Metal-free synthesis of 3,5-disubstituted 1*H*- and 1-aryl-1*H*pyrazoles from 1,3-diyne-indole derivatives employing two successive hydroaminations

Mariana M. Bassaco, Margiani P. Fortes,

Teodoro S. Kaufman* and Claudio C. Silveira*

Supplementary Information

Content	Page №
1- General information	S2
2. Equipment	S2
3. General procedure for the synthesis of the symmetric 1,3-diynes (1a-f)	S3
4. Characterization data of the symmetric 1,3-diynes (1a-f)	S3-S4
5. General procedure for the preparation of unsymmetric 1,3-diynes (3a-f)	S5
6. Characterization data of the unsymmetric 1,3-diynes (3a-f)	S5-S6
7. ¹ H NMR and ¹³ C NMR spectra of compounds 2a-f	S7-S13
8. ¹ H NMR and ¹³ C NMR spectra of compounds 4a-f	S14-S20
9. ¹ H NMR and ¹³ C NMR spectra of compounds 5a-g	S21-S28
10. ¹ H NMR and ¹³ C NMR spectra of compounds 6a-g	S29-S35

^{*} Corresponding authors. Tel.: + 55-55-32208754; E-mail: silveira@quimica.ufsm.br (Claudio C. Silveira); kaufman@iquir-conicet.gov.ar (Teodoro S. Kaufman)

General information: PEG-400 and other commercial reagents were used without further purification. In the conventional purification procedure, the crude material was submitted to flash column chromatography with silica gel 60 H (particle size 40-63 m, 230-400 mesh), eluting isocratically with mixtures of hexane:EtOAc.

All new compounds gave single spots when run on TLC plates of Kieselgel 60 GF₂₅₄, employing different hexane-EtOAc solvent systems. Chromatographic spots were detected by irradiation of the plates with UV light (254 nm), followed by exposure to iodine vapors of by spraying with ethanolic vanillin/sulfuric acid reagent and careful heating.

Equipment: The melting points were measured on an MQAPF-301 (Microquímica) instrument and are reported uncorrected. The infrared spectra were acquired on a Shimadzu Prestige-21 spectrometer, with the samples prepared as KBr pellets or thin films held between NaCl disks. The NMR spectra (¹H and ¹³C) were recorded in CDCl₃ unless otherwise noted, on Bruker DPX-400 and Bruker DPX-600 spectrometers (400 and 600 MHz for ¹H, respectively). Chemical shift data are reported in ppm downfield from TMS, employed as internal standard. Coupling constants (*J*) are informed in Hertz. Elemental analyses were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer CHN 2400 analyzer. The low resolution mass spectra were acquired on a Shimadzu QP2010 *Plus* CG-MS instrument. High-resolution mass spectral data were obtained in a Bruker microTOF-Q II instrument. Detection of the ions was performed with electrospray ionization in positive ion mode.

General procedure for the synthesis of the symmetric 1,3-diynes (1a-f)

A stirred mixture of the heterocyclic *N*-propargyl derivative (5 mmol) and CuCl (25 mg, 0.25 mmol, 5 mol%) in DMSO (5 mL) was heated to 90 °C for 4 h. Then, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was diluted with water (15 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (4 × 25 mL). The combined extracts were successively washed with water (1 × 10 mL) and brine (1 × 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was purified by column chromatography using an hexane: EtOAc:CH₂Cl₂ (80:10:10) solvent mixture as eluent.

1,6-Bis(1*H*-indol-1-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1a)



Light brown solid, m.p.: 147-149 °C; yield: 83%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 4.84 (s, 4H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 3.1, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 3.1, 2H), 7.10-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.2, 2H) and 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.9, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ : 36.3, 69.0, 73.3, 102.5, 109.2, 120.0, 121.1, 122.1, 127.2,

128.9 and 135.8. IR (KBr, v): 3104, 2904, 1614, 1463, 1333, 1315, 1185, 739 and 719 cm⁻¹. MS (m/z, rel. int., %): 309 [12, (M+1)⁺], 308 (51, M⁺), 281 (28), 253 (17), 209 (14), 208 (21), 207 (100), 191 (100), 133 (15), 117 (38), 89 (24) and 73 (27). HRMS (ESI–TOF, m/z): Obsd. 331.1208; $C_{22}H_{16}N_2Na$ [(M+Na)⁺] requires 331.1211.

1,6-Bis(5-methoxy-1*H*-indol-1-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1b)



Beige solid, m.p.: 166-168 °C; yield: 72%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 3.82 (s, 6H), 4.84 (s, 4H), 6.42 (dd, J = 3.2 and 0.8, 2H), 6.88 (dd, J = 8.9 and 2.4, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 3.2, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 2.4, 2H) and 7.21 (d, J = 8.9, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ :

36.5, 55.9, 69.0, 73.3, 102.1, 103.0, 109.9, 112.3, 127.8, 129.3, 131.1 and 154.5. IR (KBr, v): 3102, 2956, 2935, 2832, 1728, 1616, 1576, 1482, 1432, 1397, 1243, 1152, 1030, 802 and 726 cm⁻¹. MS (*m*/*z*, rel. int., %): 368 (3, M^+), 78 (99), 63 (100), 62 (13) and 61 (36). Anal. Calc.: C, 78.24; H, 5.47; N, 7.60. Found: C, 77.86; H, 5.54; N, 7.25.

1,6-Bis(5-bromo-1H-indol-1-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1c)



Beige solid, m.p.: 157-159 °C; yield: 76%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 5.26 (s, 4H), 6.46 (dd, J = 3.2 and 0.7, 2H), 7.29 (dd, J = 8.7 and 1.9, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 3.2, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.7, 2H) and 7.75 (d, J = 1.9, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz,

DMSO- d_6) δ : 35.6, 67.5, 75.0, 101.3, 111.8, 112.2, 122.7, 123.9, 129.8, 130.0 and 134.1. IR (KBr, v): 3106, 1705, 1604, 1562, 1507, 1463, 1333, 1208, 793, 754 and 581 cm⁻¹. MS (*m*/*z*, rel. int., %): 468 [2, (M+2)⁺], 466 (4, M⁺), 235 (27), 233 (28), 197 (55), 195 (55), 154 (60), 127 (15), 116 (78) and 89 (39). Anal. Calc.: C, 56.68; H, 3.03; N, 6.01. Found: C, 57.07; H, 3.13; N, 5.87.

1,6-Bis(2-methyl-1H-indol-1-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1d)



Brown solid, m.p.: 218 °C (dec); yield: 83%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 2.39 (s, 6H), 5.13 (s, 4H), 6.22 (s, 2H), 6.98-7.09 (m, 4H) and 7.40-7.43 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 12.1, 32.4, 66.7, 75.3, 100.5, 109.3, 119.3, 119.5, 120.6, 127.7, 136.2 and 136.3. IR (KBr, v):

2916, 1614, 1552, 1462, 1337, 787 and 745 cm⁻¹. MS (m/z, rel. int., %): 337 [17, (M+1)⁺], 336 (60, M⁺), 205 (100), 204 (88), 191 (28), 167 (18), 149 (12), 130 (44), 97 (18), 81 (26) and 69 (47). HRMS (ESI–TOF, m/z): Obsd. 359.1507; C₂₄H₂₀N₂Na [(M+Na)⁺] requires 359.1519.

1,6-Bis(5-p-tolyl-1H-indol-1-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1e)



Brown solid, m.p.: 175-177 °C; yield: 72%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 2.33 (s, 6H), 5.27 (s, 4H), 6.50 (d, J = 3.1, 2H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.9, 4H), 7.38 (d, J = 3.1, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J = 8.6 and 1.6, 2H), 7.53-7.55 (m,

6H) and 7.79-7.80 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 20.6, 35.6, 67.4, 75.4, 102.1, 110.3, 118.3, 120.8, 126.5, 128.9, 129.1, 129.4, 132.1, 134.9, 135.5 and 138.5. IR (KBr, v): 2915, 1616, 1476, 1335, 799 and 720 cm⁻¹. MS (*m*/*z*, rel. int., %): 489 [20, (M+1)⁺], 488 (50, M⁺), 282 (22), 281 (32), 267 (28), 266 (20), 244 (17), 208 (20), 207 (100), 206 (64), 204 (25), 97 (23) and 57 (46). HRMS (ESI–TOF, *m*/*z*): Obsd. 511.2129; C₃₆H₂₈N₂Na [(M+Na)⁺] requires 511.2145.

1,6-Bis(9H-carbazol-9-yl)hexa-2,4-diyne (1f)



White crystalline solid, m.p.: 204 °C (dec); yield: 60%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 5.39 (s, 4H), 7.20-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.46 (m, 4H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.1, 4H) and 8.12 (d, J = 7.6, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 32.2, 66.5, 74.8, 109.2, 119.4, 120.1, 122.4, 125.7 and 139.3. IR (KBr, v): 3050, 2910, 1625, 1599, 1485, 1454, 1325, 747 and 720 cm⁻¹. MS (m/z, rel. int., %): 409 [16, (M+1)⁺], 408 (50, M⁺), 242

(36), 241 (100), 167 (18), 166 (29) and 140 (16). HRMS (ESI–TOF, m/z): Obsd. 431.1521; $C_{30}H_{20}N_2Na$ [(M+Na)⁺] requires 431.1524.

General procedure for the preparation of unsymmetric 1,3-diynes (3a-f)

Solid Cul (10 mg, 0.05 mmol, 5 mol%) and NiCl₂.6H₂O (12 mg, 0.05 mmol, 5 mol%) were added to a stirred solution of TMEDA (30 μ L, 0.2 mmol, 20 mol%) in THF (4 mL). The aryl acetylene (5 mmol) and the *N*-propargyl indole or carbazole (1 mmol) were successively added and the system was allowed to stir at room temperature for 6 h. Then, the volatiles were evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was chromatographically purified, eluting with hexane.

1-(5-Phenylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-1*H*-indole (3a)



Light brown solid, m.p.: 68-70 °C; yield: 76%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 4.97 (s, 2H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 3.2 and 0.6, 1H), 7.12-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H), 7.43-7.45 (m, 2H) and 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.8, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ : 36.6, 69.9, 73.2, 76.4, 78.2, 102.4, 109.3, 120.0, 121.1, 121.2, 122.0, 127.2, 128.4, 128.9, 129.4, 132.6 and 135.8. IR (KBr, v): 3045, 2942, 2240, 1609, 1573, 1513, 1483, 1355, 1304, 1254, 1192, 752, 732 and 686 cm⁻¹. MS (*m/z*, rel.

int., %): 256 [15, $(M+1)^{+}$], 255 (73, M⁺), 254 (44), 140 (12), 139 (100), 113 (9) and 89 (14). HRMS (ESI–TOF, *m/z*): Obsd. 278.0948; C₁₉H₁₃NNa [(M+Na)⁺] requires 278.0946.

1-(5-*p*-Tolylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-1*H*-indole (3b)



Light brown solid, m.p.: 83-85 °C; yield: 70%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 2.33 (s, 3H), 4.99 (s, 2H), 6.54 (dd, J = 3.2 and 0.5, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.0, 2H), 7.12-7.16 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 3.2, 1H), 7.24-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.3, 1H) and 7.64 (d, J = 7.9, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ : 21.5, 36.7, 70.1, 72.7, 76.1, 78.6, 102.4, 109.3, 118.2, 120.0, 121.1, 122.0, 127.2, 129.0, 129.2, 132.5, 135.9 and 139.8. IR (KBr, v): 3028, 2951, 2239,

1604, 1508, 1462, 1336, 1314, 1257, 1182, 811, 742 and 720 cm⁻¹. MS (*m/z*, rel. int., %): 270 [14, $(M+1)^+$], 269 (63, M⁺), 268 (25), 207 (13), 154 (14), 153 (100) and 152 (23). HRMS (ESI–TOF, *m/z*): Obsd. 270.1255; C₂₀H₁₆N [(M+H)⁺] requires 270.1283.

5-Methoxy-1-(5-phenylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-1H-indole (3c)



Beige solid, m.p: 105-107 °C; yield: 83%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 3.84 (s, 3H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 3.0, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 8.8 and 2.3, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 2.3, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 3.0, 1H), 7.26-7.35 (m, 4H) and 7.44-7.46 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ : 36.8, 55.9, 69.8, 73.2, 76.5, 78.2, 102.0, 103.0, 110.0, 112.3, 121.2, 127.9, 128.4, 129.4, 131.2, 132.6 and 154.5. IR (KBr, v): 2943, 2901, 2244, 1619, 1574, 1486, 1451, 1423, 1347, 1237, 1152, 1026, 801, 757, 722 and 687 cm⁻¹. MS (*m/z*, rel. int., %): 286 [16, (M+1)⁺], 285 (69,

 M^*), 281 (11), 254 (11), 207 (29), 140 (13) and 139 (100). HRMS (ESI-TOF, m/z): Obsd. 308.1039; C₂₀H₁₅NNaO [(M+Na)⁺] requires 308.1046.

5-Bromo-1-(5-p-tolylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-1H-indole (3d)



White solid, m.p.: 120-122 °C; yield: 60%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ : 2.33 (s, 3H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 3.1, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.0, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 3.1, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.7, 1H), 7.31-7.36 (m, 3H) and 7.74 (d, *J* = 1.6, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ : 21.6, 36.9, 70.5, 72.5, 75.4, 78.9, 102.0, 110.8, 113.4, 118.0, 123.6, 124.9, 128.5, 129.2, 130.7, 132.6, 134.6 and 140.0. IR (KBr, v): 2916, 2891, 2247, 1650, 1560, 1508, 1463, 1433, 1400, 1344, 1268, 1242, 1210, 823, 794, 755 and 723 cm⁻¹. MS (*m*/*z*, rel. int., %): 349 [8, (M+2)⁺], 347 (9, M⁺), 209 (12), 208 (21), 207 (100), 153 (44), 133 (15), 96 (17) and 73 (33). HRMS

(ESI-TOF, *m/z*): Obsd. 370.0190; C₂₀H₁₄BrNNa [(M+Na)⁺] requires 370.0202.

9-(5-Phenylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-9H-carbazole (3e)



White crystalline solid, m.p: 154-155 °C; yield: 80%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 5.58 (s, 2H), 7.25-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.47-7.53 (m, 4H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.2, 2H) and 8.18 (d, J = 7.8, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d^6) δ : 32.6, 67.0, 72.9, 77.2, 79.4, 109.4, 119.5, 119.9, 120.3, 122.5, 125.9, 128.6, 129.8, 132.3 and 139.5. IR (KBr, v): 3053, 2914, 2244, 1626, 1597, 1487, 1456, 1329, 748, 720 and 684 cm⁻¹. MS (*m/z*,

rel. int., %): 305 (32, M^{+}), 304 (24), 166 (10), 140 (21) and 139 (100). Anal. Calc.: C, 90.46; H, 4.95; N, 4.59. Found: C, 90.10; H, 4.91; N, 4.29.

9-(5-p-Tolylpenta-2,4-diynyl)-9H-carbazole (3f)



White crystalline solid, m.p: 155-156 °C; yield: 85%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 2.27 (s, 3H), 5.57 (s, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.9, 2H), 7.24-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.9, 2H), 7.49-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.2, 2H) and 8.17 (d, J = 7.7, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ : 20.9, 32.6, 67.2, 72.4, 77.5, 78.9, 109.4, 116.8, 119.5, 120.2, 122.5, 125.8, 129.2, 132.2, 139.5 and 139.9. IR (KBr, v): 3052, 2912, 2242, 1627,

1603, 1489, 1455, 1332, 812, 746 and 719 cm⁻¹. MS (*m*/*z*, rel. int., %): 319 (5, M⁺), 170 (65), 150 (12), 135 (22), 133 (57), 103 (21), 102 (29), 86 (100), 84 (100) and 66 (80). HRMS (ESI–TOF, *m*/*z*): Obsd. 320.1420; $C_{24}H_{18}N$ [(M+H)⁺] requires 320.1434.



Figure S1. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2a in CDCl₃.



Figure S2. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2a in CDCl₃.



Figure S3. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2b in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S4. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2b in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S5. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2c in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S6. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2c in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S7. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2d in CDCl_{3.}





Figure S9. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2e in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S10. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2e in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S11. 300 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2f in DMSO-d_{6.}



Figure S12. 75 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2f in DMSO-d_{6.}



Figure S13. HSQC spectrum of compound 2f in DMSO-d₆.



Figure S14. Expansion of HSQC spectrum of compound 2f in DMSO-d₆.



Figure S15. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4a in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S16. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4a in CDCl_{3.}



Figure S17. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4b in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S18. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4b in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S19. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4c in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S20. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4c in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S21. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4d in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S22. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4d in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S23. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **4e** DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S24. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4e in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S25. 300 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 4f in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S26. 75 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 4f in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S27. HSQC spectrum of compound 4f in DMSO-d₆.



Figure S28. Expansion of the HSQC spectrum of compound 4f in DMSO-*d*₆.



Figure S29. 600 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5a in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S30. 150 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5a in CDCI_{3.}



Figure S31. HMBC spectrum of compound 5a in CDCl₃.



Figure S32. Expansion of the HMBC spectrum of compound 5a.



Figure S33. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5b in CDCl₃.



Figure S34. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **5b** in CDCl₃.



Figure S35. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5c in CDCI₃.



Figure S36. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **5c** in CDCl₃.



Figure S37. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5d in CDCI₃.



Figure S38. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **5d** in CDCI₃.



Figure S39. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5e in CDCI₃.



Figure S40. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound **5e** in CDCl₃.



Figure S41. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5f in CDCl₃.



Figure S42. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5f in CDCl₃.



Figure S43. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 5g in CDCl₃.



Figure S44. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 5g in CDCl₃.



Figure S45. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6a in CDCI₃.



Figure S46. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6a in CDCl₃.



Figure S47. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6b in CDCI₃.



Figure S48. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6b in CDCl₃.



Figure S49. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6c in CDCI₃.



Figure S50. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6c in CDCl₃.



Figure S51. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6d in CDCI₃.



Figure S52. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6d in CDCI₃.



Figure S53. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6e in CDCI₃.



Figure S54. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6e in CDCl₃.



Figure S55. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6f in CDCI₃.



Figure S56. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6f in CDCl₃.



Figure S57. 400 MHz ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6g in CDCI₃.



Figure S58. 100 MHz ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6g in CDCl₃.