Silicate-Analogous Borosulfates

Henning A. Höppe,* Philip Netzsch, Peter Gross, Matthias Hämmer, and Erich Turgunbajew

Universität Augsburg, Lehrstuhl für Festkörperchemie, Universitätsstr. 1, D-86159

Augsburg, Germany, https://www.ak-hoeppe.de

E-mail: henning@ak-hoeppe.de

Abstract

The video attached to this contribution was recorded after some sound issues during the live presentation during the ACS Spring Meeting 2021. In my presentation a short history of borosulfates since their first mention in literature in 1962 is given where I embedded some crucial recent findings of our group. Firstly, the very first crystal structure determination of $K_5[B(SO_4)_4]$ published in 2012 is presented (approx. 4:50), introducing both approaches based on which these compounds can be described as silcate-analogous. Then the rare-earth borosulfates $R_2[B_2(SO_4)_6]$ are discussed regarding synthesis (approx. 7:25), crystal structure and luminescence of $Eu_2[B_2(SO_4)_6]$ (approx. 10:00), $Ce_2[B_2(SO_4)_6]$ and $Y_2[B_2(SO_4)_6]$: Ce^{3+} (approx. 12:00); this chapter closes with thermometry on the example of $Y_2[B_2(SO_4)_6]$: Gd^{3+} (approx. 14:30). Finally the very recently found Lewis-Acid-Base adduct $Mg_3[H_2O \rightarrow B(SO_4)_3]$ is presented en detail (approx. 19:10) starting from the synthesis via its crystal structure to calculations of Lewis and Brønsted acidities.