



# Fast photorefractive self focusing in InP:Fe semiconductor at near infrared wavelengths

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Résumé en anglais	<p>Self-trapping of optical beams in photorefractive (PR) materials at telecommunications wavelengths has been studied at steady state in insulators such as SBN [1] and in semiconductor InP:Fe [2], CdTe [3]. PR self-focusing and soliton interactions in semiconductors find interesting applications in optical communications such as optical routing and interconnections because of several advantages over insulators: their sensitivity to near-infrared wavelengths and shorter response time. Photorefractive self focusing in InP:Fe is characterized as a function of beam intensity and temperature. Transient self focusing is found to occur on two time scales for input intensities of tens of W/cm<sup>2</sup> (one on the order of tens of μs, one on the order of milliseconds). A theory developed describes the photorefractive self focusing in InP:Fe and confirmed by steady state and transient regime measurements. PR associated phenomena (bending and self focusing) are taking place in InP:Fe as fast as a μs for intensities on the order of 10W/cm<sup>2</sup> at 1.06 μm. Currently we are conducting more experiments in order to estimate the self focusing response time at 1.55μm, to clarify the temporal dynamic of the self focusing and to build up a demonstrator of fast optical routing by photorefractive spatial solitons interactions.</p>
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- [4] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=8775](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=8775)
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/herve.leblond/publications>
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