



The motley family of polar compounds (MV) M(X_{5-x}X (x)) based on anionic chains of trans-connected M-(III)(X,X)(6) octahedra (M=Bi, Sb; X, X=Cl, Br, I) and methylviologen (MV) dication

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Titre	The motley family of polar compounds (MV) M(X _{5-x} X (x)) based on anionic chains of trans-connected M-(III)(X,X)(6) octahedra (M=Bi, Sb; X, X=Cl, Br, I) and methylviologen (MV) dication
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Auteur	Leblanc, Nicolas [1], Mercier, Nicolas [2], Allain, Magali [3], Toma, Oksana [4], Auban-Senzier, Pascale [5], Pasquier, Claude [6]
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ISSN	0022-4596
Résumé en anglais	<p>The search for hybrid organic-inorganic materials remains a great challenge in the field of ferroelectrics. Following the discovery of the room temperature ferroelectric material (MV)[BiI₃Cl₂] (MV²⁺: methyl-viologen) exhibiting the highest polarization value in the field of hybrid ferroelectrics, we report here nine new hybrids with the general formulation (MV)[(MX_{5-x}X)-X-(III)(x)] (M=Bi, Sb; X, X=Cl, Br, I): (MV)[BiCl_{3.3}Br_{1.7}] (1), (MV)[BiCl_{1.3}Br_{3.7}] (2), (MV)[BiBr_{3.2}I_{1.8}] (3), (MV)[SbCl₅] (4), (MV)[SbBr₅] (5), (MV)[SbCl_{3.8}Br_{1.2}] (6), (MV)[SbCl_{2.4}Br_{2.6}] (7), (MV)[SbI₃Cl₂] (8) and (MV)[SbBr_{3.8}I_{1.2}] (9). Depending on the presence of polar chains or not, and on the coupling of polar chains, two types of centrosymmetrical structures [C1] and [C2] and two types of polar structures [P1] and [P2] are defined. (2) undergoes a paraelectric-to-relaxor ferroelectric transition around 100-150 K depending of the frequency showing that the Curie temperature, T-C, of (MV)[BiBr₅] (243 K) can be modulated by the substitution of Br by Cl. The most interesting family is the [P2] type because the syn coupling of polar chains is in favor of high polarization values, as in (MV)[BiI₃Cl₂]. Five of the nine new hybrids, (4), (6-9), which have the [P2] type structure are potential ferroelectrics. (C) 2012 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.</p>
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Liens

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