



## Composition dependence of luminescence of Eu and Eu/Tb doped silicate glasses for LED applications

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Résumé en anglais	<p>The Eu and Eu/Tb doped silicate glasses are good candidates for light emitting diode (LED) applications. But the optical performance of these glasses is sensitive to variations in chemical composition. In this paper we report our recent findings about the effect of addition of minor components such as B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and CaF<sub>2</sub> on the luminescent properties of the above-mentioned glasses. We explore the role of Eu<sup>3+</sup> ions as a structural probe of the glasses by determining the asymmetry factor, i.e., the ratio of the emission intensity of the 5D<sub>0</sub>→7F<sub>2</sub>5D<sub>0</sub>→7F<sub>2</sub> transition to that of the 5D<sub>0</sub>→7F<sub>1</sub>5D<sub>0</sub>→7F<sub>1</sub> transition. The results show that the asymmetry factor and luminescence lifetimes of as-prepared materials are dependent on composition. White fluorescence is achieved in Eu/Tb co-doped glasses, which can be attributed to the simultaneous generation of red, green and blue wavelengths from Eu<sup>3+</sup> and Tb<sup>3+</sup> ions. The variation of the excitation wavelength can tune the emission spectra as well as Commission Internationale de L'Eclairage (CIE) chromaticity coordinates of Eu/Tb co-doped glasses for specific applications. The energy transfer from Tb<sup>3+</sup> to Eu<sup>3+</sup> ions is investigated by analyzing fluorescence spectra and decay curves.</p>
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### Liens

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