



Autoantibodies against cardiac $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptor do not affect the low-affinity state $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptor-mediated inotropy in rat cardiomyocytes

Submitted by Emmanuel Lemoine on Wed, 12/11/2013 - 17:07

Titre	Autoantibodies against cardiac $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptor do not affect the low-affinity state $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptor-mediated inotropy in rat cardiomyocytes
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	Abdelkrim, Mohammed Amine [1], Mallem, Mohamed Yassine [2], Chatagnon, Gérard [3], Gogny, Marc [4], Desfontis, Jean-Claude [5], Noireaud, Jacques [6]
Editeur	NRC Research Press
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	2012
Langue	Anglais
Date	2012/04
Numéro	4
Pagination	407 - 414
Volume	90
Titre de la revue	Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology
ISSN	0008-4212
Mots-clés	1-Methyl-3-isobutylxanthine [7], Adrenergic beta-1 Receptor Agonists [8], Adrenergic beta-1 Receptor Antagonists [9], Animals [10], Autoantibodies [11], Bisoprolol [12], Isoproterenol [13], Male [14], Myocardial Contraction [15], Myocytes, Cardiac [16], Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors [17], Pindolol [18], Propanolamines [19], Propranolol [20], Rats [21], Rats, Wistar [22], Receptors, Adrenergic, beta-1 [23]

Résumé en anglais

Circulating autoantibodies directed against the 2nd extracellular loop (EL-2) of $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptors ($\beta(1)$ -AABs) have been detected in the serum of patients with various cardiovascular pathologies. $\beta(1)$ -AABs induce agonistic, positive inotropic effects via $\beta(1)$ -adrenoceptors ($\beta(1)$ ARs). In the mammalian heart, $\beta(1)$ -AR can exist in 2 distinct activated configurations (the so-called high- and low-affinity states). The aim of the present study was to investigate whether the action of $\beta(1)$ -AAB is dependent on the affinity state of $\beta(1)$ AR in isolated ventricular cardiomyocytes of adult Wistar rats. Immunoglobulin G (IgG) containing $\beta(1)$ -AAB obtained from animals immunized with a peptide corresponding to the EL-2 of human $\beta(1)$ -AR, caused a dose-dependent increase in cell shortening. Isoproterenol-induced inotropy was significantly reduced in cardiomyocytes that had been preincubated with IgG containing $\beta(1)$ -AAB and in cardiomyocytes isolated from immunized rats. The negative effects of preincubation with IgG containing $\beta(1)$ -AAB on the response to isoproterenol was inhibited in the presence of bisoprolol. CGP 12177A and pindolol-induced inotropy was not affected by IgG preincubation or immunization. No detectable inotropic effect of cell shortening was obtained with IgG containing $\beta(1)$ -AAB in the presence of propranolol and 3-isobutyl-1-methylxanthine. The present study demonstrates that $\beta(1)$ -AABs have no agonist/antagonist-like effects upon low-affinity state $\beta(1)$ -ARs. This result indicates that $\beta(1)$ -AABs recognize and stabilize the high-affinity state, but are unable to stabilize and (or) induce the low-affinity state receptor.

URL de la notice <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua216> [24]

DOI 10.1139/y2012-006 [25]

Lien vers le document <http://dx.doi.org/10.1139/y2012-006> [25]

Liens

- [1] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=465](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=465)
- [2] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=466](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=466)
- [3] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=467](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=467)
- [4] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=468](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=468)
- [5] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=469](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=469)
- [6] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/jacques.noireaud/publications>
- [7] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=961](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=961)
- [8] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5943](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5943)
- [9] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5944](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5944)
- [10] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=964](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=964)
- [11] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=965](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=965)
- [12] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=966](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=966)
- [13] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=967](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=967)
- [14] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=968](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=968)
- [15] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5945](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5945)
- [16] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=970](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=970)
- [17] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5946](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5946)
- [18] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=972](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=972)
- [19] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=973](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=973)
- [20] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=974](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=974)
- [21] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=975](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=975)
- [22] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=976](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=976)
- [23] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=977](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=977)
- [24] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua216>

[25] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1139/y2012-006>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)