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Therapeutics development for pantothenate kinase-associated neurodegeneration (PKAN) Hayflick, Susan

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STELLINGEN

behorende bij het proefschrift

Therapeutics Development for Pantothenate Kinase-Associated Neurodegeneration (PKAN)

- 1. Coenzyme A synthesis is more complex than textbooks suggest
- 2. Globus pallidus has a distinctive requirement for pantothenate kinase 2
- 3. Defective pantothenate kinase 2 causes biochemical sequelae that can be explained by a decrease in activated mitochondrial acyl carrier protein and recovered by 4'-phosphopantetheine [This thesis]
- 4. Mitochondrial fatty acid synthesis is required to maintain normal basal ganglia function [This thesis]
- 5. Animal models are tools to inform our thinking about human diseases and must be framed with an understanding of their limitations
- 6. PKAN disease models can be revealing, confusing, and distracting
- 7. The greatest obstacle to discovery is not ignorance it is the illusion of knowledge [Daniel Boorstin]
- 8. With time, people become more hardened in their views unless they work to actively keep their mind open to new ideas and information
- 9. A purpose-driven life that is continually re-focused on what is most important at any given time is full of riches

Susan J. Hayflick

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