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Morimont, Laure; Didembourg, Marie; Carlo, Audrey; Dogne, Jean-Michel; Douxfils, Jonathan

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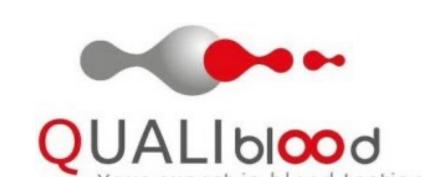


# Comparison of the ETP-based thrombomodulin assay versus the ETP-based APC resistance assay on the ST Genesia system









L. MORIMONT<sup>1,2</sup>, M. DIDEMBOURG<sup>2</sup>, A. CARLO<sup>3</sup>, J-M. DOGNE<sup>2</sup>, J. DOUXFILS<sup>1,2</sup>

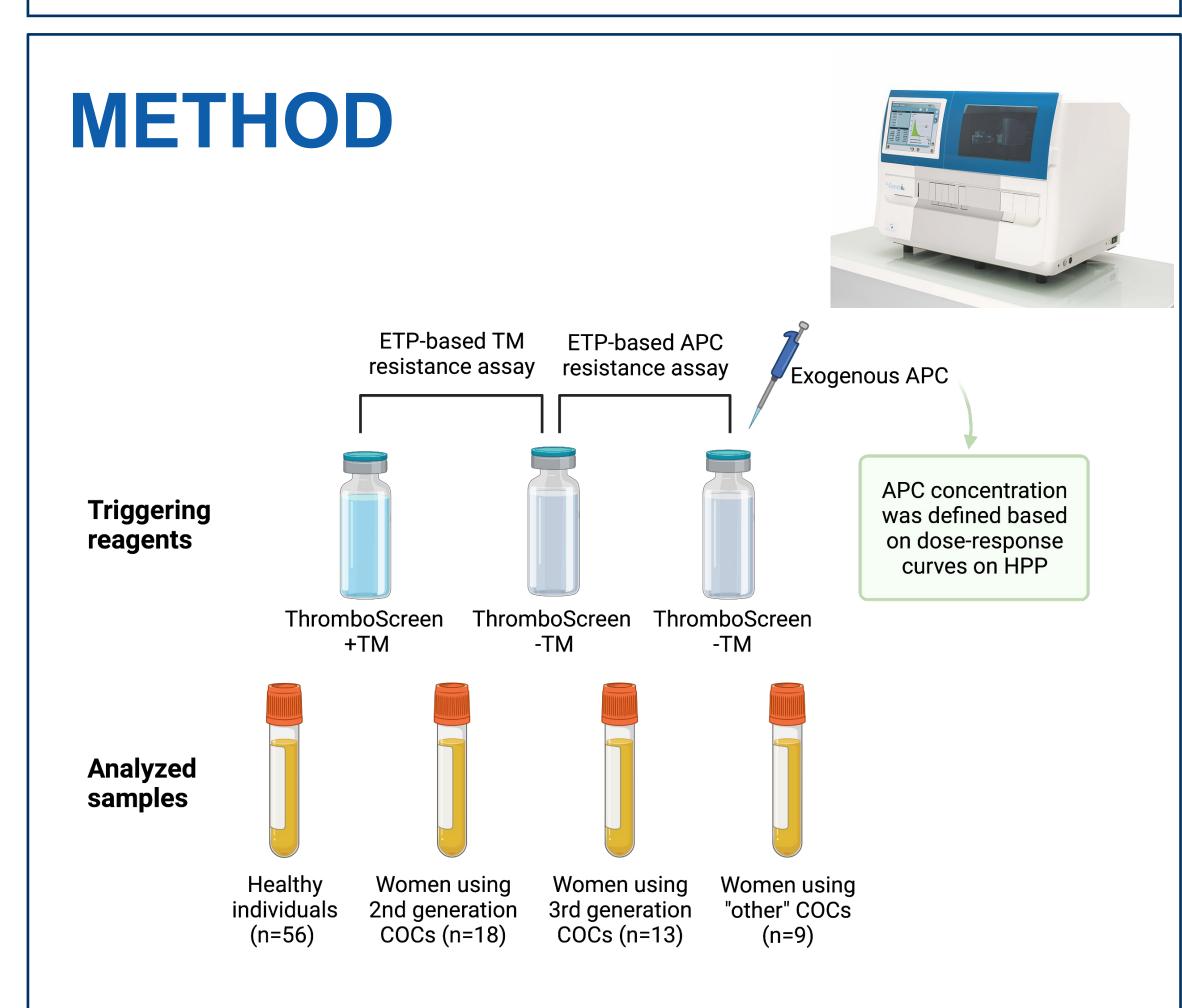
- <sup>1</sup>QUALIblood s.a., Research Department, Namur, Belgium
- <sup>2</sup>University of Namur, Department of Pharmacy, Clinical Pharmacology Research Group, Namur Institute for Life Sciences (NARILIS), Namur, Belgium
- <sup>3</sup>Diagnostica Stago, Asnières-sur-Seine, France

## INTRODUCTION

- ♦ Activated protein C resistance (APC) resistance in women treated with combined oral contraceptives (COCs) can be measured using the endogenous thrombin potential (ETP)-based assay ideally targeting 90% ETP inhibition in healthy individuals.
- ♦ The only commercially available kit for APC resistance assessment on an automated thrombin generation platform, i.e., the ST Genesia, is the STG-ThromboScreen kit which uses thrombomodulin (TM) and targets 50% ETP inhibition.
- Nevertheless, previous assays based on the addition of exogenous APC instead of TM are better known to assess COC-induced APC resistance.

### **AIM**

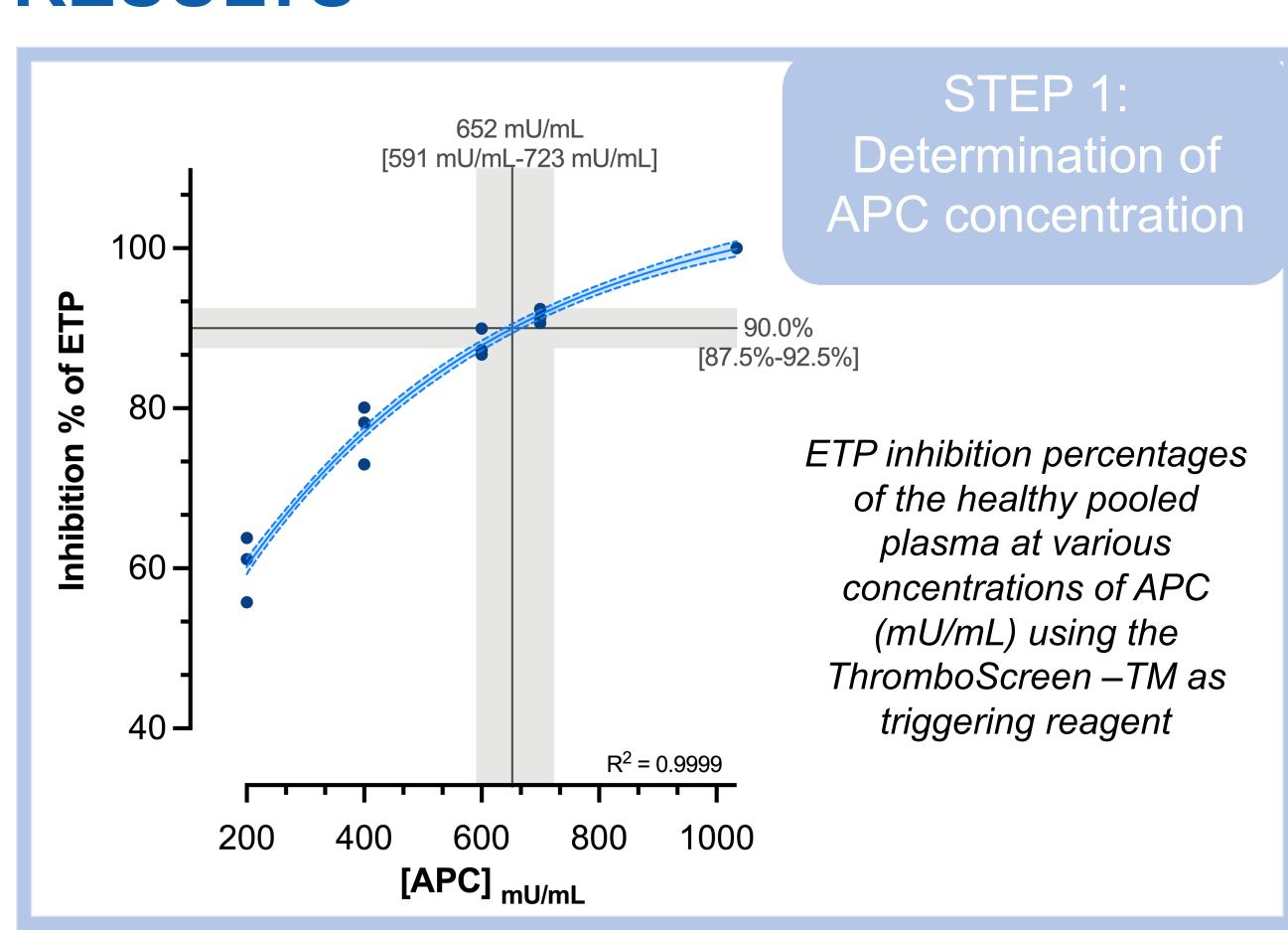
To compare the sensitivity of the 50% ETP-based TM resistance assay versus the 90% ETP-based APC resistance assay (recently implemented) on the ST Genesia system, in women using COCs.

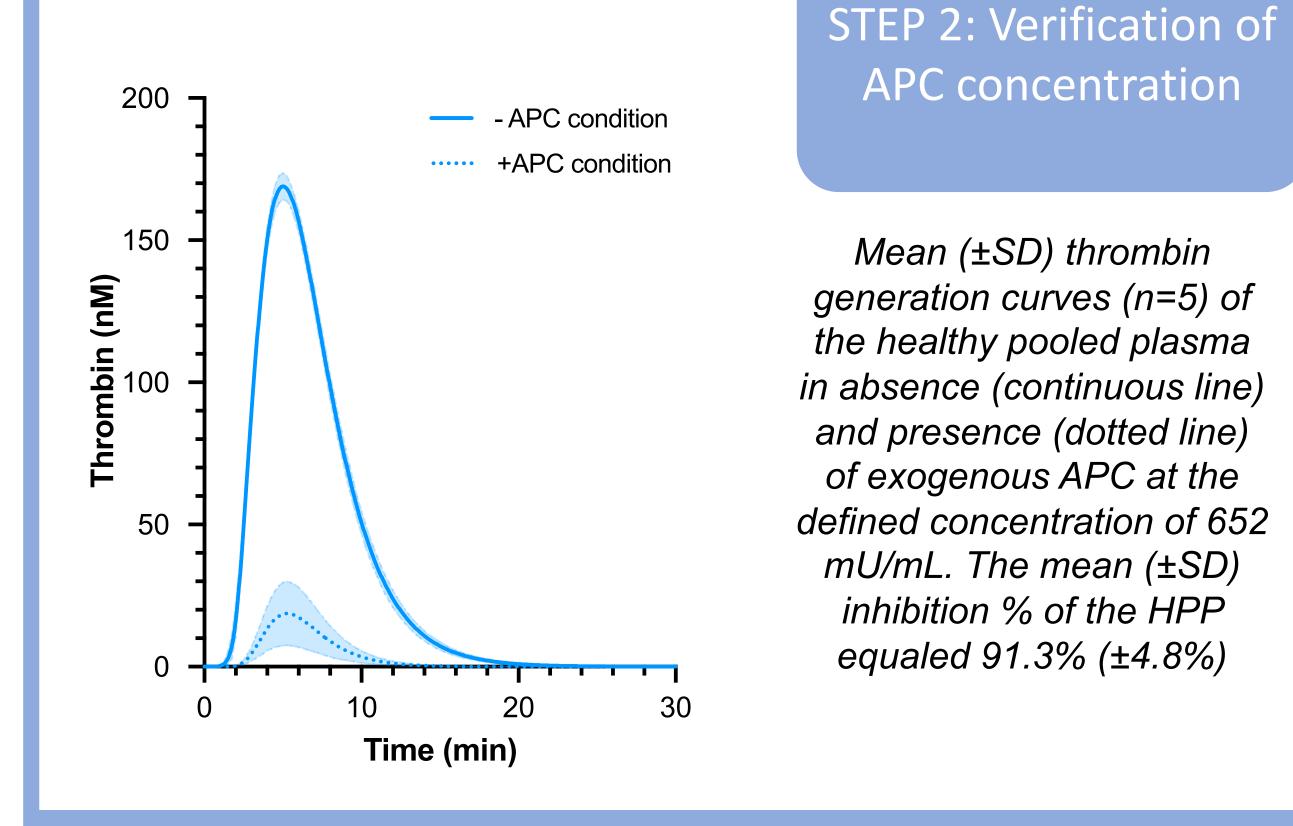


#### **Abbreviations**

- HPP: healthy pooled plasma (composed of 10 men and 10 women not using hormonal contraception)
- Healthy individuals : men and women not using hormonal contraception
- ♦ 2<sup>nd</sup> generation COCs: combinations of ethinylestradiol (EE) and levonorgestrel
- ♦ 3<sup>rd</sup> generation COCs: combinations of EE and desogestrel or gestodene
- « other » COCs: combinations of EE and drospirenone, dienogest or cyproterone
   acetate

# **RESULTS**



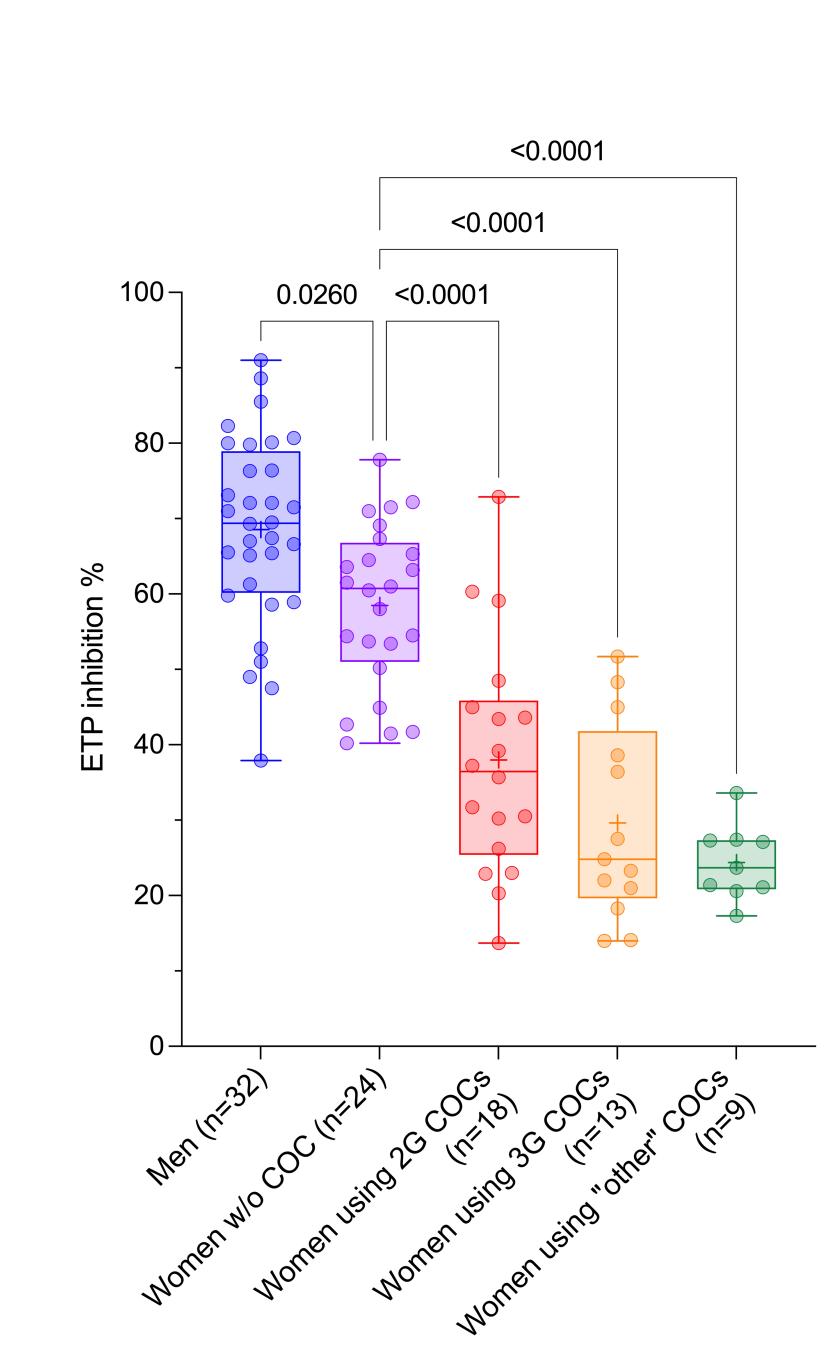


### STEP 3: Comparison TM versus APC

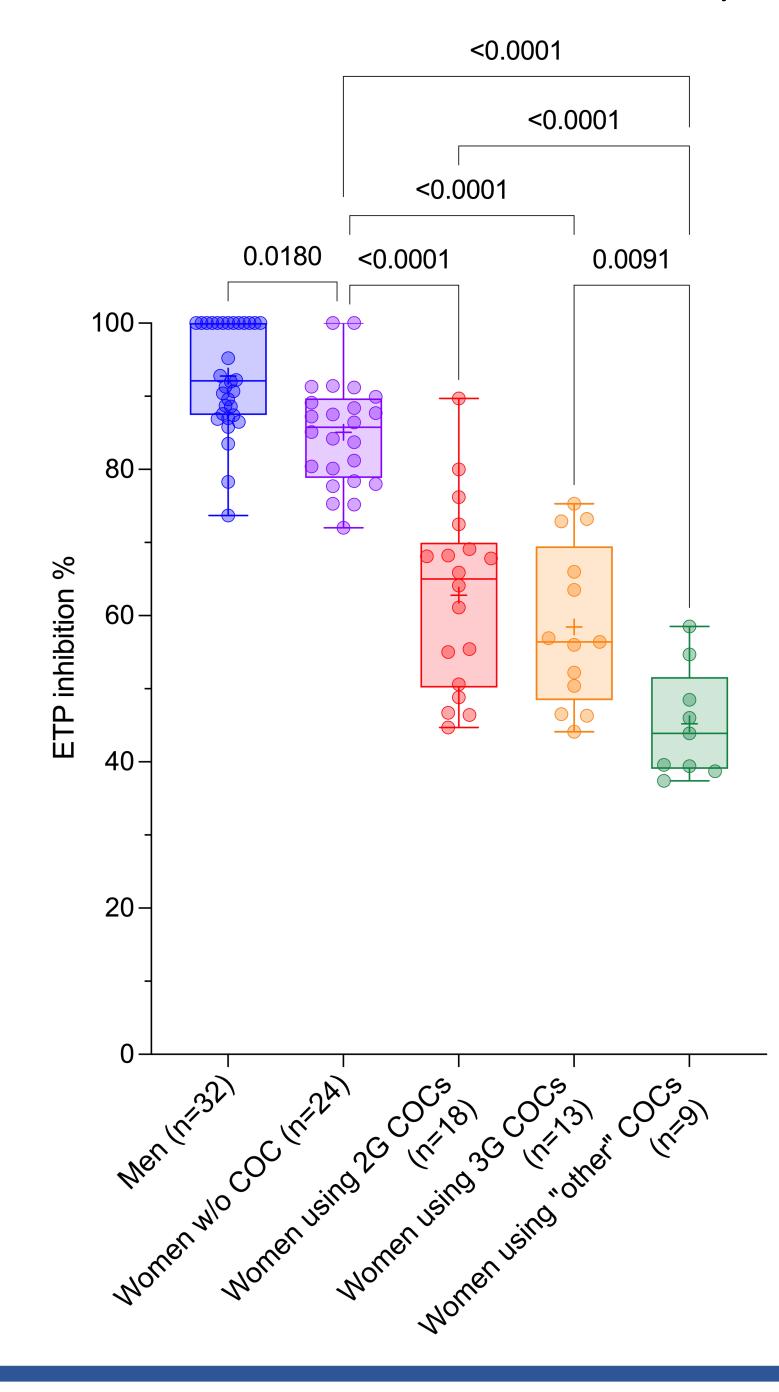
ETP inhibition percentages in presence of TM (A) or exogenous APC (B) of individuals from each subgroup, i.e., healthy individuals, women using 2<sup>nd</sup> generation COCs; women using 3<sup>rd</sup> generation COCs and women using the "other" COCs

- ♦ The median and the 25th 75th percentiles of each subgroup are symbolized by boxes; whiskers represent minimum and maximum values. The mean value is represented by a cross.
- Differences between subgroups were assessed by an analysis of variance with Tukey's multiple comparison tests. Threshold for significance was set at 0.05.

#### A. ETP-based TM resistance assay



#### B. ETP-based APC resistance assay



## CONCLUSIONS

- ♦ The 90% ETP-based APC resistance assay can better discriminate subgroups depending on COC use compared to the 50% ETP-based TM resistance assay. The ETP-based APC resistance assay is thus preferable as more sensitive to the differences of APC resistance level depending on estroprogestin associations found in COCs.
- ♦ Further investigations are required to confirm our results and consider the use of the 90% ETP-based APC resistance assay in clinics.

### REFERENCES

Morimont L, Leclercq C, Didembourg M, De Gottal É, Carlo A, Gaspard U, et al. Analytical performance of the endogenous thrombin potential—based activated protein C resistance assay on the automated ST Genesia system. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis. 2022;6(3).

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# **CONTACT INFORMATION**

Email: laure.morimont@qualiblood.eu