Constructing a Volume Geometry Map For Hexahedra With Curved Boundary Geometries

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Knowledge for Tomorrow

Dynamic adaptive mesh refinement (AMR) with t8code

- t8code is a library for parallel (dynamic) adaptive mesh refinement
- During the simulation the mesh is arbitrarily refined and coarsened
- Algorithms for mesh adaptation, load-balancing, ghost elements, mesh iteration, search, etc.





Our work starts when the mesh generation is finished



"Coarse" input mesh from mesh generator

Adaptively refined during simulation





Space-filling curve



DLR

These methods are very efficient and massively scalable



Strong scale 1.9 billion tets



Weak scale, up to 142 billion elements

Recent milestone **1 Trillion element mesh:**

#processes	#Elements	#Elements/process	Ghost	Partition
98,304	1,099,511,627,776 [≅] 1.1e12	11,184,811	1.43s	0.33s



Geometry

All information on the geometry lies in the coarse mesh

The smaller the coarse mesh, the better

- Less memory
- Faster computation
- More hierarchy levels
- Less pre-processing overhead





Refinement without geometry information looses information

















Common approach

Equip the coarse mesh with additional geometry information (High-order, CAD, etc.) Use this information to evaluate geometry for fine mesh elements

Common approach: Surface projections







Why it fails

- We have **no a priori knowledge** of where fine mesh elements will arise
- Only projecting the elements closest to the surface will **distort the mesh** and may introduce **self intersections**







A volume geometry map

- We need to be able to evaluate the geometry for every possible element at every possible position in the original volume
- Therefore, we require a volume map G: Reference volume $\longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$





Possible cases







Curved edges

Curved surfaces

Any combination





Outline

Input:

- Coarse mesh Cell
- Curved edges and surfaces with parameter space



The volume map







Workflow with Gmsh







Some more examples









References

Checkout t8code at: <u>www.github.com/holke/t8code</u> (Work in progress on <u>https://github.com/sandro-elsweijer/t8code/tree/feature-brep_geometry_2</u>)

Holke J. Scalable algorithms for parallel tree-based adaptive mesh refinement with general element types PhD thesis, Rheinische Friedrich-Wilhelms-Universitat, Bonn, 2018

Holke J., Knapp D., Burstedde C. *An Optimized, Parallel Computation of the Ghost Layer for Adaptive Hybrid Forest Meshes* SIAM Journal on Scientific Computing, Vol. 43 (6), <u>https://doi.org/10.1137/20M1383033</u>

Elsweijer S. "Curved Domain Adaptive Mesh Refinement with Hexahedra." Tech. rep., Hochschule Bonn-Rhein-Sieg, Jul. 2021. URL https://elib.dlr.de/143537/





t8code @ SIAMPP22



MS28 Thursday, 24th, 11:45 UTC-8 / 19:45 GMT

A space-filling curve for pyramids *David Knapp,* J. Holke, C. Burstedde



IMR22, Thursday, 24th, 17:10 GMT / 09:10 UTC-8

Constructing a Volume Geometry Map For Hexahedra With Curved Boundary Geometries *Johannes Holke*, S. Elsweijer, J. Kleinert, D. Reith



Meshing contest @IMR22

