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FACTORS INFLUENCING THE INTENTION TO RE-USE E-LEARNING AMONG STUDENTS OF MALAYSIAN UNIVERSITIES WITH E-LEARNING FACILITIES



Thesis Submitted to Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business, Universiti Utara Malaysia, in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Doctor of Business Administration

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ABSTRACT

E-learning is regarded as a mandatory teaching and learning approach in higher education worldwide. The effectiveness of e-learning depends on the successful adoption by the student. E-learning is considered the most appropriate effective method of knowledge delivery to meet the current academic requirements. Hence, this study was essential to examine the factors affecting the intention to use e-learning among students in Malaysian higher education institutes. Based on the technology acceptance model (TAM) and the theory of planned behaviour (TPB) this study developed a comprehensive framework on students' intention to use e-learning. A quantitative research method that suited the research objective was adopted. This study used the random sampling technique, data was collected from 330 respondents who were enrolled in public and private universities with e-learning facilities in Malaysia. The result showed that Attitude, Perceived usefulness, and Perceived behavioural becomes a positive predictor of Intention to use e-learning. However, Subjective norms found no significant effect on Intention to use e-learning. The results revealed that all the constructed hypotheses were supported except for H3, which reported that the subjective norm did not have a significant positive influence on the intention to use e-learning. The obtained results have significant contributions to theory and practice in e-learning delivery. The findings of the study provide clear insight to researchers and practitioners on the usage of e-learning among distance-learning students as well as the variations in the intention to use e-learning between male and female learners. Besides, as a practical contribution, this study suggests that university managements should improve their e-learning facilities to benefit their stakeholders, especially the students.

Keywords: attitude, subjective norm, perceived ease of use, perceived behaviour control, perceived usefulness

ABSTRAK

E-pembelajaran merupakan kaedah pengajaran dan pembelajaran yang wajib dilaksanakan dalam dunia pendidikan tinggi pada masa kini di seluruh dunia. Keberkesanan e-pembelajaran adalah bergantung kepada kejayaan penerapannya oleh para pelajar. E-pembelajaran adalah kaedah penyampaian pengetahuan yang berkesan yang memenuhi keperluan akademik semasa. Meskipun kaedah ini popular dan sangat penting tetapi isu berkaitan keberkesanan kaedah ini masih lagi dibincangkan. Oleh itu, kajian yang dijalankan ini adalah penting untuk mengkaji faktor yang mempengaruhi kecenderungan pelajar dalam menerapkan e-pembelajaran di institusi pengajian tinggi di Malaysia. Berdasarkan model penerimaan teknologi (TAM) dan teori tingkah laku terancang (TPB), kajian ini membangunkan kerangka kerja yang lengkap tentang niat pelajar untuk menggunakan e-pembelajaran. Satu kaedah kajian kuantitatif yang bersesuaian dengan objektif penyelidikan digunakan. Dengan menggunakan kaedah persampelan rawak mudah, data yang dikumpulkan adalah daripada 330 orang responden yang telah mendaftar di universiti awam dan swasta yang mempunyai kemudahan e-pembelajaran di Malaysia. Hasil kajian menunjukkan bahawa sikap, kebergunaan yang dirasakan dan tingkah laku yang dirasakan menjadi peramal positif terhadap niat untuk menggunakan e-pembelajaran. Hasil kajian menunjukkan bahawa kesemua hipotesis yang dibina adalah disokong kecuali H3 iaitu norma subjektif yang mempunyai pengaruh positif yang signifikan terhadap niat untuk menggunakan e-pembelajaran. Dapatan kajian yang diperoleh ini akan memberi sumbangan yang signifikan kepada teori dan amalan penyampaian e-pembelajaran. Dapatan kajian ini memberikan gambaran yang jelas kepada penyelidik dan pengamal terhadap penggunaan e-pembelajaran. Hasil kajian ini akan menggalakkan penggunaan e-pembelajaran dalam kalangan pelajar pembelajaran jarak jauh serta variasi kecenderungan penggunaan e-pembelajaran di antara pelajar lelaki dan wanita. Manakala daripada aspek sumbangan secara praktikal, kajian ini membantu pihak pengurusan universiti dalam usaha untuk meningkatkan kemudahan e-pembelajaran yang dapat memberikan manfaat kepada pemegang taruh mereka terutamanya para pelajar.

Kata kunci: sikap, norma subjektif, kemudahan penggunaan yang dirasakan, kawalan tingkah laku yang dirasakan, kebergunaan yang dirasakan

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TABLE OF CONTENT

CERTIFICATION OF THE THESIS	ii
PERMISSION TO USE	iii
ABSTRACT	iv
ABSTRAK	v
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	vi
TABLE OF CONTENT	vii
LIST OF TABLE	xii
LIST OF FIGURE	xiv

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION	1
1.0 Background of the Study	1
1.1 Problem Statement	9
1.2 Research Questions	12
1.3 Research Objectives	13
1.4 Scope of the Study	14
1.5 Significance of the Study	14
1.5.1 Theoretical Contributions	14
1.5.2 Practical Contributions	16
1.6 Definition of Key Terms	17
1.7 Summary of Chapter	16
CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW	19
2.0 Overview	19
2.1 Overview of E-learning	20

2.1.1 The Nature of E-learning	22
2.1.2 E-learning in Malaysian Educational Institutes	25
2.2 Intention to Use E-learning	28
2.3 Perceived Usefulness and Intention to Use E-learning	31
2.4 Attitude and Intention to Use E-learning	33
2.5 SN and Intention to Use E-learning	34
2.6 Perceived Behaviour Control and Intention to Use E-learning	36
2.7 Perceived Usefulness and Attitude	37
2.8 Perceived Ease of Use and Attitude	38
2.9 Group Analysis of Gender	38
2.10 Underpinning and Supporting Theories	41
2.10.1 E-learning Acceptance and TAM	41
2.10.2 Supporting Theory: Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB)	45
2. 11 Summary of Chapter	47
CHAPTER THREE METHODOLOGY	48
3.0 Introduction	48
3.1 Theoretical Framework	48
3.2 Hypothesis Development	49
3.2.1 Perceived Usefulness and Intention to Use E-learning	49
3.2.2 Attitude and Intention to Use E-learning	50
3.2.3 SN and Intention to Use E-learning	50
3.2.4 Perceived Behaviour Control and Intention to Use E-learning	51
3.2.5 Relationship between Perceived Usefulness, Attitude and Intention	ı to
Use E-learning	51

3	.2.6	Relationship between Perceived Ease of Use, Attitude and Intentio	on to
		Use	52
3	.2.7	Group Comparison Analysis of Gender	52
3.3	Oper	rationalisation of Variables	54
3	.3.1	Intention to Use E-learning	55
3	.3.2	Perceived Usefulness	56
3	.3.3	Perceived Ease of Use	56
3	.3.4	Attitude	57
3	.3.5	Subjective Norm (SN)	58
3	.3.6	Perceived Behaviour Control	58
3.4	Meas	surement of Variables/Instrumentation	59
3.5	Popu	Ilation	61
3.6	Samj	pling	62
3.7	Data	Analysis Technique	63
3.8	Pilot	Test	63
3.9	Data	Collection Procedures	64
3.10	Sum	mary of Chapter	65
CHAP	TER	FOUR ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS	66
4.1	Intro	duction	66
4.2	Resp	onse Rate	66
4.3	Data	Coding	67
4.4	Non-	response Bias Test	68
4.5	Com	mon Method Bias Test	71
4.6	Data	Screening	72
4.	.6.1	Treatment of Missing Data	73

4.6.2	Descriptive Analysis of Latent Construct	74
4.6.3	Demographic Profile of the Respondents	74
4.6.4	Multivariate Skewness and Kurtosis	76
4.7 Ass	essment of PLS-SEM Path Model Results	76
4.8 Asso	essment of the Measurement Model	77
4.8.1	Individual Item Reliability	81
4.8.2	Internal Consistency Reliability	81
4.8.3	Discriminant Validity	85
4.9 Stru	ctural Model	89
4.9.1	Assessment of the Significance of the Structural Model (Inner	
	Modelling Analysis)	89
4.10 Asso	essment of the Effect Size (f^2) and Predictive Relevance (Q^2)	94
4.11 Mul	ti-group Analysis (MGA)	95
4.12 Sum	mary of Chapter Universiti Utara Malaysia	99

CHAPTER FIVE DISCUSSION, RECOMMENDATIONS AND

CON	CLUSION	101	
5.0	Introduction		101
5.1	Recapitulation of the Study		101
5.2	Demographic Profile of the Respondents		102
5.3	Research Objective 1: To Investigate the	Influence of Perceived I	Usefulness,
	Attitude, Subjective Norm and Perceived	Behavioural Control on	the
	Intention to Use E-Learning among Stud	ents of Universities with	E-Learning
	Facilities		103

- 5.4 Research Objective 2: To Investigate the Influence of Perceived Usefulness
 and Perceived Ease of Use on the Attitude to Use E-Learning among Students
 of Universities with E-Learning Facilities.
- 5.5 Objective 3: To Examine Whether the Relationship between Intention to Use
 E-Learning and Perceived Usefulness, Perceived Ease of Use, Attitude,
 Subjective Norm and Perceived Behavioural Control and Intention to Use E Learning Differs Between Male and Female Students of Universities with E Learning Facilities. 110
- 5.6 Implications of the Study 111 Theoretical Implications 5.6.1 112 5.6.2 Practical Implications 113 5.7 Limitations and Recommendations for Future Research 115 5.8 Conclusion 115 References 117 Universiti Utara Malaysia APPENDIX A 138

LIST OF TABLE

Table 1.1	The E-Readiness Ranking	7
Table 2.1	A Summary of Studies on the Intention to Use E-Learning	29
Table 2.2	Definition of the Constructs In TPB	46
Table 3.1	The Measurement Scale for Intention to Use E-Learning	55
Table 3.2	The Measurement Scale for Perceived Usefulness	56
Table 3.3	The Measurement Scale for Perceived Ease of Use	57
Table 3.4	The Measurement Scale for Attitude	57
Table 3.5	The Measurement Scale for SN	58
Table 3.6	The Measurement Scale for Perceived Behaviour Control	59
Table 3.7	AVE and CR Values of the Variables	60
Table 4.1	The Response Rate of Questionnaires	67
Table 4.2	Coding of the Variables	68
Table 4.3	Descriptive Statistics for the Early and Late Response Groups	70
Table 4.4	Levene's Test Results	71
Table 4.5	Descriptive Statistics Results of the Study Variables	74
Table 4.6	Demographic Profile of Respondents	75
Table 4.7	Measurement Model Results (Full Model)	82
Table 4.8	Measurement Model Results (Female Model)	83
Table 4.9	Measurement Model Results (Male Model)	84
Table 4.10	Discriminant Validity Matrix using Fornell and Larcker Criterion	
	(Full Model)	85
Table 4.11	Discriminant Validity Matrix using Fornell and Larcker Criterion	
	(Female Model)	86

Table 4.12	Discriminant Validity Matrix using Fornell and Larcker Criterion		
	(Male Model)	86	
Table 4.13	Cross Loadings Results	87	
Table 4.14	Discriminant Validity Matrix Using HTMT Criterion (Full Model)	88	
Table 4.15	Discriminant Validity Matrix Using HTMT Criterion (Female		
	Model)	88	
Table 4.16	Discriminant Validity Matrix Using HTMT Criterion (Male		
	Model)	89	
Table 4.17	Results of the Hypothesis Testing (Inner Modelling Analysis)	92	
Table 4.18	F2 Index for the Structural Model Analysis using PLS-SEM	94	
Table 4.19	Q2 Index for Structural Model Analysis using PLS-SEM	95	
Table 4.20	Comparison Analysis	97	
Table 4.21	MICOM Results	98	
Table 4.22	Structural Model and MGA Results	99	
Table 4.23	Summary of Hypothesis Testing Results	100	

LIST OF FIGURE

Fig Fig Fig	gure 1.2 gure 2.1	A Continuum of Technological Integration in Education in Malaysia Constructs in TAM	6
Fig Fig	gure 2.1	Malaysia Constructs in TAM	6
Fig Fig	ure 2.1	Constructs in TAM	
Fig			42
	ure 2.2	Relationships between the Constructs in TPB	46
Fig	ure 3.1	Theoretical Framework	49
Fig	ure 4.1	Measurement Model	80
Fig	ure 4.2	Structural Model Direct Relationships	91
Fig	ure 4.3	Hypothesis Full Model	96

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Background of the Study

The rapid progress in information and communications technology (ICT) has reformed the landscape of education worldwide (Samsudeen & Mohamed, 2019). This progress has led to educational institutes implementing new technologies in the teaching and learning procedures. Higher education institutes have extensively transformed their administration and teaching methods due to technological innovations (Teo et al., 2019). Digital media, the Internet and online learning resources have a key role in students' learning process. Digital devices equipped with numerous applications have swiftly changed the communication and educational methods (Lew et al., 2019).

Electronic learning (e-learning) is defined "as the delivery of learning materials and methods online by using information technologies to learn, teach or acquire knowledge at any time and from anywhere" (Salloum et al., 2019). The e-learning process can be offline or online or both. E-learning provides convenience to students in terms of location and timing flexibility. E-learning has multiple platforms for disseminating knowledge, namely, web-based learning and mobile learning accessible via wireless digital devices, for example, tablets and mobile phones. Besides, computer-based online classes are included in the spectrum of e-learning, which provides a very conducive platform for educational institutes to educate geographically scattered students.

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APPENDIX A



UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA, 06010, UUM SINTOK, KEDAH DARUL AMAN, MALAYSIA

Dear Sir/Madam,

My name is Siva Prakash a/l Ramasamy and I am a DBA student at University Utara Malaysia. For my DBA thesis I am examining the factors affecting intention to use e-learning among students of e-Learning providers. I approached you to seek your assistance in disseminating the survey to your fellow existing and past students. I am inviting your students as a suitable respondent to participate in this research study by completing the attached survey. The questionnaire will require approximately 15 mins to complete. There is no compensation for responding nor is there any known risk. We ensure you that all information will remain confidential and your responses will not be used other than this study. Participation is strictly voluntary, and you may refuse to participate at any time.

Thank you for taking the time to assist me in my educational endeavors.

If you require additional information or have any questions, please contact me at the email listed below.

Sincerely,

Siva Prakash a/l Ramasamy DBA candidate University Utara Malaysia Official : siva_prakash@oyagsb.uum.edu.my Personal : ivas_1983@hotmail.com Cell no. +60125356345

Dr. Arfan Shahzad Universiti Utara Ma Supervisor Senior Lecturer OYAGSB, University Utara Malaysia n arfan@uum.edu.my



Survey Mobile link: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/HCJN5TX

Survey Web link: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/3ZHVKB7

C. SUBJECTIVE NORM

		1	2 .	3	4	5	67
People important to me support my use of e-learning							
People who influence me think that I should use e-learning							1.21
People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning		17				111	
I	People important to me support my use of e-learning People who influence me think that I should use e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning People who influence me think that I should use e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning People who influence me think that I should use e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning	People important to me support my use of e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning People who influence me think that I should use e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning People whose opinions I value prefer that I should use e-learning Image: Comparison of the support my use of e-learning

SD

SA

SECTION A: DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION:

These items ask for some personal information. We assure that your responses to these questions will be confidential.

Please provide your answers by using the tick ($\sqrt{}$) mark.

I	Gender	O Male O Female
11	Highest education achieved	O High school O Diploma O Degree O Masters O Doctorate O Did not attend school
ļli	Age	○ 18-24 ○ 25-34 ○ 35-44 ○ 45-54 ○ 25-64 ○ 65-74 ○ 75 or older
IV	Experience using e-learning system	O0-6 monthsO>6 months-1 yearO>1 year -1 year 6 monthsO>1 year 6 months-2 yearsO>2 years-2 years 6 monthsO>2 years 6 months -3 yearsO>3 yearsO>3 years

SECTION B: QUESTIONNAIRE

There are no right or wrong answers to these questions so please be as honest and thoughtful as possible in your responses.

All responses will be kept strictly confidential. Thank you for your cooperation!

To what extent do you agree or disagree with statements given below. Please answer each question by using the tick ($\sqrt{1}$) mark between the range I to 7. The given scale represents the following values:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Strongly	Disagree	Somewhat	Neutral	Somewhat	Agree	Strongly
(SD)	(D)	(SWD)	(N)	(SWA)	(A)	(SA)

A. PERCEIVED USEFULNESS

SD SA 1 2 3 4 5 67 Using e-learning will allow me to accomplish learning tasks more quickly 1 Using e-learning will improve my learning performance 2 3 Using e-learning will make it easier to learn course content Using the e-learning will increase my learning productivity 4 Using the e-learning will enhance my effectiveness in learning 5

B.	ATTITUDE	SD				SA		
		- 1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Using e-learning is a good idea		1				1	
2	I like using e-learning							
3	It is desirable to use e-learning							

D.	PERCEIVED BEHAVIOR CONTROL		SD				S	A
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Using e-learning system was entirely within my control			11		1		1
2	I had the resources, knowledge, and ability to use e-learning							
3	I would be able to use the e-learning system well for learning process							
E.	PERCEIVED EASE OF USE		SD				SA	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	My interaction with e-learning is clear and understandable							
2	Interacting with e-learning does not require a lot of mental effort							
3	I find e-learning to be easy to use							
4	I find it easy to get e-learning to do what I want to do		T					

F,	INTENTION TO USE E-LEARNING	SD			SA				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1	I will use the e-learning system on a regular basis in the future								
2	I will frequently use the e-learning system in the future								
3	I will strongly recommend that others to use it								
CEC	TION C. THE END								

SECTION C: THE END

This is the end of the survey. Thank you for participating and contributing towards the research. Please provide your name and email address below to confirm you are a real person and not a robot. Your contact information will not be shared with third party and will be kept confidential.

Name:

Email: