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Article

# Development of Bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-Based $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ Receptor Ligands: Closing the Gaps in the Structure-Affinity Relationships 

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#### Abstract

The adenosine $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor is a promising target for treating and diagnosing inflammation and cancer. In this paper, a series of bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-based nucleosides was synthesized and evaluated for their P1 receptor affinities in radioligand binding studies. The study focused on modifications at $1-, 2$-, and 6 -positions of the purine ring and variations of the $5^{\prime}$-position at the bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane moiety, closing existing gaps in the structure-affinity relationships. The most potent derivative 30 displayed moderate $A_{3} A R$ affinity ( Ki of $0.38 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ) and high $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ selectivity. A subset of compounds varied at $5^{\prime}$-position was further evaluated in functional P2 $\mathrm{Y}_{1} \mathrm{R}$ assays, displaying no off-target activity.


Keywords: Adenosine receptors; methanocarba; bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane; $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptors

## 1. Introduction

The $G$ protein-coupled adenosine ( P 1 ) receptors $\mathrm{A}_{1}, \mathrm{~A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}, \mathrm{~A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ play a central role in the complex mechanisms of purinergic signaling. In general, adenosine, the endogenous agonist at P1 receptors, exhibits protective functions as a response to organ stress and release of damage-associated-molecular pattern (DAMP) molecules such as e.g., ATP and S100 proteins [1-3]. Various P1 receptor agonists have been in clinical trials; to name a few, capadenoson ( $\mathrm{A}_{1} \mathrm{AR}$ agonist) for the treatment of atrial fibrillation (NCT00568945) [4], apadenoson ( $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$ AR agonist) for the SPECT-myocardial perfusion imaging (NCT01313572), the $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor agonists namodenoson in phase III for liver cancer (NCT04697810) [5,6], and piclidenoson (IB-MECA) for the treatment of psoriasis (NCT03168256), rheumatoid arthritis, and most recently, COVID-19 infections (NCT04333472) [7]. We are particularly interested in targeting the $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor due to its high overexpression in inflammatory and cancer cells compared to its low expression levels in healthy cells, thus making it a potentially promising therapeutic and diagnostic target [8-10]. The introduction of the bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane scaffold, also known as (N)-methanocarba ( N for North), in place of the furanose ring of nucleoside agonists is known to increase the $A_{3}$ receptor ( $A_{3} A R$ ) potency and selectivity in comparison to other adenosine receptor subtypes [11,12]. In 2005 Jacobson et al. reported compounds $\mathbf{1 a}$ and $\mathbf{1 b}$ as highly potent $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor agonists [13] and most recently, the synthesis of S-thioether (N)-methanocarba adenosine derivatives such as compound 2 (Figure 1) [14]. We were interested in exploring these scaffolds
further through various substitutions at 6-position of the purine ring (purine numbering), the introduction of the 1-deazapurine scaffold, and variations of the $5^{\prime}$-position (ribose numbering) at the methanocarba moiety (Figure 1, general structure I). Jacobson et al. have already established the methyl and ethyl carboxamides as highly efficient substituents at the 5 '-position. There are only a few reports on introducing other functional moieties at the $5^{\prime}$-position of adenosine receptor ligands, one of them being the tetrazole compound 3 as a highly potent dual $A_{1} A R$ and $A_{3} A R$ ligand [15]. However, the introduction of other, in particular acidic, functional groups at the $5^{\prime}$-position was never investigated. Therefore, we decided to combine the (N)-methanocarba moiety (providing $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ AR preference [12]) with various functional groups at the $5^{\prime}$-position to develop novel adenosine receptor ligands.


1a $\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{C l} h A_{3} K i=0.29 \mathrm{nM}$
1b $\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{S C H}_{3} h \mathrm{~A}_{3} \mathrm{Ki}=1.5 \mathrm{nM}$



2
$h \mathrm{~A}_{3} \mathrm{Ki}=1490 \mathrm{nM}$


Figure 1. (N)-methanocarba-based $A_{3}$ receptor antagonists 1a,b,2, the tetrazole derivative 3 and general structure $\mathbf{I}$.

## 2. Results and Discussion

The synthesis of the bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane scaffold followed the reported procedure by Michel et al. [16], starting with D-ribose and leading to the TBDPS-protected bicyclo[3.1.0]hexan alcohol 4 as a central building block in 9 consecutive steps (see Supplementary Materials Scheme S1). First, we decided to explore the role of the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the purine ring. Nitration of 6-chloro-1-deazapurine has led selectively to the formation of 2-nitro derivative 7. Mitsunobu reaction of either 2,6-dichloro-1-deazapurine (6) or 6-chloro-2-nitro-1-deazapurine (7) with the methanocarba building block 4 had led to the formation of the protected nucleoside derivatives 8 and 9 , respectively, that were subsequently varied further at the 2-position of the purine ring through the introduction of either amino or methylthio groups (Scheme 1). The exocyclic amine at 6-position was introduced in a reaction of the 6-chloro derivative 9 and benzylamine (for compounds 13 and 14) or para-methoxybenzyl amine (PMB, for compound 15). Cleavage of the PMB group led to the derivatives 16 and $\mathbf{1 7}$ bearing a free exocyclic amine.


Scheme 1. Synthesis of 1-deazapurine derivatives 11-17. Reagents and conditions: (a) (1) $\mathrm{Boc}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, DMAP, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, RT. (2) TBAN, TFAA, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$, rt $\rightarrow$ reflux. (b) compound 4, DIAD, $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$, THF, rt $\rightarrow 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (c) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, rt. (d) TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (e) Benzylamine, DIPEA, NMP, $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. or $p$-methoxybenzylamine, DIPEA, NMP, $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (f) $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}$, DMF, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (g) DDQ, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, rt, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The attempt of introducing the nitro group at the Boc-protected 2-chloro-1-deazapurine (18), in order to introduce the electron-withdrawing nitro group at 6-position, has led to the formation of one single compound, the 2-chloro-1-nitro-1-deazapurine (19), in 76\% yield and not the desired 6-nitro derivative (purine numbering). The position of the nitration was additionally proven by an X-ray structure of compound 19 (Scheme 2).


Scheme 2. Nitration of Boc-protected 2-chloro-1-deazapurine (18) Reagents and conditions: (a) TBAN, TFAA, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, rt $\rightarrow$ reflux. Molecular structure of compound 19. Thermal ellipsoids are depicted at $30 \%$ probability. CCDC number: 2157452.

The reaction of the protected 6-chloro-2-nitro nucleoside 8 with dibenzylamine was sluggish; therefore, to synthesize the N,N-dibenzyl-1-deaza derivatives, we envisaged the introduction of the dibenzyl group at the tosyl-protected 6-chloro-2-nitro-1-deazapurine 20 followed by subsequent cleavage of the tosyl group and a Mitsunobu reaction with compound 4. Interestingly, the reaction of dibenzylamine with deazapurine 20 provided
selectively the ring-opened product 21 in $78 \%$ yield. Due to the strong electron-withdrawing effect of the tosyl group, the dibenzylamine was able to perform a nucleophilic attack at the 8 -position of the purine scaffold. The structure of compound 21 was additionally confirmed by X-ray crystal structure analysis (Scheme 3). Since the reaction of nucleoside 8 bearing a nitro group at the 2-position with dibenzylamine has led to the formation of various side-products, the synthesis of dibenzyl derivatives was skipped, and the nitro group was subsequently reduced to the primary amine function leading subsequently to the nucleoside 11.


Scheme 3. Reaction of dibenzyl amine with compound 20. Reagents and conditions: (a) dibenzylamine, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, RT. Molecular structure of compound 21. Thermal ellipsoids are depicted at $30 \%$ probability. CCDC number: 2157453.

The purine derivatives 24 and 25, bearing two benzyl groups, were prepared through the reaction of 6 -chloropurines 22 and 23 with dibenzyl amine and subsequent Mitsunobu reaction of the methanocarba building block 4 , respectively. The methylthio group was introduced by reacting the protected 2-chloropurine nucleoside 25 with $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}$. Additionally, the $5^{\prime}$-hydroxy group was replaced by a chloride using cyanuric chloride. Cleavage of the acetonide and TBDPS groups has led to the formation of the respective nucleosides 26, 27, 30 and 31 in high yields (Scheme 4).

Intrigued by the high $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{AR}$ affinity of compound $\mathbf{1 b}$ and moderate affinity of compound 2, we selected the 2-methylthio substituted adenine scaffold for the evaluation of the modifications at the $5^{\prime}$-position. Also, (N)-methanocarba adenine 36 should be prepared as a reference compound for the SAR studies. Hereby adenine (32) or 2-chloro adenine (33) were subjected to the Mitsunobu reaction. Subsequent cleavage of the protecting groups of compound 34 furnished (N)-methanocarba adenosine 36, while the protected nucleoside 35 was used for the introduction of the methylthio group at the 2-position. Selective cleavage of the TBDPS protecting group and subsequent tosylation of the free alcohol and nucleophilic substitution of the tosylate led to the formation of the azide 38 as a central intermediate. Huisgen cycloaddition of the azide 38 with various alkynes and subsequent cleavage of the acetonide provided the triazole nucleosides 39-46 bearing neutral (39-42), basic (43), or acidic (44-46) functional groups. Reduction of the azide function using $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}_{2}$ led to the formation of an amine suitable for the reaction with squaric acid dimethyl ester or ethyl 2-(chlorosulfonyl)acetate to provide compounds 47 and 48, respectively (Scheme 5).


Scheme 4. Synthesis of dibenzyl derivatives 26, 27, 30 and 31. Reagents and conditions: (a) (1) Dibenzylamine, isopropanol, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (2) Compound 4, DIAD, $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ THF, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow$ RT. (b) TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (c) $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}, \mathrm{DMF}, 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (d) Cyanuric chloride, DMF, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, rt.

The compounds were evaluated for their P1 receptor affinity in $\mathrm{A}_{1}, \mathrm{~A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}, \mathrm{~A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}}$, and $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor binding studies (Table 1). From all synthesized compounds, the (N)-methanocarba adenosine 36 is the only derivative displaying affinity to more than one P1 receptor. Compound 36 shows a preference for the $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor subtype with a Ki of 960 nM , 2- to 6 -fold lower affinity towards $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ receptors, respectively, and no affinity at the $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}}$ subtype. The nitrogen atom at 1-position is not required for $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor affinity, as receptor binding appears to highly depend on substituents at 2-and 6-position. The derivatives $\mathbf{1 1}$ and $\mathbf{1 2}$ bearing a chloro substituent at 6 -position show no P1 receptor affinity. The introduction of an amino group at the 6-position of the adenine ring as in compound 16 significantly increases the $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor affinity $(\mathrm{K} i=1.60 \mu \mathrm{M})$ while not showing any binding at other subtypes. Replacing the chloro with a methylthio group as in 17 leads to a loss of P1 receptor affinity. Interestingly, benzylation of the exocyclic amine as in compounds $\mathbf{1 3}$ and 14 restores the $A_{3} R$ affinity irrespective of the substituent at the 2-position. Extending the benzyl to a para-methoxybenzyl group as in 15 has no effect on $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ binding ( $\mathrm{K} i=0.50 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ). In the purine series, the dibenzylation of the exocyclic amine appears to work only in combination with the methylthio group (30, $\left.\mathrm{Ki}\left(\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{R}\right)=0.38 \mu \mathrm{M}\right)$; derivatives 26, 27 and 31 were not potent at the $A_{3}$ receptor. Most variations at the $5^{\prime}$-position were not tolerated. Only the triazole ester 42 displays a low $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ affinity of $\mathrm{K} i 6.35 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Considering the potential of the introduced moieties in compounds 39-48 to serve as potential bioisosteres of mono- and diphosphate groups, the compounds 39-48 were tested for their functional activity (agonistic and antagonistic) at $\mathrm{P} 2 \mathrm{Y}_{1}$ receptors; none of the derivatives displayed any functional activity at $\mathrm{P} 2 \mathrm{Y}_{1}$ receptors up to a concentration of $10 \mu \mathrm{M}$.


Scheme 5. Synthesis of (N)-methanocarba adenosine 33 and derivatives modified at the $5^{\prime}$-position 39-48. (a) (1) $\mathrm{Boc}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, DMAP, THF, rt., then sat. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (2) Compound 4, DIAD, $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}, \mathrm{THF}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow$ rt. (b) TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (c) $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}$, DMF, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (d) (1) Tosyl chloride, $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$, DMAP, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, RT. (2) $\mathrm{NaN}_{3}, \mathrm{DMF}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (e) Appropriate alkyne, Cu (II) acetylacetonate, sodium ascorbate, tert-butanol, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, rt, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (f) (1) $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}_{2} 5$ bar, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$, rt. (2) For 47: squaric acid dimethyl ester, $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}^{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, rt., then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 7{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For 48: (1) methyl 2-(chlorosulfonyl)acetate, $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{DMAP}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{RT}$, then TFA, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (2) $\mathrm{NaOH}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Table 1. Inhibitory activities of the novel compounds in human adenosine receptor binding assays $(n=3),{ }^{\text {a }} \%$ displacement by the test compound at a concentration of $10 \mu \mathrm{M}$, or at $1 \mu \mathrm{M}$. Bn = benzyl, $\mathrm{PMB}=p$-methoxybenzyl.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{K} i \pm$ SEM $[\mu \mathrm{M}]$ or displacement [\%] at $10 \mu \mathrm{M}$, unless noted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 苟 } \\ & \text { 号 } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathbf{R}^{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathbf{2}}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | X | $\mathbf{A}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2} \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ |
| 11 | Cl | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | OH | CH | 5\% | 4\% | >10 | 4\% |
| 12 | Cl | Cl | OH | CH | >10 | >10 | >10 | >10 |
| 13 | NHBn | Cl | OH | CH | 25\% | 13\% | >10 | $0.46 \pm 0.02$ |
| 14 | NHBn | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ | OH | CH | 20\% | 4\% | >10 | $1.51 \pm 0.03$ |
| 15 | NHPMB | Cl | OH | CH | 12\% | 2\% | >10 | $0.50 \pm 0.01$ |
| 16 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | Cl | OH | CH | 32\% | 42\% | $>10$ | $1.60 \pm 0.11$ |
| 17 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ | OH | CH | 23\% | 3\% | >10 | 45\% |
| 26 | $\mathrm{NBn}_{2}$ | H | OH | N | 25\% | 9\% | 12\% | 8\% |
| 27 | $\mathrm{NBn}_{2}$ | Cl | OH | N | 15\% | >10 | >10 | 4\% |
| 30 | $\mathrm{NBn}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ | OH | N | 30\% | 13\% | >10 | $0.38 \pm 0.01$ |
| 31 | $\mathrm{NBn}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ | Cl | N | 21\% | >10 | >10 | 26\% |
| 36 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | H | OH | N | $6.10 \pm 0.46$ | $1.81 \pm 0.11$ | >10 | $0.96 \pm 0.05$ |
| 39 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ |  | N | 5\% | 11\% | >10 | 37\% |
| 43 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ |  | N | 5\% | 3\% | >10 | 13\% |
| 40 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ |  | N | 7\% | 3\% | >10 | 8\% |
| 44 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ |  | N | $>1^{\text {a }}$ | $>1^{\text {a }}$ | $2 \%{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $>1^{\text {a }}$ |
| 41 | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ |  | N | 2\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $>1{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $>1^{\text {a }}$ | $3 \%{ }^{\text {a }}$ |

Table 1. Cont.


## 3. Conclusions

With the aim to further explore the SAR of (N)-methanocarba nucleosides at $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor, a series of derivatives $11-17,26,27,30,31,36,39-48$ varied at $1-, 2-, 6-$ and $5^{\prime}$-positions were prepared and evaluated for their affinity across all P1 receptor subtypes. The ( N )-methanocarba adenosine 36 displayed affinity at $\mathrm{A}_{1}, \mathrm{~A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$, and $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptors combined with only moderate $A_{3} A R$ preference. The most potent compound 30 , bearing dibenzylamino group at the 6-position and methylthio at the 2-position, displayed high $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ selectivity. The presence of the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the purine ring was not required for the $\mathrm{A}_{3} A R$ affinity, consistent with a recent report on hypermodified (N)-methanocarba derivatives [15]. The introduction of larger moieties at the 5'-position led to a complete loss of $A_{3} A R$ affinity, except for the triazole ester 42 displaying low $A_{3} A R$ affinity. Further structural modifications such as e.g., benzylation of the exocyclic amine function might restore the affinity of the $5^{\prime}$-triazoles at the $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor.

In conclusion, based on the multiple potential applications of (N)-methanocarba nucleosides as therapeutic agents $[17,18]$, we have introduced new lead compounds that bind to the $A_{3} A R$ and can be further elaborated to increase affinity and selectivity.

## 4. Materials and Methods

### 4.1. Experimental Section

### 4.1.1. Chemistry General

Unless otherwise noted, moisture-sensitive reactions were conducted under dry nitrogen. Flash column chromatography (fc): silica gel 60, 40-64 $\mu \mathrm{m}$; parentheses include: diameter of the column, length of the column, fraction size, eluent, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}$ value. Melting point: melting point apparatus Stuart Scientific ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP 3 (Bibby Sterilin Ltd., Staffsordshire, UK), uncorrected. IR: IR spectrophotometer FT-ATR-IR (Jasco ${ }^{\circledR}$, Cremella (Lc), Italy). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz ): Unity Mercury Plus 400 spectrometer (Varian ${ }^{\circledR}$, Palo Alto, CA, US), AV400 (Bruker ${ }^{\circledR,}$ Bremen, Germany), JEOL JNM-ECA-400 (Freising, Germany). ${ }^{13}$ C NMR $(100 \mathrm{MHz})$ : Unity Mercury plus 400 spectrometer (Varian ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ ) JEOL JNM-ECA-400; $\delta$ in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane; coupling constants are given with 0.5 Hz resolution, the assignments of ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals were supported by 2D NMR techniques; MS: $\mathrm{APCI}=$ atmospheric pressure chemical ionization, $\mathrm{EI}=$ electron impact, $\mathrm{ESI}=$ electrospray ionization: MicroTof (Bruker Daltronics, Bremen, Germany), calibration with sodium formate clusters before measurement. All solvents were of analytical grade quality and demineralized water was used. HPLC solvents were of gradient grade quality, and ultrapure water was used. All HPLC eluents were degassed by sonication prior to use. Thin-layer chromatography was conducted with silica gel $\mathrm{F}_{254}$ on aluminum plates in a saturated chamber at room temperature. The spots were visualized using UV light ( 254 nm ) or reagents such as cerium molybdate dipping bath with additional heating using a standard heat gun. The retention factor values strongly depend on the temperature, the chamber saturation, and exact ratio of components of the eluent (highly volatile); the given retention factor values represent just approximate values. Flash column chromatography was conducted with silica gel 600 ( $40-63 \mu \mathrm{~m}$, Macherey-Nagel). X-ray crystal structures: Equipment: Bruker APEX II CCD diffractometer (Bruker, Bremen, Germany): four circle diffractometer, Cu X-ray tube, graphite monochromator, APEX II CCD surface detector, Oxford Cryosystem 700 series (Oxford, UK) ( $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ flow: 100-300 K).

### 4.1.2. X-ray Diffraction Measurements

Data sets for compounds 19 and 21 were collected with a Nonius Kappa CCD rotating anode diffractometer. Programs used: data collection, COLLECT ${ }^{x x}$ (R. W. W. Hooft, Bruker AXS, 2008, Delft, The Netherlands); data reduction Denzo-SMN [19]; absorption correction, Denzo [20]; structure solution SHELXS-97 [21]; structure refinement SHELXL-97 [22]. Last-step refinement was done with the new software APEX3 V2019.1-0 (Bruker AXS (2019) APEX3 Version 2019.1-0, Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, WI, USA); structure refinement, SHELXL-2015 [23]; graphics, XP (Version 5.1, Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, WI, USA, 1998). $R$-values are given for observed reflections, and $w \mathrm{R}^{2}$ values are given for all reflections.

X-ray crystal structure analysis of 19: a colorless, plate-like specimen of $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, approximate dimensions $0.060 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.260 \mathrm{~mm}$, was used for the X-ray crystallographic analysis. The X-ray intensity data were measured on a rotating anode Nonius FR591 system equipped with a Mo rotating anode Mo rotating anode (Mo K $\alpha$, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$ ) and a Montel mirror monochromator. The integration of the data using an orthorhombic unit cell yielded a total of 3297 reflections to a maximum $\theta$ angle of $28.13^{\circ}$ ( $0.75 \AA$ resolution), of which 1804 were independent (average redundancy 1.828, completeness $=99.1 \%, \mathrm{R}_{\text {int }}=1.94 \%, \mathrm{R}_{\text {sig }}=2.27 \%$ ) and 1633 (90.52\%) were greater than $2 \sigma\left(\mathrm{~F}^{2}\right)$. The final cell constants of $\mathrm{a}=11.3385(3) \AA, \mathrm{b}=6.5407(2) \AA, \mathrm{c}=20.0740(7) \AA$, volume $=1488.72(8) \AA^{3}$, are based upon the refinement of the XYZ-centroids of reflections above $20 \sigma(\mathrm{I})$. Data were corrected for absorption effects using the multi-scan method (SADABS). The calculated minimum and maximum transmission coefficients (based on crystal size) are 0.8850 and 0.9720 . The structure was solved and refined using the Bruker SHELXTL Software Package, using the space group $P b c a$, with $Z=8$ for the formula unit, $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$. The final anisotropic full-matrix least-squares refinement on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ with 122 variables converged at $\mathrm{R} 1=3.16 \%$ for the observed data and $\mathrm{wR} 2=8.40 \%$ for all data.

The goodness-of-fit was 1.101. The largest peak in the final difference electron density synthesis was $0.293 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$ and the largest hole was $-0.263 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$ with an RMS deviation of $0.050 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$. On the basis of the final model, the calculated density was $1.772 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{F}(000), 800 \mathrm{e}^{-}$. The hydrogen at N 2 atom was refined freely.

X-ray crystal structure analysis of 21: A pale yellow, prism-like specimen of $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$, approximate dimensions $0.070 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.160 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.200 \mathrm{~mm}$, was used for the X-ray crystallographic analysis. The X-ray intensity data were measured on a rotating anode Nonius FR591 system equipped with a Mo rotating anode ( $\operatorname{Mo} \mathrm{K} \alpha, \lambda=0.71073 \AA$ ) and a Montel mirror monochromator. The integration of the data using a monoclinic unit cell yielded a total of 9321 reflections to a maximum $\theta$ angle of $26.73^{\circ}$ ( $0.79 \AA$ resolution), of which 5490 were independent (average redundancy 1.698, completeness $=98.2 \%, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}}=2.98 \%, \mathrm{R}_{\text {sig }}=3.82 \%$ ) and $4655(84.79 \%)$ were greater than $2 \sigma\left(\mathrm{~F}^{2}\right)$. The final cell constants of $\underline{a}=13.4033(2) \AA$, $\underline{b}=9.4786(2) \AA, \underline{c}=20.9689(4) \AA, \beta=98.6230(10)^{\circ}$, volume $=2633.87(8) \AA^{3}$ are based upon the refinement of the XYZ-centroids of reflections above $20 \sigma(\mathrm{I})$. Data were corrected for absorption effects using the multi-scan method (SADABS). The calculated minimum and maximum transmission coefficients (based on crystal size) are 0.9480 and 0.9810 . The structure was solved and refined using the Bruker SHELXTL Software Package, using the space group $P 2_{1} / n$, with $\mathrm{Z}=4$ for the formula unit, $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$. The final anisotropic full-matrix least-squares refinement on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ with 348 variables converged at $\mathrm{R} 1=4.71 \%$ for the observed data and $\mathrm{wR} 2=10.64 \%$ for all data. The goodness-of-fit was 1.076. The largest peak in the final difference electron density synthesis was $0.214 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$ and the largest hole was $-0.339 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$ with an RMS deviation of $0.047 \mathrm{e}^{-} / \AA^{3}$. On the basis of the final model, the calculated density was $1.387 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{F}(000), 1144 \mathrm{e}^{-}$. The hydrogen atom at N1 was refined freely.

CCDC-2157452 (compound 19) and -2157453 (compound 21) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

### 4.1.3. HPLC Purity Measurements

Equipment: UV-detector: UltiMate 3000 variable Wavelength Detector; autosampler: UltiMate 3000; pump: Ultimate 3000; degasser: Ulimate 3000: data acquisition: Chromeleon Client 8.0.0 (Dionex Corpor., Sunnyvale, CA, USA). Method: column: guard column: Zorbax SB-Aq $12.5 \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ catridge, column: Zorbax SB-Aq StableBond analytical $150 \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, flow rate: $1.00 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$; injection volume: $5.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}$; detection at $\lambda=210 \mathrm{~nm}$; Method A: solvents: A: Tetrabutylammonium phosphate buffer ( 5 mM ) in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{B}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$, gradient elution: (A\%): 0-20 100 to $90 \%, 20-30$ min: gradient from $90 \%$ to $100 \%$. Method B: solvents: A: Tetrabutylammonium phosphate buffer ( 5 mM ) in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, B: $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$, gradient elution: (A\%): 0-20 min 80 to $20 \%, 20-30 \mathrm{~min}$ : gradient from $20 \%$ to $80 \%$. Method C: solvents: A: Tetrabutylammonium phosphate buffer ( 5 mM ) in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{B}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$, gradient elution: (A\%): 40-100\%, 20-30 min: gradient from $100 \%$ to $40 \%$. Method D: HPLC method for determination of the product purity: Merck Hitachi Equipment; UV detector: L-7400; autosampler: L-7200; pump: L-7100; degasser: L-7614; Method: column: LiChrospher ${ }^{\text {®®® }}$ 60 RP-select B $(5 \mu \mathrm{~m}), 250 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ column; flow rate: $1.00 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$; injection volume: $5.0 \mu \mathrm{~L}$; detection at $\lambda=210 \mathrm{~nm}$; solvents: A: water with $0.05 \%(v / v)$ trifluoroacetic acid; B: acetonitrile with $0.05 \%(v / v)$ trifluoroacetic acid: gradient elution: (A\%): 0-4 min: 90\%, $4-29 \mathrm{~min}$ : gradient from $90 \%$ to $0 \%, 29-31 \mathrm{~min}: 0 \%, 31-31.5 \mathrm{~min}$ : gradient from $0 \%$ to $90 \%$, 31.5-40 min: 90\%.

### 4.1.4. Data Analysis

NMR spectra were processed with MestReNova 12.0 (MestreLab Research, Santiago de Compostela, Spain).

### 4.2. Adenosine Receptor Binding Studies

### 4.2.1. Cell Culture and Membrane Preparation

Chinese hamster ovary ( CHO ) cells stably expressing the human adenosine $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ receptor (CHOhA1R) were kindly provided by Prof. S. J. Hill and CHO cells stably expressing the human adenosine $\mathrm{A}_{3}$ receptor $\left(\mathrm{CHOh}_{3} \mathrm{R}\right)$ were a gift from Dr. K.-N. Klotz (University of Würzburg, Germany). Chinese hamster ovary cells stably expressing the human $\mathrm{A}_{1}$-receptor $\left(\mathrm{CHOhA}_{1} \mathrm{R}\right)$ or the human $\mathrm{A}_{3}$-receptor $\left(\mathrm{CHOhA}_{3} \mathrm{R}\right)$ were grown in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) and Ham's F12 medium (1:1) supplemented with 10\% $(v / v)$ newborn calf serum, $50 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ streptomycin, $50 \mathrm{IU} / \mathrm{mL}$ penicillin, and $200 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ G418 at $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $5 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2} . \mathrm{CHOhA}_{1} \mathrm{R}$ cells were subcultured twice a week at a ratio of 1:20 on $10 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates and $15 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates. $\mathrm{CHOhA}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ cells were subcultured twice a week at a ratio of $1: 8$ on $10 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates and $15 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates.

Human embryonic kidney 293 cells stably expressing the human adenosine $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$ receptor (HEK293h $A_{2 A}$ R) were kindly provided by Dr. J. Wang (Biogen/IDEC, Cambridge, MA, USA), CHO-spap cells stably expressing the wild-type (WT) hA ${ }_{2 B}$ receptor (CHO-spap-hA ${ }_{2 B} \mathrm{R}$ ) were kindly provided by S. J. Dowell (GlaxoSmithKline, Brentfort, UK). Human embryonic kidney cells from the cell line 293 stably expressing the human $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$-receptor $\left(\mathrm{HEK}_{293} \mathrm{hA}_{2 \mathrm{~A}} \mathrm{R}\right.$ ) were grown in culture medium consisting of DMEM supplemented with $10 \%(v / v)$ newborn calf serum, $50 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ streptomycin, $50 \mathrm{IU} / \mathrm{mL}$ penicillin, and $500 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{G418}$ at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $7 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$. Cells were subcultured twice a week at a ratio of $1: 8$ on 10 cm Ø plates and $15 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates.

Chinese hamster ovary cells stably expressing the human $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~A}}$-receptor and a reporter gene, the secreted placental alkaline phosphatase, ( CHO -spap-h $\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}} \mathrm{R}$ ) were grown in DMEM and Ham's F12 medium (1:1) supplemented with $10 \%(v / v)$ newborn calf serum, $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ streptomycin, $100 \mathrm{IU} / \mathrm{mL}$ penicillin, $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{G418} \mathrm{and} 0.4 \mathrm{mg} /$, hygromycin at $37{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $5 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$. Cells were subcultured at a ratio of 1:20 twice a week.

All cells were grown to $80-90 \%$ confluency and detached from plates by scraping them into 5 mL phosphate-buffered saline. Detached cells were collected and centrifuged at 200 g for 5 min . Pellets derived from $10015 \mathrm{~cm} \varnothing$ plates were pooled and resuspended in 70 mL of ice-cold 50 mM tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (Tris)- HCl buffer, pH 7.4 . A Heidolph Diax 900 homogenizer was used to homogenize the cell suspension. Membranes and the cytosolic fraction were separated by centrifugation at $100,000 \mathrm{~g}$ in a Beckman Optima LE-80 K ultracentrifuge (Beckman Coulter, Fullerton, CA, USA) at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 min . The pellet was resuspended in 35 mL of the Tris- HCl buffer, and the homogenization and centrifugation steps were repeated. Tris- HCl buffer $(25 \mathrm{~mL})$ was used to resuspend the pellet, and adenosine deaminase (ADA) was added $(0.8 \mathrm{U} / \mathrm{mL})$ to break down endogenous adenosine. Membranes were stored in $250 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ and $500 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ aliquots at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Total protein concentrations were measured using the bicinchoninic acid (BCA) method.

### 4.2.2. Radioligand Displacement Assay

$\mathrm{A}_{1}$ Receptor: Membrane aliquots containing $5 \mu \mathrm{~g}\left(\mathrm{CHOhA}_{1} \mathrm{R}\right)$ protein were incubated in a total volume of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ assay buffer ( 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . Radioligand displacement experiments were performed using six concentrations of competing ligand in the presence of $1.6 \mathrm{nM}\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] 8$-cyclopentyl-1,3-dipropylxanthine ( $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] \mathrm{DPCPX}$ ). At these concentrations, total radioligand binding did not exceed $10 \%$ of that added to prevent ligand depletion. Nonspecific binding was determined in the presence of $100 \mu \mathrm{M}$ $N^{6}$-cyclopentyladenosine (CPA). Incubations were terminated by rapid vacuum filtration to separate the bound and free radioligand through prewetted 96-well GF/B filter plates using a PerkinElmer Filtermate-harvester (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, the Netherlands). Filters were subsequently washed 12 times with ice-cold 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$.
$A_{2 A}$ Receptor: Membrane aliquots containing $30 \mu \mathrm{~g}\left(\mathrm{HEK}_{293} \mathrm{hA}_{2 \mathrm{~A}} \mathrm{R}\right)$ total protein were incubated in a total volume of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ assay buffer ( 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$ ) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . Radioligand displacement experiments were performed using six concentrations of competing ligand in the presence of $5.5 \mathrm{nM}\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] 4$-[2-[7-amino-2-(2-furyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a][1,3,5]triazin-5-
yl-amino]ethyl]phenol ( $\left.{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] \mathrm{ZM} 241385$ ). At these concentrations, total radioligand binding did not exceed $10 \%$ of that added to prevent ligand depletion. Nonspecific binding was determined in the presence of $100 \mu \mathrm{M}$ adenosine-5- $N$-ethyluronamide (NECA). Incubations were terminated by rapid vacuum filtration to separate the bound and free radioligand through prewetted 96-well GF/B filter plates using a PerkinElmer Filtermate-harvester (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, The Netherlands). Filters were subsequently washed 12 times with ice-cold 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$.
$\mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}}$ Receptor: Membrane aliquots containing $30 \mu \mathrm{~g}\left(\mathrm{CHO}-\right.$ spap- $\left.\mathrm{hA}_{2 \mathrm{~B}} \mathrm{R}\right)$ total protein were incubated in a total volume of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ assay buffer ( $0.1 \%$ CHAPS in 50 mM TrisHCl, pH 7.4) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Radioligand displacement experiments were performed using six concentrations of competing ligand in the presence of $1.5 \mathrm{nM}\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] 8-[4-[4-(4-$ chlorophenyl)piperazide-1-sulfonyl)phenyl]]-1-propylxanthine ( $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right]$ PSB-603). At these concentrations, total radioligand binding did not exceed $10 \%$ of that added to prevent ligand depletion. Nonspecific binding was determined in the presence of $10 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ZM241385. Incubations were terminated by rapid vacuum filtration to separate the bound and free radioligand through prewetted 96-well GF/B filter plates using a PerkinElmer Filtermateharvester (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, the Netherlands). Filters were subsequently washed 12 times with ice-cold $0.1 \%$ BSA in 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{pH} 7.4$.
$\mathrm{A}_{3}$ Receptor: Membrane aliquots containing $15 \mu \mathrm{~g}\left(\mathrm{CHOhA}_{3} \mathrm{R}\right)$ total protein were incubated in a total volume of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ assay buffer ( 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{pH} 8.0$, supplemented with $10 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}, 1 \mathrm{mM}$ EDTA and $\left.0.01 \%(w / v) \mathrm{CHAPS}\right)$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Radioligand displacement experiments were performed using six concentrations of competing ligand in the presence of $10 \mathrm{nM}\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] 8$-ethyl-4-methyl-2-phenyl-(8R)-4,5,7,8-tetrahydro-1H-imidazo[2.1-i]purin-5-one ( $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right]$ PSB11). At these concentrations, total radioligand binding did not exceed $10 \%$ of that added to prevent ligand depletion. Nonspecific binding was determined in the presence of $100 \mu \mathrm{M}$ NECA. Incubations were terminated by rapid vacuum filtration to separate the bound and free radioligand through prewetted 96-well GF/B filter plates using a PerkinElmer Filtermate-harvester (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, The Netherlands). Filters were subsequently washed 12 times with ice-cold 50 mM Tris- HCl supplemented with 10 mM $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$, and 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0 for $\mathrm{CHOh}_{3} \mathrm{R}$.

The plates of all four adenosine receptor assays were dried at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after which MicroscintTM-20-cocktail was added (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, The Netherlands). After 3 h the filter-bound radioactivity was determined by scintillation spectrometry using a 2450 MicroBeta Microplate Counter (Perkin Elmer, Groningen, The Netherlands).

### 4.2.3. Data Analysis

All experimental data were analyzed using the non-linear regression curve fitting program GraphPad Prism 7.0 (GraphPad Software Inc., San Diego, CA, USA). IC ${ }_{50}$ values obtained from competition displacement binding data were converted into $K_{i}$ values using the Cheng-Prusoff equation. The $K_{D}$ value ( 1.6 nM ) of $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] \mathrm{DPCPX}$ at $\mathrm{CHOhA}_{1} \mathrm{R}$ membranes was taken from Kourounakis et al. [24]. The $K_{D}$ value ( 1.0 nM ) of [ $\left.{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right] \mathrm{ZM} 241385$ at $h A_{2 A} R$ membranes, the $K_{D}$ value ( 1.71 nM ) of $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right]$ PSB603 at CHspap- $\mathrm{h} \mathrm{A}_{2 \mathrm{~B}} \mathrm{R}$ membranes, and the $K_{D}$ value ( 17.3 nM ) of $\left[{ }^{3} \mathrm{H}\right]$ PSB11 at $\mathrm{CHOhA}_{3} \mathrm{R}$ membranes were taken from inhouse determinations.

## 4.3. $P 2 Y_{1}$ Receptor Studies

### 4.3.1. Cell Culture

Human astrocytoma cell lines expressing human P2Y ${ }_{1}$ receptor (1321N1-HA-P2Y1, Kerafast) were maintained in high-glucose Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (DMEM) supplemented with $10 \%$ fetal calf serum and $1 \%$ Penicillin/Streptomycin (10.000 units penicillin and 10 mg streptomycin per mL in $0.9 \% \mathrm{NaCl}$, Sigma Aldrich) in tissue culture $75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ flasks and subcultured every $2-4$ days ( $1: 3,1: 10$ ) once confluent.

### 4.3.2. $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$-Flux Assay

Fluo-4 Direct was prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. Human Astrocytoma cell line stably expressing the $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{Y}_{1}$ receptor (1321N1-HA-P2Y ${ }_{1}$, Kerafast) was seeded into black clear-bottom Nunc 96 well plates (Thermo Fisher Scientific) at $3.0-4.0 \times 10^{4}$ cells/well and incubated for 48 h at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $5 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ until cells reach confluence level of at least $85-90 \%$. The medium was removed, and the cells were washed using $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ HBSS containing 20 mM HEPES. Loading cells with the fluorescent $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ indicator Fluo- 4 were performed at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 40 min and an additional 20 min at room temperature, followed by 30 min of incubation in the presence (antagonist mode) of five different concentrations of antagonists ( $10^{-4}$ to $10^{-8} \mathrm{M}$ ) or absence of antagonists (agonist mode, mock solution $50 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ HBSS containing 20 mM HEPES and $2 \%$ DMSO). Followed by the application of ADP (concentration of determined $\mathrm{EC}_{50}$-value, antagonist mode) or different concentrations of potential agonists ( $10^{-4}$ to $10^{-8} \mathrm{M}$, agonist mode) and the changes of intracellular $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$ concentrations were monitored over 200 s using a FlexStation ${ }^{\circledR ®} 3$ Multi-Mode Microplate Reader (Molecular Devices, San Jose, CA, USA, SoftMax7 Pro, excitation: 494 nm , emission: 516 nm ). The concentration-dependent increase or decrease of $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$-flux was plotted against the logarithmic concentrations of compounds.

### 4.3.3. Data Analysis

The activation or inhibition curves of three independent measurements, each done in duplicates, were fitted to Hill equation using GraphPad Prism software version 9.3.1 (GraphPad Software Inc. San Diego, CA, USA).

### 4.4. Synthetic Procedures

(1R,2R,3S,4S,5S)-1-\{[(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo [3.1.0] hexan-2,3,4-triol (4). The procedure was modified according to reference [16]. The ( $1 S, 2 S, 3 R$ )-4-\{[(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidene-4-cyclopenten-1,2,3-triol (1.01 g, $2.37 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(13 \mathrm{~mL})$ under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was cooled down to $-18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with an ice/salt bath. Diethylzinc ( $1 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$ in hexane, $2.60 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.60 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1$ eq.) was added dropwise, and the mixture was stirred for 15 min . Diidomethane ( $0.22 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.73 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.15$ eq.) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$ was also added dropwise and the reaction was stirred for another 15 min . Both steps were repeated a second time. Then diethylzinc ( $1 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$ in hexane, $2.60 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.60 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1$ eq.) was added for the third time. After stirring for 15 min at $-18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction was allowed to warm to rt and stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$-solution and was extracted five times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=7: 1, \varnothing=5 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{l}=22 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=30 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the product 4 as a colorless oil ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.20$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1$ ), yield $0.90 \mathrm{~g}(86 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}(438.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(t_{R}=18.94 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{OH}$, $\left.-\mathrm{CO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]^{+} 363.1775$, found 363.1777. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.66-7.60$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.46-7.34\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 3,4,5 \mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 5.00(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.9,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.54$ $(\mathrm{td}, J=6.9,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.45(\mathrm{dt}, J=9.6,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}), 4.12(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $4.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCHH}), 2.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.61(\mathrm{dt}$, $J=9.3,4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $0.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.09(\mathrm{t}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 1.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $0.54(\mathrm{ddt}, J=8.8,5.3,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=135.7(4 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}-2,6_{P h}\right), 133.8,133.7\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{P h}\right), 129.9\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{P h}\right), 127.8\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3,5_{P h}\right), 113.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 81.3 (1C, C2), 79.9 (1C, C3), 71.2 (1C, C4), $65.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 35.7$ (1C, C-1), 33.0 (1C, C-5), 27.0 $\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 19.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 10.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2932,2859\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1470\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}\right), 1107,1080,1042$ (CO), $741,702\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$, out of plane).

7-Chloro-5-nitro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (7). An amount of 6-chloro-1-deazapurine ( $1.01 \mathrm{~g}, 6.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate ( $3.02 \mathrm{~g}, 16.6 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.5 \mathrm{eq}$. ) were suspended in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$. DMAP ( $0.04 \mathrm{~g}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1.5 h . The reaction was quenched with silica gel and filtered through a pad of Celite ${ }^{\circledR ®}$. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was redissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$. Tetrabutylammonium nitrate ( $3.07 \mathrm{~g}, 10.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added and the mixture cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with an ice bath. Trifluoroacetic anhydride ( $1.8 \mathrm{~mL}, 10.1 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.5 eq.) was added dropwise and the reaction stirred for 2.5 h at rt . The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(40 \mathrm{~mL})$. The solution was refluxed overnight. The mixture was concentrated until the product was precipitating but was still properly suspended. After cooling the suspension in the fridge for 1 h , the solid was filtered off, washed with ice cold $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$, and dried in vacuo to afford the product 77 as a beige solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.43, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield $1.02 \mathrm{~g}(78 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}(198.57 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $295.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B ): $>99 \% ~\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=5.67 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$199.0007, found 199.0017. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 8.36(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}(151 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=151.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 149.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 112.8$ (1C, C-6); C-3a, C-7 and C-7a were not visible. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3098,3013\left(\mathrm{v}\right.$ C-H ${ }_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 2743, 2677, 2612, 2554 (N-H), 1543, 1501 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 833, 880 ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aromat., out of plane }) . ~}^{\text {on }}$.
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(5-Amino-7-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-\{[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl) oxy]methyll-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (10). The deazapurine 7 (0.29g, $1.48 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and triphenylphospane ( 0.61 \mathrm{~g}, 2.31 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.1 \mathrm{eq}$.$) were dissolved in$ THF ( 10 mL ) under nitrogen atmosphere. DIAD ( $0.42 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.14 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was added$ dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 15 min at rt . A solution of the alcohol 4 $(0.49 \mathrm{~g}, 1.11 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF ( 13 mL ) was added and the mixture was stirred at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . DIAD $(0.42 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.14 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was added and$ the mixture was stirred again at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . DIAD ( $0.42 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.14 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added and the mixture was stirred at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W for the third time. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1, \varnothing=5 \mathrm{~cm}, 1=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=30 \mathrm{~mL}$ ), but the intermediate was still heavily contaminated with DIAD and was directly dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(40 \mathrm{~mL}) . \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}(1.51 \mathrm{~g}, 8.64 \mathrm{mmol}, 7.8 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and 10 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ were added. The mixture was stirred for 3d at rt. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1 \rightarrow 4: 1 \rightarrow 2: 1, \varnothing=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=30 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 10 as colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.42$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield 0.138 g $(21 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(589.21 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $88.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=21.36 \mathrm{~min}\right)$.

Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$589.2396, found 589.2401. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, 7.63-7.58 (m, 4H, 2, 6CH Ph ), 7.47-7.43 (m, 2H, 4-CH Ch ), 7.41-7.37 (m, 4H, 3, 5-CH Ch ), 6.52 (s, 1H, $\left.6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, $6.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 5.33(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH})$, 4.89 (s, 1H, 4-CH), 4.65 (dd, J = 7.1, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.10(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH})$, $3.64(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.66$ (ddd, J = 9.2, 4.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H, 5CH), 1.44 (s, 3H, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.97(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH})$, 0.88 (ddd, $\mathrm{J}=9.1,5.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}$ ); the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small $\mathrm{im}-$ purities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=157.4$ (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine $), 145.9$ (1C, C3a $_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 138.3 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 135.1 (4C, C-2, $6_{\mathrm{Ph}}$ ), 134.1 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, $132.7\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\mathrm{Ph}}\right), 129.9\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4_{\mathrm{Ph}}\right), 127.9\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3,5_{\mathrm{Ph}}\right)$, 124.5 (1C, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{a}}^{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), $111.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 104.1$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 88.0$ (1C, C3), 80.7 (1C, C2), $64.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 57.8$ (1C, C-4), 38.1 (1C, C1), 29.9 (1C, C-5), 26.7 (3C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 11.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$; the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-$ NMR spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \%$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3333(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1601,1570\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot\right), 1107,1061,1038(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$, 741,702 ( $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat., }}$ out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(5-Amino-7-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl) bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (11). Compound 10 ( $0.068 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method B ) to afford the alcohol 11 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.012 \mathrm{~g}(34 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}(310.74 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method D): $99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=6.97 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$311.0905, found 311.0908. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO-d ${ }_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.32\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 6.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 6.23(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 5.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}, 3-\mathrm{OH}\right), 4.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.57(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}, 2-\mathrm{OH})$, 4.08 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H, OCHH), $3.64(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.12(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, OCHH), 1.41 (ddd, J = 8.7, 3.9, $1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.32(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.78$ (ddd, $\mathrm{J}=8.6,4.7,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=157.2$ (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine ), 146.1 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 138.5 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 133.9 (1C, C-7 imidazopyridine $), 124.4$ (1C, C-7a imidazopyridine ), 104.0 (1C, C-6 imidazopyridine ), 76.1 (1C, C-3), $70.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 62.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 36.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 23.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 11.1$ (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3321,3206(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2920\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1601,1574\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }} \cdot\right), 1061$, 1003 (C-O).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-1-\{[(tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-4-(5,7-dichloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b] pyridin-3-yl)-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (9). An amount of 2,6-dichloro-1deazapurine ( $6,0.16 \mathrm{~g}, 0.86 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and triphenylphospane ( 0.36 \mathrm{~g}, 1.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$. were dissolved in THF ( 7 mL ) under nitrogen atmosphere. DIAD ( $0.27 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.38 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.9 eq.) was added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at rt . A solution of the alcohol $4(0.32 \mathrm{~g}, 0.73 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF $(7 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added and the mixture was stirred at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . DIAD ( $0.27 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.38 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$. ) was added and the mixture was stirred at $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W again. DIAD ( $0.27 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.38 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.9 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added and the mixture was stirred at $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W for the third time. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=7: 1, \varnothing=5 \mathrm{~cm}$, $1=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=30 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the product 87 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.26$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1$ ), yield $0.40 \mathrm{~g}(89 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(608.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $75.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=17.28 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 608.1898$, found 608.1899 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 8.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.59(\mathrm{ddt}$, $\left.J=10.6,6.8,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6 \mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.46-7.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.40-7.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right)$, 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H, 3, 5-CH $\mathrm{Ch}_{\mathrm{h}}$ ), $5.23(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}), 5.04(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}), 4.77$ (dd, $J=7.1,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, OCHH), $1.72(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,4.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 1.01 (s, 10H, 6-CHH, C( $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$ ), 0.96 (ddd, $\left.J=9.2,5.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}(151$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=145.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3 \mathrm{a}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 144.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 144.2$ (1C, C-5 $5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 135.2 (1C, C-7 $7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 135.1 (4C, C2, $6_{P h}$ ), 132.8 (2C, C-1 $1_{\text {Ph }}$ ), 132.2 (1C, C7a imidazopyridine ), $129.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 4_{\text {Ph }}\right), 127.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3,5_{P h}\right), 127.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3,5_{P h}\right), 118.1$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{Cb}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 111.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 87.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3), 81.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 64.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 59.3(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{C}-4), 38.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 1), 29.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 26.7\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978,2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1589,1562$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1065, $1042(\mathrm{CO}), 741,702\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$, out of plane $)$.
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(5,7-Dichloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo hexane-2,3-diol (12). Compound $9(0.036 \mathrm{~g}, 0.06 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.1 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.14 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.14 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$ : $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the alcohol 12 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.34, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield $0.016 \mathrm{~g}(84 \%)$. $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ( $330.17 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%$ ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=5.95 \mathrm{~min}$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 330.0407$, found 330.0406. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$
( $\left.600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, $7.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridin }}\right)$, 5.00 (s, 1H, $4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.78$ (dd, $J=6.6,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.28$ (dd, $J=11.5,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, OCHH), $3.91(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.6,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.65(\mathrm{ddd}$, $J=8.7,3.9,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.58(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.2,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.78(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.7,5.2$, $1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=147.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3 \mathrm{a}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, 147.0 (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine ), 145.6 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 137.1 (1C, C-7 imidazopyridine ), 133.1 (1C, C-7a $\mathrm{a}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 119.9 (1C, C-6 imidazopyridine ), 77.5 (1C, C-3), $72.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 64.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 63.6 (1C, C-4), 37.9 (1C, C-1), 24.5 (1C, C-5), 12.2 (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3244$ (O-H), 2978 (C-H aliphat.), 1593, 1562 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1064, 1006 (C-O).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[7-(Benzylamino)-5-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl]-1-(hydroxymethyl) bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (13). Compound 9 ( $0.26 \mathrm{~g}, 0.43 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in N -methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP, 5.5 mL ). Benzylamine ( $0.78 \mathrm{~mL}, 7.14 \mathrm{mmol}, 17 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and$ $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}$-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA, $0.52 \mathrm{~mL}, 3.06 \mathrm{mmol}, 7 \mathrm{eq}$.$) were added. The mixture$ was stirred at $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . The solution was directly purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=30: 70 \rightarrow 100: 0,50 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP C18, $120 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the protected product as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.44$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $0.25 \mathrm{~g}(86 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(679.33 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $81.4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C): $97 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=17.58 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$678.2866, found 679.2898. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.92(\mathrm{t}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH})$, 7.64-7.57 (m, 4H, 2, 6-CH ${ }_{P h}$ ), 7.47-7.28 (m, 10H, 3, 4, 5-CH Ph $\left.^{2}, 3,3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.26-7.19$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 5.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH})$, 4.92 (s, 1H, 4-CH), 4.65 (dd, $J=7.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.62\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 4.05(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.65(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.3,4.4,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.90$ (ddd, $J=9.2,5.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=147.8$ (1C, C-7 $7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 146.0 (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine ), 144.8 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 139.2 (1C, C-1 $1_{\text {benzyl }}$ ), 138.7 (1C, C-2 $2_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 135.0 (4C, C-2, $6_{P h}$ ), 132.8 (2C, C-1 ${ }_{P h}$ ), 129.8 (2C, C-4 Ph ), 128.4 (2C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.8\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3,5_{\text {Ph }}\right), 126.9\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 126.8$ (1C, C-4 benzyl ), 122.2 (1C, C-7a imidazopyridine ), $111.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 98.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 88.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 81.2$ (1C, $\mathrm{C}-2), 64.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 58.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 45.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), 38.2 (1C, C-1), 29.8 (1C, C-5), 26.7 $\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978,2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1608,1582\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot\right), 1111,1069,1038$ (C-O), 737, 698 (C-H aromat., out of plane).

Next, the compound ( $0.080 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(2.5 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.32 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.32 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the alcohol 13 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.20, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5$ ), yield $0.034 \mathrm{~g}(72 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ( $400.86 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.53 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 401.1375$, found 401.1367. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.39-7.35\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.32(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J=8.5,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.28-7.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, 5.48 (s, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, solvent: dichloromethane), 4.83 (s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}\right), 4.76$ (dd, $J=6.7$, $1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), 4.27 (dd, $\left.J=11.6,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}\right), 3.84$ (dt, $J=6.7,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.62(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.8,3.9$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.2,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.74(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.7,5.2,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=149.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 148.6$ (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine ), 146.1 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 140.3 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 139.4 (1C, C-1 $1_{\text {benzyl }}$ ), 129.7 (2C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 128.4 (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 128.3$ (1C, C-4 $\left.{ }_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 123.4$ (1C, C-7a imidazopyridine ), 99.7 (1C, C-6 imidazopyridine ), $77.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 72.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 64.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 63.3 (1C, C-4), 47.5 (1C, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ benzyl), 38.0 (1C, C-1), 24.4 (1C, C-5), 12.2 (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3325(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat. }}\right), 1608,1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1119,1072(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}), 733$, 694 (C-H aromat., out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[7-(Benzylamino)-5-methylthio-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl]-1-(hydroxy-methyl)bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (14). Compound $13(0.10 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in DMF ( 5.5 mL ). $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}(0.21 \mathrm{~g}, 3.04 \mathrm{mmol}, 20 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR 8 ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The purified intermediate was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.12 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.12 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$ : $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 93 as a colorless solid alongside an impurity due to the incomplete conversion during formation of the methylthio ether. The mixture was dissolved in DMF ( 0.5 mL ) and $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}\left(0.041 \mathrm{~g}, 0.58 \mathrm{mmol}, 4\right.$ eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 93 as a beige solid with a small contamination with starting material $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.29, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.010 \mathrm{~g}(16 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $412.51 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $93 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.78 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 413.1642$, found 413.1643. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.41(\mathrm{t}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.38-7.27$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,3,5,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.25-7.19\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 5.10$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}), 4.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 4.79(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $4.46(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 4.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 4.03\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $3.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 2.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$, 2.08 (s, $0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$, solvent: acetonitrile), $1.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 1.43 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.6,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}), 1.17(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 0.59 (ddd, $J=8.6,4.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}$ ); the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \%$ assigned to compound 13. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=153.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 146.1(1 \mathrm{C}$, C7 $7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 146.0 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 139.7 (1C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 137.2$ (1C, C2 imidazopyridine ), 128.3 (2C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.0$ (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 126.7$ (1C, C4 $\left.4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 120.9$ (1C, C7a imidazopyridine ), 95.9 (1C, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), $76.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3), 70.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 62.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 45.4$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 36.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 23.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 13.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 11.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$; the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \%$ assigned to compound 13 . FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3302(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1605,1582\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1115,1072$, 1006 (C-O), 737, $698\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat., }}\right.$ out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-\{5-Chloro-7-[(4-methoxy)benzylamino]-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl\}-1-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (15). Compound 9 ( $0.41 \mathrm{~g}, 0.68 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in NMP ( 8 mL ). 4-methoxybenzylamine ( $1.3 \mathrm{~mL}, 9.95 \mathrm{mmol}, 15 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and DIPEA$ $\left(0.56 \mathrm{~mL}, 3.29 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.5 \mathrm{eq}\right.$.) were added. The mixture was stirred at $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 min in the microwave at a power of 200 W and was directly purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $50 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®} \mathrm{SNAP} \mathrm{C} 18,120 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the acetonide-protected product ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S, 4 R, 5 S$ )-4-(7-Amino-5-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-\{[(tert-butyldi-phenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35\right.$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $\left.=1: 1\right)$, yield $0.39 \mathrm{~g}(80 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}$ ( $708.29 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Melting point: $82.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C): $96 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=17.51 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 709.2971$, found 709.2958. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.85(\mathrm{t}$, $J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.637 .56\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.46-7.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 3,4,5-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.32-7.27$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.91-6.86\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 5.25$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.3,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}), 4.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}), 4.65(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.53$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2 \text { benzyl }}$ ), $4.04\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 3.76 (d, $J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.71\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), 1.99 (s, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 1.65 (ddd, $\left.J=9.3,4.5,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}\right), 1.45$ (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$,
$0.98(\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.90(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,5.2,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH})$; the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=158.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 147.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 146.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 144.7$ * (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 138.6 (1C, C2 imidazopyridine ), 135.0 (4C, C-2, $6_{P h}$ ), 132.8 (2C, C-1 $1_{\text {Ph }}$ ), 131.0 * (1C, C-1 benzyl $)$, 129.8 (2C, C4 Ph ), 128.3 (2C, C2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.8\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 3,5_{\text {Ph }}\right), 122.2$ (1C, C7a ${ }_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), $113.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, ~ \mathrm{C3}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}, 5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 111.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 98.0$ * $(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{Cb}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 88.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3), 81.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 64.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}, 58.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 55.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)\right.$, $44.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 38.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 29.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 26.7\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6){ }^{*}$ : C-3a $\mathrm{a}_{\text {imidazopyridine, }}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ and C- $1_{\text {benzyl }}$ could only be seen in 2D NMR spectra. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3071$ (v C-H ${ }_{\text {aromat }}$.), $2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1609,1582\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1111,1065,1038(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}), 741,702\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$. out of plane).

Next, the acetonide-protected compound ( $0.050 \mathrm{~g}, 0.07 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $\left.12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}\right)$ to afford the alcohol 95 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5\right)$, yield 0.027 $\mathrm{g}(89 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}(430.89 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.67 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 431.1481$, found 431.1486. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6} \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.73(\mathrm{t}\right.$, $J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.31-7.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.94-6.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 6.30$ (s, 1H, 6-CH ${ }_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), $5.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), $4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.58\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.5,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 4.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.71$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.66(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.4,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.44$ (ddd, $J=8.8,3.9,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.60$ (ddd, $J=8.6,4.7$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=158.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 147.7$ (1C, C-7 imidazopyridine ), 145.9 (1C, C-5 imidazopyridine ), 145.0 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 138.5 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 131.0 (1C, C-1 benzyl ), 128.3 (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 121.8$ (1C, C-7a $\mathrm{a}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 113.8 (2C, C-3, $5_{\text {benzyl }}$ ), 98.0 (1C, C-6 imidazopyridine ), 76.0 (1C, C-3), 70.3 (1C, C-2), 62.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 55.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane $), 44.9$ (1C, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ benzyl), 36.4 (1C, C-1), 23.2 (1C, C-5), 11.0 (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3318$ (O-H), 2920 (C-H ${ }_{\text {aliphat }}$.), 1609 (C = Caromat. ), 1119, 1080, 1030 (C-O), 737 (C-Haromat., out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(7-Amino-5-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl) bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (16). The acetonide-protected intermediate ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S, 4 R, 5 S$ )-4-(7-amino-5-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-\{[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol ( $0.26 \mathrm{~g}, 0.43 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ $(2.7 \mathrm{~mL}) . \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.3 \mathrm{~mL})$ and 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone (DDQ, 0.038 g , $0.17 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ eq.) were added. The mixture was stirred at rt overnight. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ was added and the mixture was extracted three times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\mathbb{B} ®}$ SNAP $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the amine as a beige solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19\right.$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $0.049 \mathrm{~g}(74 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(588.23 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $101.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=22.35 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 589.2396$, found 589.2395 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.21\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 7.63-7.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {Ph }}\right), 7.47-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.4-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 7.41-7.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 6.80(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} 2), 6.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 5.75$ (s, $0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, solvent: dichloromethane), 5.27 (dd, $J=7.0,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}$ ), 4.90 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}), 4.64(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.74(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H), 1.65(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.3,4.4,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.19$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.98(\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.89(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,5.1$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=148.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, 145.7 (1C, C5 imidazopyridine ), 145.3 (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 138.7 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 135.1 (4C, $\left.C 2,6_{P h}\right), 132.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{P h}\right), 129.9\left(2 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 4_{P h}\right), 127.9\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3,5_{P h}\right), 122.1$ (1C, C7a imidazopyridine ),
$111.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 100.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Cb}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 88.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3), 81.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 64.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 58.1 (1C, C-4), 38.3 (1C, C-1), 29.9 (1C, C-5), $26.8\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3360(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2978$, $2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1624,1601\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }}.\right), 1111,1065,1038(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}), 741,702\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$. out of plane).

Next the acetonide-protected intermediate ( $0.051 \mathrm{~g}, 0.09 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method B) to afford the alcohol 16 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.016 \mathrm{~g}(60 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}(310.74 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(t_{R}=4.11 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$311.0905, found 311.0905. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\left.\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 6.76(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH})_{2}\right), 6.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, $4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.57(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.66$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.44(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.8,3.9,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.60(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.5,4.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=148.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 145.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 145.4$ (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 138.7 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 121.4 (1C, C-7a imidazopyridine ), 100.5 (1C, C-6 imidazopyridine), 76.0 (1C, $\mathrm{C}-3$ ), 70.3 (1C, C-2), $62.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.6$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4\right), 36.4$ (1C, C-1), 23.2 (1C, C-5), 11.1 (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3345,3217(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}\right)$, 1632, 1601 (C = C aromat.), 1115, 1069, 1007 (C-O).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(7-Amino-5-methylthio-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl) bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (17). An amount of ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S, 4 R, 5 S$ )-4-(7-Amino-5-chloro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridin-3-yl)-1-\{[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidene-bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol ( $0.030 \mathrm{~g}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in DMF $(1.5 \mathrm{~mL}) . \mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}$ ( $0.078 \mathrm{~g}, 1.11 \mathrm{mmol}, 22 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h in the microwave at a power of $200 \mathrm{~W} . \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ was added and the reaction was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Due to incomplete conversion, the residue was dissolved in DMF ( 1.5 mL ), and $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}\left(0.054 \mathrm{~g}, 0.77 \mathrm{mmol}, 15 \mathrm{eq}\right.$.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of $200 \mathrm{~W} . \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ was added and the reaction was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\mathbb{B ®}}$ SNAP C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the methylthio ether as a colorless oil ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5$ ), yield $0.011 \mathrm{~g}(58 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ $(362.45 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $109.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $94 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.14 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$363.1485, found 363.1493. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 6.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)$, $6.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 5.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), $5.22(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=7.0,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.98(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}), 3.86(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.7,3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.36-3.31(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 2.49$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ ), 1.61 (ddd, $\left.J=9.2,4.4,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}\right), 1.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}, 1.17\right.$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 3.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}, 0.98(\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.880 .84(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}):{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( $\left.151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=153.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 147.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, C 7_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 146.1$ (1C, C-3a imidazopyridine ), 137.5 (1C, C-2 imidazopyridine ), 121.1 (1C, C7a $_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 111.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 98.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Cb}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 88.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3), 80.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 62.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 57.7(1 \mathrm{C}$, C4), 54.9 ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, solvent: dichloromethane), 38.7 (1C, C1), 29.8 (1C, C5), 25.9 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 6):$ FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3352$, $3202(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2986,2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1624,1582\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }}.\right), 1057,1026,1015(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$.

Next, the acetonide-protected methylthioether intermediate ( $0.025 \mathrm{~g}, 0.07 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20$ mL ) were added. The mixture was heated to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method C) to afford the product 17 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.22, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.012 \mathrm{~g}(55 \%)$.
$\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $322.38 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method D ): $99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=10.45 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$323.1172, found 323.1167. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 6.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)$, 6.31 (s, 1H, 6-CH imidazopyridine ), $4.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.57(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH})$, $4.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCHH}), 2.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: DMSO), $2.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 2.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), 1.45 (ddd, $J=8.7,3.9,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.61$ (ddd, $J=8.6,4.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 146.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right), 145.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C3a}_{\text {imidazopyridine }}\right)$, 137.2 (1С, C-2 $2_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 119.4 (1C, C7a imidazopyridine ), 98.7 (1C, C6 $_{\text {imidazopyridine }}$ ), 76.0 (1C, C3), $70.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 62.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 40.5\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: DMSO), 36.4 (1C, C1), $23.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 13.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 11.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341,3217$ (O-H), $2920\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat. }}\right.$ ), 1674, 1628, 1597 (C = Caromat. $), 1119,1069,1011$ (C-O).

5-Chloro-6-nitro-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (19). 2-Chloro-1-deazapurine ( $0.10 \mathrm{~g}, 0.66 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate ( $0.20 \mathrm{~g}, 0.91 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.4 \mathrm{eq}$.) were suspended in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$. A catalytic amount of DMAP ( $\sim 1 \mathrm{mg}$ ) was added and the mixture was stirred for 2.5 h . The reaction was quenched with silica gel and filtered through a pad of Celite ${ }^{\circledR ® ®}$. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was redissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. Tetrabutylammonium nitrate ( $0.30 \mathrm{~g}, 0.98 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ eq.) was added and the mixture cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with an ice bath. Trifluoroacetic anhydride ( $0.14 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.99 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added dropwise and the reaction stirred for 5 h at rt and under reflux overnight. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=97.5: 2.5 \rightarrow 96.5: 3.5 \rightarrow 95.5, \varnothing=3 \mathrm{~cm}\right.$, $1=24 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the product 19 as light brown solid $(76 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ $(198.57 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-\mathrm{d}_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.87(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 7-\mathrm{CH}), 8.80(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 3.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=149.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 139.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 135.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6), 48.6\left(0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol); C-3a, C-7 and C-7a were not visible.

Crystal data for $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{M}=198.57 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$ : orthorhombic, Pbca (No. 61), $\mathrm{a}=11.3385(3) \AA, \mathrm{b}=6.5407(2) \AA, \mathrm{c}=20.0740(7) \AA, \mathrm{V}=1488.72(8) \AA^{3}, \mathrm{Z}=8,1.772 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$, $\mathrm{T}=173(2) \mathrm{K}, \mu(\mathrm{CuK} \alpha)=0.479 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$, final R indices $[\mathrm{I}>2 \sigma(\mathrm{I})] \mathrm{R}^{1}=0.0316, \mathrm{wR}^{2}=0.0798$, $R$ indices (all data) $\mathrm{R}^{1}=0.0355, \mathrm{wR}^{2}=0.0827$

7-Chloro-5-nitro-3-tosyl-3H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (20). Compound 7 ( $0.50 \mathrm{~g}, 2.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was suspended in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$. Tosyl chloride ( $0.97 \mathrm{~g}, 5.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 2$ eq.) and DIPEA ( $0.88 \mathrm{~mL}, 5.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 2$ eq.) were added and the mixture stirred for 3 h at rt . The reaction was neutralized with saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1 \rightarrow 2: 1, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=22 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The mixed fractions were purified again using fc (cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=5: 1, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, l=22 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 20 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$, cyclohexane: ethyl acetate $=3: 1$ ), yield $0.81 \mathrm{~g}(91 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(352.75 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $200.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B$):>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=15.72 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass $(\mathrm{APCI}): m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{ClN}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$353.0106, found 353.0105. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 8.39(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}), 8.228 .18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {tosyl }}\right), 7.48-7.43$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {tosyl }}\right), 2.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=153.6$ (1C, C-5), 148.9 (1C, C4 tosyl ), 147.9 (1C, C-2), 144.0 (1C, C-3a), 139.1 (1C, C7a), 138.5 (1C, C-7), 133.9 (1C, C-1 $1_{\text {tosyl }}$ ), 131.3 (2C, C3, $5_{\text {tosyl }}$ ), 130.0 (2C, C-2, $6_{\text {tosyl }}$ ), 116.7 (1C, C6), 21.8 $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3117,3102(\mathrm{v}$ C-Haromat. $\cdot), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1598,1555$ (C = C aromat. ), 1373, $1327\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right), 1176(\mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{O}), 837,814\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$, out of plane $)$.

N,N-Dibenzyl-N'-[4-chloro-2-(4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido-6-nitropyridin-3-yllformimidamide (21). Compound $20(0.074 \mathrm{~g}, 0.21 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. Dibenzylamine ( $0.40 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.08 \mathrm{mmol}, 10 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added and the mixture stirred overnight at rt. The reaction was washed with saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution and was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethylacetate: $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=25: 3: 2+1 \%$ triethylamine, $\varnothing=2 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$1=25 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the product 21 as a red solid. Red solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.36\right.$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.090 \mathrm{~g}(78 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(550.03 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $171.2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=21.02 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 550.1310$, found 550.1285. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.30(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.44(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{CH}), 8.09(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$, $\left.6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {tosyl }}\right), 7.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {pyridine }}\right), 7.43-7.26\left(\mathrm{~m}, 12 \mathrm{H}, 3,5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {tosyl }}, 2,3,4,5,6 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.68$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ benzyl $), 4.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 2.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=157.6$ (1C, C-1), 147.1 (1C, C-6 pyridine ), 142.9 (1C, C4 tosyl ), 139.8 (1C, C-4 pyridine ), 136.5 (3C, C-1 $1_{\text {tosyl }}$, $\left.C-1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 132.8$ (1C, C-3 $3_{\text {pyridine }}$ ), 128.6 (2C, C3, $\left.5_{\text {tosyl }}\right), 128.5\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 3,5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 128.4$ (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {tosyl }}\right), 128.2\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 128.0\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $112.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {pyridine }}\right), 53.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 47.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 21.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; the signal for C-4 $4_{\text {pyridine }}$ could not be seen in ${ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}$ spectrum. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3251(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2978$, $2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1616\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot\right), 1327\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right), 1161(\mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{O}), 829,814,748,737\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$., out of plane).

Crystal data for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(\mathrm{M}=550.02 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$ : monoclinic, $\mathrm{P} 21 / \mathrm{n}$ (No. 14), $\mathrm{a}=13.4033(2) \AA, \mathrm{b}=9.4786(2) \AA, \beta=98.623(1)^{\circ}, \mathrm{c}=20.9689(4) \AA, \mathrm{V}=2633.87(8) \AA^{3}, \mathrm{Z}=4$, $1.387 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}, \mathrm{~T}=173(2), \mu(\mathrm{CuK} \alpha)=0.268 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$, Final R indices $\left[\mathrm{I}>2 \sigma(\mathrm{I}) \mathrm{R}^{1}=0.0424\right.$, $w R^{2}=0.0934, R$ indices (all data) $R^{1}=0.0502, \mathrm{wR}^{2}=0.0992$
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-\{[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (24). An amount of 6-chloropurine (22, 1.00 g , 6.47 mmol ) was suspended in isopropanol ( 60 mL ). Dibenzylamine ( $5.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 26.0 \mathrm{mmol}$, 4 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under reflux for 7 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=59: 1 \rightarrow 29: 1+0,5 \%\right.$ $\mathrm{HCOOH}, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the $N, N$-dibenzyladenine as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.36\right.$, ethyl acetate $\left.=100 \%\right)$, yield $1.91 \mathrm{~g}(94 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5}(315.38 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $186.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=15.31 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 316.1557$, found 316.1568. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=13.14(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 9-\mathrm{NH}), 8.28(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 8.14(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}), 7.46-7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}$, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6-CH benzyl ), $5.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2 \text { benzyl }}\right), 4.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6), 151.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 151.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 138.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-8), 138.0$ (1C, C1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 128.5\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 3,5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.0\left(2 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 118.5$ (1C, C-5), $50.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 48.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3059\left(\mathrm{v} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aromat. }}\right), 2978$, ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat. }}$.), $1574\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 752,737,698\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$, out of plane $)$.

The $N, N$-dibenzyladenine ( $0.47 \mathrm{~g}, 1.48 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3$ eq.) and triphenylphospane ( 0.47 g , $1.78 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.6$ eq.) were dissolved in THF ( 10 mL ) under nitrogen atmosphere. Diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (DIAD, $0.34 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.73 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at rt . A solution of the alcohol $4(0.50 \mathrm{~g}, 1.15 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added and the solution was stirred overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=19: 1 \rightarrow 9: 1, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, 1=20 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 24 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.29$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=9: 1$ ), yield $0.73 \mathrm{~g}(86 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{45} \mathrm{H}_{49} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(736.00 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $77.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=18.82 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{45} \mathrm{H}_{50} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 736.3677$, found 736.3707. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 8.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.60-7.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right)$, 7.42-7.37 (m, 2H, 4-CH Ch ), 7.36-7.32 (m, 4H, 3, 5-CH $\mathrm{CH}_{P h}$ ), 7.31-7.24 (m, 10H, 2, 3, 4, 5, $\left.6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.28(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.0,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.96\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.88\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.76(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1$, $1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.67$ (ddd, $J=9.3,4.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: cyclohexane), $1.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.01(\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 0.90 (ddd, $J=9.1,5.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.1$ (1C, C-6 purine $^{\text {) }} 152.0$ (1C, C-2 $2_{\text {purine }}$ ), 150.0 (1C, C- $4_{\text {purine }}$ ), 138.5 (1C, C-8 purine ), 137.9 (2C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 135.1 (4C, C-2, $\left.6_{P h}\right), 132.8\left(2 C, C-1_{P h}\right), 129.8\left(2 C, C-4_{P h}\right), 128.5$ (4C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$,
$127.8\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3,5_{\text {Ph }}\right), 127.4\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.1$ (2C, C-4 benzyl $), 119.0$ (1C, C-5 purine ), 111.3 $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 87.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 81.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 64.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 58.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 50.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $48.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 38.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 29.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 26.7\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.3(\mathrm{~s}, 0.8 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$, solvent: cyclohexane), $25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.2$ (1C, C-6). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1574\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1107,1064,1037$ (C-O), 737, 698 (C-Haromat., out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (26). Compound $24(0.125 \mathrm{~g}, 0.17 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(3.6 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\left.\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}\right)$ to afford the alcohol 106 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.051 \mathrm{~g}(65 \%)$. $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}(457.53 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.99 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 458.2187$, found 458.2187. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 8.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.347 .29(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.29-7.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.42(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.25(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}), 5.03\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 4.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.82$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}, 4-\mathrm{CH}\right), 4.58(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.49(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 4.07$ (dd, $J=11.4,4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}), 3.13(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.4,4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, OCHH), 1.49 (ddd, $J=8.7,3.9,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.37(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.7,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}), 0.61$ $(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.5,4.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.1$ (1C, C-6 purine ), 151.9 (1C, C-2 purine ), 150.1 (1C, C-4 purine ), 138.3 (1C, C-8 purine ), 137.9 (2C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 128.5 (4C, C3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4$ (4C, C2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.1$ (2C, C-4 benzyl $), 118.9$ (1C, C-5 purine ), 75.9 (1C, C-3), $70.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2), 62.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 50.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), 48.6 (1C, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ benzyl $), 36.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 23.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5), 11.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3310(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H})$, 3028 (v C-Haromat.), 2978, $2920\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1578$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), $1068(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}), 698\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$, out of plane).
(1R, $2 R, 3 S, 4 R, 5 S$ )-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-[[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy] methyl\}-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (25). An amount of 2,6-dichloropurine $(2.02 \mathrm{~g}, 10.47 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in isopropanol ( 100 mL ). Dibenzylamine ( $8.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 41.6 \mathrm{mmol}$, 3.9 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under reflux for 1.5 h . The precipitated product was filtered off and purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=59: 1 \rightarrow 29: 1+0.5 \% \mathrm{HCOOH}\right.$, $\varnothing=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=100 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the purine derivative as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.37$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $3.27 \mathrm{~g}(88 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{ClN}_{5}(349.82 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(t_{R}=16.17 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{ClN}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 350.1167$, found $350.1167 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=13.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 9-\mathrm{NH}), 8.16(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}), 7.367 .30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $7.30-7.24\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.53\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl) $) 4.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6), 152.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 152.4$ (1C, C-2), 139.2 (1C, C-8), $137.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 128.5\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 3,5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.5\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.2\left(2 \mathrm{C}, C 4_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $117.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5), 50.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $48.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3066(\mathrm{v}$ C-H aromat. $)$, 2978, ( $\left(\mathrm{C}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1076(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}), 741,694\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$, out of plane).

Next, the purine derivative ( $1.04 \mathrm{~g}, 2.98 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.3 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and triphenylphospane ( 0.90 \mathrm{~g}$, $3.44 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) were dissolved in THF ( 20 mL ) under nitrogen atmosphere. DIAD ( $0.67 \mathrm{~mL}, 3.41 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 15 min at rt. A solution of the alcohol $4(1.03 \mathrm{~g}, 2.35 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF ( 20 mL ) was added and the solution was stirred overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=19: 1 \rightarrow 9: 1, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 26 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $1.67 \mathrm{~g}(92 \%)$. $\mathrm{C}_{45} \mathrm{H}_{48} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}(770.45 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $84.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C): $>99 \%$ $\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=19.49 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{45} \mathrm{H}_{49} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ 770.3288 , found 770.3285. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 7.60-7.56 (m, 4H, 2, 6-CH $H_{P h}$ ), 7.42-7.25 (m, 16H, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6-CH benzyl $\left., 3,4,5-\mathrm{CH}_{P h}\right), 5.57(\mathrm{~d}$,
$\left.J=15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.47\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.86\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.75(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 4.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.64(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,4.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.43$ (s, $0.7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$, solvent: cyclohexane), $1.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 0.93 (ddd, $J=9.1,5.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.5$ (1C, C-6 purine $^{\text {) }} 152.5$ (1C, C-2 $2_{\text {purine }}$ ), 151.1 (1C, C-4 purine ), 139.3 (1C, C-8 purine ), 137.4 (1C, C-1 benzyl $)$, 136.9 (1C, C-1 benzyl ), $135.0\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2,6_{P h}\right), 132.9\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{P h}\right), 129.8\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{P h}\right), 128.6$ (4C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.8\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3,5_{\text {Ph }}\right), 127.7$ (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.5$ (1C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.3$ (2C, C-4 benzyl $), 118.3$ (1C, C-5 purine), 111,3 (1C, C( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 87.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 81.6$ (1C, C-2), 64.5 $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 58.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 50.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 49.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 38.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 29.6$ (1C, C-5), $26.7\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.3\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: cyclohexane $), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 12.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}\right)$, 1574 (C = Caromat.), 1111, 1069, 1042 (C-O), 740, 698 (C-H aromat., out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-chloro-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo[3.1.0] hexane-2,3-diol (27). Compound $25(0.099 \mathrm{~g}, 0.13 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(3.6 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=96: 4\right.$, $\varnothing=2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=24 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) but still showed a small impurity by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$. The impure product was purified again by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ® ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the pure alcohol 27 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.32$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.052 \mathrm{~g}(82 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}(491.98 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method $B):>99 \%\left(t_{R}=14.14 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass $(\mathrm{APCI}): m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 492.1797$, found $492.1784 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.51(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.36-7.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.30-7.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.61(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.41\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.27(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}), 4.99$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 4.88\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $4.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.50(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 4.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.47$ (ddd, $J=8.8,3.8,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.36(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.61(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.6,4.7,1.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=154.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}\right), 152.5(1 \mathrm{C}$, C- $\left.2_{\text {purine }}\right), 151.4$ (1C, C-4 purine $), 138.9$ (1C, C-8 purine ), 137.4 (1C, C- $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 136.9$ (1C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 128.6 (4C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.7$ (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4$ (2C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.3$ (2C, C-4 $\left.4_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 118.0 (1C, C-5 purine), 75.8 (1C, C-3), 70.2 (1C, C-2), $62.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 61.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 50.8$ (1C, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ benzyl $), 49.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 36.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 23.1$ (1C, C-5), 11.1 (1C, C-6).

FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat. }} \cdot\right), 1574\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }} \cdot\right), 1069(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$, 698 (C-H ${ }_{\text {aromat., out of plane). }}$
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (28). Compound 25 ( $0.30 \mathrm{~g}, 0.39 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in DMF ( 15 mL ). $\mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}(0.41 \mathrm{~g}, 5.86 \mathrm{mmol}, 15 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added. The mixture was stirred at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h in the microwave at a power of 200 W . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=6: 4, \varnothing=5 \mathrm{~cm}, l=24 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{V}=30 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 28 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $0.227 \mathrm{~g}(89 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}(543.69 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $97.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $93 \%\left(t_{R}=18.60 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 544.2377$, found 544.2378 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.36-7.22\left(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, 2,3,4,5,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.11(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.6$, $\left.15.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2 \text { benzyl }}\right), 5.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}), 4.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH})$, $4.91-4.74\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $4.61(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.84(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 2.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.65(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,4.4$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.98(\mathrm{t}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH})$, 0.88 (ddd, $J=9.1,5.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}$ ); the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 153.3 (1C, C-6 purine ), 150.9 (1C, C-4 purine ), 137.8 (1C, C-1 $1_{\text {benzyl }}$ ), 137.6 (1C, C-8 purine ), 128.5
(4C, C3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4\left(4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.1$ (2C, C-4 $\left.4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 116.6$ (1C, C-5 purine ), 111.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 80.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 62.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 58.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4), 50.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $)$, $48.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $38.7(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1)$, $29.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 13.8$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$; the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \%$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3372(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2982,2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1562\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }}.\right)$, 1057, 1030 (CO), 748, 733, $698\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$., out of plane).
(1S,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(chloromethyl)-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (29). Cyanuric chloride ( $0.051 \mathrm{~g}, 0.28 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$. was stirred with DMF ( $0.08 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.04 \mathrm{mmol}, 5.8 \mathrm{eq}$.) for 2 h at rt . Then $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the alcohol $28(0.098 \mathrm{~g}, 0.18 \mathrm{mmol})$ were added and the mixture was stirred overnight. Water was added and the phases were separated. The organic phase was washed with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ solution, 0.05 M HCl , and water. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=7: 1, \varnothing=2 \mathrm{~cm}, 1=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the chloride 29 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=5: 1$ ), yield $0.066 \mathrm{~g}(65 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ $(562.13 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $182.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=21.54 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 562.2038$, found 562.2036. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.86\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.34-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3$, $\left.5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.29-7.24\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl $), 5.38(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}), 5.01(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $4.69(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.94$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ClCHH}), 3.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ClCHH}), 2.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.75$ (ddd, $J=9.4,4.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: cyclohexane), 1.35 (dd, $J=5.9,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}), 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.08(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.4,5.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $6 \mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=165.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 154.2$ (1C, C-6 purine $)$, 151.6 (1C, C4 $4_{\text {purine }}$ ), 137.9 (1C, C-1 benzyl ), 136.5 (1C, C-8 purine ), 128.7 (4C, C3, $5_{\text {benzyl }}$ ), 128.0 (4C, $\left.\mathrm{C} 2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.5\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 117.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine }}\right), 112.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 89.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 82.4$ (1C, C2), $59.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 51.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $49.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{ClCH}_{2}\right), 49.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $39.0(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{C}-1), 33.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 26.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 16.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6), 14.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978,2928\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1589,1566\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot\right), 1072,1049$ (CO), $798(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}), 733,694\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$., out of plane).
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo hexane-2,3-diol (30). Compound $28(0.080 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(2.5 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.32 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.32 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the alcohol 111 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.32$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.036 \mathrm{~g}(48 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $503.62 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=14.50 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 492.2064$, found 492.2066. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.95(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}$, solvent: DMF), $7.31(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.29-7.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.41\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{l}\right), 4.97(\mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 4.92\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.78\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 4.75 (s, 1H, 4-CH), 4.57 (ddd, $J=8.1,6.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}), 4.49(\mathrm{~d}, 7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH})$, $4.05(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.3,5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.72(\mathrm{ddt}, J=6.4,4.7,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.13$ (dd, $J=11.4,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 2.89\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: DMF), $2.73\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: DMF), $2.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 2.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), 1.45 (ddd, $J=8.8,3.9$, $1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}), 0.60(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.6,4.7,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH})$; the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( $\left.151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 162.3(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}$, solvent: DMF), 153.3 (1C, C6 purine $^{\text {) }}$, 151.1 (1С, C-4 purine ), 137.8 (2C, C-1 benzyl $), 137.4$ (1C, C-8 purine ), 128.5 (4C, C3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2,6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.1\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 116.5$ (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.0 (1C, C-3), 70.2 (1C, C2), $62.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 60.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 50.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $48.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $36.4(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{C}-1)$, 35.8 ( $0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$, solvent: DMF), 30.8 ( $0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$, solvent: DMF), 23.2 (1C, C 5 ), 13.8
$\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 11.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 6)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3368(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2978,2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1562$ ( $\left.\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}.\right), 1069(\mathrm{CO}), 733,698\left(\mathrm{CH}_{\text {aromat }}\right.$. out of plane).
(1S,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(Dibenzylamino)-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl]-1-(chloromethyl)bicyclo hexane-2,3-diol (31). Compound $29(0.055 \mathrm{~g}, 0.10 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in a mixture of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1.5 \mathrm{~mL})$. Trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR(®)}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 31 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.31$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $0.042 \mathrm{~g}(82 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}(522.06 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $97 \%\left(t_{R}=17.55 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 522.1725$, found 522.1713 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.32\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 3,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, 2,4,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.54\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 5.48\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $5.30(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}), 4.87\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 4.82\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, $4.79(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.62(\mathrm{ddd}, J=7.8,6.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH})$, $4.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ClCHH}), 4.03\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 3.94 (ddt, $J=6.4,4.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ClCHH}), 2.41(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH} 3)$, $1.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.69(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,4.1,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 1.53$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 1.17\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 0.88 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.8,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.5(1 \mathrm{C}$, C- $\left.2_{\text {purine }}\right), 153.4$ (1C, C-6 purine $), 151.2$ (1C, C-4 purine ), 137.9 (1C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 137.6$ (1C, C-1 $\left.1_{\text {benzyl }}\right)$, 137.0 (1C, C-8 purine ), 128.5 (4C, C-3, $\left.5_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.4$ (4C, C-2, $\left.6_{\text {benzyl }}\right), 127.1$ (2C, C-4 purine ), 116.5 (1C, C-5 purine), 76.1 (1C, C-3), 70.9 (1C, C-2), $61.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4), 59.8\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $50.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl) $49.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{ClCH}_{2}\right), 48.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ benzyl), $35.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 25.5(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{C}-5), 20.8\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $14.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6), 14.1\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $13.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1562$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1072 (C-O), $783(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}), 733,694\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$, out of plane).

Di-(tert-butyl)-N-[9-((1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-1-\{[(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)oxy]methyl\}-2,3-dihydroxy-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hex-4-yl)-2-chloro 9H-purin-6-yl]dicarbamate (35). An amount of 2-chloroadenine ( $3.02 \mathrm{~g}, 17.8 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was suspended in THF ( 88 mL ) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate ( 15.9 g , $73.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.1 \mathrm{eq}$.) and DMAP ( $0.22 \mathrm{~g}, 1.82 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$. ) were added. The mixture was stirred at rt overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue redissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 1 M HCl and brine. After drying over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, the solvent was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(177 \mathrm{~mL})$ and saturated $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution ( 80 mL ) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2.5 h at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ was evaporated and the aqueous residue diluted with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. The aqueous phase was extracted four times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ After drying over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, the solvent was evaporated. The residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 4, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=10 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ ), but only a mixture of product and byproducts were obtained. It was purified again by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1, \varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{l}=10 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the pure product as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.17$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $4.85 \mathrm{~g}(74 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}(369.81 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $85.9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=13.25 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (APCI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$370.1277, found 370.1277. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=13.60(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=150.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 149.0(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 146.5$ (1C, C-8 purine), $83.5\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.0\left(6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{C}-1, \mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5$ were not visible. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3244(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1778,1736(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1134,1107(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$.

Next, the purine ( $1.14 \mathrm{~g}, 3.08 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1$ eq.) and triphenylphospane ( $1.05 \mathrm{~g}, 4.00 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.5 eq.) were dissolved in THF ( 25 mL ) under nitrogen atmosphere. DIAD ( 0.78 mL , $3.97 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.) was added dropwise at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at rt. A solution of the alcohol $4(1.19 \mathrm{~g}, 2.70 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF $(22 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added and the solution was stirred overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc (cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=5: 1+0.5 \%$ triethylamine, $\varnothing=6 \mathrm{~cm}, 1=10 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=65 \mathrm{~mL}$ )
to afford the product 35 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.32$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=5: 1$ ), yield $1.80 \mathrm{~g}(84 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{41} \mathrm{H}_{52} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}(790.43 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $88.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method C ): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=18.48 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}$ $\left[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}^{+},-2 \mathrm{COOC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3},+2 \mathrm{H}\right]^{+} 590.2349$, found $590.2362 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.74\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.59\left(\mathrm{ddd}, J=7.9,6.4,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2,6-\mathrm{CH}_{\mathrm{Ph}}\right), 7.47-7.31(\mathrm{~m}$, $6 \mathrm{H}, 3,4,5-\mathrm{CH}_{\mathrm{Ph}}$ ), 5.23 (dd, $\left.J=7.1,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 5.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, 4.83 (dd, $J=7.2,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.06 (d, $\left.J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}\right), 3.83$ (d, $J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 1.72$ (ddd, $J=9.2,4.5,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 1.46 (s, 3H, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: cyclohexane), 1.20 (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 11 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ bicyclohexane, $\left.\mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=153.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine }}\right), 151.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 149.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}\right), 149.6$ (2C, C = O), 144.8 (1C, C-8 purine ), 135.0 (4C, C-2, $6_{P h}$ ), 132.7 (2C, C-1 $1_{P h}$ ), 129.8 (2C, C-4 Ph ), 127.8 (4C, C-3, $5_{\text {Ph }}$ ), 126.9 (1C, C-5 purine), $111.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 87.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 84.1$ (2C, $\left.\mathrm{OC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 81.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2$ bicyclohexane $), 64.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 59.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 38.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-$ $\left.1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 29.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.2\left(6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.7\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.3(0.1 \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$, solvent: cyclohexane), $25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 18.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$,
 1574 (C = $\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$.), 1107, 1069, 1038 (C-O), 741, 702 (C-H aromat., out of plane).

Tert-Butyl-N-\{9-[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-2,3-dihydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo hex-4-yll-2-methylthio-9H-purin-6-ylcarbamate (37). Compound 35 ( $1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 1.27 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in THF ( 20 mL ). Tetrabutylammonium fluoride trihydrate (TBAF $\times 3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 0.60 \mathrm{~g}$, $1.91 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$. .) was added and the mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h . The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was dissolved in DMF $(20 \mathrm{~mL}) . \mathrm{NaSCH}_{3}(1.35 \mathrm{~g}, 19.3 \mathrm{mmol}$, 15 eq.) was added, and the slurry was stirred overnight. Next, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added, and the mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,50 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP C18, $120 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the alcohol 37 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.37 \mathrm{~g}(63 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}(463.55 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $110.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method $B$ ): $94 \%\left(t_{R}=12.27 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 464.1962$, found $464.1966 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.90(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 5.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), 5.23 (dd, $\left.J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.99(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, 4.65 (dd, $\left.J=7.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 3.84$ (dd, $\left.J=11.5,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}\right), 3.37$ (dd, $J=11.5,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 2.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.64$ (ddd, $J=9.2,4.4,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.98$ ( $\mathrm{t}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 0.89 (ddd, $J=9.1,5.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ); the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( $\left.151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 151.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine }}\right), 151.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 149.7 (1C, C-6 purine), 140.9 (1C, C-8 $8_{\text {purine }}$ ), 120.6 (1C, C-5 purine), $111.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.1$ (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), $80.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 62.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 58.4(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 54.9\left(0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), 38.8 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 29.6 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.9\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{6 \text { bicyclohexane }}\right)$; the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the
 1609, 1582 (C = C aromat.), 1134, 1061, 1015 (C-O).

Tert-Butyl-N-\{9-[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-1-(azidomethyl)-2,3-dihydroxy-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo hex-4-yll-2-methylthio-9H-purin-6-yl)carbamate (38). The alcohol 37 ( $2.19 \mathrm{~g}, 4.72 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was suspended in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ( 110 mL ), tosyl chloride ( $1.81 \mathrm{~g}, 9.49 \mathrm{mmol}, 2$ eq.), triethylamine ( $1.5 \mathrm{~mL}, 10.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.3 \mathrm{eq}$.), and DMAP ( $0.066 \mathrm{~g}, 0.54 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$.) were added. The mixture was stirred at rt overnight. Water was added and the mixture was extracted four times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in DMF ( 60 mL ) and $\mathrm{NaN}_{3}(4.60 \mathrm{~g}, 70.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 15 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was added.$ The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Water and brine were added and the reaction mixture was extracted four times with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic phase was dried over anh. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 80: 20\right.$, $50 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\text {®® }}$ SNAP C18, $120 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the azide 38 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.27$, cyclohexane:ethyl acetate $=1: 1$ ), yield $1.26 \mathrm{~g}(55 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ $(488.57 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $83.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=16.55 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 489.2027$, found 489.2027. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.08(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 5.75(\mathrm{~s}$, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, solvent: dichloromethane), 5.25 (dd, $J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyllohexane }}$ ), 4.97 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyllohexane }}$ ), 4.81 (dd, $J=7.1,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ) $3.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCHH}), 3.47$ ( $\mathrm{d}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), $2.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 2.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), 1.71 (ddd, $\left.J=9.3,4.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.47$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.09\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyllohexane }}\right), 1.04$ (ddd, $J=9.2,5.3,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.7$ ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}$ ), 152.0 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine }}$ ), 150.8 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 149.6 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}$ ), 141.5 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-8_{\text {purine }}$ ), 120.8 (1C, C-5 purine), $111.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.1$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyllohexane }}\right), 82.8$ ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicylolohexane }}$ ), $80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 59.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicylohexane }}\right), 54.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.3$ ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicylohexane }}$ ), 30.0 $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.8\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 13.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2982,2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}\right), 2099$ $(\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}), 1751,1712(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}\right), 1138,1053(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$.
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-Amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-[[4-(hydroxymethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]methylbbicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (39). The azide $38(0.030 \mathrm{~g}, 0.06 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.5 mL ). Propargyl alcohol ( $0.015 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.26 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.2$ eq.), copper(II) acetylacetonate ( $0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.06 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , sodium ascorbate ( 0.007 \mathrm{~g}, 0.04 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.6 eq.), and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred for 5 h at rt . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR( }$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the Boc-protected triazole as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.30, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5$ ), yield $0.020 \mathrm{~g}(59 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $544.63 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $97 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.30 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{DN}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 546.2352$, found 546.2337. Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left[\mathrm{M}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+},-\mathrm{COOC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right]^{+} 445.1765$, found 445.1765 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 5.34(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 5.00 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.95 (d, $\left.J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}\right), 4.87$ (dd, $J=7.3,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyllohexane }}$ ), $4.69\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=13.2,2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 4.52(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.89$ (ddd, $\left.J=9.4,4.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $1.26\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.15$ (ddd, $J=9.4,5.7$, $1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ); $8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}$ was not visible due to occurrence of deuterium exchange at this position. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=167.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 153.3 (1C, C-4 purine), 152.5 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 150.9 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}$ ), 149.2 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {triazole }}$ ), 124.4 (1C, C-5 triazole), 120.8 (1C, C-5 purine) $113.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 90.2$ (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 84.6 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 82.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 61.7(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4$ bicyclohexane $), 56.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 38.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-11_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 33.4$ (1C, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $28.5\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.4$ ( $\left.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 15.2 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $14.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right) ; 8_{\text {purine }}$ was not visible. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 3148(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}\right), 1751,1717(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1578$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1142, 1053 (C-O).

The triazole $(0.015 \mathrm{~g}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(0.8 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.10 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method B) to afford the product 39 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.30, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=8: 2$ ), yield $0.006 \mathrm{~g}(54 \%)$. $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}(404.14 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $97 \%$ ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=3.55 \mathrm{~min}$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{DN}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ [M + H] 406.1515 , found 406.1515 and for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 405.1452$, found 405.1454 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 7.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 8 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.32(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} 2)$, 4.73 (d, $J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.55-4.49(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 4.52(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.6,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 4.03\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl
acetate), $3.81(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.5,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 2.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.67(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.5,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.42(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 1.17$ ( $\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 0.83 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $6-\mathrm{CHH}) ; 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}$ showed a reduced intensity due to occurrence of deuterium exchange at this position. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 155.4(1 \mathrm{C}$, C- $6_{\text {Purine }}$ ), 149.7 (1C, C-4 purine ), 148.0 (1C, C-4 triazole ), 137.4 (1C, C-8 purine ), 123.4 (1C, C-5 triazole ), 116.4 (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.5 (1C, C-3), 71.8 (1C, C-2), 61.1 (1C, C-4), 55.1 (1C, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ) 52.2 (1C, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 34.7 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 1$ ), $24.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 13.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$.

Methyl 1-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo hex-1-yllmethyl $\}$-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylate (40). The azide 38 ( $0.054 \mathrm{~g}, 0.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.8 mL ) and methyl propiolate ( $0.045 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.51 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.6 \mathrm{eq}$.), copper(II) acetylacetonate ( $0.004 \mathrm{~g}, 0.02 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.1 \mathrm{eq}$.), sodium ascorbate $(0.010 \mathrm{~g}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.5 eq.), and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.8 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1.5 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the triazole 125 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.34\right.$, ethyl acetate $\left.=100 \%\right)$, yield $0.042 \mathrm{~g}(66 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}(572.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $91 \%\left(t_{R}=14.38 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (APCI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}\left[\mathrm{M}+2 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{COOC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right]^{+} 473.1714$, found $473.1709 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.11(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.77(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 8.18(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8 \mathrm{CH}$ purine $), 5.75$ (s, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, solvent: dichloromethane), 5.24 (dd, $\mathrm{J}=7.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.98 (s, 1H, 4-CH bicyclohexane), $4.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.83(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.3,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.49 (d, $\left.J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}\right), 3.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.57(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 2.01$ (ddd, $\left.J=9.4,4.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.39$ (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.25\left(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.2,5.4,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $1.08\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$; the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \% .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 160.7 (1C, C-4 carbonyl ), 152.0 (1C, C-4 purine ), 150.8 (1C, C-N carbonyl ), 149.6 (1C, C- purine ), 141.4 (1C, C-8 purine), 138.7 (1C, C4), 129.1 (1C, C-5), 120.7 (1C, C-5 purine), $111.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.2$ (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 82.4 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), $80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 59.1$ (1C, C-4 ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $54.9\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), $53.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 51.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 36.7$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.9\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.1(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{6 \text { bicyclohexane }}\right), 14.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$; the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}$ spectrum displayed small impurities in the range of about $5 \%$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1732(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 1605, 1578 (C = Caromat.), 1142, 1069, 1053 (C-O).

The triazole $(0.038 \mathrm{~g}, 0.07 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.6 \mathrm{~mL})$, trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the product 40 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.32, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield $0.013 \mathrm{~g}(44 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(432.46 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $96 \%\left(t_{R}=4.86 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 433.1401$, found 433.1402 . ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 7.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.31(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} 2), 5.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.76-4.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}$ bicyclohexane, NCHH$), 4.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.52$ (td, $\left.J=7.3,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, 4.09 (q, $J=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$, solvent: methanol), 3.90 (ddt, $J=6.5,4.8,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 3- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $3.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.17\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.77\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.5,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.43(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 0.91 (ddd, $\left.J=8.7,4.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}(151 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 160.7(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 155.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}\right), 149.7(1 \mathrm{C}$, C-4 purine ), 138.5 (1C, C-4), 137.6 (1C, C-8 purine ), 129.4 (1C, C-5), 116.6 (1C, C-5 $5_{\text {purine }}$ ), 76.3 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 72.2 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), $61.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 53.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 51.7$ $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 48.6\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $34.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 24.8$ (1C, C-5 bicyclohexane ), $13.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H})$, 3148 (N-H), 2978 (C-Haliphat. $\cdot$ ), 1678 (C = O), 1589 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }} \cdot$ ), 1130, 1080, 1053 (C-O).

Methyl 2-(1-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo hex-1-yl]methyl\}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)acetate (41). The azide 38 ( $0.045 \mathrm{~g}, 0.09 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.75 mL ) and 3-butynoic acid ( $0.031 \mathrm{~g}, 0.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 4 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , copper(II)$ acetylacetonate ( $0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.04 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , sodium ascorbate ( 0.007 \mathrm{~g}, 0.04 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.4 eq.), and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.75 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 6 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C $18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the triazole as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.18, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.017 \mathrm{~g}(33 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}(572.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $84 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=12.93 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 573.2238$, found 573.2223. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ ( 600 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.11(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 8.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 5.19(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 2-CH bicyclohexane $^{\text {) }}$, 4.97 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.83 (d, $\left.J=13.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}\right), 4.79$ (d, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.66\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.17$ (s, $0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$, solvent: methanol), $2.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.49$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.09(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=171.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 163.8$ (1C, C-2 purine $^{\text {) }}$, 152.0 (1C, C-4 purine ), 150.8 ( $\left.1 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-\mathrm{N}_{\text {carbonyl }}\right), 149.6$ (1C, C-6 purine ), 141.3 (1C, C-8 purine $), 140.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {triazole }}\right), 123.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {triazole }}\right), 120.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine }}\right), 111.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 88.3 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 82.3 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), $80.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 58.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, $52.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 27.9(3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, }}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2986\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1721(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}\right), 1142,1053(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$.

The triazole ( $0.065 \mathrm{~g}, 0.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(1.7 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.10 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was heated to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d and then at rt overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method F) to afford the ester 41 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.024 \mathrm{~g}(48 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(446.15 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $214.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=5.15 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 447.1557$, found 447.1558 . The compound 41 shows two different rotamers $a$ and $b$ in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately 10:1. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam. }}\right.$ b), $8.04(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam }} \cdot$ a), $7.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {b }}\right), 7.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $)$, $7.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} \mathrm{N}_{2}\right.$ rotam $\cdot$ a, b) $, 5.25\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.90(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} \cdot b\right), 4.82\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ b), 4.81-4.72 (m, 2H, 2-OH bicyclohexane, rotam. a, $\mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} \cdot$ a $), 4.68\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }} \cdot\right.$ b), $4.61(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right), 4.52\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam. }}\right.$. a $), 4.42(\mathrm{t}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.1 \mathrm{H}$, 2-CH bicyclohexane, rotam. a, $\mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam }} \cdot$ b), 3.97 (dd, $J=7.0,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b), 3.86-3.72 (m, 3H, 3-CH bicyclohexane, rotam. a, 2-CH2, rotam. a), $3.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot a\right)$, 3.58 (s, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3, \text { rotam. }}$ b), $3.52\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {rotam }} . ~ b\right), 2.47(\mathrm{~s}, 2.9 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam } \cdot} a, b$ ), $1.85\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }} \cdot{ }_{b}\right.$ ), 1.67 (dd, $J=8.7$, $4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ a $), 1.60\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.1,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b), $1.42\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a), 0.83 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.9,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 6-CHH $\left.{ }_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right), 0.67-0.57\left(\mathrm{~m}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ b); the signal for $2-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {rotam }} \cdot b$ is located under the $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ signal and therefore only visible in 2D spectra. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=170.4(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 155.4$ (1C, C-6 purine ), 149.8 (1C, C-4 purine ), 139.8 (1C, C-4 triazole ), 137.4 (1C, C-8 purine ), 124.2 (1C, C-5 ${ }_{\text {triazole }}$ ), 116.5 (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.5 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 71.8 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), 61.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 52.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 51.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 34.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2)$, 24.4 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $13.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. The resolution was too low to identify the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ signals for rotamer b , therefore only rotamer $a$ is described here. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3352(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 3244(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1751(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1624,1585\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}\right), 1142$, 1119, 1084, 1057 (C-O).

Methyl 3-(1-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo hex-1-yllmethyl $\}-1 H-1,2,3-$ triazol-4-yl)propanoate (42). The azide 38 ( $0.028 \mathrm{~g}, 0.06 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was
dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.5 mL ) and 4-pentynoic acid ( $0.024 \mathrm{~g}, 0.24 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.3 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , cop-$ $\operatorname{per}(\mathrm{II})$ acetylacetonate ( $0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.07 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , sodium ascorbate ( 0.006 \mathrm{~g}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.5 eq.), and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 5 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by $\mathrm{fc}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the triazole as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.27, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1\right)$, yield $0.018 \mathrm{~g}(54 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}(586.67 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}) . \mathrm{Pu}-$ rity (HPLC: method B): $96 \%\left(t_{R}=12.64 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{DN}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 588.2458$, found 588.2452. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right.$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 5.23(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 2-CH bicyclohexane ), $5.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.88-4.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}, \mathrm{NCHH}\right)$, $4.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.99(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.67\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.89(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.4,4.6$, $\left.1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.7$, $4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.13$ (ddd, $J=9.4,5.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$; $8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}$ showed a reduced intensity and no coupling interaction due to occurrence of deuterium exchange at this position. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=176.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 167.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 153.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine }}\right), 152.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}_{\text {carbonyl }}\right)$, 150.9 (1C, C-6 purine ), 147.9 (1C, C-4 triazole ), 142.6 (1C, C-8 purine ), 123.9 (1C, C-5 triazole ), 120.7 (1C, C-5 purine $^{\text {) }}$, $113.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 90.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 84.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 82.7$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 61.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 54.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 38.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 34.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2)$, $33.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 28.5\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.0(1 \mathrm{C}$, C-3), $15.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 14.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978\left(\mathrm{C}^{2} \mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right)$, 1717 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1605, 1578 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1142, 1053 (C-O).

The triazole acid $(0.015 \mathrm{~g}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(0.4 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.05 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.05 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 3 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method D) to afford the ester 42 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield $0.004 \mathrm{~g}(34 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(460.16 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $98 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=5.67 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{DN}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 462.1777$, found 462.1775 and for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 461.1714$, found $461.1709 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.88\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 7.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, 8 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)$, $5.24\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OH}$ bicyclohexane $), 4.73(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.61$ (d, $\left.J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.40\left(\mathrm{td}, J=7.0,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.03\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 3.81 ( $\mathrm{tt}, J=6.3,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $3.58(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} 3$ ), $2.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.67\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.99(\mathrm{~s}$, $0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$, solvent: ethyl acetate), $1.65\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.3,4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.42(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.17\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, solvent: ethyl acetate), 0.81 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ); $8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}$ showed a reduced intensity due to occurrence of deuterium exchange at this position. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=172.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 155.4$ (1C, C $\left._{\text {purine }}\right), 149.7$ (1C, C-4 purine ), 145.4 (1C, C-4 triazole $), 137.3$ (1C, C-8 purine ), 122.7 (1C, C-5 triazole ), 116.4 (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.3 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 71.7 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane , 61.1 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 52.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 51.4$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 34.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 32.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 20.7(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 13.6$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$.
(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-Amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-\{[4-(aminomethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]methyl lbicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,3-diol (43). The azide 38 ( $0.029 \mathrm{~g}, 0.06 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.5 mL ) and propargylamine ( $0.016 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.2$ eq.), copper(II) acetylacetonate ( $0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.06 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , sodium ascorbate ( 0.007 \mathrm{~g}, 0.04 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.6 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , and$ $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred for 5 h at rt . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0+0.1 \%\right.$ trifluoroacetic acid, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The intermediate already partly decomposed (deprotection) during this purification and was therefore dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ $(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$. Next, triflouroacetic acid $(0.05 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.10 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added and the mix-
ture was heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0+0.1 \%\right.$ trifluoroacetic acid, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra $\mathrm{C} 18,12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ), but the product remained impure. The impure product was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method D) to afford the pure product 43 as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.15, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=100 \%+1 \%\right.$ triethylamine $)$, yield $0.002 \mathrm{~g}(8 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{9} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $403.47 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method D): $95 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.88 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{9} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 404.1612$, found $404.1624 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO-d $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 7.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 4.76 (d, $J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}), 4.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.41$ (dd, $J=6.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}), 3.81(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.6,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}), 3.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $2.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.66(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}), 1.43(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}), 0.83$ (ddd, $J=8.7,4.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.8$ (1C, C- $2_{\text {purine }}$ ), 155.4 (1C, C-6 purine ), 149.7 (1C, C-4 purine ), 149.1 (1C, C-4 $4_{\text {triazole }}$ ), 137.3 (1C, C-8 purine ), 122.7 (1C, C-5 triazole), 116.5 (1C, C-5 purine), 76.3 (1C, C-3), 71.7 (1C, C-2), 61.1 (1C, C-4), 52.0 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 37.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 34.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 24.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5), 13.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 12.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6)$.

1-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-Amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo[3.1.0]hex-1-yl]methyl\}-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylic acid (44). The ester 40 ( $0.082 \mathrm{~g}, 0.19 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was suspended in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(0.7 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$, and NaOH solution- $(2 \mathrm{M}, 0.30 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added. The mixture was heated to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi preparative HPLC (method A) to afford the carboxylic acid 44 as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.44, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=1: 1$ ), yield $0.036 \mathrm{~g}(45 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $418.43 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Melting point: $139.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $>99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=7.05 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 419.1244$, found 419.1241. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.27(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}), 7.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)$, $7.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 5.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.71(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 4.44$ (dd, $J=6.5,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $3.76\left(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right.$ ), 2.47 (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}$ ), $2.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), 1.67 (dd, $J=8.4,3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $1.46\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right.$ ), 0.85 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.8,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=164.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 163.9$ (1C, C-2 purine ), 155.4 (1C, C-6 purine ), 149.7 (1C, C-4 purine ), 148.3 (1C, C-4), 137.1 (1C, C-8 purine ), 126.5 (1C, C-5), 116.4 (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.8 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 71.7 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), 60.8 (1C, C-4 bicyclohexane), $52.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 34.7$ (1C, C-1 bicyclohexane ), 24.1 (1C, C-5 ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 13.7 $\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 13.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3341(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 3198(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1585$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1539 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1057 (C-O).

2-(1-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-Amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo[3.1.0] hex-1-yl]methyl\}-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)acetic acid (45). The azide 38 ( $0.045 \mathrm{~g}, 0.09 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in tert-butanol ( 0.75 mL ) and 3-butynoic acid ( $0.031 \mathrm{~g}, 0.37 \mathrm{mmol}, 4 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , cop-$ $\operatorname{per}(\mathrm{II})$ acetylacetonate ( $0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.04 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , sodium ascorbate (0.007 \mathrm{~g}, 0.04 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.4 eq. $)$, and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.75 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 6 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by $\mathrm{fc}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the triazole as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.18, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield $0.017 \mathrm{~g}(33 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}(572.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $84 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=12.93 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 573.2238$, found 573.2223. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.11(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 8.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right), 5.19(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 2- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.97 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), 4.83 (d, $\left.J=13.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}\right), 4.79$ (d, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.66\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.17$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.49$ (s, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.09(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=171.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 163.8$ (1C, C- $2_{\text {purine }}$ ), 152.0 ( 1 C, C $_{\text {purine }}$ ), 150.8 ( $1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}_{\text {carbonyl }}$ ), 149.6 (1C, C-6 purine ), 141.3 ( 1 C , C- $\left.8_{\text {purine }}\right), 140.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {triazole }}\right), 123.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {triazole }}\right), 120.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine }}\right), 111.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 88.3 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane $)$, 82.3 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), $80.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 58.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$,
$52.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C1}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 27.9$ (3C, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0\left(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Cb}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2986\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1721(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }}.\right), 1142,1053(\mathrm{CO})$.

The triazole ( $0.048 \mathrm{~g}, 0.08 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(0.4 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(1.4 \mathrm{~mL})$, and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.20 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added. The mixture was heated to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method E) to afford the product 45 as a colorless solid, yield $0.019 \mathrm{~g}(51 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(432.46 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $179.2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: D): $99 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.71 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 433.1401$, found 433.1411. The compound 45 shows two different rotamers $a$ and $b$ in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately 7:1. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b), $8.02(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam. }}$ a), $7.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {b }}\right), 7.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot a\right), 7.30$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 2.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} \mathrm{N}_{2}\right.$ rotam. $\left.\quad a, b\right), 4.86\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} . \quad\right.$ b), 4.81 (d, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b) }}$ ) $4.75\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} . ~ a\right), 4.68(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$, 4- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), 4.61 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ a), 4.52 ( $\mathrm{d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} \cdot a\right), 4.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }}\right), 4.42\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot a\right)$, $3.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b }}\right), 3.81\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}\right.$ a $)$ $3.66\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=19.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2 \text {, rotam. }}\right.$ a), $3.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {rotam }} \cdot{ }_{b}\right)$, $3.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {rotam }} . ~ b\right), 2.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} . ~ a, ~ b\right), 1.85(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$, $6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b) }}$ ), 1.66 (dd, $J=8.9,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), $1.59(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}$ b), $1.41\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ ), $0.82(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.0$, $4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ a $), 0.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (101 MHz, DMSO-d $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=171.6(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 155.4$ (1C, C-6 purine $)$, 149.8 (1C, C-4 $4_{\text {purine }}$ ), 140.6 (1C, C-4 triazole ), 137.4 (1C, C-8 purine ), 124.1 (1C, C-5 triazole ), 116.5 (1C, C-5 purine ), 76.6 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane ), 71.8 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), 61.1 (1C, C-4 bicyclohexane ), 52.2 (1C, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $34.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 31.7(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 24.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 13.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right)$, 12.9 (1C, C-6 bicyclohexane ); the resolution was too low to identify the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ signals for rotamer b , therefore only rotamer $a$ is described here. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3518,3329,3198(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H})$, 2920 ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat. }}$ ), 1651 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1586 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot$ ), 1123, 1092 (C-O).

3-[1-(\{(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-[6-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl]-2,3-dihydroxy-2,3-O-isopropylidenebicyclo[3.1.0]hex-1-ylfmethyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl]propanoic acid (46). The azide $38(0.028 \mathrm{~g}, 0.06 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in tert-butanol $(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and 4 p -entynoic acid ( $0.024 \mathrm{~g}, 0.24 \mathrm{mmol}, 4.3 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , copper(II) acetylacetonate ( 0.001 \mathrm{~g}, 0.004 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.07 \mathrm{eq}$.$) ,$ sodium ascorbate ( $0.006 \mathrm{~g}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.5 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , and \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 5 h . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ® ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $\left.12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}\right)$ to afford the triazole as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.27, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=9: 1$ ), yield 0.018 g ( $54 \%$ ). $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}(586.67 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $96 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=12.64 \mathrm{~min}\right)$. Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{DN}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 588.2458$, found 588.2452. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=7.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole }}\right)$, 5.23 (dd, $J=7.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $5.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.88-4.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 3-CH bicyclohexane, NCHH), $4.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.99\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.67\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.63(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.89\left(\mathrm{ddd}, J=9.4,4.6,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.48(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.26\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.7,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.13$ (ddd, $\left.J=9.4,5.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right) ; 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}$ showed a reduced intensity and no coupling interaction due to occurrence of deuterium exchange at this position. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (101 MHz, CD $\left.{ }_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=176.3(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 167.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 153.3$ (1C, C-4 purine), 152.5 (1C, C- $\mathrm{N}_{\text {carbonyl }}$ ), 150.9 (1C, C-6 purine $), 147.9$ (1C, C-4 triazole $), 142.6$ (1C, C-8 purine ), 123.9 (1C, C-5 triazole $), 120.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine }}\right), 113.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 90.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 84.4$ (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 82.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 61.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 54.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 38.2(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-$ $\left.1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 34.5(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 33.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 28.5\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $24.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3), 15.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 14.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH} 3)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }}.\right), 1717(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1578\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }}.\right), 1142,1053(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O})$.

The triazole ( $0.070 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(0.7 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$, and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.30 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method E) to afford the carboxylic acid 46 as a colorless solid, yield $0.010 \mathrm{~g}(19 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $446.49 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Melting point: $133.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Purity (HPLC: D): $99 \% ~\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=10.32 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): m/z calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 447.1557$, found 447.1557. The compound 46 shows three different rotamers $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately 10:6:3. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.40(\mathrm{~s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam. b }}$ ), $7.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam. }}\right.$ c), $7.89\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {triazole, rotam }}\right.$. a), 7.58 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam. }}\right.$ b), $7.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot \mathrm{c}\right), 7.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2.5 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot a\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot b, c\right), 7.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot a\right), 5.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.80-4.75(\mathrm{~m}, 1.3 \mathrm{H}$, 2-CH bicyclohexane, rotam. b, $\left.\mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }} \cdot{ }^{\text {b }}\right), 4.73\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }}\right.$. a), $4.69(\mathrm{~s}$, $0.3 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ c) , $4.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ ), $4.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}$, 2- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ) , $4.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ ), $4.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }}$ c $), 4.49-4.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }} . a_{\text {, }}, c\right), 4.41(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 2-CH ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ a $), 3.98\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ c), $3.92(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.9$, $1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b), $3.79\left(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.6,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}\right.$. a), $2.85\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2, \text { rotam. }}\right.$. a), $2.80\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. c), 2.66 $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{2, \text { rotam. }}\right.$ b), 2.58 (dd, $J=8.3,6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$, rotam. a), $2.53(\mathrm{t}$, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$, rotam $\left.\cdot c\right), 2.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1.2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot b\right), 2.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam $\left.\cdot a, b, c\right)$, $2.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right.$, solvent: acetonitrile), $1.85\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b }}\right)$, 1.68-1.62 (m, 1.3H, 5-CH bicyclohexane, rotam. a , $6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ c $), 1.58$ (ddd, $J=9.1,4.5$, $1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b), $1.44\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=4.6,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ c $)$, $1.42\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a), 0.81 (ddd, $J=8.7,4.9,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 6-CHH ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ), 0.68 (ddd, $J=8.5,3.0,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), 0.60 (dd, $J=9.4,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ); $3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ could not be clearly assigned to one of the three rotamers. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=173.7(0.6 \mathrm{C}$, C-1 $1_{\text {rotam. }}$ a, c $), 173.7$ ( $0.3 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-1_{\text {rotam. b }}$ ), 163.8 (1C, C-2 purine, rotam. a ), 163.7 ( $0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine, rotam. }}$ b), 163.6 ( 0.2 C, C-2 $2_{\text {purine, rotam. c }}$ ), 155.4 (1C, C-6 purine, rotam. a $^{\text {a }}$ ), 155.4 ( $0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot b, c$ ), 149.7 (1C, C-4 $4_{\text {purine, rotam. a }}$ ), 149.6 ( $0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot$ b c $), 145.8$ ( $0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {triazole, rotam }} \cdot$ a $)$, 145.4 (0.1C, C-4 triazole, rotam. . $)$, 145.1 ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-4_{\text {triazole, rotam. }}$ b), 137.8 ( $0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-8_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot$ b), 137.6 (0.1C, C-8 purine, rotam c $)$, 137.3 (1C, C-8 purine, rotam a $), 122.9\left(0.4 C, C-5_{\text {triazole, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b), 122.8 ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {triazole, rotam }} \cdot$ c), 122.7 (1C, C-5 triazole, rotam. a) 116.5 (1C, C-5 purine, rotam. a $^{\text {a }}$, 116.4 ( 0.4 C , C-5 purine, rotam $\cdot$ b), 116.4 ( $0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot$ c $), 86.4$ ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-3_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}$ b), 86.1 ( 0.1 C , C-3 bicyclohexane, rotam. c), 79.7 ( $0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b) }}$ ), 78.6 ( $0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ c),
 $61.0\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {c }}\right.$ ), $60.7\left(0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ b), $54.4\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b $)$, $53.2\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. c) $) 52.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. a $), 37.4\left(0.1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}\right.$ c $), 36.4$ ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b) , 34.8 (1C, C-1 bicyclohexane, rotam a), 33.4 ( $0.9 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {rotam }} \cdot$ b, c $), 33.3$ (1C, C-2 $2_{\text {rotam }} \cdot$ a $), 30.1$ ( $0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{b}-\mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b), 29.1 ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ c), 24.2 (1C, C-5 $5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), 20.8 ( $\left.0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {rotam }} . ~ c\right), 20.8$ (1C, C-3 rotam. ), 20.7 ( $0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {rotam }} \cdot$ b $)$, $13.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam. a, c), $13.6\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam }}\right.$. b), $12.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $), 12.7$ ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot c$ c), $12.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3098$ (N-H), 2943 (C-H ${ }_{\text {aliphat }}$.), 1713, $1670(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1539\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}\right.$ ), 1192, 1142 (C-O).

Triethylammonium 2-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-Amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxy-bicyclo[3.1.0]hex-1-yl]methyl\}amino-3,4-dioxocyclobut-1-en-1-olate (47). The azide 38 ( 0.032 g , $0.07 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(10 \mathrm{wt} \%, 0.003 \mathrm{~g}, 0.003 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.004 eq.) was added; the mixture was flushed several times with $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ gas. The reaction was stirred overnight at 5 bar $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5+1 \%\right.$ triethylamine, $\left.\varnothing=2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL}\right)$ to afford the amine as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.38, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5+1 \%\right.$ triethylamine $)$, yield $0.018 \mathrm{~g}(60 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}(462.57 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $111.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method D): $90 \%\left(t_{R}=15.74 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 463.2122$, found $463.2125 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.45(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$,
$\left.8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 5.26\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.73$ (dd, $\left.J=7.3,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 3.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.95(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 2.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 2.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.68$ (ddd, $\left.J=8.3,5.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.18$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.94-0.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ bicyclohexane). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=163.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 152.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {purine }}\right), 150.9(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 149.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {purine }}\right)$, 141.5 (1C, C-8 $8_{\text {purine }}$ ), 120.7 (1C, C-5 purine ), $111.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 82.1$ (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane ), $80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 59.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 43.6\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 38.4(1 \mathrm{C}$, C-1 bicyclohexane ), $29.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.9\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 13.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=2978,2928$ ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot$ ), 1751, 1721 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1605, 1574 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$.), 1142, 1053 (C-O).

The amine ( $0.105 \mathrm{~g}, 0.23 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. Dimethyl squarate ( $0.104 \mathrm{~g}, 0.73 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.2 \mathrm{eq}$.$) and triethylamine ( 0.20 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.44 \mathrm{mmol}, 6.4 \mathrm{eq}$.$) were added and$ the mixture was stirred at rt overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 100: 0,12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}\right.$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, 12 g , $\mathrm{V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the squaramide as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.33$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.087 \mathrm{~g}(67 \%) . \quad \mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{~S}(572.64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Melting point: $148.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purity (HPLC: method B): $90 \%\left(t_{\mathrm{R}}=13.02 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 573.2126$, found 573.2130. The compound shows two different rotamers $a$ and $b$ in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately 5:4. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(600 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H_{\text {purine, rotam. }} \cdot \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}\right), 8.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H_{\text {squaramide, rotam }} \cdot a\right)$, $8.74\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right.$ squaramide, rotam . b), $8.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }}\right.$. a/b $), 5.25(\mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 2- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ a/b $)$, $4.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a/b $), 4.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}$, 3-CH bicyclohexane, rotam. $^{\text {b }}$ ), 4.83 (d, J = $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ a), 4.29 (s, 1.2H, $\mathrm{OCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot$ b), $4.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam $\cdot$ a $), 3.77\left(\mathrm{q}, J=14.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam $\cdot$ b) $), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} . ~ a\right), 3.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $), 3.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right.$, solvent: methanol), $2.58\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam. $\left.{ }^{2} / b\right), 1.77(\mathrm{dt}, J=13.0,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ a/b $), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right.$, rotam $\left.\cdot a / b\right), 1.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot a / b\right), 1.18$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot a / b\right), 0.98\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ bicyclohexane, rotam. a/b $) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}(151$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=189.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {squaramide, rotam. }}\right.$ a/b $), 182.5\left(0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {squaramide, rotam }} \cdot a\right)$, 182.1 (0.3C, C-2 $\left.2_{\text {squaramide, rotam. b }}\right), 177.7\left(0.3 C, C-4_{\text {squaramide, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b) , $176.7\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {squaramide, rotam }}\right.$. a), $172.4\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-3_{\text {squaramide, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $), 171.9\left(0.3 C, C-3_{\text {squaramide, rotam. a }}\right), 163.8(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2$ purine, rotam . a/b), 152.0 (1C, C-4 purine, rotam. a/b ), 150.8 (1C, C-N carbonyl, rotam. a/b ), 149.6 (1C, C-6 purine, rotam. a/b), $141.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-8_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a/b $), 120.8\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot b\right), 120.7\left(0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $)$, $111.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot a / b\right), 88.2\left(0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a $), 88.0\left(0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}\right.$. b), 82.4 ( $0.8 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), $82.1\left(0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b), $80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right.$,rotam . a/b $), 60.1\left(0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot a\right), 60.0\left(0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot b\right), 59.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}\right)$, $46.7\left(0.7 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a $), 46.1\left(0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b $), 37.5\left(0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b }}\right), 37.2$ ( $0.5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ) $) 30.3\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a/b }}\right), 27.9\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right.$, rotam. a/b), $25.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2, \text { rotam }} \cdot a / b\right), 24.1\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2, \text { rotam } \cdot \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}}\right), 14.0\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}\right), 13.2(0.5 \mathrm{C}$, C- $6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot$ b) $13.0\left(0.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ a). FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3202(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$, 2986, 2936 (C-Haliphat.), 1802, 1755, 1709 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1601 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1138, 1049 (C-O).

The squaramide $(0.085 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(3.2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 5 d and was then heated to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 d . The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by semi-preparative HPLC (method G) to afford the product 47 as a colorless solid, yield $0.021 \mathrm{~g}(27 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}(519.62 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method D): $99 \%$ ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=6.26 \mathrm{~min}$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S}\left[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}\right]^{-}$ 417.0987, found 417.0984. The compound 47 shows three different rotamers a, b and c in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately $10: 2: 1 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right)$ $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=9.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H_{\text {triethylammonium }}\right), 7.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam. }}\right.$ a $), 7.90(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$, $8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot$ b), $7.78\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot c\right), 7.40\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H_{\text {squaramide, rotam }}\right.$. a), $7.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} H_{\text {squaramide, rotam }} \cdot b, c\right), 5.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {b }}\right.$ ), $5.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.4 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}\right), 5.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a), $4.85(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}$,

4- $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), $4.72\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ c), $4.67(\mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {c }}\right), 4.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }}\right.$ b $), 4.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{C} H_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), $4.44\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a) }} 3.99\right.$ (dd, $\left.J=14.2,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }} . ~ a\right), 3.89-3.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 0.3 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$.,$~ \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam }}$.
 $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam }} . \quad$ b), $3.513 .47\left(\mathrm{~m}, 0.2 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam. }} .{ }_{c}\right), 3.30(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.3,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam. }} . a\right), 3.09\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, triethylammonium $), 2.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} . b\right)$, 2.48 (s, 0.2H, SCH ${ }_{3}$ rotam. c), 2.47 (s, 3H, SCH ${ }_{3}$, rotam. a), 1.84 (ddd, $J=9.0,4.2,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $0.2 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b) }}$ ) 1.58 (dd, $J=8.3,3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a) }}$ ), 1.52 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot \mathrm{c}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.4,4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 5-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot{ }^{\text {c }}\right.$ ), $1.34\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right)$, $1.16\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 9.9 \mathrm{H}, 3-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, triethylammonium $)$, 1.09-1.06 (m, 0.3H, 6-CHH ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ c), 0.66 (ddd, $J=8.5,4.6,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 6-CHH bicyclohexane, rotam. ) , 0.65-0.62 (m, 0.2H, 6-CHH ${ }_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), 0.57 (dd, $J=9.0$, $\left.4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.1 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot{ }_{c}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=198.1$ (0.5C, C-4 squaramide, rotam. a b b), 188.7 (2C, C-1 squaramide, rotam. .,$C-3_{\text {squaramide, rotam }}$. a), 188.4 (0.4C, C-1 squaramide, rotam b, C-3 squaramide, rotam $\cdot$ b), 181.5 (1C, C-2 squaramide, rotam a $), 181.4$ (0.3C, C-2 squaramide, rotam. b), 164.1 (0.1C, C-2 purine, rotam b), 163.7 (1C, C-2 purine, rotam. a $^{\text {a }}$, 155.4 (1C, C-6 purine, rotam. a $^{\text {a }}$ ), 155.4 ( 0.2 C, C- $6_{\text {purine, rotam. b }}$ ), 149.8 (1C, C- $4_{\text {purine, rotam. a }}$ ), 149.5 ( 0.2 C , C-4 purine, rotam. b) $^{\text {b }} 137.5$ ( $0.1 \mathrm{C}, ~ C-8$ purine, rotam. b), 137.3 (1C, C-8 purine, rotam. a ), 116.5 ( 0.1 C ,
 C-2 bicyclohexane, rotam. b ), 76.7 (1C, C-3 bicyclohexane, rotam. a ), 71.0 (1C, C-2 bicyclohexane, rotam. a ), 60.6 (1C, C-4 bicyclohexane, rotam. a $)$, 60.6 ( $0.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), $45.7\left(5.0 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, triethylammonium $)$, $44.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. a $), 44.6\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. b), $35.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a $), 27.5$ ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b }}$ ), $22.5\left(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-5_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right.$ ), $13.7\left(0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam. b), 13.6
 (4.6C, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$, triethylammonium ); the signal for $\mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$. is located under the DMSO- $d_{6}$ signal and therefore only visible in 2D spectra. The resolution was too low to identify the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ signals for rotamer c , therefore only rotamer a and b are described here. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3321(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 3190(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2924\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right), 1786(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1528\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat }} \cdot\right.$ ), 1065 (C-O).

Triethylammonium 2-(N-\{[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5S)-4-(6-amino-2-methylthio-9H-purin-9-yl)-2,3-dihydroxybicyclo[3.1.0]hex-1-yl]methyllsulfamoyl)acetate (48). The azide 38 ( $0.032 \mathrm{~g}, 0.07 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(10 \mathrm{wt} \%, 0.003 \mathrm{~g}, 0.003 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.004 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was$ added; the mixture was flushed several times with $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ gas. The reaction was stirred overnight at 5 bar $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5+1 \%\right.$ triethylamine, $\left.\varnothing=2 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{l}=20 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~V}=10 \mathrm{~mL}\right)$ to afford the amine as a colorless solid $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.38, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}: \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}=95: 5+1 \%\right.$ triethylamine $)$, yield $0.018 \mathrm{~g}(60 \%)$.

The amine $(0.16 \mathrm{~g}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(8 \mathrm{~mL})$ and methyl 2-(chlorosulfonyl) acetate ( $0.068 \mathrm{~g}, 0.39 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.1 \mathrm{eq}$. ), triethylamine $(0.10 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.72 \mathrm{mmol}, 2$ eq.), and a catalytic amount of DMAP ( $\sim 5 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) were added. The mixture was stirred at rt overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by fc $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}: \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=5: 95 \rightarrow 65: 35\right.$, $12 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, Biotage ${ }^{\circledR ®}$ SNAP Ultra C18, $12 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{~V}=20 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) to afford the sulfonamide as a colorless solid ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.49$, ethyl acetate $=100 \%$ ), yield $0.103 \mathrm{~g}(50 \%) . \mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ ( $598.69 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). Purity (HPLC: method B): $90 \%\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=14.49 \mathrm{~min}\right.$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{~S}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 599.1952$, found 599.1952. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=10.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H_{\text {purine }}\right), 8.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 8 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine }}\right), 7.76(\mathrm{t}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NH sulfonamide $), 5.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$, solvent: dichloromethane), $5.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.2,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 4.75\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.3,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, $4.23\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.2,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.69\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.34-3.28\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.59(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 1.71$ (ddd, $J=9.0,4.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}$ ), $1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.46(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.21-1.15\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.03-0.95\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 6-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ bicyclohexane $) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}$ (101 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ) $\delta(\mathrm{ppm})=164.0(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1), 163.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine }}\right), 152.0$ (1C, C4 $4_{\text {purine }}$ ), 150.8 (1C, C-N carbonyl ), 149.6 (1C, C- $6_{\text {purine }}$ ), 141.1 (1C, C-8 purine ), 120.7 (1C, C-5 purine ), 111.4
$\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 88.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 81.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 80.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 58.9(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 56.1(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2), 52.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 45.5\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$, $29.9\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right), 27.8\left(3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.8\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.2\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 14.0(1 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 13.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane }}\right)$. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3283(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 2982,2932\left(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}_{\text {aliphat }} \cdot\right)$, 1744 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1605, 1578 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}_{\text {aromat. }}$ ), 1327, 1207 ( $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1138, 1053 (C-O).

The sulfonamide ( $0.090 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}(3.2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and trifluoroacetic acid $(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ $(3.2 \mathrm{~mL}), 2 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaOH}$-solution and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.40 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The mixture was stirred at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight. The solvent was evaporated, and the residue was purified by semipreparative HPLC (method E) to afford the product 48 as a colorless solid, yield $0.056 \mathrm{~g}(69 \%)$. $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}_{2}(545.21 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol})$. Purity (HPLC: method D): $99 \%$ ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.86 \mathrm{~min}$ ). Exact mass (LC-MS-ESI): $m / z$ calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ [M-C $\left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}\right]^{-} 443.0813$, found 443.0826. The compound 48 shows two different rotamers a and $b$ in the NMR spectra in a ratio of approximately $2: 1 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=8.10(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, 8 - $\mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam. }}$. a), $7.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 8 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {purine, rotam. }}\right.$ b), $7.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH} \mathrm{N}_{2, \text { rotam }}\right.$. a, $\mathrm{NH} H_{\text {rotam }}$. a), $7.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2, \text { rotam. }}\right.$ b, $\mathrm{NH}_{\text {rotam. }}$. b), $5.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{OH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right.$ ), 4.78 ( s , $0.3 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), $4.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 4 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} . \quad\right.$ b), $4.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 4-\mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), $4.51\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.5,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right.$ ), 4.01 (s, $0.3 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ b), 3.91 ( $\mathrm{s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CHH}_{\text {rotam. }}$ b), $3.84(\mathrm{dt}, J=6.7,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $3 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam a }}$ ), 3.73 (dd, $J=14.6,5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ rotam. a, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {rotam. b }}$ ), $3.39(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam a }}\right), 3.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam b }}\right), 3.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}_{\text {rotam b }}\right), 3.07$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H_{\text {rotam a }}\right), 2.93\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 7.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, triethylammonium $), 2.48(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam. }}$ a), $1.54\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ b), $1.48(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.5,3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), $1.33\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{CH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam }} \cdot\right.$ b), 1.30 $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}\right.$ a) , $1.11\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, triethylammonium $)$, 0.72 (ddd, $J=8.6,4.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, 6 \mathrm{CH} H_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ), $0.62(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.6,4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.5 \mathrm{H}$, $6 \mathrm{CHH}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam } \cdot b)}$; the signal for $\mathrm{SCH}_{3, \text { rotam }} \cdot b$ is located under the DMSO- $d_{6}$ signal and therefore only visible in 2D spectra. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right) \delta(\mathrm{ppm})=165.0$ ( $\left.0.7 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-1_{\text {rotam }} \cdot a, b\right), 163.7$ (1C, C2 purine, rotam. a ), 163.6 ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {purine, rotam }} \cdot$ b), 155.4 (1C, C-6 purine, rotam. a), 155.4 ( 0.4 C, C6 purine, rotam. b) $^{\text {b }} 149.8$ (1C, C4 purine, rotam. a), 149.6 ( 0.4 C , C4 $4_{\text {purine, rotam. }}$ b), 138.1 ( $0.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 8_{\text {purine, rotam. b }}$ ), 137.9 (1C, C8 purine, rotam. a), 116.5 ( 0.8 C ,
 C-4 bicyclohexane, rotam. a ), $57.4\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2_{\text {rotam. }}\right.$. a) , $45.7\left(1 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$, rotam. a), $45.3\left(6.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$, triethylammonium $)$, 34.5 (1C, C-1 $1_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}$ ), 27.6 ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, ~ C 55_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. }}$ ) , 23.2 (1C, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. a }}\right), 13.7\left(1.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right.$, rotam. a , b), 12.6 ( $0.4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-6_{\text {bicyclohexane, rotam. b }}$ ), 12.5 (1C, C-6 bicyclohexane, rotam. a ), $9.0\left(5.6 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, triethylammonium $)$; the resolution was too low to identify the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ signals for rotamer $b$, therefore only those signals of rotamer $b$ that are visible in the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$-NMR spectrum are described here. FT-IR (neat) $\tilde{v}\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)=3306(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}), 3132(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$,
 1065 (S = O).

Supplementary Materials: The following supporting information can be downloaded at: https: / /www.mdpi.com/article/10.3390/molecules27072283/s1. Synthetic procedures for the preparation of compound 4 and mass spectra and NMR spectra of compound 4.

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Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.
Sample Availability: Samples of the compounds 36, 39-48 are available from the authors.


#### Abstract

Abbreviations AR, adenosine receptor; ATP, adenosine 5 '-triphosphate; Bn , benzyl; $\mathrm{Boc}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, di-tertbutyl dicarbonate; CCDC, Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre; CHO, Chinese hamster ovary; cV, column volume; DAMP, damage-associated-molecular pattern; dec., decomposition; DDQ, 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone; DIAD, diisopropyl azodicarboxylate; DIPEA, diisopropyl ethyl amine; DMEM, Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium; DMF, $N, N$-dimethylformamide; DMSO, dimethylsulfoxide; EGTA ethylene glycol-bis( $\beta$ aminoethyl ether)- $N, N, N^{\prime}, N^{\prime}$-tetraacetic acid; ESI, electrospray ionization; HBSS, Hanks ${ }^{\prime}$ balanced salt solution; HEK, human embryonic kidney cells; HEPES, 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1piperazineethanesulfonic acid; HPLC, high performance liquid chromatography; LC-MS, liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry; NMP, N-methyl morpholine; PBS, phosphatebuffered saline; PMB, para-methoxybenzyl; RT, room temperature; SAR, structure-activity relationship; SEM, standard error of the mean; TBAN, tetrabutylammonium nitrate; TBDPS, tert-butyldiphenylsilyl; TFAA, trifluoroacetic acid anhydride; TFA, trifluoroacetic acid; THF, tetrahydrofuran; TLC, Thin layer chromatography.


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