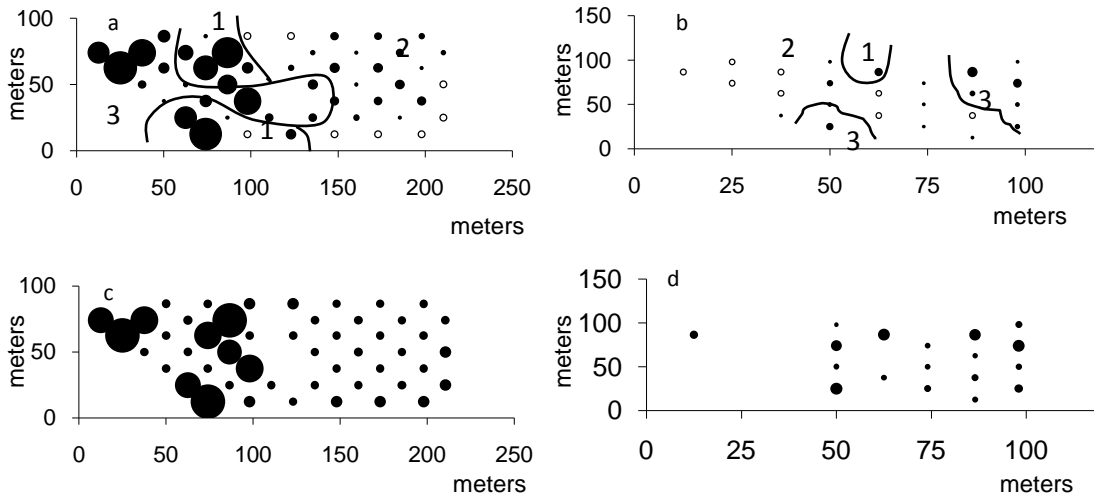


Fruting females of *Aristotelia chilensis* located in plot 1 (a) and plot 2 (b), values predicted by PCNM broad scale models for plot 1 (c) and plot 2 (d).

Circle size represents the number of fruting females in the subplot, with a large circle representing the maximum value of 5 (Plot 1) and 2 (Plot 2) and an open circle in the original data (a, b) representing 0 value. 1 = open areas, 2 = young forest, 3 = old forest

Online Resource 1

Bravo et al. Do animal-plant interactions influence the spatial distribution of *Aristotelia chilensis* shrubs in temperate forests of southern South America? Plant Ecology. sbravo@ege.fcen.uba.ar



Seed rain in plot 1 (a) and plot 2 (b), values of seed rain predicted by PCNM broad scale models for plot 1 (c) and plot 2 (d).

Circle size represents number of seeds arriving, with a large circle representing 116 seeds in the trap, a small circle representing 1 seed and open circles representing empty traps. 1 = open areas, 2 = young forest, 3 = old forest

Online Resource 2

Bravo et al. Do animal-plant interactions influence the spatial distribution of *Aristotelia chilensis* shrubs in temperate forests of southern South America? *Plant Ecology*.

sbravo@ege.fcen.uba.ar