SHORT COMMUNICATION NEW DISTRIBUTION RECORD OF *PELOPHRYNE API* DRING, 1983 (ANURA: BUFONIDAE) FROM SARAWAK, EAST MALAYSIA

RAMLAH ZAINUDIN, NOORAINA ATIRA ALAUDIN, NUR AMIRAH MD SUNGIF, MARLY MATLEEN AUGUSTINE AGOH, ELVY QUATRIN ANAK DEKA, AND NAJMI NAIM

Photo Caption Collared Kingfisher by Anuar Mc Afee. Pelophyrne api by Nooraina Atira Alaudin. Gomphidae by Wahizatul Afzam Azmi.

Department of Zoology, Faculty of Resources Science and Technology, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak, 94300 Kota Samarahan, Sarawak, Malaysia

Corresponding author: zramlah@frst.unimas.my

Abstract: *Pelophryne api* (Bufonidae), formerly only discovered at Mount Api, Mulu was recently found at the limestone of Bau, Kuching. Morphological observations of the two individuals of *P. api* discovered matched the original diagnosis description of the holotype species by Dring (1983). The habitats of the recently discovered individuals are closely similar to that of the holotype species as well, remarkably the leaves of low plants at limestone area. The recent collections of *P. api* leads to suggestion that this species may occur at other limestone areas in Borneo and further field survey at the Bornean limestone areas are needed.

Key words: Pelophryne api, Mulu, Bau, Sarawak, limestone

Introduction

The first individual of *Pelophryne api* was discovered at camp five, base of Mount Api, Gunung Mulu National Park in northern Sarawak and was described by Julian Dring (1983) as endemic to Borneo. This paper documents a new distribution record of *P. api* in Bau, Kuching. On 20 September 2016, at 2025 hour, two adult individuals of *P. api* (DKNP 005 (male) and DKNP 006 (female)) were encountered and collected from the trail of Simpang Kuda, in the Bau region of Kuching Division, Sarawak,

East Malaysia (N 01°24.109°, E 110°10.767°). The individuals were collected under research permit no NCCD.907.4.4. (JLD 13) – 271. The toads were first photographed before being captured with bare hands. Both individuals were euthanized, before tissue samples were taken for molecular work. After the tissue isolation, the samples were fixed in 4% formalin (Zainudin *et al.*, 2010). Then, the samples were preserved in 70 % ethanol and kept at UNIMAS Museum, Kota Samarahan, Sarawak, Malaysia (Zainudin *et al.*, 2010).

ISSN: 1823-8556

© Penerbit UMT



Figure 1: Dorsolateral view of *Pelophyrne api*. Photo by Nooraina Atira Alaudin.