

ABSTRAK

Kurniasari, Dionsia Eva. 2022. *Jenis-jenis Abreviasi dalam Berita Pandemi Covid-19 di Situs Website Kompas.Com*. Skripsi. Yogyakarta: PBSI, FKIP, USD.

Penelitian ini memaparkan jenis-jenis abreviasi, makna abreviasi, dan proses pembentukan kosakata abreviasi yang digunakan dalam penulisan berita pandemi Covid-19 di *website Kompas.com*. Kosakata abreviasi tersebut diperoleh dari seluruh berita tentang pandemi Covid-19 pada tahun 2020-2022. Peneliti menganalisis menggunakan kajian Morfologi. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah (1) mendeskripsikan jenis-jenis abreviasi yang terdapat dalam berita pandemi Covid-19 di situs *website Kompas.com*, (2) mendeskripsikan makna abreviasi yang terdapat dalam berita pandemi Covid-19 di situs *website Kompas.com*, dan (3) mendeskripsikan proses pembentukan abreviasi yang terdapat dalam berita pandemi Covid-19 di situs *website Kompas.com*.

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian deskriptif kualitatif. Sumber data penelitian ini yaitu situs *website Kompas.com*. Data penelitian berupa kata-kata abreviasi yang digunakan dalam berita pandemi Covid-19. Peneliti mengumpulkan data dengan menggunakan teknik simak bebas libat cakap dan pencatatan. Peneliti melakukan analisis data dengan mengumpulkan, mengidentifikasi, dan mengelompokkan data-data kosakata abreviasi berita pandemi Covid-19.

Hasil penelitian ini, peneliti menemukan jenis abreviasi yaitu (1) singkatan dalam bahasa Indonesia dan bahasa Asing, (2) akronim dalam bahasa Indonesia dan bahasa Asing, dan (3) kontraksi juga dalam bahasa Indonesia dan bahasa Asing. Makna kosa kata abreviasi dianalisis menggunakan makna gramatikal. Analisis makna didasarkan pada bidang ilmu, seperti ilmu kesehatan, ilmu ekonomi, ilmu pendidikan, dan ilmu sosial. Proses pembentukan abreviasi yang ditemukan meliputi: (1) jenis abreviasi singkatan mengalami proses pembentukan abreviasi melalui pengekal huruf pertama dengan bilangan dan pengekal huruf pertama tiap komponen, (2) jenis abreviasi akronim dan kontraksi mengalami proses pembentukan abreviasi yang sama melalui pengekal huruf pertama tiap komponen, pengekal suku pertama dari tiap komponen, dan pengekal berbagai huruf dan suku kata yang sukar dirumuskan.

Hasil kosakata yang ditemukan mampu menambah wawasan abreviasi kepada masyarakat, sehingga masyarakat memahami adanya proses abreviasi yang saat ini banyak digunakan dan ditemukan dalam penulisan berita pandemi Covid-19. Masyarakat memperoleh pengetahuan secara luas mengenai abreviasi yang memiliki jenis-jenis abreviasi, makna gramatikal, beserta proses atau fenomena abreviasinya.

Kata kunci: morfologi, abreviasi, pandemi Covid-19, *Kompas.Com*.

ABSTRACT

Kurniasari, Dionsia Eva. 2022. *Types of Abreviation in the Covid-19 Pandemic News on the Kompas.Com Website. Yogyakarta. Indonesian Language and Literature Education Study Program, Departement of Language and Art Education, Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Sanata Dharma University.*

This research describes types of abreviation, the meaning of abreviation, and the process of forming abreviation vocabulary used in writing news of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Kompas.com website. The abreviation vocabulary was obtained from all the news about the Covid-19 pandemic in 2020-2022. Researchers analyzed used Morphological studies. The purpose of this study is to (1) describe the types of abreviation contained in the Covid-19 pandemic news on the Kompas.com website, (2) describe the meaning of abreviation contained in the Covid-19 pandemic news on the Kompas.com website, and (3) describe the process of abreviation formation contained in the Covid-19 pandemic news on the website Kompas.com

This research is a qualitative descriptive study. The source of this study is the website Kompas.com. Research data in the form of abreviated words used in the Coronavirus Disease-19 pandemic news. Researchers collected data by using the technique of free listening and recording. Research analyzed data by collecting, identifying, and grouping data, said the Coronavirus Disease-19 pandemic news release.

The results of this study researchers found types of abreviation, namely (1) abbreviations in Indonesian and foreign languages, (2) acronyms in Indonesian and foreign languages, and (3) contractions also in Indonesian and foreign languages. The meaning of abreviated vocabulary is analyzed using grammatical meanings. The analysis of meaning is based on fields of science, such as health sciences, economic sciences, educational sciences, and social sciences. The process of abreviation formation found includes: (1) the type of abreviation of abbreviations undergoes the process of abreviation formation through the culling of the first letter with the number and the retention of the first letter of each component, (2) the type of abreviation of acronyms and contractions undergoes the same process of abreviation formation through the culverting of the first letter of each component, the culling of the first term of each component, and the retention of various letters and syllables that are difficult to formulate.

The vocabulary results found are able to add abreviation insight to the community, so that the public understands the abreviation process that is currently widely used and found in writing news of the Covid-19 pandemic. Society acquires a wide knowledge of abreviation that has types of abreviation, grammatical meanings, and their abreviation processes or phenomena.

Keywords: morphology, abreviation, Covid-19 pandemic, Kompas.Com.