



Novel Styrylquinolinium Dye Thin Films Deposited by Pulsed Laser Deposition for Nonlinear Optical Applications

Submitted by Emmanuel Lemoine on Mon, 06/02/2014 - 18:29

Titre	Novel Styrylquinolinium Dye Thin Films Deposited by Pulsed Laser Deposition for Nonlinear Optical Applications
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	El Ouazzani, Hasnaa [1], Dabos, Sylvie [2], Gindre, Denis [3], Iliopoulos, Konstantinos [4], Todorova, M. [5], Bakalska, R. [6], Penchev, P. [7], Sotirov, S. [8], Kolev, T. [9], Serbezov, V. [10], Arbaoui, A [11], Bakasse, Mina [12], Sahraoui, Bouchta [13]
Editeur	American Chemical Society
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	2012
Langue	Anglais
Date	03/2012
Numéro	12
Pagination	7144-7152
Volume	116
Titre de la revue	Journal of Physical Chemistry C
ISSN	1932-7447
Mots-clés	2nd-harmonic generation [14], Absorption [15], beam [16], derivatives [17], hemicyanine dyes [18], maker fringes [19], monolayers [20], polymer [21], solvatochromism [22], susceptibilities [23]
Résumé en anglais	The nonlinear optical (NLO) properties of novel styrylquinolinium dye thin films for photonic applications have been studied by the Z-scan, second harmonic generation (SHG), and third harmonic generation (THG) techniques, providing both the second- and third-order nonlinear optical parameters. The styrylquinolinium dye (E)-1-ethyl-4-(2-(4-hydroxynaphthalen-1-yl)vinyl)quinolinium bromide was synthesized by the Knoevenagel condensation, and its structure and physicochemical properties were determined by H-1 NMR, C-13 NMR, FTIR, UV-vis spectroscopy, and elemental analysis. Functional thin films were deposited by pulsed laser deposition (PLD) using UV TEA N-2 laser onto glass substrates and KCl, NaCl monocrystals at room temperature and vacuum at 10(-3) mbar/0.1 Pa. Further characterization of the films and target from native material by FTIR spectroscopy revealed that there was no difference between the deposited films and the initial material. Atomic force microscopy (AFM) and scanning electron microscopy (SEM) measurements have been also performed in order to provide information about the morphology and topology of the thin films.
URL de la notice	http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua3170 [24]
DOI	10.1021/jp2118218 [25]

Liens

- [1] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=3112](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=3112)
- [2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/sylvie.dabos/publications>
- [3] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/denis.gindre/publications>
- [4] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=2818](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=2818)
- [5] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20892](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20892)
- [6] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20893](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20893)
- [7] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20926](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20926)
- [8] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20927](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20927)
- [9] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=4387](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=4387)
- [10] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20928](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20928)
- [11] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=20896](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=20896)
- [12] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=2673](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=2673)
- [13] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/bouchta.sahraoui/publications>
- [14] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5511](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5511)
- [15] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5214](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5214)
- [16] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=6994](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=6994)
- [17] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5440](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5440)
- [18] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=6991](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=6991)
- [19] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=6940](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=6940)
- [20] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=4790](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=4790)
- [21] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=5668](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=5668)
- [22] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=6992](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=6992)
- [23] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=6993](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=6993)
- [24] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua3170>
- [25] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/jp2118218>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)