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# Advances in Tetrahydropyrido[1,2-a]isoindolone <br> (Valmerins) Series: Potent Glycogen Synthase Kinase 3 and Cyclin Dependent Kinase 5 Inhibitors. 

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Keywords ; pyridoisoindolone, Valmerin, GSK3, CDK5, kinase research, in vitro assays.

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#### Abstract

An efficient synthetic strategy was developed to modulate the structure of the tetrahydropyridine isoindolone (Valmerin) skeleton. A library of more than 30 novel final structures was generated. Biological activities on CDK5 and GSK3 as well as cellular effects on cancer cell lines were measured for each novel compound. Additionally docking studies were performed to support medicinal chemistry efforts. A strong GSK3/CDK5 dual inhibitor (38, $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ GSK3/CDK5 32/84 nM) was obtained. A set of highly selective GSK3 inhibitors was synthesized by fine-tuning structural modifications ( 29 IC $_{50}$ GSK3/CDK5 32/320 nM). Antiproliferative effects on cells were correlated with the in vitro kinase activities and the best effects were obtained with lung and colon cell lines.


## 1. Introduction

Cancer results mainly from cell cycle perturbations and leads to anarchic cellular proliferation. Gene mutations associated with cancer disease induce abnormality in cellular proliferation and differentiation and are often linked to resistance of several therapies $s$ [1-5]. The four phases (G1, S, G2, M) are critical for the regulation of the cell cycle and. a number of biochemical pathways have been discovered as key mechanisms for the initiation of a particular cell cycle event. Many protein kinases are activated in these biochemical pathways and mediate biological information in downstream signaling pathways through controlled phosphorylation events. Among the 518 kinases identified to date, it has been established that the ubiquitously expressed glycogen synthase kinase-3 (GSK3), mainly present in the cytoplasm, and cyclin-depend kinase 5 (CDK5), a nuclear pivot for cell cycle progression, play important roles in several biological mechanisms. GSK3 and CDK5 are reported as key mediators in neuronal migration, embryonic development, protein synthesis, cell proliferation and differentiation, microtubule dynamics, cell motility, steroidogenesis and apoptosis [2]. Deregulation of these protein kinases has been found in many human diseases and small molecules kinase inhibitor, which efficiently target GSK3 and CDK5 enzymes, are considered as potential solutions to contain the evolution of cancer. Several drugs acting on these two biological targets have entered clinical trials such as roscovitine (Seliciclib) that has progressed to phase II (Figure 1) [6,7].

As part of our efforts in finding better therapeutic solutions, our team has been involved for several years in the synthesis of novel disease-relevant kinase inhibitors and in particular drugs acting on CDK5, GSK3 and dual-specificity tyrosine phosphorylation-regulated kinase 1A (DYRK1A). We have developed synthetic strategies to optimize lamellarin-like or Vshaped indolylazines derivatives as well as oxo-arcyriaflavin or indolocarbazole analogues
(Figure 1), each series providing original skeletons as well as potent ATP competitive inhibitors able to inhibit the previously mentioned protein kinases [8].

Figure 1. Some examples of CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A inhibitors.

In addition, we have also performed virtual screening campaigns on CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A to rationalise the structure-activity relationships (SAR) and to accelerate optimization processes. During our investigations in the proposed tetrahydropyridoisoindolone series, we first identified valmerin 1 (Scheme 1) and evaluated its biological effects. This series exhibits strong kinase inhibition, induces apoptosis in cancer cells and shows in vivo tumour regression. We showed that the lead compound $\mathbf{1}$ acts on CDK1 or CDK5 and GSK3 in the nanomolar range without any effect on DYRK1A (up to 10 $\mu \mathrm{M})$, the upstream regulator of CDK and GSK3.

The development of the valmerin series, acting on GSK3 and/or CDK5, required a thorough exploration of each scaffold substituent to identify the critical pharmacophore. In a previous report, we determined that the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone core linked to a (het) Ar urea can induce kinase inhibition [9] and no modification to the tetrahydropyridine ring was explored. We surmise that such modification would interfere at the ATP binding site in the recognition mechanism between the novel molecules and the enzyme and would globally enhance the binding affinities and block kinase catalytic function. Specifically, we hypothesize that the structural modulation will lead to valmerins having an activity on GSK3 and selective to CDK5 or active on both GSK3 and CDK5. Having in hand such molecules in a single chemical family will be useful to understand the implication of Valmerins in the CDK and GSK3 cell pathways. These tools will lead to a good understanding of the action mode and will offer to medicinal chemists solutions to prepare, as example, roscovitine successors. Finally, we aim to answer the following question: Is the valmerin heterocyclic scaffold a
promising pharmacophoric model able to modulate kinase activity with achievable cellular effects?

To access the valmerin core, we modified the synthetic pathway and optimized novel synthetic routes. The nature and size of the urea heterocyclic group as well as the substitution of the tetrahydropyridine ring were the two main objectives of the chemistry efforts. The novel library was used to assess novel structure activity relationships. Molecular modelling studies were performed to corroborate the in vitro kinase activities with structural modifications. Finally, cellular effects were measured on several tumour cell lines in this study.

Scheme 1. Retrosynthetic scheme for the design of novel CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A valmerin inhibitors.

## 2. Chemistry

The synthesis of valmerins was achieved from 2-nitrophtalimide 2 and led to the interesting nitro derivatives $\mathbf{3}$ and $\mathbf{4}$ having a protected, but not necessary, ketone on the tetrahydropyridine core [9]. The transformation of dioxolane to thioacetal using ethanedithiol in the presence of $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ was first performed from 3. [10] Compound $\mathbf{5}$ was isolated with a yield of $86 \%$. Ketone 4 was then subjected to a reduction using sodium borohydride in a mixture of THF/MeOH in a $86 \%$ yield. The separation of the two stereoisomers cis and trans of 4 appears as very critical. HPLC purification indicate the presence of a mixture of the two diastereoisomers in a $7: 3$ ratio in favor of the cis configuration. [11] The purification led to the an analytical amount of pure diastereoisomer $\mathbf{6}$ in the very low yield of $14 \%$. The next methylation step was therefore carried out on the crude cis + trans mixture which was isolated directly after reduction of the ketone. Fortunately only the cis regioisomer 6 reacted under the special conditions involving methyl iodide in the presence of $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in THF at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a satisfying yield (other Williamson type conditions failed). [12] Derivative 7 was also purified satisfyingly as a single cis diastereoisomer
(COSY, NOESY and HSQC NMR experiments) with a yield, calculated from 4, of $61 \%$. Reduction of the nitro groups of $\mathbf{5}$ and $\mathbf{3}$ were carried out using an excess of $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$ and gave amino compounds $\mathbf{8}$ and $\mathbf{1 0}$ in a very good yield but, starting from 7, the reaction failed. When the reduction of derivative 7 was carried out under a hydrogen atmosphere, compound 9 was generated in a $95 \%$ yield.

## Scheme 2.

Aryl amines 8-10 were engaged in order to generate a novel valmerin series II. As kinase activities are directly linked to the presence of the aryl urea function, we tried several synthetic routes. The most convenient method remained the use of amines $\mathbf{8 - 1 0}$ which react from in situ freshly prepared isocyanates. Noteworthy, the previously mentioned isocyanates were obtained starting from the chosen carboxylic acids via a Curtius type rearrangement. This route appears to be very advantageous since many heteroaromatic carboxylic acids are commercially available. The use of this new strategy allowed us to develop an interesting variety of ureas 11-31 with satisfying yields. The ureas carrying an acetal were engaged in a final deprotection step to access the corresponding ketones. This sequence is particularly interesting since the direct synthesis of final derivatives, starting from $\mathbf{4}$ or $\mathbf{6}$, failed.

Treatment of compounds 11, 14, 17, $\mathbf{2 0}$ and $\mathbf{2 3}$ with an aqueous solution of hydrochloric acid at $10 \%$ in refluxing acetone led to the desired ketones $\mathbf{3 2 - 3 6}$ with yields of up to $79 \%$. The final compounds 37-41 were then directly isolated from ureas 32-36 by reduction with sodium borohydride in a $\mathrm{THF} / \mathrm{MeOH}$ mixture. After stirring for 2 hours at a temperature range of $0-5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the final products $\mathbf{3 7 - 4 1}$ were straightforwardly isolated as their single cis diastereoisomers, with satisfying yields. The other stereoisomer was never observed (TLC, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR of the crude material).

## Scheme 3.

Table 1. Synthesis of Valmerins 11-41.

## 3. Kinase assays

The library of valmerins $\mathbf{1 1 - 4 1}$ was first evaluated in a primary kinase screen using the targeted enzymes CDK5 and GSK3 and the off-target kinase DYRK1A (Table 2). In a previous study, we clearly showed that the urea moiety is necessary to induce a biological effect [9]. More specifically, close to the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone scaffold, a heteroaryl urea is necessary in position $C-10$. The heterocycles contain a nitrogen atom in position $C-2^{\prime}$. Valmerin $\mathbf{1}$ acts on CDK5 and GSK3 in a quite similar manner.

In our novel valmerins (Table 2), whatever the group used in position $C-2$, a urea in $C$-10 with a small five-membered cycle such as pyrazole (entry 6) led to the loss of kinase inhibition whereas an increase in the (het)Ar size such as a quinoline moiety (entry 4) led to some active compounds. Derivatives 40 and 22 act mainly on GSK3 (35 and 180 nM respectively; entries $4 \mathrm{e}, 4 \mathrm{c}$ ). Valmerin $\mathbf{4 0}$ which possesses a $C$ - 2 hydroxyl group is one of the most selective derivatives so far, as it interferes with CDK5 and DYRK1A in a micromolar range. The first discrimination of CDK5 and GSK3 is achieved in this example.

We found CDK5 inhibitors with remarkable $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ in the nanomolar range without effect on GSK3 but modifications of structures could modify the level of the second activity. When pyrazine was used instead of pyridine as the (het)Ar moiety, an excellent dual inhibitor was obtained. The inhibition values for compound 38 were 84 and 32 nM against CDK5 and GSK3 respectively (entry 2 e ). Globally each methoxylation in $C-2$ diminished activity and favored the effect on GSK3; the previously mentioned duality was lost (entries $1 \mathrm{c}-4 \mathrm{c}, 5 \mathrm{~b}-7 \mathrm{~b}$, 8).

Compounds bearing a ketone in $C-2$ position remained inactive (entries $1 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{~d}$ ) whatever the tested kinase. It is possible that the presence of a planar and $\pi$ electron rich dipole was detrimental for kinase binding. A cyclic acetal was better tolerated by the active site despite
the large size of this moiety. Valmerins which possess this electron rich cycle acted preferentially on GSK3 (entries 1a-5a). The best score was obtained with 14, which bears the dioxolane ring in $C-2$ and inhibited GSK3 with an $\mathrm{IC}_{50}=260 \mathrm{nM}$. The activity on CDK 5 was 30 fold weaker.

Surprisingly, replacing dioxolane by dithiolane enhanced the enzymatic activities on GSK3 as well as on CDK5 (for derivatives 12, $\mathbf{1 5}$ and $\mathbf{2 7}$, entries $1 \mathrm{~b}, 2 \mathrm{~b}$ and 7 a respectively). Adding a supplementary heavy lipophilic bromine atom on the pyridine urea increased selectivity to a very high level (entry 10). Valmerin 31 was active on GSK3 with an $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ of 68 nM: the selectivity toward CDK 5 increased by 100 fold.

## 4. Molecular modelling studies

To rationalise the structure-activity relationships, the molecules were docked into the binding site of GSK3 $\beta$ and CDK5. We found two main modes of binding depending on the substituent attached to the urea moiety. In one binding mode the carboxyl group of the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone scaffold points towards the catalytic lysine Lys85, forming a hydrogen bond interaction and the urea is positioned parallel to the hinge region, creating a hydrogen bond interaction between the urea and the backbone of Val135 [9]. A second mode of binding was more frequently observed in GSK $3 \beta$ and is shown on Figure 2. The carboxyl group of the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone scaffold forms a hydrogen bond interaction with the NH backbone of Val35, and the urea interacts with the catalytic lysine Lys85. Interestingly, in this orientation the heterocyclic ring attached to the urea can form an additional hydrogen bond interaction with Lys85 if a nitrogen is present at the ortho position. As shown in Figure 2, the nitrogen of the pyridine moiety from compound 29 interacts with Lys85, and a bidentate hydrogen bond is now present with Lys85. This binding mode can explain the kinase activity obtained with most of the 6 -membered rings compared to 5 -membered rings
such as pyrazole where there is a drop in kinase activity probably because of the lack of this hydrogen bond.

Table 2. Kinase inhibitions of derivatives 11-41.
The substituent attached to the saturated ring of the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone scaffold interacts with Thr138 through a hydrogen bond network or van der Waals interaction depending on the orientation of the residue side chain. Based on the binding mode analysis and sequence alignment of GSK3 $\beta$, CDK5 and DYRK1A, we suggest that the low activity of the compounds for DYRK1A and CDK5 is due to the large gatekeeper residue Phe compared to Leu132 in GSK3 $\beta$, creating a steric hindrance with the tetrahydropyridoisoindolone scaffold. Additionally, the lack of activity towards DYRK1A might be due to the larger residue Val306, compared to Ala143 and Cys199 in CDK5 and GSK3 $\beta$ respectively, located below the plane of the scaffold and at position $\mathrm{N}-1$ in the DFG motif.

Figure 2. Binding mode representation of compound 29 in GSK3 $\beta$ (PDB entry 1J1B).

## 5. Cellular screening

The toxicity on synthesized molecules was assessed on six cancer cell lines; Huh7 (liver), Caco2 (colon), MDA-MB231 (breast), HCT-116 (colon), PC3 (prostate), NCI H727 (lung). The molecules were generally cytostatic, blocking cell cycle replication. These results are typical for most kinase inhibitors acting on the targeted kinases (CDK5 and GSK3 $\beta$ ) such as roscovitine used in our test as a reference.

All the derivatives which were tested on the kinase assay were evaluated on the cell line panel. Surprisingly all the derivatives bearing an OH in $C-2$ position, i.e., $\mathbf{3 8}, \mathbf{3 9}$ and $\mathbf{4 0}$, led to inactive derivatives as if the hydroxyl group was too sensitive and induced instability in the cell culture media. Among the $C$-2 OMe family which appears active against GSK3 (i.e., $\mathbf{1 3}$ and 29), only 29 led to interesting cellular effects. The best inhibition of growth was obtained
with the colon cell line HCT-116 $\left(\mathrm{IC}_{50}=30 \mathrm{nM}\right)$ and the liver cell line Huh7 $\left(\mathrm{IC}_{50}=100 \mathrm{nM}\right)$. Other cell lines were affected with an $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ between 300 and 500 nM .

Concerning the derivatives carrying $C-2$ thio acetals (12, 15, 27 and $\mathbf{3 1}$ ), cellular effects were maintained in the nanomolar range only when the urea (het)Ar moiety was a pyrazine group which could be unsubstituted or methylated (15 and 27). For compound 15, the cellular activity on Huh7 was similar to the one observed with 29. The toxicity against HCT-116 remained high $\left(\mathrm{IC}_{50}=100 \mathrm{nM}\right)$. A real improvement on the breast cell line was observed, with the $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ reaching 150 nM .

Table 3. Most potent Valmerins in cell line assays.

## 6. Conclusions

We have developed efficient synthetic routes able to modulate the structure of the tetrahydropyridine skeleton. A library of more than 30 novel final structures was generated and our valmerin library considerably enhanced biological activities on CDK5 and GSK3. Cellular effects on cancer cell lines were measured for each novel compound. The proposed structural modifications modulated the enzyme/drug recognition mechanism. Based on this novel scaffold, we were able to develop inhibitors exhibiting in vitro nanomolar activities on either both CDK5 and GSK3 with similar potency or only GSK3 with a 100 fold activity factor against CDK5. Molecular modelling provided information on the interaction of the best candidate 29 in the GSK3 binding site. Strong interactions were developed by the creation of hydrogen bonds, the carbonyl having an interaction with the hinge region (NH backbone) whereas the 2-pyridine or pyrazine urea interacts with the catalytic lysine residue. Modulations of the structure led to the three best derivatives which were evaluated in cellular assays. Antiproliferative effects were found in the nanomolar range. The strong cytostatic effect induced apoptosis in several cancer cell lines and more predominantly in lung and colon cell lines. This novel study confirms that the valmerin heterocyclic scaffold is of
interest for the medicinal chemistry community and further investigations are currently in progress to envision a development of this series.

## 7. Acknowlegements.

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## 8. Experimental section.

### 8.1. Chemistry.

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DPX 250 MHz or 400 MHz instrument using $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ or DMSO- $d_{6}$. The chemical shifts are reported in parts per million ( $\delta$ scale) and all coupling constant $(J)$ values are in Hertz $(\mathrm{Hz})$. The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: $s$ (singlet), $d$ (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet) and dd (doublet doublet). Melting points are uncorrected. IR absorption spectra were obtained on a Perkin Elmer PARAGON 1000 PC and values are reported in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. HRMS were recorded on a Bruker maXis mass spectrometer. Monitoring of the reactions was performed using silica gel TLC plates (silica Merck 60 F254). Spots were visualized by UV light at 254 nm and 356 nm . Column chromatographies were performed using silica gel 60 (0.063-0.200 mm, Merck).

### 8.1.1. 10-Nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-

## 6-one 5.

To a stirred solution of $\mathbf{3}\left(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 3.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0\right.$ eq.) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(40 \mathrm{~mL})$, were added dropwise, at room temperature, ethane dithiol ( $1.24 \mathrm{~mL}, 17.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 5.0 \mathrm{eq}$.) and then $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\left(2.15 \mathrm{~mL}, 17.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 5.0\right.$ eq.). After 24 h of stirring at room temperature, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
$(40 \mathrm{~mL})$ and an aq. $\mathrm{NaOH}(1 \mathrm{M})$ solution $(40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. After extraction with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ $(40 \mathrm{~mL})$ the combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography (PE/EtOAc 40/60) led to $\mathbf{5}$ as beige solid in $86 \%$ yield. m.p. $185-187^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1689,1524,1416,1345$, 1079. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.51(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.97-2.19(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.21-2.35(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97-3.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.19-3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.37-3.56(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.57-4.58$ (m, 1H), $5.25(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.69(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.18(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(63 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 38.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $39.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $39.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 59.5(\mathrm{CH}), 65.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 127.2(\mathrm{CH})$, $130.1(\mathrm{CH}), 130.3(\mathrm{CH}), 135.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 143.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 163.7(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 323.0524$, found: 323.0509.

### 8.1.2. cis-2-Hydroxy-10-nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one cis-6.

To a solution of compound $4(500 \mathrm{mg}, 2.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ eq.) in a THF/MeOH ( $10 \mathrm{~mL} / 20$ $\mathrm{mL})$ mixture, $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}\left(155 \mathrm{mg}, 4.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0\right.$ eq.) was slowly added portion wise at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The solution was stirred at this temperature for 1 h and then at room temperature for 4 h . Water ( 10 mL ) was added, and the aqueous phase was extracted first with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \times 10$ $\mathrm{mL})$ and then with EtOAc $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 95 / 5\right)$ to give cis- 6 as a white solid in $14 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{IR}\left(\right.$ ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ v 2973, 1683, 1566, 1329, 1288. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.76(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.11-1.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.08(\mathrm{td}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.91-3.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.02-5.09(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{t}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $8.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 34.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 57.9(\mathrm{CH}), 66.4(\mathrm{CH}), 127.1(\mathrm{CH}), 129.7(\mathrm{CH}), 130.3(\mathrm{CH}), 135.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.7(\mathrm{Cq})$,
$143.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 162.6(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 249.0870$, found: 249.0871.

### 8.1.3. cis-2-Methoxy-10-nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one 7.

To the solution of $\mathbf{6}$ (mixture cis and trans, $100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ eq.) in dry THF ( 5 mL ), were added $\mathrm{MeI}(0.25 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 10.0$ eq. $)$ and freshly prepared $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}(37.0 \mathrm{mg}, 1.6$ $\mathrm{mmol}, 4.0$ eq.). The mixture was stirred at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . After cooling to room temperature, the precipitate was filtered, washed with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ to afford compound 7 as a white solid in $61 \%$ yield (calcd from 4). m.p. $132-134{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1688, 1523 1349, 1285, 1112, 941, 767. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 0.82(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.22-1.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.96-3.09(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.61-3.67(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.56(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.96(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.67(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $37.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 58.6(\mathrm{CH}), 76.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.9(\mathrm{CH}), 130.1(\mathrm{CH}), 135.7$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 143.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 163.5(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 263.1026, found: 263.1030 .

### 8.1.4. 10-Amino-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]di-thiolan]-6-one 8.

To a stirred solution of $\mathbf{5}(800 \mathrm{mg}, 2.4 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{EtOH}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}(6.8 \mathrm{~g}$, $36.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 15.0$ eq.). The mixture was stirred overnight then solvent was evaporated in vacuum keeping the temperature of the solution below $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The residue was cooled at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ then neutralized successively by an aqueous NaOH (2M) solution. After extraction with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(40 \mathrm{~mL})$, the combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated in vacuum. The crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH}\right.$
$99 / 1$ ) to give compound $\mathbf{8}$ as yellow solid in $80 \%$ yield. m.p. 204-206 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ v 3236, $1675,1487,1287,1003 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.63-1.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.02$ $(\mathrm{td}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.13-2.24(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.78-2.92(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.23(\mathrm{td}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.31-3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.41-4.60(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.80(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(63 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 38.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 41.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 57.1(\mathrm{CH}), 65.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 114.3(\mathrm{CH}), 118.4(\mathrm{CH}), 129.0(\mathrm{Cq})$, $129.7(\mathrm{CH}), \quad 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), \quad 141.4(\mathrm{Cq}), \quad 166.7(\mathrm{Cq}) . \quad$ HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OS}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}:$293.0782, found: 293.0774 .

### 8.1.5. cis-10-Amino-2-methoxy-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one 9.

To a stirred solution of compound $7(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 3.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute EtOH $(30 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added freshly prepared W Raney Nikel (ca 200 mg ). The resulting suspension was hydrogenated ( 1 atm ) at room temperature for 14 h . The mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and washed with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were concentrated under vacuum to give compound 9 as a yellow solid in $95 \%$ yield. m.p. $60-62^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( ATRDiamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 3236,1683,1566,1288 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.05(\mathrm{q}, J=12.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34-1.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{td}, J=$ $2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.52-3.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.30(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.25$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(63 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.2$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 77.1(\mathrm{CH}), 114.2(\mathrm{CH}), 118.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 141.2(\mathrm{Cq})$, 166.6 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 233.1285$, found: 233.1289.

### 8.1.6. 10-Amino-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6 $H$-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]

 dioxolan]-6-one 10.Derivative $\mathbf{1 0}$ was prepared from $\mathbf{3}$ as previously described for $\mathbf{8}$. The crude residue was purified by silica gel chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ to give compound $\mathbf{1 0}$ as a white
solid in $82 \%$ yield. m.p. $76-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1710, 1542, 1366, 1143, 1028.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.38(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.67(\mathrm{td}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.81-1.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.44-2.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.23(\mathrm{td}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, 2H), 3.99-4.14 (m, 4H), 4.41-4.61 (m, 2H), 6.81 (dd, $J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.36$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(63 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 34.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.8(\mathrm{CH}), 64.9$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 65.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 107.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 114.5(\mathrm{CH}), 118.4(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 129.6(\mathrm{CH}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq})$, $141.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.8(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 261.1239$, found: 261.1238.

### 8.1.7. General procedure $A$ for the urea synthesis.

Under Argon, a stirred solution of carboxylic acid ( $0.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ eq.) and $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(0.48$ $\mathrm{mmol}, 1.3$ eq.) in dry THF ( 7 mL ) was cooled to $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Ethyl chloroformate ( $0.55 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ eq.) was dropwise added and the resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h . Afterwards, a solution of sodium azide ( $0.63 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.7 \mathrm{eq}$.$) in water (2 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added in one portion. After 1 h at $10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction was found to be complete (TLC) and was quenched into iced water (5 mL ). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) and the combined organic layers were successively dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and evaporated. The crude acyl azide was placed in dry toluene ( 20 mL ) and heated at reflux for 1 h to give the corresponding crude isocyanate. The latter was placed in dry dioxane $(7 \mathrm{~mL})$ prior to adding the appropriate amine $\mathbf{8 , 9}$ or $\mathbf{1 0}\left(0.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0 \mathrm{eq}\right.$.). The solution was heated at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . The reaction mixture was cooled and the volatiles were removed to dryness in vacuum at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

### 8.1.8. 1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 11.

Compound $\mathbf{1 1}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{1 0}$ and pyridin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $78 \%$ yield. m.p. $178-180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 3305-3224, 1651,

1529-1485-1427, 1288, 1200, 723. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.27(\mathrm{t}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.50(\mathrm{td}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.1,1 \mathrm{H}), 1.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.62(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$ $9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.16(\mathrm{td}, J=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=14.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.96(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.01-4.09(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.29(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.81(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.09(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36-7.43(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.74-7.86(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.21-8.35(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 9.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.42(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 33.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $38.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.5(\mathrm{CH}), 64.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 64.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 106.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 112.1(\mathrm{CH}), 117.5(\mathrm{CH}), 117.6$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 122.5(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.1(\mathrm{CH}), 146.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $152.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.8(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}:$381.1563, found: 381.1553 .

### 8.1.9. 1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-

 10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 12.Compound $\mathbf{1 2}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and pyridin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in a $96 \%$ yield. m.p. $242-244{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1703,1677 , 1553, 1510, 1483, 1418, 1310, 1153. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.22-1.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 1.75 (t, $J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.92$ (d, $J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.72(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.97-3.14 (m, 1H), 3.23-3.52 (m, 4H), 4.27 (dd, $J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.59(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.03-7.12(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.39(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.75-7.86(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.26-8.33$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.00(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.17(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 37.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 44.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 65.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 112.1(\mathrm{CH}), 117.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $117.8(\mathrm{CH}), 123.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.1(\mathrm{CH}), 146.4$
$(\mathrm{CH}), 152.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.8(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$: 435.0878, found: 435.0870 .

### 8.1.10. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 13.

Compound $\mathbf{1 3}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{9}$ and pyridin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $81 \%$ yield. m.p. $166-168^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1688,1602,1579$, $1478,1418,1312,1291,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.04(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.13-$ $1.42(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.01-3.09(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.37(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.59-3.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.60(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.49(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.70(\mathrm{td}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.66(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 30.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $77.4(\mathrm{CH}), 112.4(\mathrm{CH}), 117.7(\mathrm{CH}), 119.5(\mathrm{CH}), 124.5(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3$ (Cq), $135.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.2(\mathrm{CH}), 145.5(\mathrm{CH}), 152.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.0(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 353.1614$, found: 353.1603.

### 8.1.11. 1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]

 -10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 14Compound 14 was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{1 0}$ and pyrazin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a pale brown solid in $68 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1698,1570 , 1549-1504-1478, 1298, 1244, 1073. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.23(\mathrm{t}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.51(\mathrm{td}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.55(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.15(\mathrm{td}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83-4.00(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.01-4.14(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.28(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.78(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$,
$7.49(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.25-8.34(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.03(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 10.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d $\mathrm{d}_{6}$ ) $\delta 33.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $55.5(\mathrm{CH}), 64.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 64.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 106.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 118.0(\mathrm{CH}), 123.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.5(\mathrm{CH}), 137.8(\mathrm{CH}), 140.8(\mathrm{CH}), 149.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 151.7(\mathrm{Cq})$, 164.7 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 404.1335$, found: 404.1327.

### 8.1.12. 1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan

 1-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 15.Compound $\mathbf{1 5}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and pyrazin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $90 \%$ yield. m.p. $236-238{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) $\vee 1676,1551$, 1505-1483-1421, 1298, 1138. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.63(\mathrm{t}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), $1.96(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.16(\mathrm{td}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28-3.48(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.33(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.79$ (dd, $J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-7.54(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.08(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.40(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 10.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.19(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 37.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $38.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 44.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 65.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 118.3(\mathrm{CH}), 124.1(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.6(\mathrm{CH}), 137.7(\mathrm{CH}), 140.8(\mathrm{CH}), 149.2(\mathrm{Cq})$, 151.7 (Cq), 164.7 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 436.0878$, found: 436.0870 .

### 8.1.13. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 16.

Compound $\mathbf{1 6}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{9}$ and pyrazin-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $78 \%$ yield. m.p. $192-194{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1684,1595,1557$,

1486, 1421, 1306, 1084, 753. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.80(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.14-1.24(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.14(\mathrm{td}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.69-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.34(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.73$ (dd, $J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.54(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 8.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.40(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $9.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.14(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 30.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.8(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3(\mathrm{CH}), 118.0(\mathrm{CH}), 123.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.5(\mathrm{CH}), 137.9(\mathrm{CH}), 141.1(\mathrm{CH}), 149.2$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 151.7$ (Cq), 164.6 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 376.1386$, found: 376.1370.

### 8.1.14. 1-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 17.

Compound $\mathbf{1 7}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{1 0}$ and 6-methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $75 \%$ yield. m.p. $240-242{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $3180,1685,1584$, $1560,1510,1327,1287,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.69$ $(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.60(\mathrm{~s}$, 3 H ), 3.27 (td, $J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.74-4.05(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.53(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.93(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47-7.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.16(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 12.14$ $(\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 22.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 33.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.5$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 63.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 106.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 108.3(\mathrm{CH}), 115.7(\mathrm{CH}), 118.7(\mathrm{CH}), 124.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $128.1(\mathrm{CH}), 131.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 132.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 138.2(\mathrm{CH}), 151.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 154.4$ (Cq), $165.1(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 395.1719, found: 395.1733.

### 8.1.15. 1-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 18.

Compound 18 was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 6methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $78 \%$ yield. m.p. $154-156^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 2922, 1689, 1622, $1596,1429,1355,1290,741 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.61(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.03$ $(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.60(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.14-3.29(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 4.53(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.92(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58-7.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.48(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 12.05(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 29.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 38.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 57.8$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 65.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 109.8(\mathrm{CH}), 116.8(\mathrm{CH}), 120.4(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(2 \mathrm{CH}), 132.4(\mathrm{Cq})$, $133.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 136.8(2 \mathrm{Cq}), 152.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 154.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.8(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 427.1262$, found: 427.1278 .

### 8.1.16. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)urea 19.

Compound 19 was prepared from following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine 9 and 6-methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $75 \%$ yield. m.p. $167-169{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1689,1589 , $1556,1436,1283,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.03(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.27-1.38$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.56(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.02(\mathrm{td}, J=3.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.30(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.53-3.59(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.58(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.69(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.49$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.93(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 24.4$
$\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 30.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.2(\mathrm{CH}), 77.3(\mathrm{CH}), 109.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $117.0(\mathrm{CH}), 120.0(\mathrm{CH}), 125.8(\mathrm{CH}), 129.2(\mathrm{CH}), 133.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.2$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 155.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.0(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 367.1770$, found: 367.1776.

### 8.1.17. 1-(4-Methoxyquinolin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]

 isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 20.Compound $\mathbf{2 0}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{1 0}$ and 4-methoxyquinoline-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $72 \%$ yield. m.p. $258-260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 2967,1689,1621,1585,1414,1332,1289,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.38$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.62-1.81(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.27-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.59-$ $3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.02(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.56(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$ $13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.47(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.49(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.67-7.73(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $8.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.86(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 12.57(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 34.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.5(\mathrm{CH}), 64.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 64.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 91.5(\mathrm{CH}), 107.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 118.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 119.6(\mathrm{CH}), 121.9(\mathrm{CH}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 125.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $126.5(\mathrm{CH}), 128.8(\mathrm{CH}), 130.5(\mathrm{CH}), 133.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.4$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 154.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 163.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.1(\mathrm{Cq})$. $\mathrm{HRMS}(\mathrm{ESI})$ calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 461.1825, found: 461.1844.

### 8.1.18. 1-(4-Methoxyquinolin-2-yl)-3-(6-0xo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 21.

Compound $\mathbf{2 1}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 4-methoxyquinoline-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $80 \%$ yield. m.p. $250-252^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 2975,1685,1621,1585,1414,1332,1289,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.68$
(t, $J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.06(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.47-$ $2.57(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.78-3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.19(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.00(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.58(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.48(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.39(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.64(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.72$ (d, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.00(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.01(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 12.56(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 38.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.7(\mathrm{CH}), 65.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 91.5(\mathrm{CH}), 118.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 120.2(\mathrm{CH})$, $121.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 126.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 128.7(\mathrm{CH}), 130.4(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.4$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 136.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 154.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 163.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.9(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 493.1368, found: 493.1384 .

### 8.1.19. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxyquinolin-2-yl)urea 22.

Compound $\mathbf{2 2}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine 9 and 4-methoxyquinoline-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $80 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) $v 1694,1610,1556,1479,1416,1338,1295,759 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.76(\mathrm{q}$, $J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.05-1.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.15(\mathrm{td}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.01(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.30$ (dd, $J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.92(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.41-$ $7.51(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.77(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.15(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.99(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , DMSO$\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 30.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 34.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 54.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.9(\mathrm{CH}), 56.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 76.4(\mathrm{CH}), 91.9$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 117.8(\mathrm{CH}), 118.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 121.5(\mathrm{CH}), 123.6(\mathrm{CH}), 124.1(\mathrm{CH}), 126.3(\mathrm{CH}), 128.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $130.7(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 162.9$ (Cq), 164.6 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 433.1876$, found: 433.1884.

### 8.1.20. 1-(3-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 23.

Compound $\mathbf{2 3}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{1 0}$ and 3-methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $72 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 1679,1566,1480-1415$, $1291,1135 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.35(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.53(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.32(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.17(\mathrm{td}, J$ $=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81-4.07(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.30(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.84$ (dd, $J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.09(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.39-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 12.4$ (s, 1H). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 17.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) 34.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $55.7(\mathrm{CH}), 64.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 64.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 107.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 110.8(\mathrm{CH}), 112.7(\mathrm{CH}), 117.5(\mathrm{CH}), 129.2$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 133.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 137.2(\mathrm{CH}), 143.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 143.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.5(\mathrm{CH}), 151.6(\mathrm{Cq})$, 152.7 (Cq), 166.2 (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 395.1719$, found: 395.1731 .

### 8.1.21. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(3-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 24.

Compound 24 was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{9}$ and 3methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $73 \%$ yield. m.p. $222-224{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) $\vee 1692,1592,1554$, $1484,1421,1298,1189,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.02(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.30-$ $1.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.31(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.03(\mathrm{td}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.60-3.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.58(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J$ $=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.13-8.16(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 12.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$
$17.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.1(\mathrm{CH}), 77.6(\mathrm{CH}), 117.9$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 119.6(\mathrm{CH}), 119.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.0(\mathrm{Cq})$, $139.9(\mathrm{CH}), 143.2(\mathrm{CH}), 151.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.2(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 367.1770$, found: 367.1778.
8.1.22. 1-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido [2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 25.

Compound $\mathbf{2 5}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $68 \%$ yield. m.p. $134-136^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 3256,2923,1676,1530,1485,1287 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.62(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.01(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.16-3.33(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.52(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.81(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.61$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.08(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 38.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 41.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 57.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $65.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 94.6(\mathrm{CH}), 119.8(\mathrm{CH}), 126.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.3(\mathrm{CH}), 131.4(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 136.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 148.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.3(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 438.1034$, found: 438.1025 .
8.1.23. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)urea 26.

Compound 26 was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine 9 and 1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $81 \%$ yield. m.p. $196-198{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 1686,1625,1538,1482-1421,1316,1284,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.06$ (q, $J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.27-1.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97-3.08(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.35(\mathrm{~s}$,
$3 \mathrm{H}), 3.55-3.60(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.56-4.60(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45$ (dd, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.06(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 30.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.0$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 77.2(\mathrm{CH}), 94.1(\mathrm{CH}), 119.5(\mathrm{CH}), 125.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $129.2(\mathrm{CH}), 131.5(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 148.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.0$ (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 378.1542$, found: 378.1542.

### 8.1.24. 1-(5-Methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1 $H$-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 27.

Compound $\mathbf{2 7}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 5-methylpyrazine-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH}\right.$ $99 / 1$ ) as a white solid in $85 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 2977, 1688, $1621,1586,1414,1332,1288,753 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.61(\mathrm{t}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.93(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.43(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.87(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.14(\mathrm{t}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.29-3.35(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.39-3.44(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.32(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.75(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.06(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.27(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.04(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta$ $20.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 37.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 41.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 65.6$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 118.2(\mathrm{CH}), 124.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.3(\mathrm{CH}), 134.6(\mathrm{Cq})$, 139.7 (CH), $146.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 146.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 151.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.7$ (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 428.1215$, found: 428.1229 .
8.1.25. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(5-methylpyrazin-2-yl)urea 28.

Compound $\mathbf{2 8}$ was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{9}$ and 5-methylpyrazine-2-carboxylic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH}\right.$ $99 / 1$ ) as a yellow solid in $76 \%$ yield. m.p. $140-142{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) $\vee 1688$,
$1598,1554,1484,1438,1344,1291,753 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.06(\mathrm{q}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.30-1.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.54(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.96-3.06(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.38(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.53-3.61(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.53-4.62(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.49(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.02(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.42(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.80(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.16(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 20.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 30.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 77.3(\mathrm{CH}), 120.0(\mathrm{CH}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(\mathrm{CH}), 132.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.0$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.1(\mathrm{CH}), 137.7(\mathrm{CH}), 146.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 146.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.9(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 368.1723$, found: 368.1722.

### 8.1.26. cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 29.

Compound 29 was prepared following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{9}$ and 4methylpicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $76 \%$ yield. m.p. $218-220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1690,1619,1573$, 1481-1439, 1310, 1293, 752. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.75(\mathrm{q}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 1.08-1.19 (m, 1H), $2.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.30(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.10(\mathrm{td}$, $J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.25(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.69-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.29(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.08(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.37$ (d, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.26(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.86(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.43(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 20.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $30.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.8(\mathrm{CH}), 76.3(\mathrm{CH}), 112.1(\mathrm{CH}), 117.4$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 118.8(\mathrm{CH}), 122.2(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $150.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.7(\mathrm{Cq}) . \mathrm{HRMS}(\mathrm{ESI})$ calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 367.1770, found: 367.1761.
8.1.27. (6-Bromopyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoin-dole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 30.

Compound $\mathbf{3 0}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 6bromopicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $57 \%$ yield. m.p. $168-170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1654,1565,1530$, $1486,1430,786 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.66(\mathrm{t}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.03(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $J=13.4,1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.85(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.09-3.38(\mathrm{~m}$, $5 \mathrm{H}), 4.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.97(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.14(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.51(\mathrm{td}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.72(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $9.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 38.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $41.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 45.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 58.3(\mathrm{CH}), 65.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 111.2(\mathrm{CH}), 121.0(\mathrm{CH}), 121.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $127.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 132.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 137.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 138.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 140.9(\mathrm{CH}), 153.1$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 166.1(\mathrm{Cq})$. $\mathrm{HRMS}(\mathrm{ESI})$ calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{BrNa}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$: 513.0031, found: 513.0014.

### 8.1.28. (5-Bromopyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-ox0-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoin-dole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 31.

Compound $\mathbf{3 1}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{A}$ from the amine $\mathbf{8}$ and 5bromopicolinic acid after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a yellow solid in $82 \%$ yield. m.p. $240-242{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1700,1551,1481$, 1430, 1367, 1240, 1048, 759. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 1.66(\mathrm{t}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.95(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.17 (td, $J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.27-3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.34(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.78(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 7.49 (t, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.57$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.10(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 37.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 40.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 44.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.9(\mathrm{CH}), 65.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 111.4(\mathrm{Cq})$, $114.0(\mathrm{CH}), 118.0(\mathrm{CH}), 123.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 141.3$
$(\mathrm{CH}), 147.1(\mathrm{CH}), 151.8(2 \mathrm{Cq}), 164.7(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{BrNa}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 513.0031$, found: 513.0016.

### 8.1.29. General procedure B: Preparation of the ketones 32-36.

The chosen acetal $(0.52 \mathrm{mmol})$ and a solution of hydrochloric acid $10 \%(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ in acetone ( 4 mL ) was refluxed for 3 h . After cooling, acetone was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was filtered, washed with water ( 2 mL ) and dried to give the corresponding ketones.

### 8.1.30. 1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)

 urea 32.Compound $\mathbf{3 2}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{B}$ from compound $\mathbf{1 1}$ as a white solid in $98 \%$ yield. m.p. $253-255^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1692,1623,1568$, $1479,1457,1421,1309,1243,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 2.34(\mathrm{t}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.38-2.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.57-2.66(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.49(\mathrm{td}, J$ $=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.47-4.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.08(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.51(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.76-7.85(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.34-8.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.99(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $11.26(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 44.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.0$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 112.2(\mathrm{CH}), 117.5(\mathrm{CH}), 117.6(\mathrm{CH}), 122.7(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 132.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.7(\mathrm{Cq})$, $134.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.1(\mathrm{CH}), 146.2(\mathrm{CH}), 152.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 206.3(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$: 337.1301, found: 337.1294.

### 8.1.31. 1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl) urea 33.

Compound $\mathbf{3 3}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{B}$ from compound $\mathbf{1 4}$ as beige solid in $95 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee 1689,1660,1569,1502$, 1477, 1430, 1304, 1143, 1065. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 2.31$ (dd, $J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$
$13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.37-2.44(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.57-2.67(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.17(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.48 (td, $J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.44-4.49(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.05(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.18(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$ $7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.35-8.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.86(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 10.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 43.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $56.0(\mathrm{CH}), 118.1(\mathrm{CH}), 123.4(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 132.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.5$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 137.9(\mathrm{CH}), 141.0(\mathrm{CH}), 149.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 151.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 206.3(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 360.1073$, found: 360.1078 .

### 8.1.32. 1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)urea 34.

Compound $\mathbf{3 4}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{B}$ from compound $\mathbf{1 7}$ as white solid in $79 \%$ yield. m.p. $226-228{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $1683,1621,1566$, 1467-1435, 1323, 1287, 752. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 2.37(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.44$ (s, 3H), 2.54-2.68 (m, 1H), $3.11(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.45(\mathrm{td}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.48(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.08(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45-7.55(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.66(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.70(\mathrm{~s}$, 1H). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 23.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 43.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 109.0(\mathrm{CH}), 116.9(\mathrm{CH}), 118.0(\mathrm{CH}), 123.9(\mathrm{CH}), 129.3(\mathrm{CH}), 132.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.8(\mathrm{Cq})$, $134.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.2(\mathrm{CH}), 152.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 155.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 206.4(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 351.1452$, found: 351.1451.

### 8.1.33. 1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido $[2,1-a]$ isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxy-quinolin-2-yl)urea 35.

Compound $\mathbf{3 5}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{B}$ from compound $\mathbf{2 0}$ as white solid in $83 \%$ yield. m.p. 223-225 ${ }^{\circ}$ C. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 2976, 1683, 1621,
$1558,1469,1435,1329,1289,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 2.29(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.53-2.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.50(\mathrm{td}, J=2.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.13(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.44(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.18(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.02(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55-7.59(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 8.00-8.11 (m, 3H), $10.99(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.32(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 36.5$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 39.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 43.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.1(\mathrm{CH}), 92.1(\mathrm{CH}), 117.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 119.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $122.0(\mathrm{CH}), 122.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 124.9(\mathrm{CH}), 125.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 132.4(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq})$, $132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 205.7(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 417.1563$, found: 417.1571 .
8.1.34. 1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)urea 36.

Compound $\mathbf{3 6}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{B}$ from compound $\mathbf{2 3}$ as white solid in $85 \%$ yield. m.p. $>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1684, 1621, 1559, $1479,1434,1414,1329,1289,751 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 2.22(\mathrm{t}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.49-2.60(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.33-3.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.47(\mathrm{td}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=$ $12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.40-4.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52-7.58(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.28(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.49(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 17.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $36.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $39.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $44.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $56.6(\mathrm{CH}), 118.8(\mathrm{CH}), 119.5(\mathrm{CH}), 124.7(\mathrm{CH}), 125.3$ (Cq), $129.9(\mathrm{CH}), 132.9(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 136.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 137.1(\mathrm{CH}), 145.5(\mathrm{CH}), 148.4(\mathrm{Cq})$, 153.2 (Cq), $165.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 206.3(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}:$351.1452, found: 351.1451 .

### 8.1.35. General procedure C: Synthesis of alcohols 37-41.

At $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, to a solution of ketone $(0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ in a mixture $\mathrm{THF} / \mathrm{MeOH} 1 / 2(6 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added portionwise $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ ( $15 \mathrm{mg}, 0.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ eq.). The mixture was stirred at this
temperature for 30 min . and the temperature was then allowed to rise to $0-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added, and the aqueous phase was extracted first with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and then with EtOAc ( $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure.

### 8.1.36. cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 37.

Compound $\mathbf{3 7}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{C}$ from compound $\mathbf{3 2}$ after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 93 / 7\right)$ as a white solid in $76 \%$ yield. m.p. 218-220 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 3217, 1695, 1562, 1512-1478-1430, 1309. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.77$ (q, $\left.J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 1.10-1.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.95$ (d, $J=11.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.08(\mathrm{td}, J=4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.60(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.96$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.69(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.04-7.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.96(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $11.21(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 34.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.0$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 66.7(\mathrm{CH}), 112.1(\mathrm{CH}), 117.5(\mathrm{CH}), 117.6(\mathrm{CH}), 122.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.9(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq})$, $133.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.1(\mathrm{CH}), 146.2(\mathrm{CH}), 152.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.7(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 339.1457$, found: 339.1462 .

### 8.1.37. cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-ox0-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 38.

Compound $\mathbf{3 8}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{C}$ from compound $\mathbf{3 3}$ after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 96 / 4\right)$ as a white solid in $60 \%$ yield. m.p. $250-252^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 1694, 1671, 1622, 1568, 1545, 1500, 1485, 1427, 1296, 1056. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.75(\mathrm{q}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.14-1.23(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.07(\mathrm{td}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$1 \mathrm{H}), 3.88-3.95(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.65(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=11.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 8.10(\mathrm{dd}, J=0.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.32-8.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.94$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.08(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 34.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.0(\mathrm{CH}), 66.7(\mathrm{CH}), 118.1(\mathrm{CH}), 123.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.0(\mathrm{CH}), 132.8$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.4(\mathrm{CH}), 137.9(\mathrm{CH}), 141.1(\mathrm{CH}), 149.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 151.7(\mathrm{Cq})$, $164.6(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}: 362.1229$, found: 362.1223.
8.1.38. cis-1-(2-hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 39.

Compound $\mathbf{3 9}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{C}$ from compound $\mathbf{3 4}$ after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $80 \%$ yield. m.p. $240-242{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v $3143,1685,1589,1508,1484,1424,1270 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.76(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.11-1.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.51(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.07(\mathrm{td}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82-$ $3.93(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.71(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.39-7.51(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.67(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.84(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.75(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 23.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 34.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $66.8(\mathrm{CH}), 108.9(\mathrm{CH}), 116.8(\mathrm{CH}), 117.7(\mathrm{CH}), 123.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.8(\mathrm{CH}), 132.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.7$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 139.1(\mathrm{CH}), 152.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 155.4(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.7(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 353.1614$, found: 353.1619.
8.1.39. cis-1-(2-hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxyquinolin-2-yl)urea 40.

Compound $\mathbf{4 0}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{C}$ from compound $\mathbf{3 5}$ after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $82 \%$ yield.
m.p. $>260{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \vee$ 2977, 1686, 1585, 1512, 1479, 1414, 1289. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 250 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.76(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.04-1.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.14(\mathrm{td}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77-3.90(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.02(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.82-4.91(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.87(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-$ $7.53(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.73(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 10.16(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 11.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 63 MHz , DMSO$\left.d_{6}\right) \delta 34.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 38.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.2(\mathrm{CH}), 66.7(\mathrm{CH}), 91.9(\mathrm{CH}), 117.9$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 118.1(\mathrm{Cq}), 121.4(\mathrm{CH}), 123.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.0(\mathrm{CH}), 126.1(\mathrm{CH}), 128.9(\mathrm{CH}), 130.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $132.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 133.5(\mathrm{Cq}), 135.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 145.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 153.7(\mathrm{Cq}), 163.0(\mathrm{Cq}), 164.7$ (Cq). HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 419.1719$, found: 419.1728.

### 8.1.40. cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a] isoindol-10-yl) -3-(3-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 41.

Compound $\mathbf{4 1}$ was obtained following the general procedure $\mathbf{C}$ from compound $\mathbf{3 6}$ after purification by flash chromatography $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{MeOH} 99 / 1\right)$ as a white solid in $82 \%$ yield. m.p. 204-206 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (ATR-Diamond, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) v 2960, 1684, 1584, 1503, 1486-1420, 1262. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta 0.80(\mathrm{q}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.12-1.23(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.32(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.08(\mathrm{td}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.95-$ $4.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.06(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47$ (dd, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.27(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.87(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 12.32(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta 17.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $31.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 35.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 56.5(\mathrm{CH}), 67.2(\mathrm{CH}), 117.9(\mathrm{CH}), 118.3(\mathrm{CH}), 121.8$ $(\mathrm{Cq}), 123.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(\mathrm{CH}), 133.2(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.3(\mathrm{Cq}), 134.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 140.6(\mathrm{CH}), 143.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $151.6(\mathrm{Cq}), 152.8(\mathrm{Cq}), 165.2(\mathrm{Cq})$. HRMS (ESI) calc. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}: 353.1614$, found: 353.1616.

### 8.2. Kinase assay.

Kinase activities were assayed in Buffer A or C, at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, at a final ATP concentration of 15 $\mu \mathrm{M}$. Blank values were subtracted and activities expressed in $\%$ of the maximal activity, i.e. in the absence of inhibitors. Controls were performed with appropriate dilutions of DMSO. The kinase peptide substrates were obtained from Proteogenix (Oberhausbergen, France). $\underline{\text { DYRK1A (human, recombinant, expressed in E. coli as a GST fusion protein) was purified by }}$ affinity chromatography on glutathione-agarose and assayed in buffer A ( +0.5 mg BSA / mL) using Woodtide (KKISGRLSPIMTEQ) (1.5 $\mu \mathrm{g} /$ assay) as a substrate, in the presence of 15 $\mu \mathrm{M}\left[\gamma_{-}{ }^{33} \mathrm{P}\right]$ ATP $(3,000 \mathrm{Ci} / \mathrm{mmol} ; 10 \mathrm{mCi} / \mathrm{mL})$ in a final volume of $30 \mu \mathrm{l} .{ }^{28}$ After 30 min incubation at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction was stopped by harvesting onto P 81 phosphocellulose papers (Whatman) using a FilterMate harvester (Packard) and filters were washed in 1\% phosphoric acid. Scintillation fluid was added and the radioactivity measured in a Packard counter. CDK5 / p25 (human, recombinant) was prepared as previously described [13]. Its kinase activity was assayed in buffer B, with 1 mg histone $\mathrm{H} 1 / \mathrm{mL}$. GSK-3 $\alpha / \beta$ (porcine brain, native) was assayed in Buffer A using a GSK3 specific substrate (GS-1: RRAAVPPSPSLSRHSSPH QSpEDEEE) (pS stands for phosphorylated serine) [14].

### 8.3. Cell culture and survival assay.

HuH7, CaCo-2, MDA-MB-231, HCT116, PC3, HaCaT and NCI-H727 cell lines were obtained from the ECACC collection. Skin diploid fibroblastic cells were provided by BIOPREDIC International Company (Rennes, France). Cells were grown according to ECACC recommendations. The toxicity test of the compounds on these cells was as follows: $2.10^{3}$ cells/well for HCT116 cell line or $4.10^{3}$ cells/well for the other cell lines were seeded in 96 well plates. 24 h after cell seeding, cells were exposed to increasing concentrations of the compounds $(0.1 \mu \mathrm{M}-0.3 \mu \mathrm{M}-0.9 \mu \mathrm{M}-2.7 \mu \mathrm{M}-8.3 \mu \mathrm{M}-25 \mu \mathrm{M})$. After 48 h of treatment, the cells were washed in PBS and fixed in cooled $90 \%$ ethanol $/ 5 \%$ acetic acid for 20 min . Then, the

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nuclei were stained with Hoechst 3342 (Sigma). Image acquisition and analysis was performed using a Cellomics ArrayScan VTI/ HCS Reader (Thermo Scientific). The Ic50 were determined using Xlfit software.

### 8.4. Molecular modeling.

Hardware and software: molecular modelling studies were performed with the Schrodinger Molecular Modelling Suite 2014 update 3 [15] with Maestro, the interface piloting the diverse modules. Glide was used to dock ligands. Analysis and visualization tasks were performed with MOE software [16].

Structure preparation: crystal structures were retrieved from the protein data bank: GSK3b with the PDB code 1J1B [17], CDK5 with the PDB code 4AU8 [18] and DYRK1A with the PDB code 4MQ1 [19]. Subunit A was conserved regarding the three structures which were next prepared using the Protein Preparation Wizard workflow of the Schrodinger Molecular Modelling Suite. Proteins were preprocessed (hydrogen atoms added, incomplete residues filled), bond orders and connections of ligands were manually corrected. An exhaustive sampling was conducted regarding hydrogen bond assignment and the complex was finally refined by a minimization stage with a constraint to converge to a structure with an RMSD of 0.3 _A (OPLS2005 force field), essentially in order to remove steric clashes. Ligands, other than the one cocrystallized, were built within Marvin Sketch 5.8.0 [20] and were submitted to Corina [21], a 3D structure generator. Next 3D structures were submitted to the LigPrep module of the Schrodinger Molecular Modelling Suite in order to take into account tautomerization and ionization via the Epik module. The resulting structures became the starting point for docking simulations. Docking parameters: docking calculations were performed with extra precision. Ligand flexibility was taken into account and the option of sampling of ring conformation was activated.

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## List of figure captions.

Figure 1. Some examples of CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A inhibitors.

Figure 2. Binding mode representation of compound 29 in GSK3 $\beta$ (PDB entry 1J1B).


Figure 1. Some examples of CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A inhibitors.


Scheme 1. Retrosynthetic scheme for the design of novel CDK5, GSK3 and DYRK1A valmerin inhibitors.


Scheme 2. Reagents and conditions : i) 1,2-ethanedithiol (5.0 eq.), $\mathrm{BF}_{3} . \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (5.0 eq.), $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, r.t., $24 \mathrm{~h}, 86 \%$; ii) $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ ( 2.0 eq.), THF/MeOH (1/2), $-20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to r.t., $5 \mathrm{~h}, 86 \%$ (mixture of cis-6 and trans-6) ; iii) $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}(4.0$ eq.), $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}$ ( 10.0 eq.), THF, $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 48 \mathrm{~h}, 61 \%$ (from 4); iv) $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$ ( 15.0 eq.), EtOH, r.t., $12 \mathrm{~h}, \mathbf{8} 80 \%$ or $\mathbf{1 0} 82 \%$; v) $\mathrm{H}_{2}$, Patm, Raney Ni, EtOH, r.t., 14 h, $95 \%$.



Scheme 3. Reagents and conditions : i) a) $\mathrm{Et} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ( 1.3 eq .), $-10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, THF, 5 min ; ; b) $\mathrm{ClCO}_{2} \mathrm{Et}(1.5 \mathrm{eq}),.-10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, THF, $2 \mathrm{~h} ; \mathrm{c}$ ) $\mathrm{NaN}_{3}\left(1.7\right.$ eq.), $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 1 \mathrm{~h}$; d) toluene, reflux, 1 h ; ii) (Het)ArNCO, dioxane, $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 24 \mathrm{~h}$; iii) $\mathrm{HCl} 10 \%$, acetone, reflux, 3 h ; iv) $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ (2.0 eq.), THF/MeOH ( $1 / 1$ ), $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~h}$. For yields see Table 1 .

Table 1. Synthesis of Valmerins 11-41.


[^0]Table 2. Kinase inhibitions of derivatives 11-41.

| Entry | (Het)Ar | $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{R}_{1}$ | Product | $\begin{gathered} \text { CDK5 } \\ \mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { GSK3 } \alpha / \beta \\ \text { IC }_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Selectivity CDK5 / GSK3 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { DYRK1A } \\ & \text { IC }_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a |  | $-\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}-$ | 11 | 11 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 80 |
| b |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ - | 12 | 0.24 | 0.033 | 7.2 | > 10 |
| c |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 13 | 0.55 | 0.081 | 6.8 | > 10 |
| d |  | $=\mathrm{O}$ | 32 | 1.6 | 0.23 | 6.3 | 25 |
| e |  | cis OH | 37 | 2.1 | 0.26 | 8.0 | 34 |
| a | $\underbrace{N}_{1}$ | - $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}-$ | 14 | 7.1 | 0.26 | 27.3 | 93 |
| b |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ - | 15 | 0.15 | 0.044 | 3.4 | > 10 |
| 2 |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 16 | 0.48 | 0.2 | 2.4 | > 10 |
| d |  | $=\mathrm{O}$ | 33 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 50 |
| e |  | cis OH | 38 | 0.084 | 0.032 | 2.6 | > 10 |
| a |  | - $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}-$ | 17 | > 10 | 0.92 | $\rightarrow 10$ | > 10 |
| b |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}-$ | 18 | > 10 | 2 | > 5 | > 10 |
| 3 |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 19 | 4.3 | 0.32 | 13.4 | > 10 |
| d |  | $=\mathrm{O}$ | 34 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| e |  | cis OH | 39 | 1.0 | 0.030 | 33.3 | 7.0 |
| a |  | - $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}-$ | 20 | > 10 | 1.0 | > 10 | $>10$ |
| b |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}-$ | 21 | > 10 | 4 | > 2.5 | > 10 |
| 4 |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 22 | 8.5 | 0.18 | 47.5 | > 10 |
| d |  | $=\mathrm{O}$ | 35 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| e |  | cis OH | 40 | 4.9 | 0.035 | 140 | > 10 |
| a | $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | - $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ - | 23 | 3.1 | 0.61 | 5.0 | > 10 |
| 5 b |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 24 | 1.1 | 0.25 | 4.4 | $>10$ |
| c |  | $=\mathrm{O}$ | 36 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| d |  | cis OH | 41 | 0.63 | 0.16 |  | 6.2 |
| 6 a |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ - | 25 | $\geq 10$ | 1.9 | $\geq 5.2$ | > 10 |
| b |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 26 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 2.0 | > 10 |
| 7 a |  | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}-$ | 27 | 0.22 | 0.055 | 4.0 | > 10 |
| b |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 28 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 10.0 | > 10 |
| 8 |  | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 29 | 0.32 | 0.032 | 10.0 | > 10 |
| 9 | $\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{Br}}^{\mathrm{N}}$ | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}-$ | 30 | > 10 | 0.71 | > 14.0 | 8.7 |
| 10 | ${ }_{30} \sim_{=}$ | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}-$ | 31 | 7.3 | 0.068 | 107.3 | $\geq 10$ |

Assays were performed in triplicate.


Figure 2. Binding mode representation of compound 29 in GSK3 $\beta$ (PDB entry 1J1B).
Table 3. Most potent Valmerins in cell line assays.

| Entry | (Het)Ar | R / R $\mathbf{1}_{1}$ | Product | Human cell lines $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Huh7 | Caco2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { MDA- } \\ \text { MB } 231 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HCT } \\ 116 \end{gathered}$ | PC3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { NCI } \\ \text { H727 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | ---- | ---- | Roscovitine | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 2 | $\stackrel{N}{N}$ | $-\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ - | 15 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| 3 |  | - $\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ - |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| 4 | $=N$ | cis $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 29 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.03 | 0.4 | 0.4 |

[^1]
## Highlights

Advances in tetrahydropyridoisoindolone (Valmerin) series 31 new potent GSK3 / CDK5 inhibitors synthesized.
Molecular modelling confirm the binding mode In cellulo effects on cancer cell lines are given

# Advances in Tetrahydropyrido[1,2-a]isoindolone 

## (Valmerins) Series: Potent Glycogen Synthase Kinase 3 and

## Cyclin Dependent Kinase 5 Inhibitors.

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## Spectral data of representative compounds

10-Nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-6-one 5.



Cis-2-hydroxy-10-nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one cis-6.


Cis-2-methoxy-10-nitro-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one 7.


10-Amino-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-6-one 8.



Cis-10-amino-2-methoxy-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-6(2H)-one 9.



10-Amino-1,3,4,10b-tetrahydro-6H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-6-one 10.



1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1 $H$-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 11.



1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 12.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2yl)urea 13.



1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 14.



1-(6-Oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 15.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2yl)urea 16.



1-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 17.



1-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 18.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)urea 19.



1-(4-Methoxyquinolin-2-yl)-3-(6-0xo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 20.



1-(4-Methoxyquinolin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] soindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 21.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxyquinolin-2-yl)urea 22.



1-(3-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-0xo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-10-yl)urea 23.


cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(3-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 24.



1-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a] isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 25.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(1-methyl-
1H-pyrazol-3-yl)urea 26.



1-(5-Methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 27.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(5-methylpyrazin-2-yl)urea 28.



Cis-1-(2-Methoxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 29.


(6-Bromopyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 30.


(5-Bromopyridin-2-yl)-3-(6-oxo-3,4,6,10b-tetrahydro-1H-spiro[pyrido[2,1-a]isoindole-2,2'-[1,3]dithiolan]-10-yl)urea 31.



1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2-yl)urea 32.


1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2-yl)urea 33.



1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methyl- pyridin-2yl)urea 34.



1-(2,6-dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxyquinolin-2yl)urea 35.



## ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1-(2,6-Dioxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(3-methylpyridin-2yl)urea 36.



Cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyridin-2yl)urea 37.


Cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(pyrazin-2yl)urea 38.


cis-1-(2-hydroxy-6-ox0-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(6-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 39.

cis-1-(2-hydroxy-6-oxo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(4-methoxyquinolin-2-yl)urea 40.


cis-1-(2-Hydroxy-6-0xo-1,2,3,4,6,10b-hexahydropyrido[2,1-a]isoindol-10-yl)-3-(3-methylpyridin-2-yl)urea 41.




[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ Yields are indicated for isolated products.

[^1]:    Assays were performed in triplicate .

