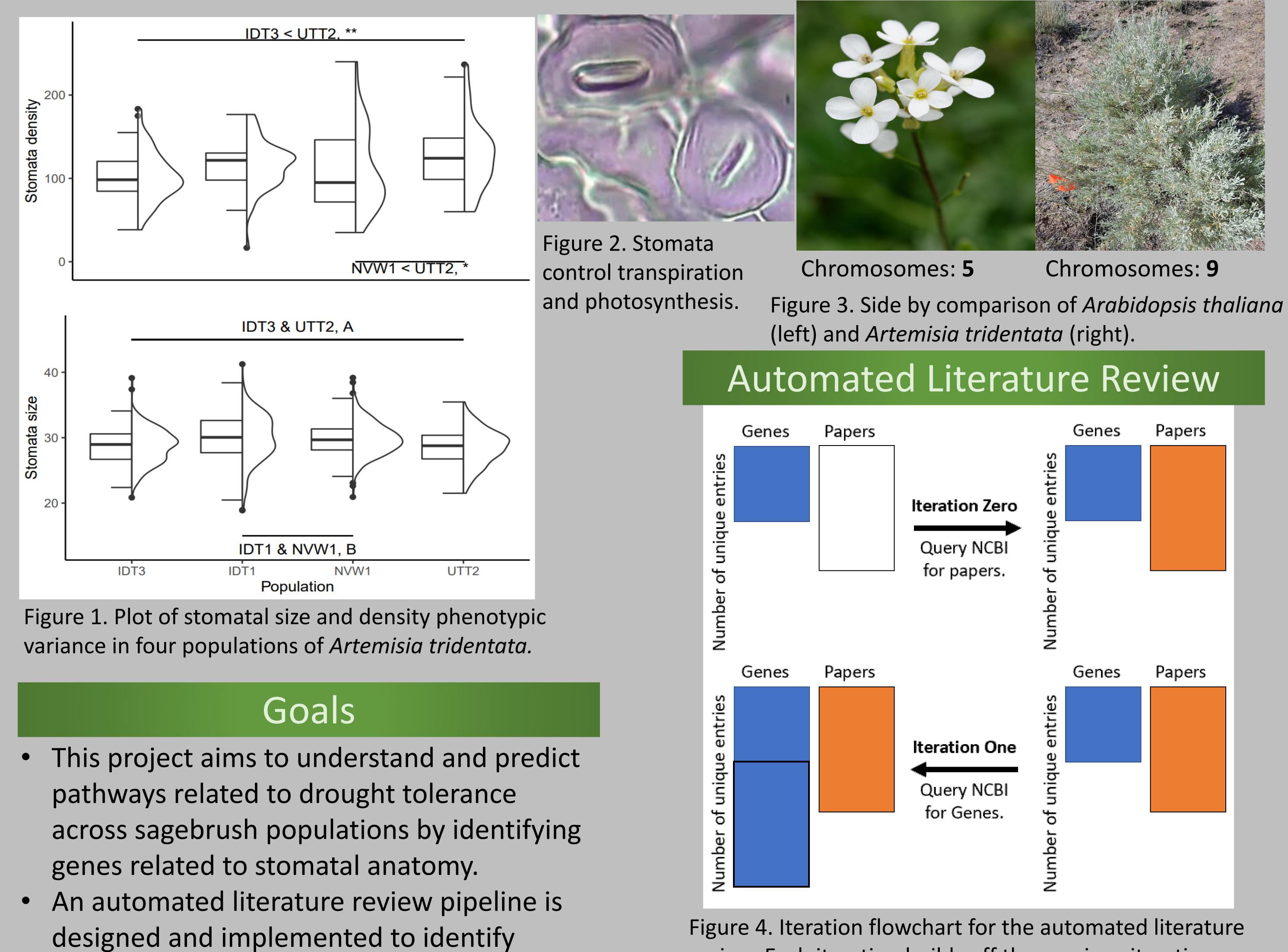


BOISE STATE UNIVERSITY

Introduction

Drought, heat waves, and fire have become more prevalent in northwestern North America threatening the sustainability of sagebrush (Artemisia tridentata) populations.



- genes related to our target phenotype.

Identifying Genes Related to Stomatal Anatomy: An Approach to Predict Drought **EPSCoR** Tolerance in Sagebrush, a Keystone Species of Northwestern America. Authorship: <u>Balzer B</u>, Dumaguit CD, Melton A, Martinez P, Buerki S

• Arabidopsis thaliana (Thale Cress) can be used to identify genes of interest and relationships between stomatal genes that can then be investigated in Artemisia tridentata. Arabidopsis thaliana Artemisia tridentata

review. Each iteration builds off the previous iteration.

• The filtering conditions for the automated literature review are too broad as genes not related to stomatal anatomy are being added to the data set for Arabidopsis thaliana.

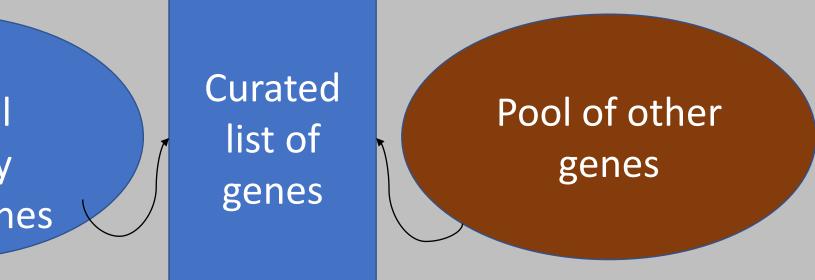
> stomatal anatomy related genes

Figure 4. Pools of genes being added to the curated list of stomatal anatomy related genes.

- al., 2021).

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Results



Discussion

Before correlating genes in Arabidopsis to genes in Artemisia, the automated literature review needs to run with the specificity to only include stomatal anatomy genes. • This could be achieved by filtering abstracts and Gene Ontology by associated words using a word bank or G2PMineR (Wojahn et

References

1. Wojahn, J. M., Galla, S. J., Melton, A. E., & Buerki, S. (2021). G2pminer: A genome to phenome literature review approach. Genes, 12(2), 293. https://doi.org/10.3390/genes12020293 2. <u>Arabidopsis thaliana</u> by © Marie-Lan Nguyen / Wikimedia Commons / CC-BY 2.5

Acknowledgements