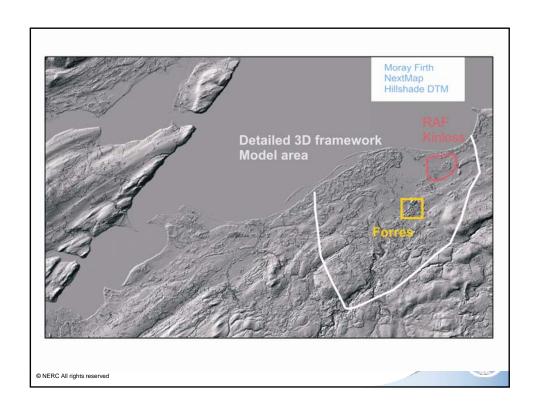
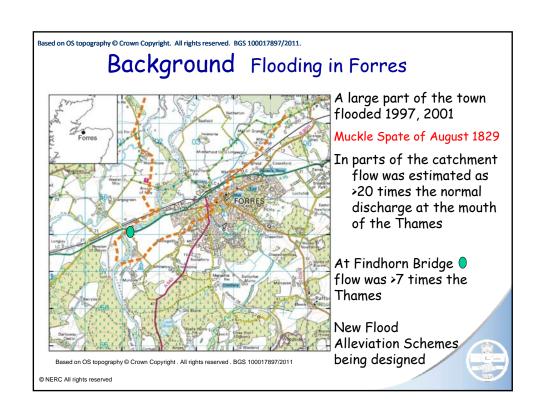


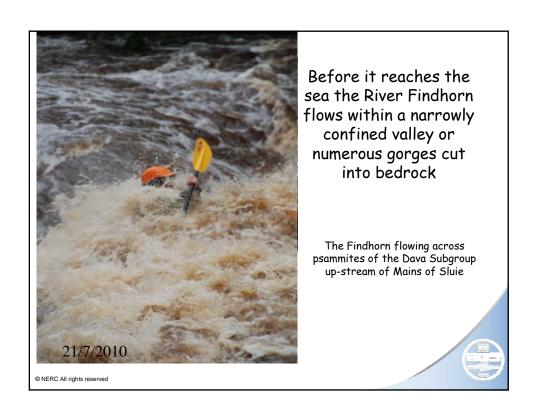
Outline

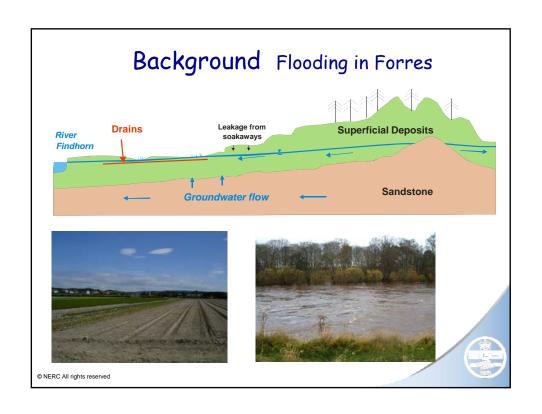
- Background ~ Where? Context? Drivers?
- Designing the work Programme ~
 Multidisciplinary team work (field and office)
- Making the framework models (local detailed framework, nested in a regional generalised framework)
- Reattributing the detailed model/How much detail do we need?
- The future

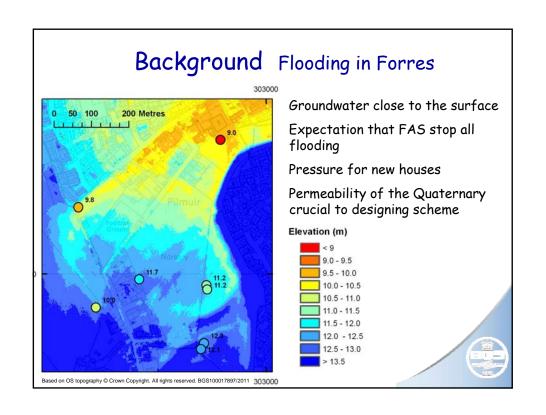
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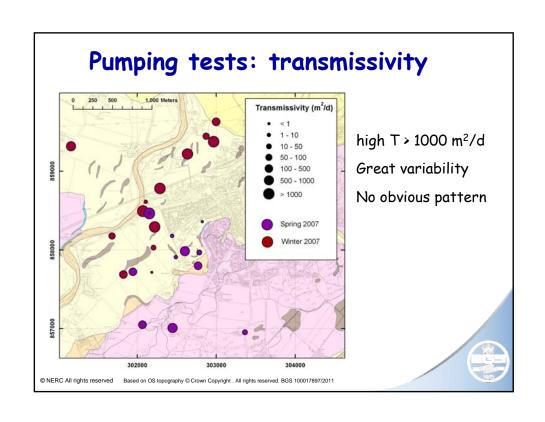


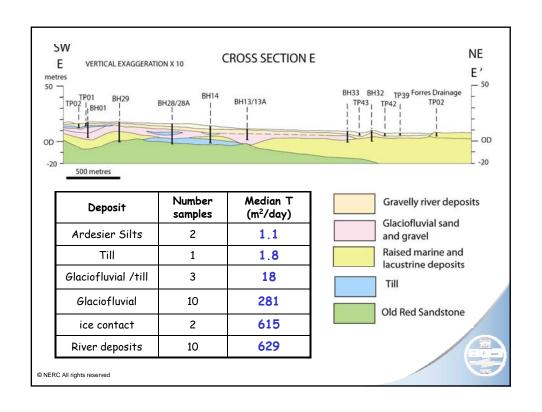


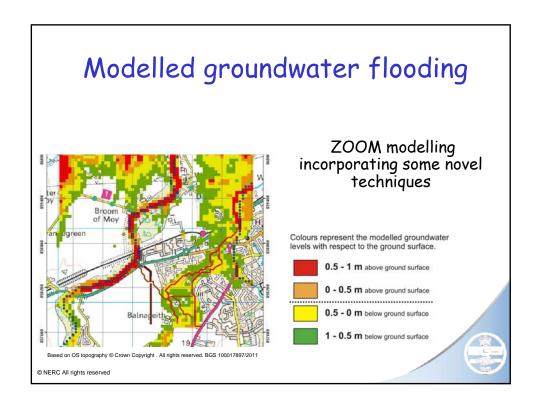
Estimating permeability

- 1. Pumping tests
- 2. Particle size distribution
- 3. Slug tests
- 4. Geology and modelling: putting it all together









Measuring permeability at outcrop





Hydrogeologists – test permeability *in situ*Geologists – tell us exactly what unit we are in.

Engineering geologists – do standard tests

and descriptions

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Guelph permeameter

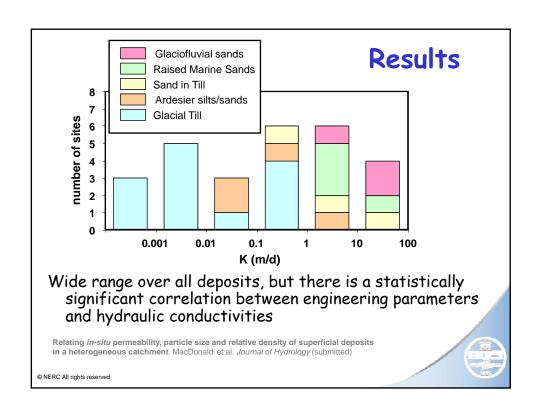
Make auger hole 10 cm deep

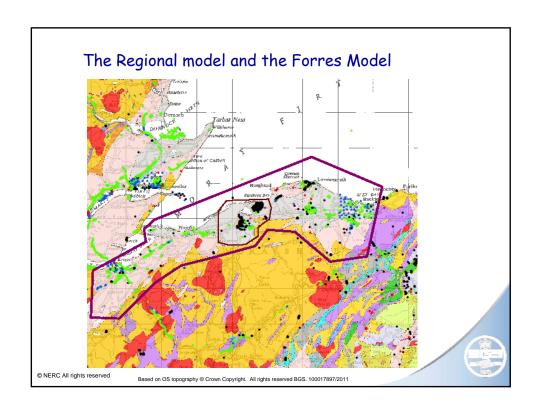
Difficult due to location of outcrops

Carry out test (<1 hour)

Range 0.001 - 20 m/d







Regional Model

Simple 6 layer model

Superficial Deposits (Glacial & Postglacial unconsolidated materials)

Sedimentary rocks

Jurassic (mudstones & sandstones)

Permian/Triassic (sandstones)

Devonian (Old Red Sandstone)

Major igneous intrusions (mainly granites)

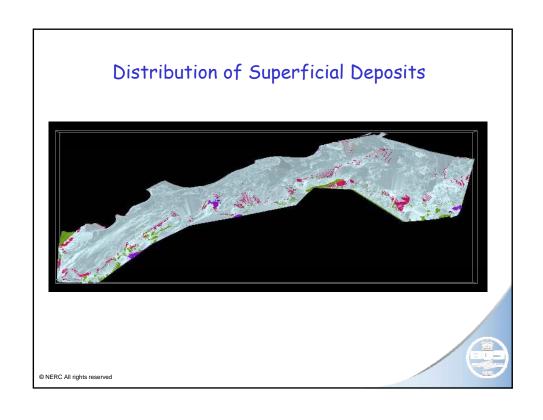
Ancient crystalline metamorphic basement

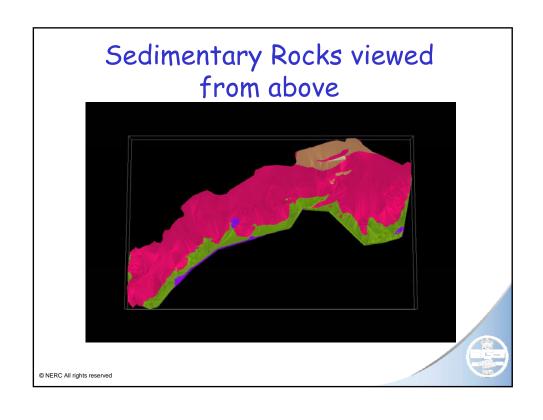
Extends on the southern flank of Moray Firth from Buckie to Inverness

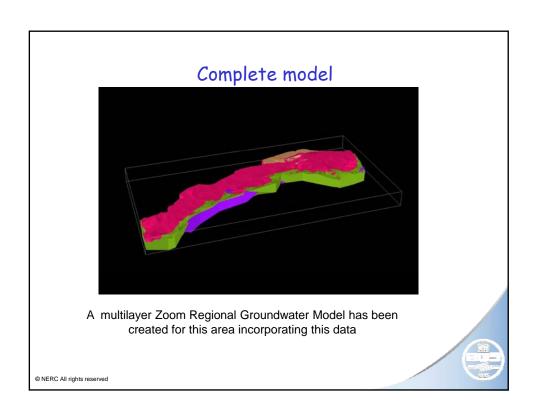


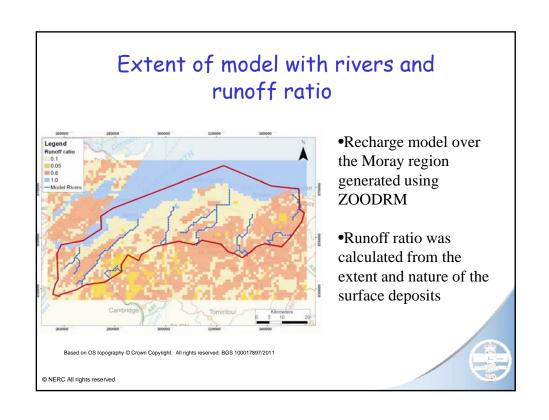
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Exploded regional model Jurassic Superficial Deposits Devonian Caledonian Intrusions Metamorphic Basement



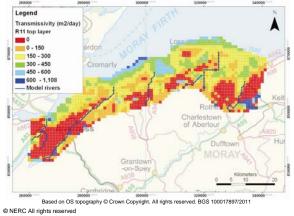






Transmissivity in the model

3 layer model: Superficial deposits, Sedimentary & Crystalline rocks



- •Transmissivity thickness x permeability
- •Thickness from GSI3D model; permeability from field measurements
- Results: plausible groundwater levels in superficial deposits and flows in rivers

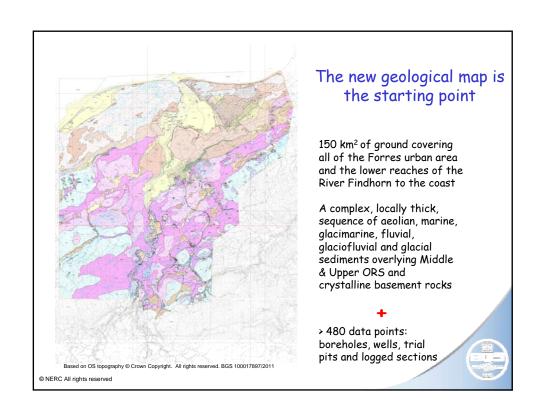
Forres Model

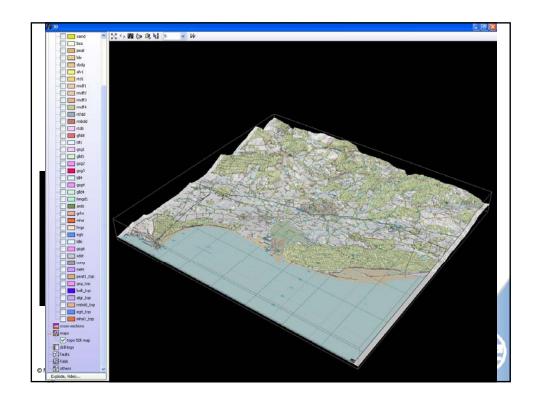
Complex model 47 layers including lenses

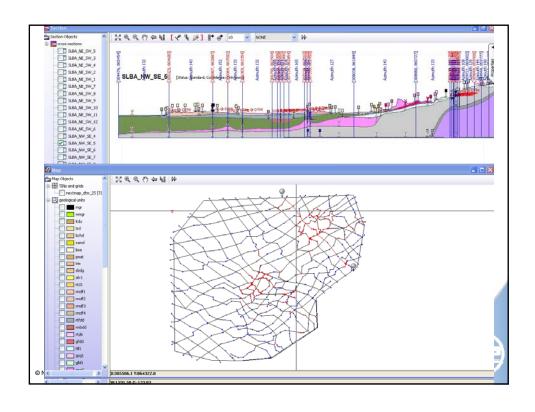
Bedrock ~ Crystalline basement (no distinction between country rock and intrusions: basal conglomerate, sandstone - but no faulting (modelled as 'stepped' profiles)

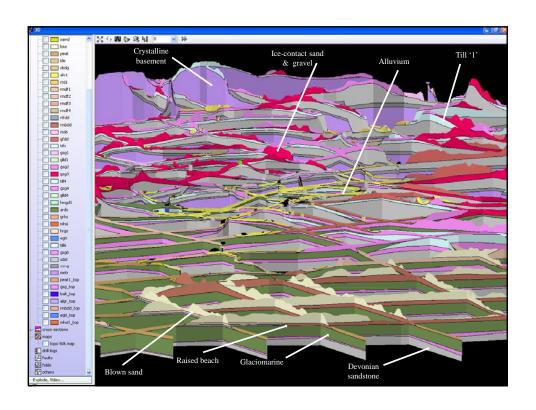
Remaining 44 layers are Quaternary (Superficial Deposits) + Artificial deposits (Flood prevention embankments are important)

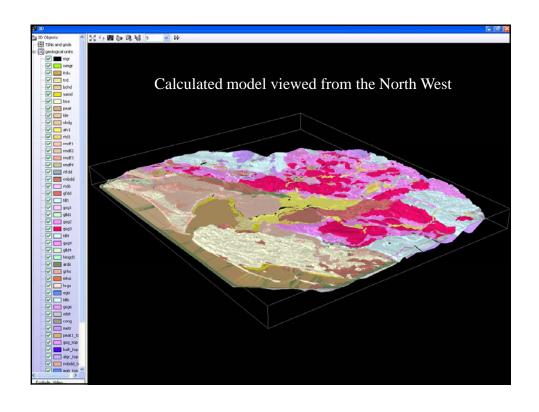
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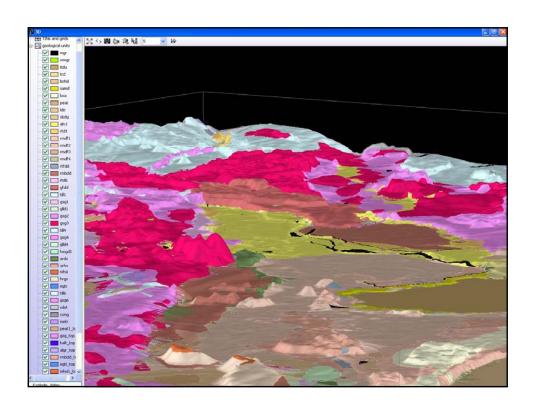


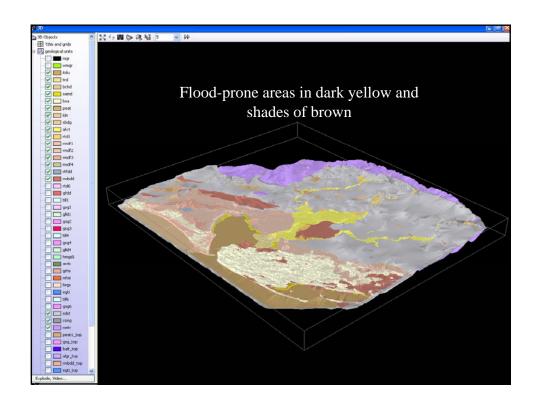


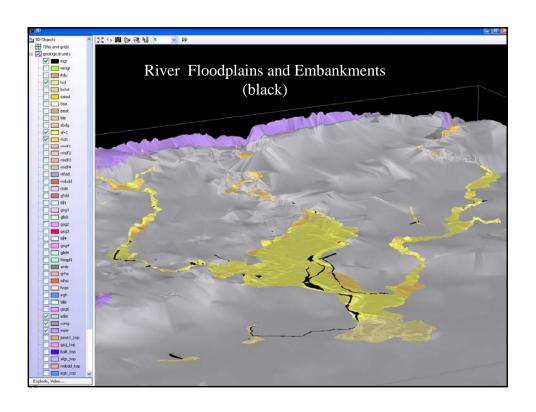


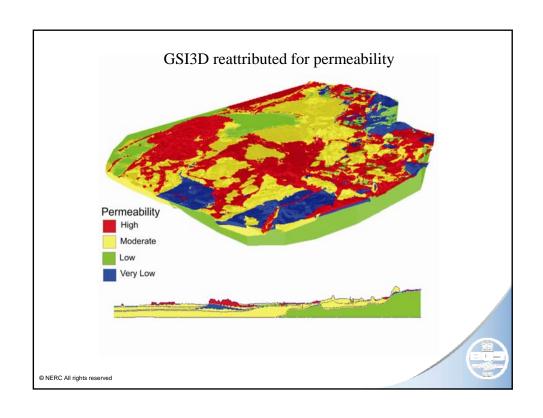


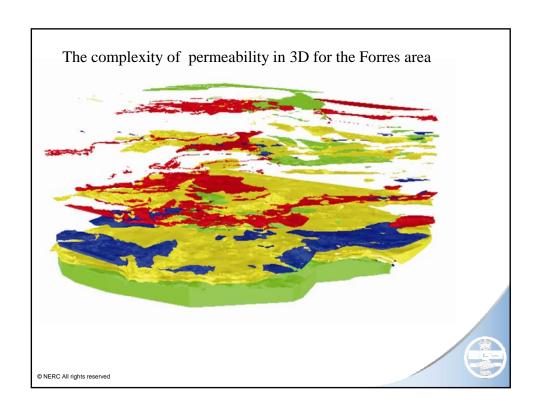


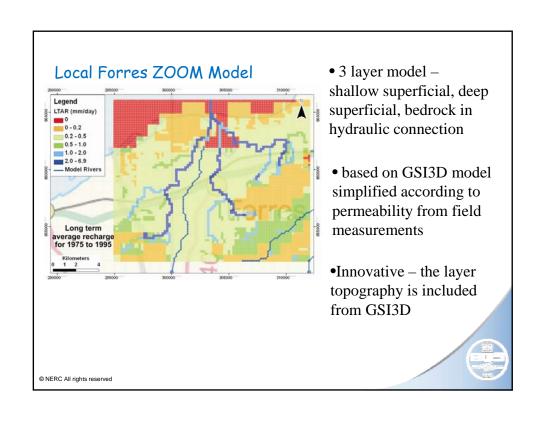


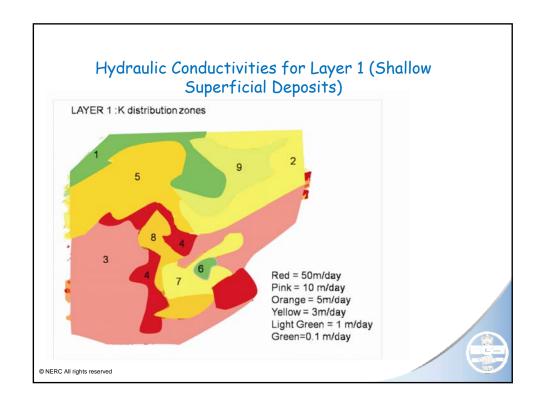


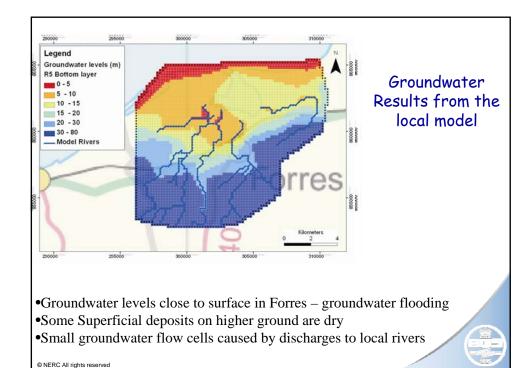












2011 and beyond

ONGOING

Reattribution of Forres model with geotechnical properties – end March 2011. Licence negotiations with consultants for Lithoframe of portion of detailed model.

NEW START

GSI3D framework building will focus on Inverness city and the surrounding Great Glen Area; baseline data collection started Winter 2010-11

Drivers:

- Last major urban area in the Scottish Highlands without updated geological coverage (land contamination issues)
- 2. Major Energy Infrastructure and Transport Improvement projects
- 3. Flood and slope stability risk

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