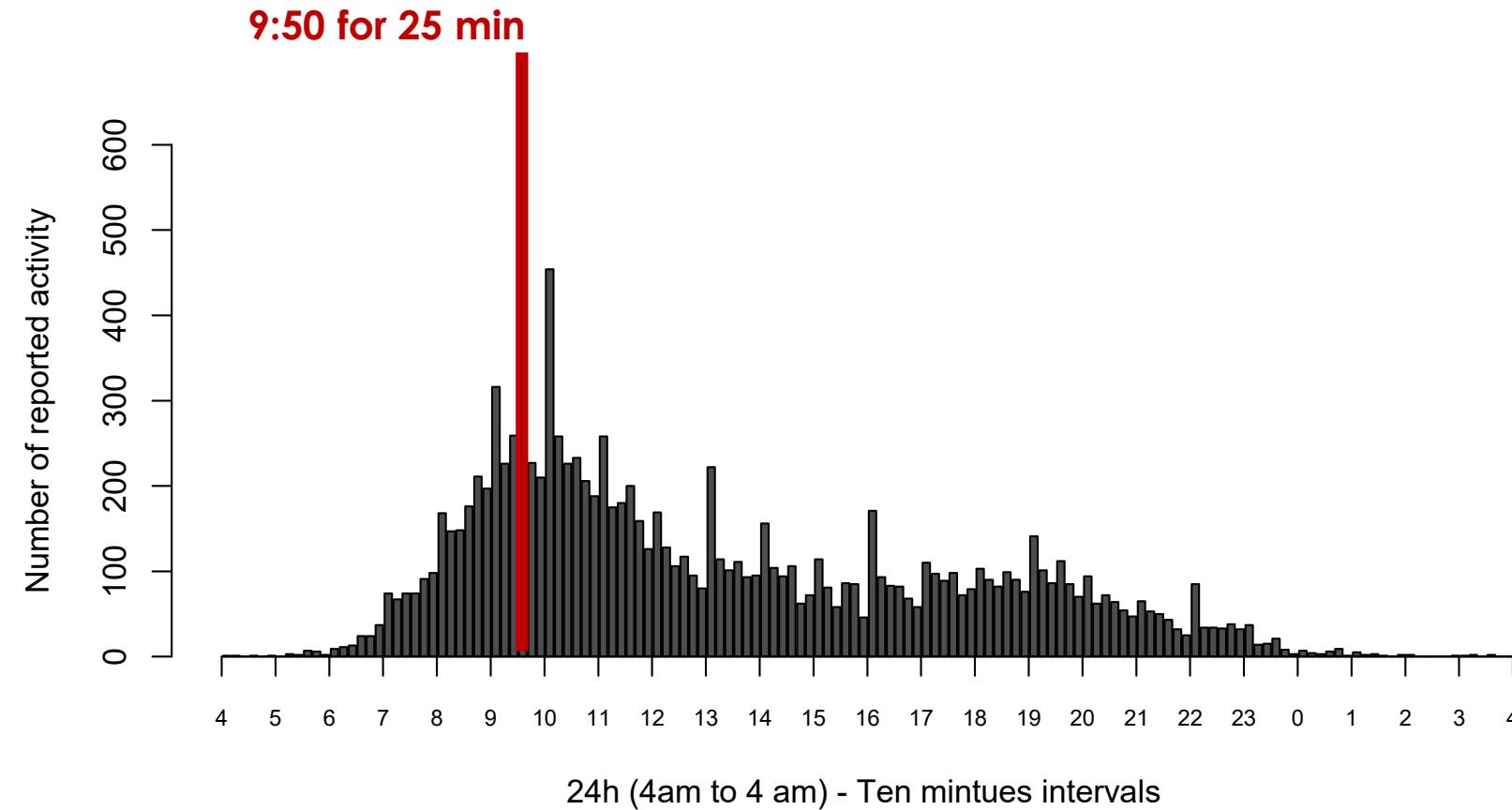
# Behaviour: cooking

- UK Time Use Survey to establish frequency & duration of behaviour



# Behaviour: cleaning

- UK Time Use Survey to establish frequency & duration of behaviour



# Behaviour: typical schedule for a day

Activity	Time	Duration (mins)
<b>Cooking</b> <b>Breakfast – Toast &amp; Tea</b>	08:00 – 08:16	16
Leave the room	08:16 – 09:10	
<b>Washing up</b>	09:10 – 09:25	15
Leave the room	09:25 – 09:50	
<b>Cleaning the dwelling</b>	09:50 – 10:15	25
Leave the room	10:15 – 12:30	
<b>Cooking</b> <b>Pasta – low emission</b>	12:30 – 12:48	18
Leave the room	12:48 – 13:30	
<b>Washing up</b>	13:30 – 13:46	16
Leave the room	13:46 – 17:30	
<b>Cooking</b> <b>Stir fry - High emission</b>	17:30 – 17:53	23
Leave the room	17:53 – 18:40	
<b>Washing up</b>	18:40 – 18:57	17



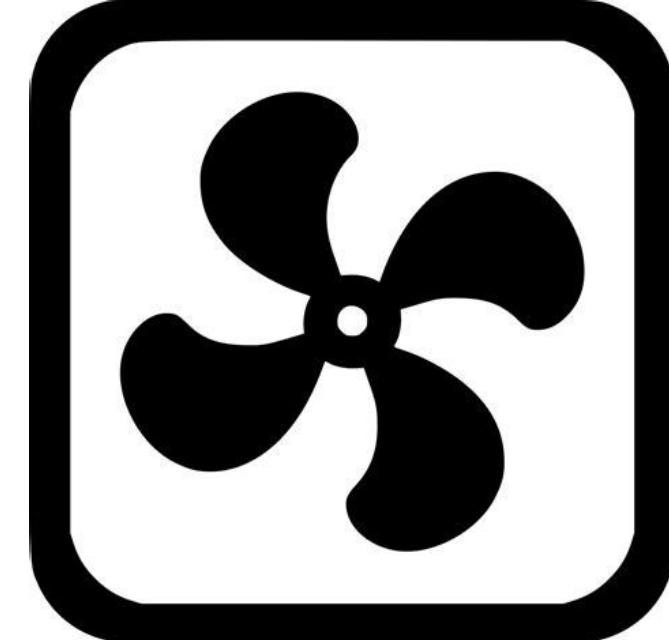
# Question:

What would be the particulate emission from these two dishes under different ventilation scenarios?



# Mitigation strategies

- Reduce behaviours – cooking, cleaning, solid-fuel fires, use of candles, smoking, etc.
- Choose low emission materials
- **Increase ventilation**

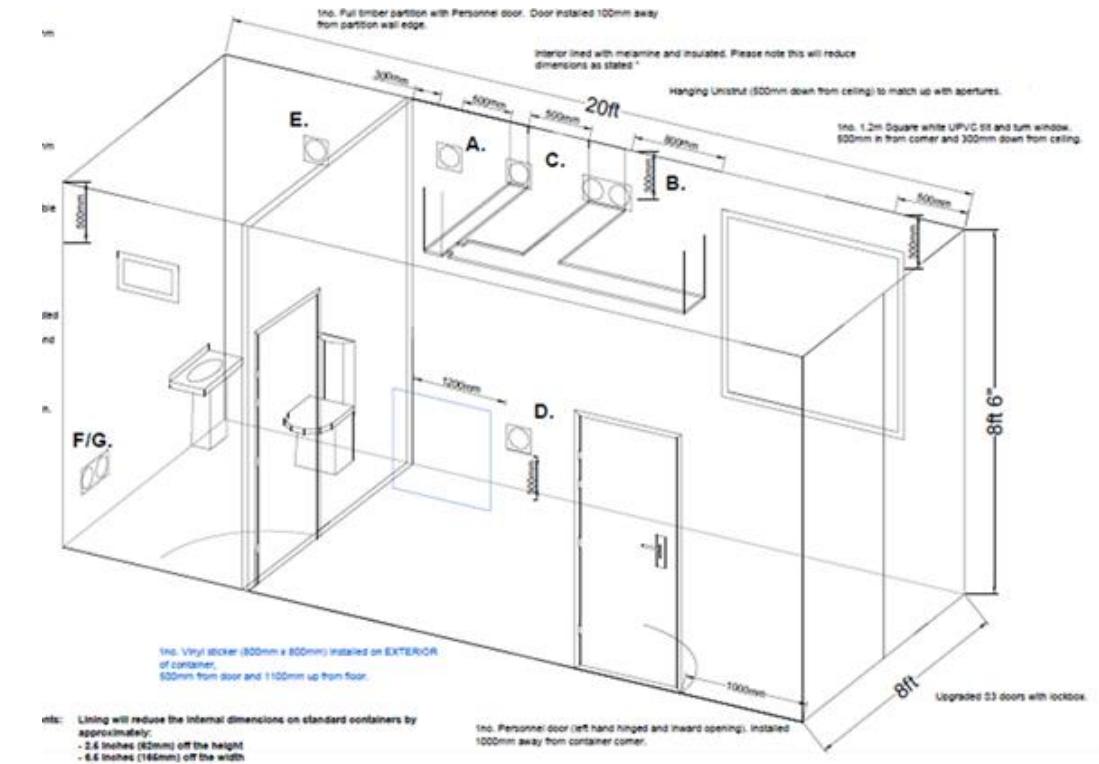


# Tests

4 tests:

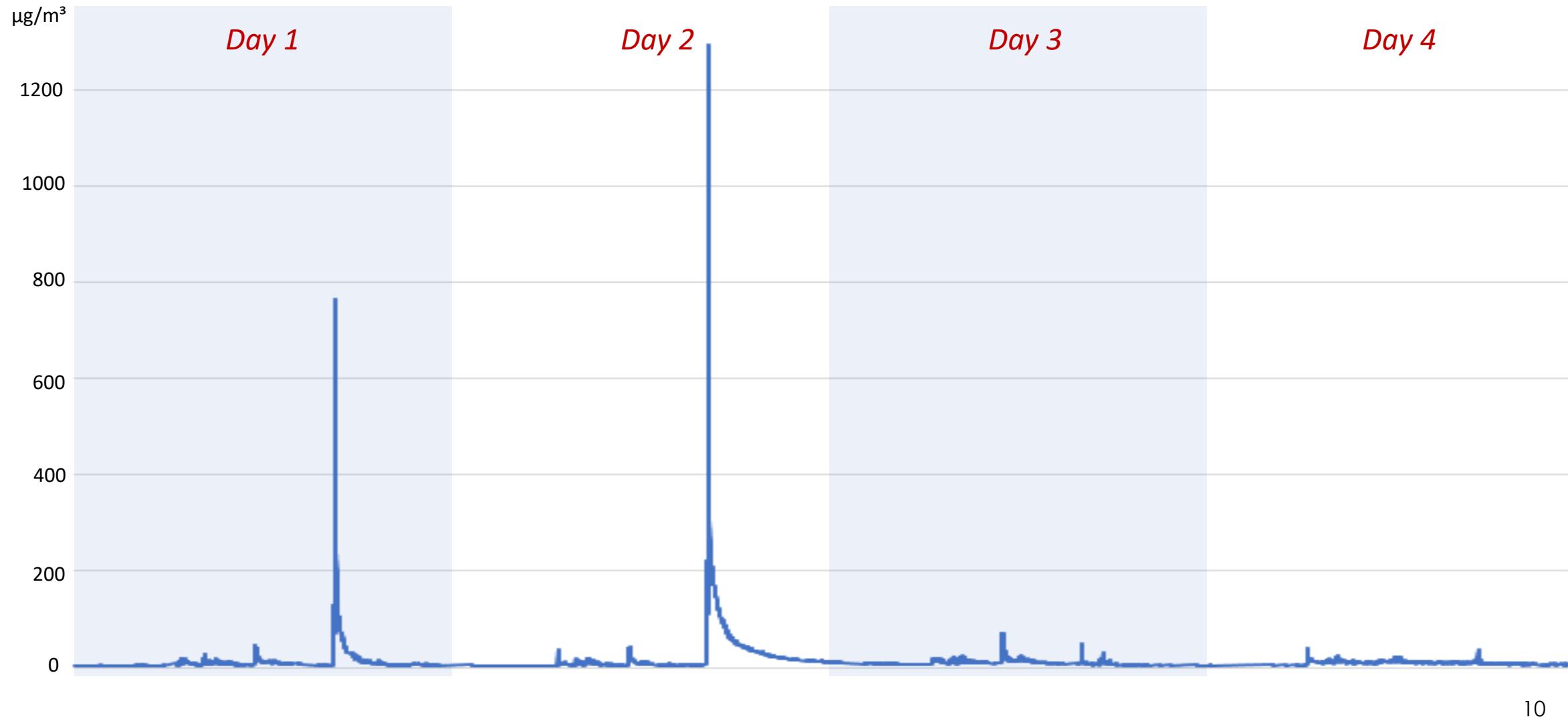
- two days *low* ventilation (Tue 6<sup>th</sup> & Wed 7<sup>th</sup> July 2021)
- two days *high* ventilation (Thu 8<sup>th</sup> & Fri 9<sup>th</sup> July 2021)

Measures: T, RH, V<sub>a</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, PM<sub>1</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, TVOC, CH<sub>4</sub>, irradiance, bioaerosol

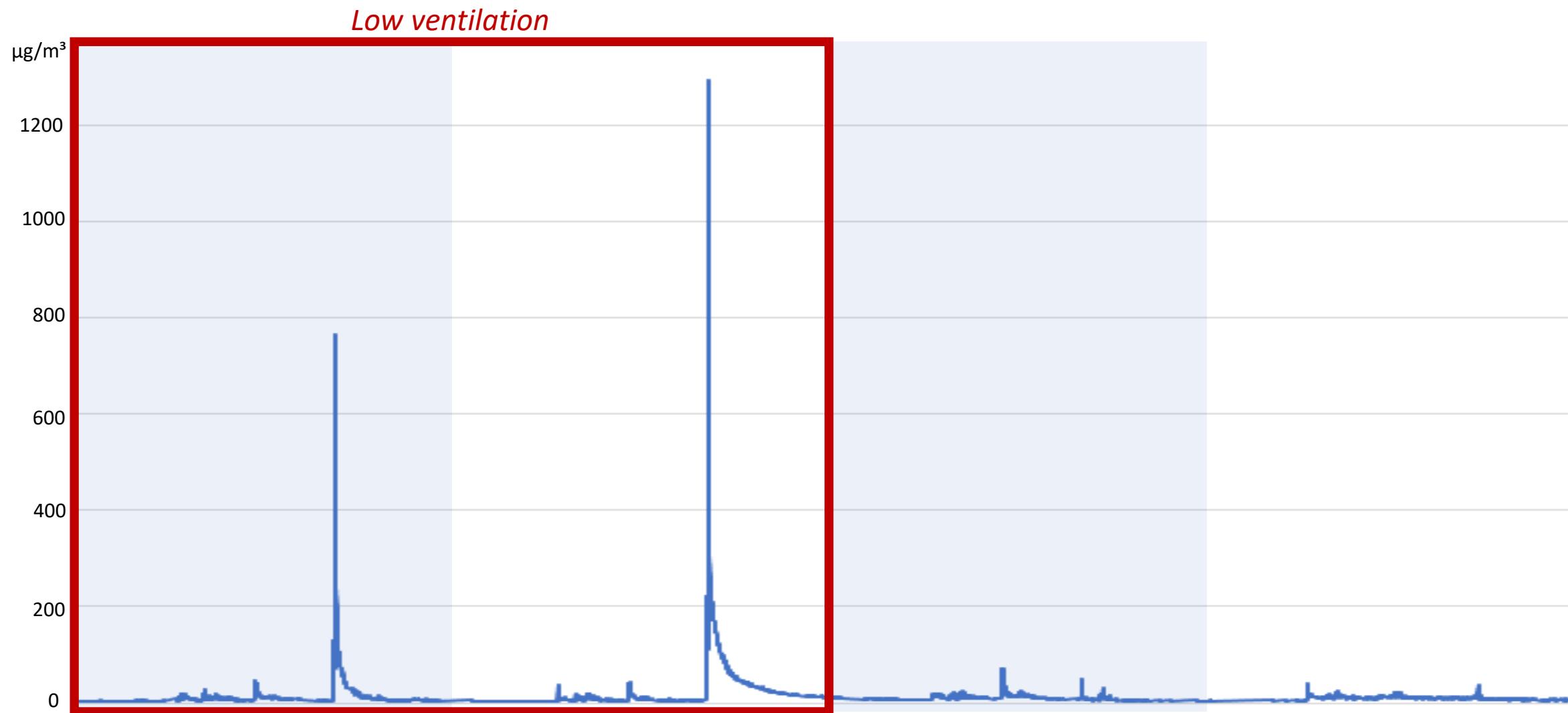


Reference: University of Chester <https://www1.chester.ac.uk/news/university-project-analyse-air-quality-home?list=6800&linkedin>

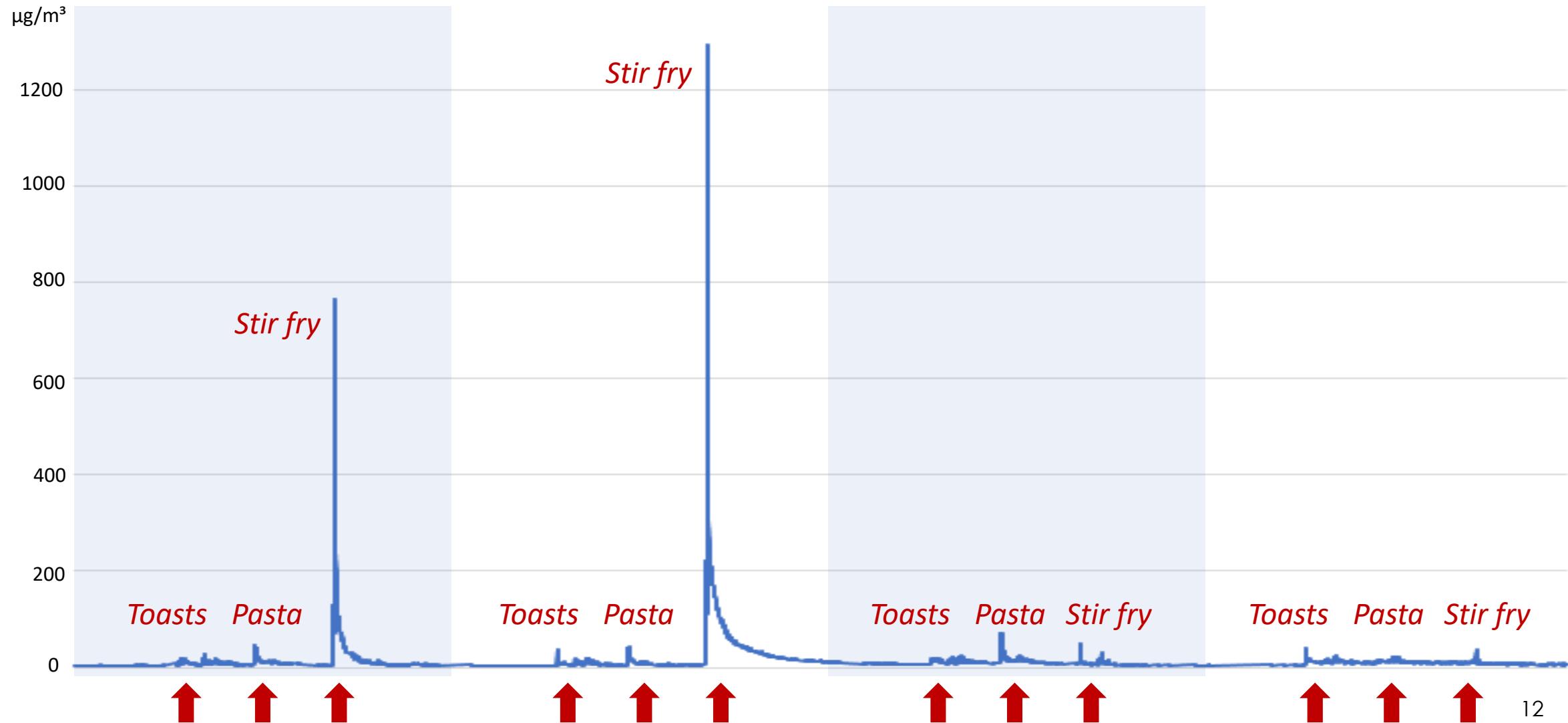
# Early Results – PM10



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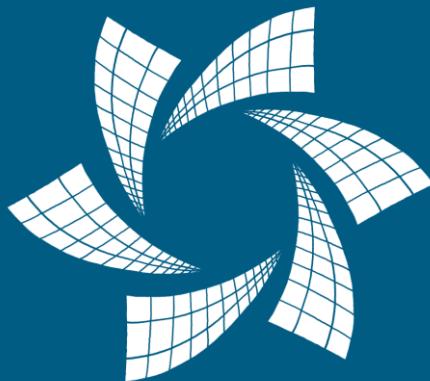


# Conclusions

Exposure is linked to

- Behaviour: type, duration, frequency
  - stir fry cooking ( $344 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3/20\text{min}$ ) =  $19.2 *$  pasta cooking ( $18 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3/20\text{min}$ )
- Ventilation practices
  - low ventilation (daily mean  $20.4 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ) =  $2.6 *$  high ventilation (daily mean  $7.7 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )

WHO 09/2021  $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  annual mean &  $45 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  24-hour mean



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