Supporting Information
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## Supporting information

# An easy route to enantiomerically enriched 7- and 8-Hydroxystearic Acids by olefin metathesis-based approach 



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## General methods

IR spectra were recorded on a Thermo Nicolet AVATAR 320 FT/IR spectrophotometer. ${ }^{1}$ H-NMR and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra were run on a Jeol (Tokyo, Japan) EX-400 spectrometer ( 400 MHz for proton, 100 MHz for carbon), on a Jeol EX-270 spectrometer ( 270 MHz for proton, 68 MHz for carbon) and on a Varian Mercury 400 or an Inova 300 or 600 spectrometer (Varian, Palo Alto, CA) using deuteriochloroform as a solvent and tetramethylsilane as the internal standard. Coupling constants are given in Hz. Signal multiplicities were assigned by DEPT experiments. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury 400 at 376 MHz in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ using hexafluorobenzene ( $\delta$ $=-163.0 \mathrm{ppm})$ as internal standard. Optical rotations at 589 nm were determined on a Perkin Elmer (Boston, MA) Model 241 and a Jasco P-2000 polarimeter; optical rotatory power values are given in $10^{-1} \mathrm{deg} \mathrm{cm}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~g}^{-1}$. Capillary gas chromatographic measurements were performed on a Shimadzu (Kyoto, Japan) GC-14B instrument, equipped with a flame ionization detector, the capillary column
being a DiMePe $\beta$-cyclodextrin ( 25 mx 0.25 mm ) ( $\beta$-CDX) (carrier gas He, 110 KPa , split 1:50). Melting points were measured with a Büchi apparatus and were not corrected. Enzymatic hydrolyses were performed using a pH -stat Controller PHM290 Radiometer (Copenhagen, Denmark). Mass spectra were recorded on a ESI-MS ion trap Bruker (Karlsruhe, Germany) Esquire 4000 instrument and on a ion trap instrument Finnigan GCQ (70 eV). TLC's were performed on Polygram Sil G/UV 254 silica gel pre-coated plastic sheets (eluent: light petroleum-ethyl acetate). Flash chromatography was run on silica gel 230-400 mesh ASTM (Kieselgel 60, Merck, Darmstadt, Germany). For mehylation and derivatization of HSAs, thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out using silica gel precoated on TLC Alu foils from Fluka and spots were revealed using an aqueous solution of $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{6} \mathrm{MoO}_{24}(25 \%)$, $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Ce}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{4}(1 \%)$ in $10 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ as staining reagent. For preparative TLC $20 \times 20$ silica gel plates (Merck Kieselgel $60 \mathrm{~F}_{254}$ ) were used. Light petroleum refers to the fraction with b.p. $40-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and ether to diethyl ether. Anhydrous ether was prepared by distillation over sodium benzophenone ketyl. Anhydrous $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ was prepared by washing with water and drying overnight over anhydrous $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$, after filtration the solvent was gentle refluxed with $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ for $6-8 \mathrm{~h}$ then distilled and kept over $4 \AA$ molecular sieves.

Alcohols $\mathbf{6 a}$ and $\mathbf{6 b}$ were prepared according to the literature. ${ }^{1}$ HRGC: Chiral HRGC DiMePe $\beta$ cyclodextrin ( $\beta-\mathrm{CDX}$ ), $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $2 \mathrm{~min}, 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$ until $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, retention time $\left[t_{\mathrm{R}}\right]=43.1 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{6 a} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=43.9 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-\mathbf{6} \mathbf{a} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=31.0 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{6 b}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=31.5 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-\mathbf{6 b}$.

## Synthesis of racemic substrates 7a and 7b.

To a solution of 2.5 mmol of alcohol $\mathbf{6 a}$ or $\mathbf{6 b}$ in 10 mL of 1,4-dioxane, $0.6 \mathrm{~g}(5 \mathrm{mmol})$ of 4(dimethylamino)pyridine (DMAP) and $0.7 \mathrm{~mL}(7.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ of acetic anhydride were added. After stirring overnight the solvent was evaporated, HCl 2.4 N was added and extracted with ether. Organic phases were dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and evaporated. After purification by flash chromatography esters $\mathbf{7 a}$ or $\mathbf{7 b}$ were obtained in $70 \%$ yield.
1-Pentadecen-4-yl acetate 7a: oil, IR, film ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 1741 (OCO), 1643 (C=C); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(270 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 5.75\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddt}, \mathrm{J}_{1}=\mathrm{J}_{2}=7.1, \mathrm{~J}_{3}=10.3, \mathrm{~J}_{4}=17.0, \mathrm{H}-2\right), 5.07(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-1), 4.91(1$ H , quintet, $\mathrm{J}=6.2, \mathrm{H}-4), 2.30(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-3), 2.04\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}\right), 1.53(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.4-1.1(18 \mathrm{H}$, m), $0.88\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.5, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 170.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCO}), 133.8(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-$
2), 117.5 (t, C-1), 73.3 (d, C-4), 38.6 ( $t$ ), 33.6 ( $t$ ), $31.9(t), 29.6(2 t), 29.55(t), 29.5(t), 29.4(t), 29.3$ (t), $25.3(\mathrm{t}), 22.7(\mathrm{t}), 21.2\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS}(\mathrm{EI}),(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}): 268\left(34, \mathrm{M}^{+}\right), 226(23), 209$ (22, $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+} \cdot-\mathrm{OCOCH}_{3}\right), 208(25), 206(25), 167$ (28), 149 (34), 136 (18), 123 (24), 111 (80), 110 (78), 109 (58), 97 (100), 96 (61), 95 (87), 83 (45), 81 (87), 79 (42), 69 (67), 67 (91), 57 (19), 55 (61); HRGC: $(\beta-\mathrm{CDX}), 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $2 \mathrm{~min}, 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$ until $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=45.8 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-7 \mathbf{7} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=46.6$ $\min$ for $(S)-(-)-7 \mathbf{a}$.
1-Tetradecen-4-yl acetate 7b: oil, IR, film ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 1741 (OCO), 1643 (C=C); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(270 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 5.75\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddt}, \mathrm{J}_{1}=\mathrm{J}_{2}=7.0, \mathrm{~J}_{3}=10.2, \mathrm{~J}_{4}=17.1, \mathrm{H}-2\right), 5.07(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-1), 4.91(1$ H , quintet, $\mathrm{J}=6.2, \mathrm{H}-4), 2.29(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-3), 2.03\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}\right), 1.52(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.4-1.1(16 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{m}), 0.88\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.5, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 170.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCO}), 133.8(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-$ 2), $117.5(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-1), 73.3(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4), 38.6(\mathrm{t}), 33.5(\mathrm{t}), 31.9(\mathrm{t}), 29.6(\mathrm{t}), 29.55(\mathrm{t}), 29.5(\mathrm{t}), 29.4(\mathrm{t}), 29.3$ (t), $25.3(\mathrm{t}), 22.7(\mathrm{t}), 21.2\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}\right), 14.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS}$, (EI) (m/z): $254\left(13, \mathrm{M}^{+}\right), 239(10), 213$ (12), $195\left(15, \mathrm{M}^{+}-\mathrm{OCOCH}_{3}\right), 181$ (15), 167 (51), 155 (23), 149 (94), 111 (39), 109 (16), 97 (100), 95 (39), 83 (60), 81 (43), 71 (25), 69 (33), 67 (42), 57 (28), 55 (43); HRGC: ( $(3-C D X), 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 $\min , 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{min}$ until $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=32.7 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-7 \mathbf{b} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=33.2 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(S)-(-)-7 \mathbf{b}$.

## Enzymatic hydrolyses

To 2.7 mmol of ester $\mathbf{7 a}$ or $\mathbf{7 b}$ in 70 mL of phosphate buffer at $\mathrm{pH} 7.4,0.35 \mathrm{~g}$ of Novozym 435 ( $7000 \mathrm{U} / \mathrm{g}$ ) was added, the mixture was stirred while maintaining the pH value constant by addition of 1 M NaOH , the course of the reaction was monitored by chiral HRGC and stopped at about $50 \%$ conversion. When the reaction became too slow $50-100 \mathrm{mg}$ of enzyme was added, after about 8 days the enzyme was filtrated and the buffer solution was extracted with ether. After separation by flash chromatography alcohols $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{6 a}$ or $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{6 b}$ were obtained in $31 \%$ yield and esters $(R)-$ $(+)-7 \mathbf{a}$ or $(R)-(+)-7 \mathbf{b}$ in $28 \%$ yield. If necessary, to increase the enantiomeric excess, the recovered esters could be resubmitted to enzymatic hydrolysis. The moderate yields might be due to the difficult extraction process after significant degradation of the supported enzyme.
( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-(-)-1-Pentadecen-4-ol 6a: all spectroscopic data are in accordance with the literature. ${ }^{2,3}$ $98 \%$ ee, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-5.2\left(\mathrm{c}=1.03, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right),\left[\right.$ lit. ${ }^{4}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-6.63\left(\mathrm{c}=1.69, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$, lit. ${ }^{5}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{23}=-6.3$ $\left(\mathrm{c}=1.23, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ ].
(S)-(-)-1-Tetradecen-4-ol 6b: all spectroscopic data are in accordance with the literature. ${ }^{67}$ $99 \% \mathrm{ee},[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-4.8\left(\mathrm{c}=0.85, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.
(R)-(+)-1-Pentadecen-4-yl acetate 7a: 97\%ee, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+16.8\left(\mathrm{c}=0.51, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.
$(\boldsymbol{R})-(+)$-1-Tetradecen-4-yl acetate 7b: $97 \% \mathrm{ee},[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+14.5\left(\mathrm{c}=1.00, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$.
$0.260 \mathrm{~g}(1.02 \mathrm{mmol})$ of ester $(R)-(+)-7 \mathbf{a}$ or $\mathbf{7 b}$ were dissolved in $22,3 \mathrm{~mL}$ of $\mathrm{MeOH}, 0.282 \mathrm{~g}(2.04$ mmol ) of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ were added under stirring at room temperature, the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at r.t. Solvent was evaporated, 30 mL of water were added to dissolve the solid and extracted with ether. The organic solvent was dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to furnish alcohols $(R)-(+)-\mathbf{6 a}$ or $\mathbf{6 b}$ in $92 \%$ yield.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-(+)-1-Pentadecen-4-ol 6a: $97 \%$ ee, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+5.5\left(\mathrm{c}=1.00, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)\left[\right.$ lit. ${ }^{2}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+5.5(\mathrm{c}=1.0$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$, lit. $^{3}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+4.5\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$, lit. ${ }^{8}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+5.78\left(\mathrm{c}=2.89, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$, lit. ${ }^{9}[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+6$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.7, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ )
(R)-(+)-1-Tetradecen-4-ol 6b: $97 \%$ ee, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=+4.3\left(\mathrm{c}=1.04, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

## Synthesis of esters $\mathbf{4 a}$ and 4b.

The condensation of commercially available 4-pentenoic acid 5a and 5-hexenoic acid $\mathbf{5 b}$ with chiral non racemic alcohols $\mathbf{6 a}$ and $\mathbf{6 b}$ was carried out using the Yamaguchi's esterification reaction ${ }^{10}$ that furnished dienes $\mathbf{4 a}$ and $\mathbf{4 b}$ respectively in 79 and $80 \%$ yield.
2,4,6-Trichlorobenzoyl chloride (TCBC, $0.312 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.99 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a stirred solution of 4-pentenoic acid 5 a ( $0.14 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.4 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and triethylamine ( $0.37 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in 6.4 mL of THF at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, under argon atmosphere. The reaction was stirred for 1 h and 1-pentadecen- $4-\mathrm{ol} \mathbf{6 a}(0.3 \mathrm{~g}$, 1.34 mmol ) and 4-(dimethylammino)pyridine DMAP ( $0.448 \mathrm{~g}, 4 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in 5 mL of THF were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 44 h , the course of the reaction was monitored by TLC (light petroleum : ethyl acetate 95:5). The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution ( 5 mL ) and the aqueous layer was extracted with ether ( 5 X 5 mL ). The combined organic layers were extracted with $3 \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{HCl}(1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated. The crude was purified on a short column of $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$, washed with light petroleum: ethyl acetate $98: 2$. Compound $\mathbf{4 a}(0.326 \mathrm{~g}, 1.06 \mathrm{mmol})$ was obtained in $79 \%$ yield. The same procedure was applied for the synthesis of $\mathbf{4 b}$.
1-Pentadecen-4-yl 4-pentenoate 4a: oil, IR (film, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): $1736(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $1642(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C})$, 1174 (C-O); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 5.86-5.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10-4.96(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2$ $\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 4.92 (quintet, $\mathrm{J}=6.2,1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHOC}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $2.37(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.52(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.33-$ $1.19(\mathrm{~m}, 18 \mathrm{H}), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.8,3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 172.9(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $136.7\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{OCHCH}_{2} \underline{\mathrm{C} H}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 133.8\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \underline{\mathrm{CH}}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 117.5\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCHCH} 2 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 115.4$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ ), $73.3(\mathrm{~d}, \underline{\mathrm{CHOC}=\mathrm{O}), 38.5(\mathrm{t}), 33.6(\mathrm{t}), 33.4(\mathrm{t}), 31.8(\mathrm{t}), 29.5(2 \mathrm{t}), 29.39}$ $(\mathrm{t}), 29.35(\mathrm{t}), 29.3(\mathrm{t}), 29.2(\mathrm{t}), 28.8(\mathrm{t}), 25.1(\mathrm{t}), 22.5(\mathrm{t}), 13.9\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ MS-ESI $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right): \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 331$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$. Chiral HRGC: $(\beta-\mathrm{CDX})$, isotherm $150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, t_{\mathrm{R}}=110.0 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-\mathbf{4 a}, t_{\mathrm{R}}=112.0 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{4 a}$,
$(S)-(-)-4 a:$ yield $79 \%,[\alpha]^{25}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-22.2\left(c 0.35, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right), 98 \%$ e.e.
$(R)-(+)-4 \mathrm{a}:$ yield $80 \%,[\alpha]^{25}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=+21.5\left(c 0.41, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right), 97 \%$ e.e.
1-Tetradecen-4-yl 5-hexenoate 4b: oil, IR (film, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 1736 (C=O), 1642 (C=C), 1087 (C-O); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-$ NMR ( $270 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): 5.90-5.65 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 5.15-4.85 (m,5H,2 CH=CH2 and CHOC $=\mathrm{O}$ ), $2.40-2.20(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.15-2.00(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.80-1.65(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.60-1.45(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.40-1.10$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 16 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 173.4(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $137.7\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{OCHCH}_{2} \underline{\mathrm{CH}}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 133.8\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \underline{\mathrm{CH}}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 117.4\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 115.2$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\underline{\mathrm{CH}}_{2}\right), 73.1(\mathrm{~d}, \underline{\mathrm{C} H O C}=\mathrm{O}), 38.7(\mathrm{t}), 33.8(\mathrm{t}), 33.6(2 \mathrm{t}), 33.1(\mathrm{t}), 31.8(\mathrm{t}), 29.6(\mathrm{t})$, $29.5(\mathrm{t}), 29.4(\mathrm{t}), 29.3(\mathrm{t}), 25.2(\mathrm{t}), 24.1(\mathrm{t}), 22.6(\mathrm{t}), 14.1(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH} 3)$. MS-ESI $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right): \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 331$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$. Chiral HRGC: $(ß-\mathrm{CDX})$, isotherm $150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, t_{\mathrm{R}}=102.5 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(R)-(+)-4 \mathbf{b}, t_{\mathrm{R}}=104.1 \mathrm{~min}$ for $(S)-(-)-\mathbf{4 b}$.
(S)-(-)-4b: yield 79\%, $[\alpha]^{25}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-17.7\left(c 0.32, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right), 99 \%$ e.e.
$(R)-(+)-\mathbf{4 b}$ : yield $80 \%,[\alpha]^{25}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=+15.5\left(c 0.44, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right), 97 \%$ e.e.

## Synthesis of 7-HSA 1a

To $0.143 \mathrm{~g}(0.46 \mathrm{mmol})$ of ( - )-(S)-4a in 14 mL of anhydrous DCM, $0.41 \mathrm{~mL}(1.38 \mathrm{mmol})$ of $\mathrm{Ti}(\mathrm{O}-$ $\left.{ }^{i} \operatorname{Pr}\right)_{4}$ was added at room temperature. The stirred solution was refluxed under Ar for 30 min and then left cooled for $15 \mathrm{~min} .2^{\text {nd }}$ Generation Grubbs' catalyst ( $0.0236 \mathrm{~g}, 0.027 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) dissolved in 1 mL of anhydrous DCM was added, the reaction was refluxed with stirring for 7 h in Ar atmosphere then left at room temperature overnight. The solution was filtered on a $\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \mathrm{pad}$, and washed with DMC. The solvent was evaporated and to the crude reaction mixture ( 0.095 g ) 4.75 mL of MeOH and 0.095 g of $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(10 \%)$ were added. The reaction mixture was stirred under $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere for 24 h then filtered on a short column of $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ and washed with DMC . The solvent was evaporated and the crude was treated with 3.0 mL of $10 \% \mathrm{KOH} / \mathrm{MeOH}$, the mixture was stirred at $46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 days. After removing the solvent, 10 mL of water were added and repeatedly extracted with ether. The organic phase was dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to afford diol 11a ( $0.0045 \mathrm{~g}, 0.01$ mmol ). Basic mother liquors were acidified to pH 1 and extracted with ether. The organic phase was dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to furnish the acid $(S)$-7-HSA 1a ( $0.038 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12$ $\mathrm{mmol})$. Evaporation of acidic mother liquors furnished diacid 12a. The same procedure was applied on $(+)-(R)-\mathbf{4 a}$. Total yields are related to the substrate concentration adopted in the metathetic process: when concentration of diene $\mathbf{4 a}$ was 3 mM , acids $\mathbf{1 a}$ were recovered in about $40 \%$ yield, which gradually lowered to about $30 \%$ as concentration of 4 a raised up to 18 and 30 mM
(12R, 17R)-Octacosandiol 11a: white solid, m.p. $95-97{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$, nujol): $3297(\mathrm{OH}) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): 3.65-3.50 (m, 2H, CH-OH), $1.60-1.15$ (m, 48H), 0.88 (t, $6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 71.9(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{CHOH}), 37.5(\mathrm{t}), 37.4(\mathrm{t}), 31.9(\mathrm{t}), 29.7(\mathrm{t}), 29.65$ $(\mathrm{t}), 29.62(2 \mathrm{t}), 29.6(\mathrm{t}), 29.3(\mathrm{t}), 25.65(\mathrm{t}), 25.64(\mathrm{t}), 22.7(\mathrm{t}), 14.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right),[\alpha]^{25}=-6.6(c 0.34$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; MS-ESI $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right): \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 449[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$.
Octanedioic acid 12a: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(270 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{DMSO}-\mathrm{d} 6, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right)$ : $2.26(\mathrm{t}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.62$ (quintet, 4H), 1.30-1.62 (m, 4H); MS-ESI (negative mode): m/z $173[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{H}]^{-}$.

Purification by flash chromatography of the metathesis crude reaction mixture, carried out on racemic $\mathbf{4 a}$, and hydrogenation of some fractions, allowed to isolate the head-to-tail dimer $\mathbf{8 a}$.
8,16-Diundecyl-1,9-dioxacyclohexadeca-2,10-dione 8a: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( $270 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta$, ppm): 4.96-4.84 (m, 2H, CHOC=O), $2.31\left(\mathrm{t}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.79-1.04(\mathrm{~m}, 56 \mathrm{H}), 0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-$ NMR ( $67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): $173.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 74.1(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{CHOC}=\mathrm{O}), 33.9(\mathrm{t}), 33.9(\mathrm{t}), 33.5(\mathrm{t})$, $31.8(\mathrm{t}), 29.5(\mathrm{t}), 29.5(\mathrm{t}), 29.4(\mathrm{t}), 29.4(\mathrm{t}), 29.3(\mathrm{t}), 29.2(\mathrm{t}), 28.6(\mathrm{t}), 25.4(\mathrm{t}), 24.6(\mathrm{t}), 24.1(\mathrm{t}), 22.5$ (t), $13.9\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ MS-ESI $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right): \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 587[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$

## Synthesis of 8-HSA 1b

To $0.077 \mathrm{~g}(0.25 \mathrm{mmol})$ of $(-)-(S)-4 \mathrm{~b}$ in 72 mL of anhydrous $\mathrm{DCM}, 0.22 \mathrm{~mL}(0.75 \mathrm{mmol})$ of $\mathrm{Ti}(\mathrm{O}-$ $\left.{ }^{i} \mathrm{Pr}\right)_{4}$ was added at room temperature. The stirred solution was refluxed under Ar for 30 min and then left cooled for $15 \mathrm{~min} .1^{\text {st }}$ Generation Grubbs' catalyst ( $0.012 \mathrm{~g}, 0.015 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) dissolved in 7.5 mL of anhydrous DCM was added, the reaction was refluxed with stirring for 8 h in Ar atmosphere. The solution was filtered on a $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ pad, and washed with DMC . The solvent was evaporated and the brown crude reaction mixture was purified on a $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ pad washing with 200 mL of petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (95/5), solvent was evaporated and to the crude reaction mixture ( 0.048 g ) 2 mL of MeOH and 0.005 g of $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(10 \%)$ were added. The reaction mixture was stirred under $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere for 24 h then filtered on a short column of $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ and washed with DMC. The solvent was evaporated and the crude was treated with 2 mL of $10 \% \mathrm{KOH} / \mathrm{MeOH}$, the mixture was stirred at $46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 days. After removing the solvent, 10 mL of water were added and repeatedly extracted with ether. The organic phase was dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to afford traces of diol 11b. Basic mother liquors were acidified to pH 1 and extracted with ether. The organic phase was dried on anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to furnish the acid ( $S$ ) - 8 -HSA 1b $(0.03 \mathrm{~g}, 0.10 \mathrm{mmol})$. The same procedure was applied on $(+)-(R)-\mathbf{4 b}$.
11,16-Hexacosandiol 11b: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(270 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta\right.$, ppm): 3.60 ( $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{OH}$ ), 1.95-1.15 $(\mathrm{m}, 46 \mathrm{H}), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 71.8(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{CHOH}), 37.5(\mathrm{t}), 37.3$ $(\mathrm{t}), 31.8(\mathrm{t}), 29.6(\mathrm{t}), 29.53(\mathrm{t}), 29.51(2 \mathrm{t}), 29.2(\mathrm{t}), 25.55(\mathrm{t}), 25.52(\mathrm{t}), 22.6(\mathrm{t}), 14.0\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$.

Purification by flash chromatography of the metathesis crude reaction mixture and hydrogenation of some fractions, allowed to isolate the head-to-tail dimer $\mathbf{8 b}$.
( $\mathbf{9 R}, \mathbf{1 8 R}$ )-9,18-didecyl-1,10-dioxacyclooctadeca-2,11-dione 8b: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(270 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta\right.$, ppm): 5.00-4.80 (m, 2H, $2 \mathrm{CHC}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $2.45-2.10(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.80-1.00(\mathrm{~m}, 56 \mathrm{H}), 0.87(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.4,6 \mathrm{H}, 2$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(67.8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right): 173.9(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 74.1(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{CHOC}=\mathrm{O}), 35.2(\mathrm{t}), 34.8(\mathrm{t})$, $34.4(\mathrm{t}), 32.0(\mathrm{t}), 29.8(\mathrm{t}), 29.65(\mathrm{t}), 29.62(\mathrm{t}), 29.6(\mathrm{t}), 29.4(\mathrm{t}), 29.1(\mathrm{t}), 29.0(\mathrm{t}), 25.5(\mathrm{t}), 25.3(\mathrm{t})$, $25.2(\mathrm{t}), 22.7(\mathrm{t}), 14.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; MS-ESI $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right): \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 587[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$.

## Determination of optical purity of 1a and 1b

The optical purity of 7- and 8-hydroxystearic acids 1a and 1b was determined by NMR spectrometry after their esterification of the carboxylic moiety with diazomethane and derivatization with both $(R)-(-)-O$-acetylmandelic acid ${ }^{11}$ (affording derivatives 13a and 13b, Figure 1) or enantiopure Mosher acid ( $\mathbf{1 4 a}$ and $\mathbf{1 4 b}$ ).


$n=10, m=2: 14 a$


Figure S1. 7-HSA and 8-HSA acetyl mandelate derivatives 13a and 13b and Mosher derivatives 14a and 14b.

For derivatization with $(R)-(-)-\mathrm{O}$-acetylmandelic acid and related ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals, see ref. 11 . Integration of the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals at $\delta=5.869 \mathrm{ppm}$ and at 5.861 ppm relative to $\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}$ proton of $\left(7 R, 2^{\prime} R\right)-$ and $\left(7 S, 2^{\prime} R\right)-\mathbf{1 3 a}$ and that of the signals at $\delta=5.871 \mathrm{ppm}$ and at 5.867 ppm relative to H $2^{\prime}$ proton of $\left(8 R, 2^{\prime} R\right)$ - and $\left(8 S, 2^{\prime} R\right) \mathbf{- 1 3 b}$ gave diastereomeric ratios of $99 / 1$ for $\left(7 R, 2^{\prime} R\right)-\mathbf{1 3 a}$ and $\left(7 S, 2^{\prime} R\right)-\mathbf{1 3 a}$, of $94 / 6$ and $90 / 10$ for $\left(8 R, 2^{\prime} R\right) \mathbf{- 1 3 b}$ and $\left(8 S, 2^{\prime} R\right)-\mathbf{1 3 b}$, respectively.

## General procedure for derivatization with Mosher acid

0.012 g of $(R)-(+)$ - $\alpha$-methoxy- $\alpha$-trifluoromethylphenylacetic acid [(+)-MTPA, for derivatization of 7-HSA methyl esters], or $(S)-(-)$ - $\alpha$-methoxy- $\alpha$-trifluorophenylacetic acid [(-)-MTPA, for 8 -HSA methyl esters], and 0.003 g of DMAP were dissolved, under nitrogen atmosphere, in anhydrous $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(300 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ and stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (ice-bath). To this solution, 0.008 g of methyl hydroxystearate and 0.010 g of DCC dissolved in anhydrous $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(500 \mu \mathrm{~L})$ was added dropwise. After a few
minutes, a white solid precipitated. The reaction was monitored by TLC (eluent: $n$-hexane - AcOEt 3:1) until completion (sometimes addition of a further amount of DCC and DMAP was necessary to reach completion). The solvent was removed and the crude was dissolved in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ and analysed by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR. The diastereomeric ratio was calculated by integration of the ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR signals; hexafluorobenzene ( $\delta=-163.0 \mathrm{ppm}$ ) was used as internal standard. The following diastereomeric ratios were found about $99 / 1$ for $\left(7 R, 2^{\prime} R\right)$ - $\mathbf{1 4 a}$ and $\left(7 S, 2^{\prime} R\right)$-14a, 94/6 and 90/10 for ( $8 R, 2^{\prime} S$ )-14b and ( $8 S, 2^{\prime} S$ ) - $\mathbf{- 1 4 b}$ (see spectra at pag.28).
( $R$ )-Methyl 7-((( $R$ )-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate ( $7 R, 2 \cdot R$ )14a ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$-NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): 7.58-7.50 (m, 2 H , phenyl), 7.42-7.37 (m, 3 H , phenyl), 5.07 (quint., $1 \mathrm{H}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHOH}$ ), $3.66\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 3.55$ (brs, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $2.28(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J$ $\left.=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}\right), 1.80-1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40-1.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 22 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.88(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): -72.360 ppm .
(S)-Methyl 7-((( $R$ )-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate (7S,2‘R)14a. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals undiscernible from those of the $\left(7 R, 2^{‘} R\right)$-diastereomer. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( 376 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right):-72.323 \mathrm{ppm}$.
(R)-Methyl 8-(((S)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate (8R,2‘S)14b. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): 7.59-7.50 (m, 2 H , phenyl), 7.45-7.36 ( $\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, phenyl), 5.07 (quint., $1 \mathrm{H}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HH}$ ), $3.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 3.55 (brs, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 2.27 (t, $2 \mathrm{H}, J$ $\left.=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}\right), 1.82-1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40-1.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 22 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.87(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}$ ): -72.369 ppm .
(S)-Methyl 8-(( $(S)$-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate (8S,2‘S)14b. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals are undiscernible from those of the ( $8 R, 2$ ' $S$ )-diastereomer. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( 376 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta, \mathrm{ppm}\right):-72.405 \mathrm{ppm}$.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, ESI MS, chiral HRGC of 1-pentadecen-4-yl 4-pentenoate 4a



Estere dienico per 7-HSA racemo

Mcthod : c:lclass-vplmothodslCris2.met
Sample ID : LB estere 7OH
Printed
Uscr
System
14:07:07


## b-cicledestrine

 condizioni:$150^{\circ}$


4a
c:lclass-yplchromlcrislLb1 -- Chamel A

c:lclass-yplchromlerisLLb1 -- Channel A


Channel A Results

| Pcak | Time |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0,53 |
| 2 | 0,85 |
| 3 | 10,71 |
| 4 | 17,69 |
| 5 | 29,17 |
| 6 | 29,86 |
| 7 | 13,11 |
| 8 | 41,69 |
| 9 | 61,62 |
| 10 | 65,27 |
| 11 | 110,00 |
| 12 | 111,86 |


| Area | Area |
| ---: | ---: |
| 621 | -- |
| 944 | 0,111 |
| 1392 | 0,624 |
| 109 | 0,920 |
| 2179 | 0,072 |
| 2191 | 1,111 |
| 112 | 0,448 |
| 15692 | 10,071 |
| 10361 | 6,850 |
| 122 | 0,081 |
| 58631 | 38,763 |
| 58904 | 38,942 |

Totals :

$$
151261 \quad 100,000
$$

Estere dienico per (S)-7HSA da alcol (S) con 98\%ce
File $\quad$ : c:lclass-vplchrom\pattylGl1
Mcthod : c:lclass-vplmethods\Patty.met
Sample ID : grezzo vamaguchi_S
Printed 08:36:25
User : System
beta-cicledestrine condizieni: $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
c:lclass-vplchrompatty)G1 -- Channel A.



Channcl $A$ Rosults

| Poak | Time | Arca | Arca |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2,12 | 191 | 0,045 |
| 2 | 3,37 | 288 | 0,069 |
| 3 | 110,30 | 1341 | 0,319 |
| 1 | 112,80 | 117156 | 99,316 |
| 5 | 114,55 | 927 | 0,221 |
| Totals : |  |  |  |
|  |  | 119903 | 100,000 |

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, ESI MS, chiral HRGC of 1-tetradecen-4-yl 5-hexenoate 4b



compound 4b
Filc : c:lclass-vplchromlpattylcn10
Mcthod : c:lclass-vplmethodslpatty.met
Sample ID : cstcre S c.c. $97 \%$
Uscr : System


4b
b-ciclodestrine condizioni:
$150^{\circ}$
c:lclass-vplchromlpattylen10 -- Channe! A


Channcl $A$ Rosults

| Doak | Timo | Arca | Arca |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 17,15 | 1230 | 4,288 |
| 2 | 101,31 | 27156 | 95,712 |
| Totals : |  |  |  |
|  |  | 28686 | 100,000 |

estere Re.c. 97\% per 8-HSA
Filc $\quad$ : ciclass-vplchromlpattylcn11
Method : c:lclass-vplmethodslpatty.met
Sample ID : cstcre R c.c. $97 \%$
Uscr : System


4b
b-cicledestrine
condizioni:
$150^{\circ}$
c: |class-vplchromlpatylcn11 -- Channel A


Channol $n$ Rosulte

| Pcak | Timc | Arca | Mroa \% |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 102,87 | 2899 | 87,214 |
| 2 | 101,00 | 125 | 12,786 |

Totals :

$$
3324 \quad 100,000
$$

## estere S c.e. 78\% per 8-HSA

Filc : c:class-vplchromlpattylen9
Mcthod : c:lclass-vplmethods\patty.met
Sample ID : estcre ce 78\% per
Uscr : System


## b-cicledestrine

condizioni:
$150^{\circ}$


Channcl A Results

| Pcak | Timc | Arca | Arca |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 18,74 | 968 | 2,334 |
| 2 | 102,65 | 1206 | 10,111 |
| 3 | 104,11 | 36303 | 87,526 |
| Totals : |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11177 | 100,000 |

${ }^{1}$ H NMR, ${ }^{13}$ C NMR, ESI MS of 8,16-diundecyl-1,9-dioxacyclohexadeca-2,10-dione 8a




TARGEHT 870
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, ESI MS of $(12 R, 17 R)$-Octacosandiol 11a



${ }^{1}$ H NMR, ${ }^{13}$ C NMR, ESI MS of ( $\mathbf{9 R}, 18 R$ )-9,18-didecyl-1,10-dioxacyclooctadeca-2,11-dione 8b



${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR of 11,16-hexacosandiol 11b



Methyl (7R)-7-\{[(2R)-2-(acetyloxy)-2-phenylacetyl]oxy\}octadecanoate ([(7R,2'R)-13a])

${ }^{1}$ H NMR of methyl (8R)-8-\{[(2R)-2-(acetyloxy)-2-phenylacetyl]oxy\}octadecanoate [(8R,2'R)13b]

${ }^{1}$ H NMR of methyl (8S)-8-\{[(2R)-2-(acetyloxy)-2-phenylacetyl]oxy\}octadecanoate [(8S, $\mathbf{2}^{\prime} R$ )13b]

( $R$ )-Methyl 7-((( $R$ )-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate (7R,2'R)14a and (S)-Methyl 7-(( $(R)$-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate (7S,2'R)-14a

${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra showing as main product $(7 S, 2 \cdot R)$ (left), and (7R, $\left.2^{\prime} R\right)$ (right). In the middle, the signals of the corresponding racemic mixture.
(R)-Methyl 8-(((S)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate ( $8 R, 2^{\prime} S$ )14b and ( $S$ )-Methyl 8-(((S)-3,3,3-trifluoro-2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)oxy)octadecanoate ( $8 S, 2^{\prime} S$ )-14b.

${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra showing as main product the ( $8 R, 2 \mathrm{~S} S$ ) (left), and the ( $8 S, 2 \mathrm{~S} S$ ) (right). In the middle, the signals of the corresponding racemic mixture.
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