Kent Academic Repository

Full text document (pdf)

Citation for published version

Herbert, Ruth, Walduck, Jackie, Newman, Hannah and Shaughnessy, Nicola (2021) Neurodiverse Worlds: Articulating the Subjective Experience of Autistic Girls Through Music and Sound. In: ICMPC15/ESCOM11, 28-31 July 2021, Online. (Unpublished)

DOI

Link to record in KAR

https://kar.kent.ac.uk/89824/

Document Version

Author's Accepted Manuscript

Copyright & reuse

Content in the Kent Academic Repository is made available for research purposes. Unless otherwise stated all content is protected by copyright and in the absence of an open licence (eg Creative Commons), permissions for further reuse of content should be sought from the publisher, author or other copyright holder.

Versions of research

The version in the Kent Academic Repository may differ from the final published version. Users are advised to check http://kar.kent.ac.uk for the status of the paper. Users should always cite the published version of record.

Enquiries

For any further enquiries regarding the licence status of this document, please contact: **researchsupport@kent.ac.uk**

If you believe this document infringes copyright then please contact the KAR admin team with the take-down information provided at http://kar.kent.ac.uk/contact.html





Neurodiverse Worlds: Articulating the Subjective Experience of Autistic Girls Through Music, Sound and Movement

Ruth Herbert,¹ Jackie Walduck,² Hannah Newman,³ Nicola Shaughnessy⁴

¹Dept of Music and Audio Technology., University of Kent, UK ²Dept of Music and Audio Technology., University of Kent, UK ³School of Psychology., University of Surrey, UK ⁴School of Arts, University of Kent, UK ¹r.herbert@kent.ac.uk, ²j.walduck@kent.ac.uk, ³h.newman@surrey.ac.uk, ⁴n.shaughnessy@kent.ac.uk

Background

Autistic Spectrum Conditions (ASC) in women and girls are frequently under-recognised or misdiagnosed, as diagnostic criteria derive from observations of core behaviours of autistic males (Carpenter et al., 2019). An accumulating body of research supports a "female" autistic phenotype, where distinctive neurodivergent characteristics are masked by intentional imitation of neurotypical behaviours ('camouflaging') (Bargiela et al., 2016). Although a number of projects within autism research centre on benefits of participatory arts with relation to diagnostic criteria (deficits), far fewer profile/support qualities of autistic subjectivity *per se* (including lived experiences of autistic females), reflecting a medical rather than social model of disability.

Aims

The study reported (a pilot project exploring the use of music, sound and movement as creative tools for probing the lived experience of autistic girls, together with their perceived value in negotiating everyday life) is part of a larger AHRC-funded mixed-methods interdisciplinary project, informed by an ecological approach, exploring the identities and experience of autistic girls through participatory arts (drama and media arts).¹ The project's overarching aims are to explore: 1) what participatory arts can contribute to understanding/ documenting the subjective experiences of autistic girls; 2) the role participatory arts practices play in enhancing psychological well-being; 3) how autistic experience can gain visibility through arts and media practices.

Method

6 girls with an ASC diagnosis (aged 11-16), from a specialist school (UK) for autistic girls participated in an 8-week workshop series (including ensemble music-making, foley and sound design, sound walks, multisensory den-making) led by two experienced arts practitioners (a music specialist and a physical theatre/movement specialist). Semi-structured interviews were conducted at start/end points of the project (analysed via inductive thematic analysis). Standardized baseline measures were collected at start/end points. (Social Self-Efficacy Scale (SSES); Creative Self-Efficacy (CSE); Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale (WEMWBS); Healthy and Unhealthy Music Scale (HUMS)).

Results

The original project start date (18/01/2021) was delayed by the pandemic. Revised project dates were 26/4/21 to 21/6/21. Data analysis ongoing with preliminary findings available c. late June/early July.

Conclusions

The therapeutic value of participatory arts regarding clinical improvement with relation to ASC diagnostic criteria is widely acknowledged. However, located within an ecological perceptual framework and informed by 4E approaches to cognition, participatory arts merit greater application as insightful tools with which to validate and support 'a different sense of embodied self, a different way of being in the world to that of a neurotypical person' (Shaughnessy, 2020: 52).

References

Bargiela, S., Steward, R., Mandy, M. (2016). The experiences of late-diagnosed women with autism spectrum conditions: An investigation of the female autism phenotype. *Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders*, 46, 3281-3294.

Carpenter, B., Happé, F and Egerton, J. (2019). Girls and Autism: Educational, Family and Personal Perspectives. London/New York: Routledge.

Shaughnessy, N. (2000). Acting in a World of Difference: Drama, Autism, and Gender. In R.Ciancarelli, F. Camuti, A.Roma (eds.), Arti performative es fide sociali, monographic issue of Biblioteca teatrale, 133. January-June.

¹ Playing A/Part: Autistic Girls, Identities and Creativity. (A collaboration between the universities of Kent and Surrey.) PI: Professor Nicola Shaughnessy, School of Arts, University of Kent UK <u>https://playingapartautisticgirls.org/</u>

Keywords: Neurodiversity, Autism, Phenomenology, Participatory Arts, Embodiment, Adolescence