

International Journal of Ethno-Sciences and Education Research

Vol. 2, No. 3, pp. 86-90, 2022

Arduino Uno Programming Training for Senior

High School in the City of Tasikmalaya

Aceng Sambas^{1,*}, Gugun Gundara¹, Mujiarto¹, Volodymyr Rusyn², Aan Andriana¹ and Faisal Abdul Aziz¹

¹Department of Mechanical Engineering, Universitas Muhammadiyah Tasikmalaya, Tasikmalaya, Indonesia

²Yuri Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University, Kotsyubynsky str., 58012 Chernivtsi, Ukraine

*Corresponding author email: acengs@umtas.ac.id

Abstract

This study aims to program basic Arduino UNO. First, we create an Arduino simulation circuit to turn on the Light Emitting Diode (LED) in the Proteus software. Next, make Arduino programming for the running LED. Finally, enter the Arduino program into the Arduino circuit on Proteus. This Arduino UNO programming training will be introduced to teachers in online training activities. With this training, it is hoped that teachers will be able to increase innovation and creativity in the subjects taught.

Keywords: Arduino UNO, Light Emitting Diode, Proteus

1. Introduction

The COVID-19 pandemic that has hit the world has changed the system of human life in all areas of life, including the world of education (Nolan et al., 2021). The existence of policies to do work from home (WFH), social and physical distancing, requires people to stay at home, work, worship and study from home (Dubey and Tripathi, 2020; Purwanto et al., 2020). Such conditions require educational institutions to innovate in the learning process. With the abolition of the National Examination, studying at home through certain applications, online lectures, online tutoring and seminars are examples of education services that accelerate the application of education in the industrial revolution era 4.0 (Sudrajat et al., 2019; Vu and Le, 2019). From the several cases above that demand the role of technology in the field of education in the midst of the covid-19 pandemic, educators and students are expected to be able to adapt and take advantage of technology (Prestiadi et al., 2021; Sambas et al., 2019; Rayuwati, 2020).

Distance Learning is the main choice in delivering material to students during a pandemic (Dubey and Pandey, 2020; Nadeak, 2020). Online, offline and blended are ways for teachers to carry out the Distance Learning process. Mastery of IT and adaptation of teachers in delivering material that is different from what is usually done is very important to know (Abel, 2020; Foti, 2020). Mastery of technology in using laptops, WhatsApp, and various types of media that can be used to carry out online learning is very important (Olentsova, 2020; Jusas et al., 2021). Regardless of the form of the learning process, whether online, offline or blended, it must be carried out so that learning continues. Various ways are done so that the learning process can take place and students can still feel the education even though it does not require the completeness of the curriculum (Peloso et al., 2020; Machado Júnior and Pauna, 2020).

Light Emitting Diode is a semiconductor component that has the main function as a source or producer of light. Vázquez-Córdova et al. (2008) studied of the imple and inexpensive method to fabricate organic electroluminescent devices intended for educational purposes at the undergraduate level of physics, chemistry and material sciences. They report the measurement data on current–voltage curves, luminescence, and efficiencies obtained by students fabricating and testing the devices under normal room conditions. Oktavia and Halim (2018) presented of the professional development for teachers in developing experiments using LEDs for learning physics concepts and increase teachers' beliefs on their knowledge on using LEDs for physics experiments. They found that there are positive improvements on participants' understanding of ISLE-based STEM approach and of the use of LEDs as props. Marsya et al., (2020) investigate the pre-service chemistry teachers views of the nature of science and technology for organic light-emitting diodes learning. They found that the showed that there were many pre-service

chemistry teachers views of the nature of science and technology that categorized in HM and N categories. Identification of chemical concepts related to organic light-emitting diodes suggested that organic light-emitting diodes may be used in chemistry learning. However, some issue about simulation using software is still open for investigate for teaching and learning media.

The main purpose of this study is provided training for high school teachers in developing electronic learning media using Proteus software. The teachers were given an explanation related to the installation of the Proteus software and the introduction of electronic components on the platform. Finaly, we provide an explanation regarding the LED control system using the Arduino software which is integrated with the Proteus software.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1 Material LED circuit

In this research method, several materials are used for simulating the manufacture of LED in the Table 1.

No	Component	Total		
1	Arduino Uno	1		
2	Resistors (220 Ω)	3		
3	LED Red	1		
4	LED Yellow	1		
5	LED green	1		
6	Battery	1		

Table 1. Components for running LED

2.2 Software

In this study, we used 2 software for the learning process, namely Proteus software and Arduino software. Proteus software is used to create electronic circuits. While the Arduino software is used to create programs and give commands that are integrated into electronic circuits in the Proteus software. Figure 1 shows the display of the Proteus software and the Arduino software.

	esign suite 8.0				💿 sketch_aug18a Arduino 1.8.14 Hourly	<u> 2 - 12</u>	
					File Edit Sketch Tools Help		
etting Started Schematic Capture PCB Layout Simulation Migration Guide	Start Coen Project New Project Innort Legary Design Open Sar Recent Projects D. OccentMala Kulah/Sisten Kerdal/Archinol.et/Buzzer/B, D. OccentMala Kulah/Sisten Kerdal/Archinol.et/Buzzer/B,	zer,odsprj Disaklar,odsprj			sketch_aug18a §		
lelp 9 Heb Hone	Di Doseni Mata Kulah Sistem Kendah Serson DHT111Protevo Di Doseni Mata Kulah Sistem Kendah Serson DHT111Protevo News		<u>Segmen, pdsprj</u>				
Schematic Capture CS Layout Simulation	New Version Available				1		
	Description	Release Date	USC Valid				
About & Lakenter Electronics 1985-2012 Referee 8.0 SPO (Build 15417) with Advanced Simulation www.iabcenter.com	Proteus Professional 8 14 SP3 [8.14.33469]	22/07/2022	Yes	Download			
	Proteus Professional & 13 SP1 [8.13.32171]	07/01/2022	Yes	<u>Download</u>	1		
	Proteus Professional 8 12 SP2 [8.12.31155]	17/06/2021	Yes	Download			
Registered Tec PerTicipin SortikRLto Customer Number: 17-50751-440 Undeb Subscription Expres: 31/17/2009	Proteus Professional 8 11 SP1 (8.11.30228)	03/11/2020	Yes	Download			
	Proteus Professional 8 10 SP3 (8.10.29560)	18/05/2020	Yes	Download			
	Proteus Professional 8.9 SP2 [8.9.28501]	05/09/2019	Yes	Download			
Free Memory: 1986/NB	Proteus Professional & 8 SP1 [8 & 27031]	07/11/2018	Yes	Downbad			I
	OProteus 8 Professional - Cracked By PerTican-SonSivri.to	20/03/2018	Yes	Downbad	1		

(a) Proteus Software

(b) Arduino Software



3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Electronic Circuit of the LED using Proteus

In this work, Arduino Pin 9 is connected to the Anode (+) on the red LED, Pin 8 Arduino is connected to the Anode (+) on the yellow LED, and Pin 7 Arduino is connected to the Anode (+) on the blue LED. Furthermore, all

cathodes (-) on the LED are connected to ground. In more detail, the scheme of electronic circuit running LEDs can be seen in Figure 2. Also, the simulation results of running LEDs can be seen in Figure 3.

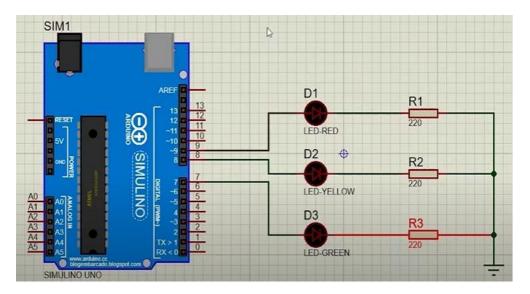


Figure 2. Electronic circuit for the running LED

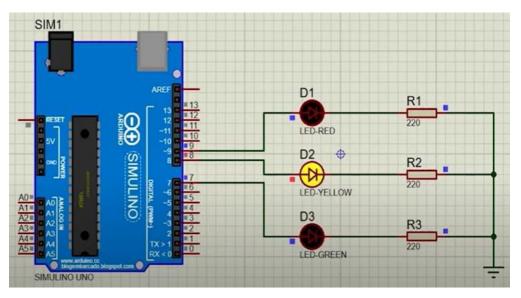


Figure 3. The simulation results of running LEDs



Figure 4. Zoom display for teacher participants

3.2 Software

At this stage, the running LED programming system will be programmed using Arduino software. First, we define all Arduino pins that are connected to the LED, namely Pins 9, 8 and 7. Then, the syntax for programming is as follows.

//pin 9, 8, 7 has an LED connected Arduino

int Red=9; int Yellow=8; int Blue=7;

The next step is to define the pin in the form of 'input' or output. Then, the syntax for programming is as follows.

```
void setup()
{
    pinMode(Red,OUTPUT);
    pinMode(Yellow,OUTPUT);
    pinMode(Blue,OUTPUT);
}
```

The final stage of programming is to make commands so that the LEDs can light up alternately. Then, the syntax for programming is as follows.

```
void loop()
{
    digitalWrite(Red, HIGH );
    delay(600);
    digitalWrite(Red, LOW);
    delay(600);
    digitalWrite(Yellow, HIGH );
    delay(600);
    digitalWrite(Blue, HIGH );
    delay(600);
    digitalWrite(Blue, LOW );
    delay(600);
    digitalWrite(Blue, LOW );
    delay(600);
}
```

4. Conclusion

In this paper, we training for high school teachers in developing electronic learning media using Proteus software. The teachers were given an explanation related to the installation of the Proteus software and the introduction of electronic components on the platform. Finally, we provide an explanation regarding the LED control system using the Arduino software which is integrated with the Proteus software. The results showed that all teachers had succeeded in making electronic circuits using Proteus and making programs using Arduino software on the running LED circuit.

References

Abel Jr, A. (2020). The phenomenon of learning at a distance through emergency remote teaching amidst the pandemic crisis. *Asian Journal of Distance Education*, 15(1), 127-143.

Dubey, P., & Pandey, D. (2020). Distance learning in higher education during pandemic: challenges and opportunities. Int. J.

Indian Psychol, 8(2), 43-46.

- Dubey, A. D., & Tripathi, S. (2020). Analysing the sentiments towards work-from-home experience during covid-19 pandemic. *Journal of Innovation Management*, 8(1), 13-19.
- Foti, P. (2020). Research in distance learning in Greek kindergarten schools during the pandemic of COVID-19: Possibilities, dilemmas, limitations. *European Journal of Open Education and E-learning Studies*, 5(1), 1-12.
- Jusas, V., Butkiene, R., Venčkauskas, A., Burbaite, R., Gudoniene, D., Grigaliūnas, Š., & Andone, D. (2021). Models for administration to ensure the successful transition to distance learning during the pandemic. *Sustainability*, *13*(9), 4751.
- Machado Júnior, A. J., & Pauna, H. F. (2020). Distance learning and telemedicine in the area of Otorhinolaryngology: lessons in times of pandemic. *Brazilian Journal of Otorhinolaryngology*, 86, 271-272.
- Marsya, R. F., Mudzakir, A., & Khoerunnisa, F. (2020, March). Investigating pre-service chemistry teachers' view of the nature of science and technology for organic light-emitting diodes learning. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1521, No. 4, p. 042071). IOP Publishing.
- Nadeak, B. (2020). The effectiveness of distance learning using social media during the pandemic period of covid-19: A case in universitas kristen indonesia. *International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology*, 29(7), 1764-1772.
- Nolan, A., White, R., Soomro, M., Dopamu, B. C., Yilmaz, M., Solan, D., & Clarke, P. (2021, September). To work from home (WFH) or not to work from home? Lessons learned by software engineers during the COVID-19 pandemic. In *European Conference on Software Process Improvement* (pp. 14-33). Springer, Cham.
- Olentsova, J. A. (2020, November). Distance learning in Russia during the coronavirus pandemic. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1691, No. 1, p. 012219). IOP Publishing.
- Oktavia, R., & Halim, A. (2018, September). Light Emitting Diode (LED) as an essential prop component for STEM education in the 21st century: A focus for secondary school level. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1088, No. 1, p. 012060). IOP Publishing.
- Prestiadi, D., Zulkarnain, W., & Sumarsono, R. B. (2019, December). Visionary leadership in total quality management: efforts to improve the quality of education in the industrial revolution 4.0. In *The 4th International Conference on Education and Management (COEMA 2019)* (pp. 202-206). Atlantis Press.
- Peloso, R. M., Ferruzzi, F., Mori, A. A., Camacho, D. P., Franzin, L. C. D. S., Margioto Teston, A. P., & Freitas, K. M. S. (2020). Notes from the field: concerns of health-related higher education students in Brazil pertaining to distance learning during the coronavirus pandemic. *Evaluation & the Health Professions*, 43(3), 201-203.
- Purwanto, A., Asbari, M., Fahlevi, M., Mufid, A., Agistiawati, E., Cahyono, Y., & Suryani, P. (2020). Impact of work from home (WFH) on Indonesian teachers performance during the Covid-19 pandemic: An exploratory study. *International Journal of Advanced Science and Technology*, 29(5), 6235-6244.
- Rayuwati, R. (2020). How educational technology innovates distance learning during pandemic crisis in remote areas in Indonesia?. *International research journal of management, IT and social sciences*, 7(6), 161-166.
- Sambas, A., Gundara, G., & Ula, S. (2019). Pelatihan Robotika Berbasis Android Untuk Menumbuhkan Inovasi dan Kreativitas di SMP 11 Bandung. *Martabe: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat*, 2(1), 8-12.
- Sudrajat, D., Achdisty, M., Kurniasih, N., Mulyati, S., Purnomo, A., & Sallu, S. (2019, December). The implementation of innovation in educational technology to improve the quality of website learning in industrial revolution era 4.0 using waterfall method. In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1364, No. 1, p. 012044). IOP Publishing.
- Vázquez-Córdova, S., Ramos-Ortiz, G., Maldonado, J. L., Meneses-Nava, M. A., & Barbosa-García, O. (2008). Simple assembling of organic light-emitting diodes for teaching purposes in undergraduate labs. *Revista mexicana de física E*, 54(2), 146-152.
- Vu, T. L. A., & Le, T. Q. (2019). Development orientation for higher education training programme of mechanical engineering in industrial revolution 4. 0: a perspective in vietnam. J. Mech. Eng. Res. Dev, 42(1), 68-70.