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Biomethane – feedstocks and potential as transportation fuel in Southern Finland

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The need to replace fossil fuels in transport sector stimulates the screening for alternative fuels and their production capacities. The objective was to study the amounts and locations of different types of waste based biomasses and sustainable produced energy crops, available for biogas production and to evaluate biomethane production for vehicle fuel in Southern Finland (Fig 1).

Fig. 1. Study regions and share of passenger car fuel consumption that could be replaced with biomethane



MATERIALS AND METHODS

- Feedstock: available biowaste, sludge, manure, agroresidues and energy crops
- To show the regional distribution of methane potential every feedstock was plotted onto the map with attributes indicating the amount and type of its biomethane potential

Fig. 2. Example of spatial distribution of CH₄ potential in Kymenlaakso region and proposed location of potential biogas plants

• Kernel density estimation of biomass sources: for finding areas with relatively high concentrations of biomass (Fig 2)

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

1 200 The total theoretical energy potential is over 3 TWh/a of which silage and other agricultural materials account for 1 0 0 0 35-98% in study regions (Fig 3). In GIS-based biomass 800 mapping biogas plants were cited in hotspots of § 600 biomethane production potential. In total over 50 large 400 scale biogas plants were cited with total 2.2 TWh/a of 200 energy production. From 5 to 65% of passenger car fuel consumption could be replaced with biomethane in case Turku region Kymenlaakso Helsinki region Salo region regions (Fig.1). On average about 4% of passenger cars fuel region Agricultural waste and side products* Silage consumption in Finland could be replaced with WWTP sludge Manure Industrial biowaste Municipal biowaste biomethane produced in study regions indicating that development of sustainable cultivation methods for grass **Fig 3.** Theoretical biomethane potential feedstock should be promoted to achieve economical in study regions possibilities to produce renewable fuel.



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