

UNIVERSITI SAINS ISLAM MALAYSIA

جامعة العلوم الإسلامية الماليزية Islamic Science University OF Malaysia **CO-HOSTED BY**



THE 5TH USIM INTERNATIONAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

ORGANIZED BY

FACULTY OF MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCES 13-14 SEPTEMBER 2022



HIVERS

LESSONS FROM THE PANDEMIC: RESHAPING MEDICINE & HEALTHCARE

HEC 2022 ABSTRACT BOOK

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ORAL PRESENTATION SLOT 1 (A)

Day 1: 13 Sept 2022 (Tuesday), 1430 – 1630

Moderators: Dr. Alina Md Fauzi & Dr. Amin Abdul Rahman Judges : AP Dr. Norsham Juliana Nordin & Dr Ahmad Izzat Ahmad Tajjudin

No	ID	Presenter	Title
1	OP02	Natasya Abdullah	Development And Validation Of An Instrument To Identify The Source Of Stressors Among Academicians Of Higher Learning Institutions In Malaysia During The COVID-19 Pandemic: A Pilot Study
2	OP05	Kamala Krishnan	Association between Physical Fitness Level and Psychological Health Among Dodgeball Players
3	OP10	Nuurain Amirah M.Razi	Does Burden Mediate the Relationship of Caregiving Demand and Resource with Burnout in Dementia Caregiving? An Application of the Job Demand-Resource (JD-R) Model
4	OP16	Rahayu Othman	The Prevalence And Factors Associated With Perceived Stress Among Senior And Junior Doctor During The COVID-19 Pandemic in Johor District Health Offices
5	OP66	Abu Ubaidah Amir Norazmi	Sports Performance and Cardiorespiratory Fitness After COVID-19 Infection Among Athletes
6	OP68	Tengku Amatullah Madeehah Tengku Mohd	Loneliness Among Older Adults in Rural Village in Negeri Sembilan



ORAL PRESENTATION SLOT 3 (B)

Day 1: 13 Sept 2022 (Tuesday), 1430 – 1630

Moderators: Dr. Halimah Abdul Halim & Dr. Mohamad Hilmi Mohamad Nazarallah Judges : AP Dr. Nur Fariha bt Mohd Manzor & Dr. Hana Maizuliana Solehan

No	ID	Presenter	Title
1	OP20	Aisyah Rahimi	Trimodality Image Registration for Aortic Valve Diagnosis and Surgical Guidance
2	OP21	Zuliyasmin Zulkifli	Psychological Distress Among Acne Patients and its Association With Functional Disability Index
3	OP22	Diveyaa Sivakumar	Expression of Inhibitory Neurotransmitter GABAA Receptors in Human Dental Pulp: A Potential Role in Dental Nociceptive Signalling
4	OP23	Jamaah Mohd	The Knowledge, Attitude and Practise (KAP) of Overweight and Obesity Among Sfaff of Universiti Sains Islam Malaysia (USIM)
5	OP24	Nurul Nadiah Iqbal	Prevalence Of Platelet Dysfunction and Its Association With Urea Level And Other Parameters in Patients With Chronic Kidney Disease
6	OP52	Muhammad Hasan	Correlation Between Risk Factors and the Incidence of Knee Osteoarthritis





الجامعة السلامية الحالمية ماليزيا INTERNATIONAL ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA وَيَنْبَرُسِيْتِينْ الْسِيْلِحْرَ الْبَجَارَ الْبَعْنِيَ مِلْكُسِيْتِي

PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS AMONG ACNE PATIENTS AND ITS ASSOCIATION WITH FUNCTIONAL DISABILITY INDEX

PRESENTER: DR ZULIYASMIN BINTI ZULKIFLI

CO-INVESTIGATORS:

ASST PROF DR SUHAIZA BINTI SAMSUDIN ASST PROF DR ARTIKA HASSAN ASST PROF DR RASIMAH BINTI ISMAIL

DR RAJALINGAM A/L RAMALINGAM



INTRODUCTION

Acne vulgaris is the **most common** dermatological condition affecting almost **85**% of people **12-24 years of age.**

(Daniel P. Krowchuck, 2000)

Acne has a **significant psychological impact** and not only a cosmetic problem.

(Eram H, 2019)

Prevalence of acne in Malaysia
was 67.5% among adolescent (13 - 18 years old) in two small district
secondary schools in Malaysia.

(A. Hanisah, 2009)

Acne associated with high levels of depression and anxiety symptoms, significant experienced stressful life events, and low psychological resilience.

(Eser S, 2021)



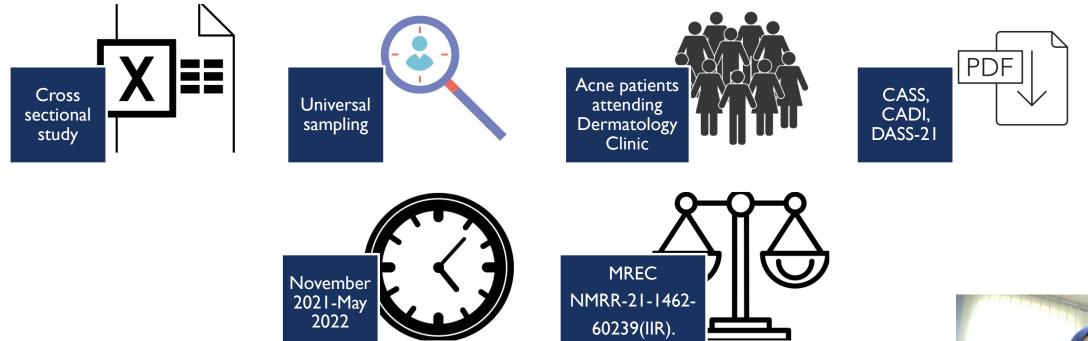
OBJECTIVE



 To assess acne severity, functional disability index and its psychological impact among Acne patients.



METHODOLOGY





COMPREHENSIVE ACNE SEVERITY SCALE (CASS)

- Assessment tool to assess severity of facial acne.
- Simpler method to be used in clinical practice.

GRADE*		DESCRIPTION							
Clear	0	No lesions to barely noticeable ones. Very few scattered comedones and papules.							
Almost clear	1	Hardly visible from 2.5 metre away. A few scattered comedones, few small papules and very few pustules.							
Mild	2	Easily recognisable; less than half of the affected area is involved. Many comedones, papules and pustules.							
Moderate	3	More than half of the affected area is involved. Numerous comedones, papules and pustules.							
Severe	4	Entire area is involved. Covered with comedones, numerous pustules and papules, a few nodules and cyst.							
Very severe	5	Highly inflammatory acne covering the affected area, with nodules and cyst present.							



(Tan JK, 2007)

CARDIFF ACNE DISABILITY INDEX (CADI)

- Validated, self-reported questionnaire.
- English version and translated Bahasa Malaysia version.

(Motley and Finlay, 1992)

SULIT / CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX B

No Ruj. / Ref. no : _____

Version 2, ID 60239, dated 3 September 2021

The Cardiff Acne Disability Index

1. As a result of having acne, during the last month have you been aggressive, frustrated or embarrassed?	 Very much indeed A lot A little Not at all
2. Do you think that having acne during the last month interfered with your daily social life, social events or relationships with members of the opposite sex?	 Severely, affecting all activities Moderately, in most activities Occasionally or in only some activities Not at all
3. During the last month have you avoided public changing facilities or wearing swimming costumes because of your acne?	 All of the time Most of the time Occasionally Not at all
4. How would you describe your feelings about the appearance of your skin over the last month?	 Very depressed and miserable Usually concerned Occasionally concerned Not bothered
5. Please indicate how bad you think your acne is now:	 The worst it could possibly be A major problem A minor problem Not a problem

© Cardiff Acne Disability Index. R J Motley, A Y Finlay 1992



DEPRESSION ANXIETY STRESS SCALE 21 (DASS-21)

- Screening tool to assess symptoms of depression, anxiety and stress.
- Validated English and Malay version 21 item version of DASS (DASS-21) is easier to be used in clinical setting
- Three sub-scales, namely depression, anxiety and stress.

(Lovibond, S.H. & Lovibond, P.F. (1995). Malay DASS-21 (Musa,2007)

	Ve	rsion 2, ID 60239, dated 3 \$	Septe	embe	r 202	21
	APPENDIX C					
	SULIT / CONFIDENTIAL N	o Ruj. / Ref No :				
D	ASS21					
	se read each statement and circle a number 0, 1, 2 or 3 which the past week. There are no right or wrong answers. Do not					to you
The	rating scale is as follows:					
0 Di	d not apply to me at all					
1 A p	oplied to me to some degree or some of the time					
2 A r	oplied to me to a considerable degree or a good part of th	e time				
3 A p	pplied to me very much or most of the time					
1	I found it hard to wind down		0	1	2	3
2	I was aware of the dryness of my mouth		0	1	2	3
3	I couldn't seem to experience any positive feeling at all		0	1	2	3
4	I experienced breathing difficulty (e.g. excessively rapid by the absence of physical exertion)	eathing, breathlessness in	0	1	2	3
5	I found it difficult to work up the initiative to do things		0	1	2	3
6	I tended to over-react to situations		0	1	2	3
						3
7	I experienced trembling (e.g. in the hands)		0	1	2	3
7 8	I experienced trembling (e.g. in the hands) I felt that I was using a lot of nervous energy		0 0	1 1	2 2	3
	,	ake a fool of myself	-			
8	I felt that I was using a lot of nervous energy	ake a fool of myself	0	1	2	
8 9	I felt that I was using a lot of nervous energy I was worried about situations in which I might panic and m	ake a fool of myself	0	1 1	2 2	
8 9 10	I feit that I was using a lot of nervous energy I was worried about situations in which I might panic and m I feit that I had nothing to look forward to	ake a fool of myself	0 0 0	1 1 1	2 2 2	
8 9 10 11	I felt that I was using a lot of nervous energy I was worried about situations in which I might panic and m I felt that I had nothing to look forward to I found myself getting agitated	ake a fool of myself	0 0 0	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2	
8 9 10 11 12	I felt that I was using a lot of nervous energy I was worried about situations in which I might panic and m I felt that I had nothing to look forward to I found myself getting agitated I found it difficult to relax		0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	

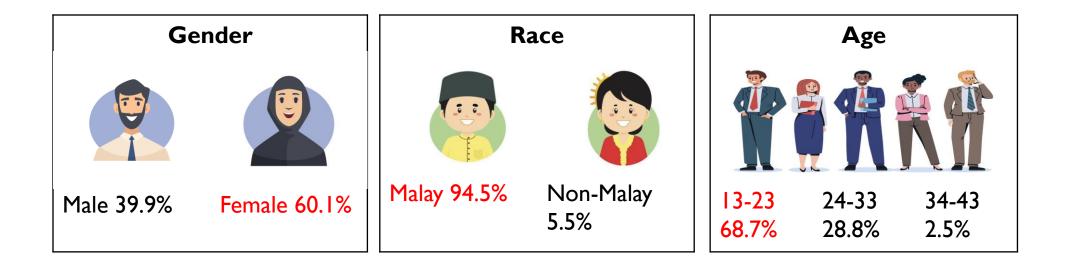


Result

N=163



SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC OF STUDY POPULATION





SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC OF STUDY POPULATION (CONT.)

	E	ducation		Emj	oloyment		Income	
No formal School I.8%	Primary school 1.8%	Secondary school 19.6%	Tertiary education 76.7%	Employed 31.9%	Unemployed 68.1%	No income 70.6%	<rm3000 19.0%</rm3000 	>RM3000 10.4%



TABLE I: COMPREHENSIVE ACNE SEVERITY SCALE (CASS) OF STUDY POPULATION

Severity	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
Very severe	2	1.2
Severe	32	19.6
Moderate	46	28.2
Mild	50	30.7
Almost clear	29	17.8
Clear	4	2.5



TABLE II: CARDIFF ACNE DISABILITY INDEX (CADI) OF STUDY POPULATION

	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
Not impaired	13	8.0
Mildly impaired	66	40.5
Moderate impaired	62	38.0
Severely impaired	22	13.5



DEPRESSION, ANXIETY, STRESS SCALE (DASS-21)

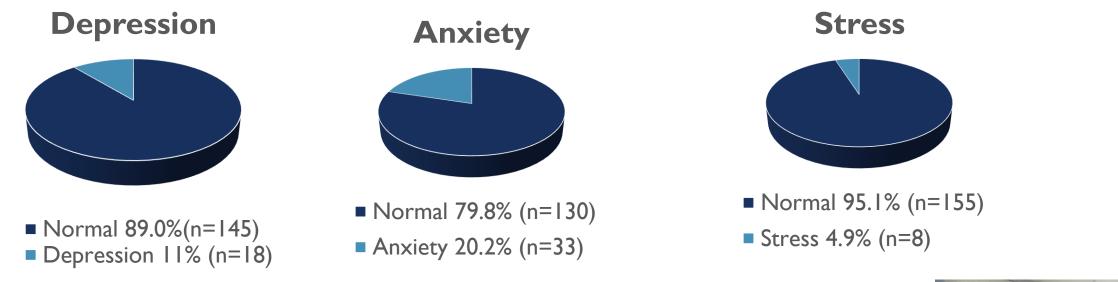




TABLE III: ASSOCIATION BETWEEN CASS AND CADI

	Not impaired			fildly paired		derately paired		verely paired	χ2	P- value
	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	36.815	< 0.001
Mild/ moderate/ severe	3	2.3	49	37.7	59	45.4	19	14.6		
Clear/ Almost clear	10	30.3	17	51.5	3	9.1	3	9.1		

TABLE IV: ASSOCIATION BETWEEN CADI AND DASS

		Depres			Anxiety				Stress			
	Yes	No	χ2	P- value	Yes	No	χ2	P- value	Yes	No	χ2	P- value
Not impaired	l (7.7)	12 (92.3)	2.2 7	0.007	2 (15.4)	 (84.6)	22. 991	<0.001	0 (0.0)	3 (100.0)	9.8 51	0.034
Mildly impaired	3 (4.5)	63 (95.5)			5 (7.6)	61 (92.4)			2 (3.0)	64 (97.0)		
Moderate ly impaired	8 (12.9)	54 (87.1)			4 (22.6)	48 (77.4)			2 (3.2)	60 (96.8)		
Severely impaired	7 (31.8)	l 5 (68.2)			12 (54.5)	10 (45.5)			4 (18.2)	18 (81.8) * Chi-		

CONCLUSIONS

- The functional disability index was found to be significantly associated with depression, anxiety and stress.
- The severity of acne also had an impact on the patient's functional disability.
- Clinical management of acne patients should focus not only on the pharmacological treatment but must consider the functional disability status and psychological impact of the disease.



THANK YOU

IHEC 2022 USIM

Sabda Baginda SAW:

إِنَّ اللَّهَ جَمِيلٌ يُحِبُّ الْجَمَالَ

Maksudnya: Sesungguhnya Allah SWT itu cantik, dan suka akan kecantikan.

Sahih Musli

