Attribute Based Secured and Efficient Cloud Storage Middleware for Mobile Cloud Computing using PDP

Ms. Akanksha R. Patil Asst.Prof. Computer dept. Pimpri Chinchwad Polytechnic ,Akurdi Pune.Maharashtra, India *e-mail: patilakanksha24@yahoo.com* Prof. Mangala .S.Malkar Head of Computer Engineering Department Pimpri Chinchwad Polytechnic ,Pune Maharashtra, India *e-mail: msmalkar@rediffmail.com* Ms. N.S.Meher Lecturer. Computer dept. Pimpri Chinchwad Polytechnic ,Akurdi Pune. Maharashtra, India *nilimameher28@gmail.com*

Abstract —Today handheld devices are playing more vital roles in the people's daily lives with the fast development of wireless technology. All these devices use Internet for fetching & accessing services. Many current applications are being deployed on Cloud to save hardware & software cost. Mobile cloud has become remarkable cloud service model; in which, mobile devices are used as the information collecting and processing nodes for the cloud infrastructure. Cloud has become the pervasive digital platform for many network applications in their quest to provide a single unified digital platform.

In this paper, we present insignificant Cloud-based storage framework. This framework will provide an easy-to-use file navigation service for attribute-based fill querying. Simultaneously, it incorporates an effective structure for users to verify their data integrity, which can relieve much load from mobile devices. Experimental simulations show that the proposed framework is effective to provide flexible data sharing in mobile computing environments.

Index Terms — Security Server (SS), Encryption Service Provider (ESP), Decryption Service Provider (DSP)

I. INTRODUCTION

Cloud computing security is an evolving sub-domain of computer network technologies and data security. Data security focuses on confidentiality, integrity & authenticity of information. More policies, technologies and controls are been deployed to protect data, applications, and the associated infrastructure for physical and logical security.

Mobile Cloud computing is also emerging advancement, which is transforming the traditional Internet computing paradigm and IT industry into a new devastating era of computing. This new trend demand researchers and practitioners to construct a convincing architecture which includes a large numbers of lightweight, resource constrained mobile devices.

However, users worry about the data security is the main hurdle that impedes cloud computing from being widely adopted. These complexities are originated from the fact that sensitive data resides in public clouds, which are operated by monetary service providers that are not trusted by the data owner. Thus, new secure service architectures are needed to address the security concerns of the users for using cloud computing techniques.

In recent years, many people have realized that Cloud-based storage system is a very cost-effective for commercial applications. Since Mobile devices have limited computational capacity and run on small batteries, data storage and sharing is difficult for these devices. With the spring of Cloud, storage platform can provide reliable and unlimited storage. They fulfill to the requirements of mobile computing environments very well & offer a flexible and low-cost solution to meet the

IJFRCSCE | February 2018, Available @ http://www.ijfrcsce.org

unfolding storage requirements in such environments.

The rest of this paper is organized as follows. Section II presents the literature survey. In Section 3, we briefly describe system architecture of the proposed system; In Section 4, experimental setup and simulated implementation details are presented. Finally, Section 6 concludes the paper with a brief discussion of future work. This paper deals with the problems identified in regard to mobile devices cloud computing for data security.

II. Literature Survey

A holistic security framework to secure the data storage in public clouds with the special focus on lightweight wireless devices store and retrieving data without exposing the data content to the cloud service providers is been implemented by Zhibin Zhou and Dijiang Huang [1]. To achieve this goal, the solution focuses on the following two research directions: first, it presents a novel privacy preserving cipher policy attribute-based encryption to protect user data. Lightweight devices can securely outsource heavy encryption and decryption operations to cloud service providers, without revealing the data content and used security keys. Second, it proposes an attribute based data storage system as a cryptographic access control mechanism. Furthermore to facilitate key management and cryptographic access control in an expressive and efficient way Bethencourt and Sahai have associated user with multiple attributes. Multiple users may share common attributes allowing message encrypted to specify a data access policy by composing multiple attributes through logical operators such as AND, OR, etc [2]. A model for provable data possession is proposed by Antesia & Burns

that can be used for remote data checking. The model generates probabilistic proofs of possession by sampling random sets of blocks from the server, which drastically reduces I/O costs [3]. In addition, as mobile cloud computing is a new model [4], it still has an opportunity for future research expansion in the three areas: First, Security issues are still frightening and there should be an appropriate solution for it, Second, architecture for the mobile cloud diverse wireless network should be investigated, Thirdly, A single access platform for mobile cloud computing via various operating systems platforms needs to be established. In another article, research on cross-tenant trust models in Cloud computing is carried out through a systematic analysis of cross-tenant trust relations by *Tang & Ravi Sandhu* [5].

- A) ABBREVIATIONS
 - I) Attribute Based Data Storage (ABDS)
 - II) Privacy Preserving Cipher Policy Attribute based Encryption (PP-CP-ABE)

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The proposed system will provide a lightweight Cloud-based storage framework (middleware), which provides an effective mechanism for users to verify their data integrity, data security and secure network flexibility with PP-CP-ABE, ABDS, data integrity checking modules. Meanwhile it incorporates an effective mechanism for users which can relieve much burden from mobile devices.

In this proposed system mobile devices interact with middleware through a general web service portal. As shown in Figure 1, proposed system consists four major components: Users, Storage Service Provider (SSP), Security Server (SS) and Middleware. The work is divided into following modules,

- 1. Authentication module with low cost
- 2. Attribute based Key Generation module
- 3. Data Encryption and Security checking Module with PDP based Schemes
- 4. Attribute based file distribution Module
- 5. Attribute Based le Retrieval and decryption Module

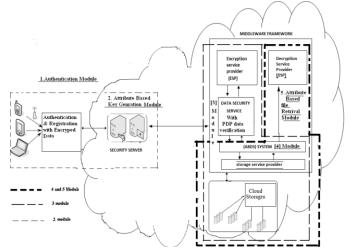


fig1: Architecture of proposed work

1. Authentication module with low cost

Whenever user wants to use cloud services, each user needs to register with the security server (SS). While registration to security server user defines its personal information with specific attribute which are further used at the time of key generation module. Also at time of registration users device is also get register for device authentication with its specific MAC address. If user wants to download his/her data file then its authentication will check with help of MAC authentication from SS. User can download his/her decrypted data if and only if he/she clear MAC authentication.

2. Attribute based Key Generation module

Each user has to register with the SS. After successful registration SS performs the key generation module. In which user attributes will be authenticated and proper private keys and public key for the user will be generated. An attribute can be any descriptive string that defines, classifies, or annotates the user, to which it is assigned.

In this module, the key generation algorithm takes a set of attributes(S) like users occupation, mail_id and MAC address of individuals device as input, and outputs a set of private key and public key components corresponds to each of attributes in with help of Attribute based key generation algorithm.

- 3. Data Encryption and Security checking Module with PDP based Schemes
- It performs following operation:
- i] Encryption on uploaded file
- ii] Data integrity checking

i] Encryption on uploaded file

To outsource the computation of Encryption and preserve the data privacy user must be encrypt data files with help of ESP from middleware. The encryption service provider (ESP) provides encryption service with PP-CP-ABE scheme [1] to the data owner without knowing the actual data encryption key.

ii] Data integrity checking

In Cloud storage system, the most concern of users is the verification of data integrity at unreliable and un-trusted storage servers. Therefore, in this module PDP security protocol [3],[6] is used to provide data security. Data integrity checking process consists following steps as described in figure 2.

i. The user upload his files on cloud with help of SS.

ii. Both the public and the private key are generated, and the target files signature is produced by Sig(mi) and sends towards SS. This is further used for verification operation.

iii. The user send a random generated i, j to security server with a target filename, where (i) is the file block index and (j) is the initial hash value in .

iv. After receiving verification request from user, proof message ProofMsg (key, Sig) is produced according the PDP based model and sent to Security server SS.

v. Security server is responsible to verify the proof message

by using VerifyProof (pfm, key, H(j)). If verifying operation fails, it return false to users; otherwise, an Integrity Assurance procedure will be invoked by security service of middleware.

4. Attribute based file distribution Module

This module uses an Attribute Based Data Storage (ABDS) scheme that is based on PP-CP-ABE [1] to enable efficient, scalable data management and sharing. The ABDS system achieves scalable and fine-grained data access control, using public cloud services. Based on ABDS algorithm [1], users attributes are organized in a care- fully constructed hierarchy so that the cost of membership revocation can be minimized. Moreover, ABDS is suitable for mobile computing to balance communication and storage overhead and thus reduces the cost of data management operations for both the mobile and cloud.

5. Attribute based file retrieval and decryption Module

This module specifies the file retrieval and decryption process of middleware. This scheme achieves scalable and secure data access control using middleware's decryption services. Which is based on PP-CP-ABE decryption algorithm [1]. It reduces the computation overhead for decrypting data files.

IV. EXPERIMENTAL SET-UP

The project is implemented in Net Beans IDE 8.0.1. The experiment is carried out using multiple devices which are connected through same Wi-Fi network using IP. Different configuration mobiles and computers (client) are connected to the server. Server monitors all the tasks.

Components	H/W Configuration	MAC ID
Server Node	Intel(R)Core(TM)i3 with 1.70GHz, RAM 4GB, HDD 1TB	AC-D1-B8-D3- C4-F7
Client Node	mobile Q- core1.2Ghz with Android K 4.4, RAM 2GB, Storage 8 GB	fc:64:ba:cb:3b:11
Client Node	Intel(R)Core(TM)i3 with 2.40GHz, RAM 3GB,	C0-CB-38-35- BD-EB
Client Node	mobile Q- core1.2Ghz with Android K 4.4,RAM 1GB, Storage 16 GB	44:91:db:89:9c:0c

Work on first three modules have completed which are related with user, user's device registration, authentication with attribute based key generation module and file uploading with encryption from user to cloud server with data integrity checking for file.

We have simulated the environment for the cloud and following results are generated with respect to time required for file encryption and uploading on cloud server.

V. CONCLUSION

During this work, we identified different issues related with mobile cloud computing and designed this system that provides the solution for encrypted security with less computation overhead on lightweight devices. The system also supports sharing of encrypted data with large number of users and also gives easy way to upload and download encrypted data stored in the cloud system with attribute based data storage scheme.

References

- Zhibin Zhou and Dijiang Huang, "Efficient and Secure Data Storage operations for Mobile Cloud computing", IEEE Transactions on Computers, Oct. 2012, pp. 37-45.
- [2] J. Bethencourt, A. Sahai, and B. Waters, "Ciphertext-Policy Attribute- Based Encryption", IEEE Computer Society, IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy, 321-334, Washington, DC, USA, 2007.
- [3] G. Ateniese, R. Burns and R. Curtmola, "Provable Data Possession at Untrusted Stores", Proceedings of ACM Conf. Computer and Communication and Security, (2007), pp. 598-609.
- [4] Ahmed DheyaaBasha, IrfanNaufal Umar, and Merza Abbas, "A Mobile Applications as Cloud Computing: Implementation and Challenge", International Journal of Information and Electronics Engineering, Vol. 4, No. 1, January 2014.
- [5] Bo Tang and Ravi Sandhu, "Tenant Trust Models in Cloud Computing", IEEE Transactions on IRI 2013, vol. 99, 2011.August 14-16, 2013, San Francisco, California, 978-1-4799-1050-2/13.