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Field Guide to a Hybrid Landscape

Dana Fritz

Katie Anania

Rebecca Buller

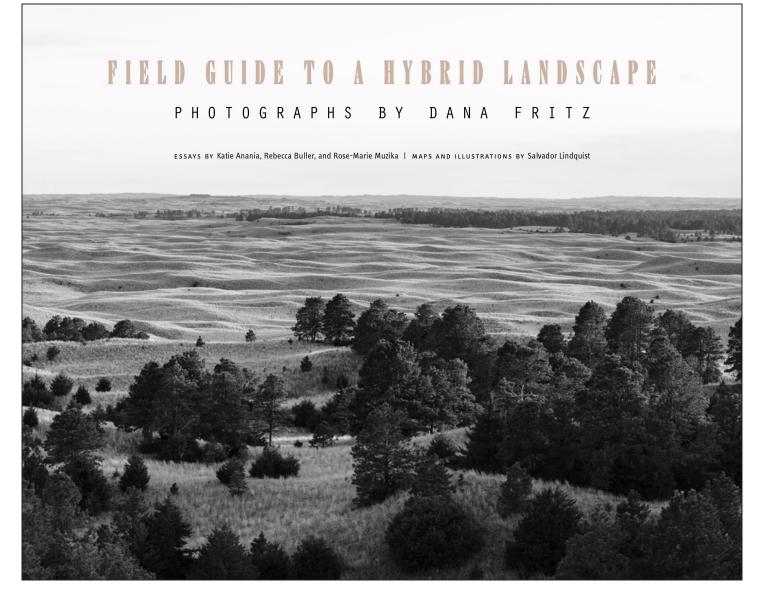
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Field Guide to a Hybrid Landscape

Photographs by Dana Fritz Essays by Katie Anania, Rebecca Buller, and Rose-Marie Muzika Maps by Salvador Lindquist

> 144 pages 78 photographs, 2 illustrations, 9 maps

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In *Field Guide to a Hybrid Landscape* Dana Fritz traces the evolution of the Bessey Ranger District and Nursery of the Nebraska National Forest and Grasslands. Fritz's contemporary photographs of this unique ecosystem, with provocative environmental essays, maps, and historical photographs from the U.S. Forest Service archives, illuminate the complex environmental and natural history of the site, especially as it relates to built environments, land use, and climate change.

The Nebraska National Forest at Halsey, as it is known colloquially, is the largest handplanted forest in the Western Hemisphere, and formerly in the world. This hybrid landscape of a conifer forest overlaid onto a semiarid grassland just west of the onehundredth meridian was an ambitious late nineteenth-century idea to create a timber industry, to reclaim a landscape considered disordered and unproductive, and to change the local climate in northcentral Nebraska. While the planners seemed not to appreciate the native grasslands that form the ecosystem of the Nebraska Sandhills, they did recognize the reliable water from the Dismal and Middle Loup Rivers that border the site. In 1902 the first federal nursery was established as part of the Dismal River Forest Reserve to produce seedlings for plains homesteads and the adjacent treeless tract of land. At that time tree planting was not used for carbon sequestration but to mitigate the wind and evaporation of moisture.

The Bessey Nursery now produces replacement seedlings for burned and beetledamaged forests in the Rocky Mountains and for the Nebraska Conservation Trees Program. This constructed landscape of row-crop trees that were protected from fire for decades, yet never commercially harvested for timber, provides a rich metaphor for current environmental predicaments. The late nineteenth-century effort to reclaim with trees what was called the Great American Desert has evolved to a focus on twenty-first-century conservation, grassland restoration, and reforestation, all of which work to sequester carbon, maintain natural ecosystem balance, and mitigate largescale climate change. *Field Guide to a Hybrid Landscape* offers a visual and critical examination of this unique managed landscape, which has implications far beyond its borders.

Dana Fritz (she/her/hers) Hixson-Lied Professor of Art, Photography Fellow, Center for Great Plains Studies School of Art, Art History & Design 120 Richards Hall University of Nebraska-Lincoln Lincoln, NE 68588-0114

www.danafritz.com