



# Theoretical calculations of second and third-order nonlinear susceptibilities and their corresponding hyperpolarizabilities of a styrylquinolinium dye

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Auteur	Karakas, Asli [1], Ceylan, Y. [2], Bakalska, R. [3], Todorova, M. [4], Sofiani, Z. [5], Sahraoui, Bouchta [6]
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Résumé en anglais	<p>The second (<math>\chi^{(2)}</math>) and third-order (<math>\chi^{(3)}</math>) susceptibilities of a styrylquinolinium dye (1) have been determined utilizing second-harmonic generation (SHG) and third-harmonic generation (THG) techniques, respectively. The reported measurement findings on <math>\chi^{(2)}</math> and <math>\chi^{(3)}</math> have been compared with the theoretical data evaluated here by means of ab-initio quantum mechanical calculations. The electric dipole moments (<math>\mu</math>), static dipole polarizabilities (<math>\alpha</math>) and first hyperpolarizabilities (<math>\beta</math>) have been computed by density functional theory (DFT) at B3LYP/6-311+G(d, p) level. To reveal the frequency-dependent second and third-order microscopic nonlinear optical (NLO) behavior of the title compound, the dynamic dipole polarizabilities, first and second (<math>\gamma</math>) hyperpolarizabilities have been theoretically investigated using time-dependent Hartree-Fock (TDHF) method. According to the experimental and theoretical results, the values of susceptibilities and the corresponding microscopic coefficients with large non-zero responses make the examined dye promising candidate for NLO applications.</p>
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## Liens

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