低周波誘導熱プラズマ炉の試作と巨大クラスター生 成への応用

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Development of Low-Fregnency Induction Thermal Plasma for Cluster Synthesis

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Research Institution
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Research Abstract

In the third and final year of the project, 1998, a wide area induction plasma was successively generated by using MOSFET inverter power supply with a low frequency of 450 kHz and a power of 50 kW.The reaction area of the plasma is as wide as 150-mm diameter and 150-mm length, which enable us the high speed processing or synthesis of materials. C_<60> fullurene synthesis was carried out by using Ar, He and CO_2 induction thermal plasmas. Remarkable results are as follows.

- 1) The transistor inverter supply was found to be useful to establish the inductively coupled plasma with a frequency of 450 kHz. At a power level of 30kW, several kinds of plasma can be generated in Ar, He and CO2 gas circumstance. The CO2 plasma was found to have relatively high temperature around 10,000 K compared to Ar and He plasma.
- 2) These induction thermal plasmas were sufficiently stable for the injection of cold carbon powders up to a rate of 10 g/min, which is high enough quantity to produce the C_<60> cluster with a high rate.
- 3) Among the experiments carried out under several conditions with respects to the gas sort, pressure and the power of plasma, Ar/He noble gas plasma showed the most highest $C_{<60>$ synthesis rate, while the dissociative $C_{<2}$ gas plasma showed no synthesis of $C_{<60>$. The results indicate that a strong quenching effect of the radical C atom and $C_{<2}$ molecule is essential for the synthesis of such high order fullurene materials.

Research Products (10 results)

All Other All Publications (10 results) [Publications] 作田,田中,香月,石垣: "パルス変調された高周波誘導熱プラズマの発生" 日本金属学会誌. 63-1. 2-8 (1999) [Publications] Y.T = ika, M. Takahashi, K.C. Paul, T. Sakuta: "Transport Thermariynamic Properties of N 2/O 2 Matures it Different Admixture Ratio" International Workshop on High Voltage Engineering IWHV99. I. 103-108 (1999) [Publications] T.Sakata,K.C.Paul,S.Hata = a,M.Takahashi,Y.Tanaka: "Spectroscopic.Meascurements of SF_6 and N_2 Induction Plasmas at Atmospheric Pressure" International Workshop on High Voltage Engineering IWHV99. I. 109-114 (1999) [Publications] 田中,作田: "化学非平衡モデルによる誘導SF_6熱プラズマの過波解約" 電気学会放電研究会 資料. 1. 29-34 (1998) [Publications] K.C.Paul, T.Takoshima, T.Sakuta: "Coppey Vapor Effect on RF Inductively Coupled SF_6 Plasmas" IEEE Trans, on Plasma Sci. 26-3. 1000-1009 (1998) [Publications] T.Sakuta, Y.tanaka, M.Katsuki, T.Ishigaki: "Generation of inductively coupled thermal plasma with pulse modulated mode." J.Japan Inst.Metals.Vol.63, No.1. 2-8 (1999) [Publications] Y.Tanaka, M.Takahashi, K.C.Paul: "T,Sakuta, Transport and Thermodynamic Properties of N2/O2 Mixtures at Different Admixture Ratio" International Workshop on High Voltage Engineering IWHV99. Vol.I. 103-108 (1999) [Publications] T.Sakuta, K.C.Paul, S.Hatazawa, M.Takahashi, Y.Tanaka: "Spectroscopic Measurements of SF6 and N2 Induction Plasmas at Atmospheric Pressure" International Workshop on High Voltage Engineering IWHV99. Vol.I. 103-108 (1999) [Publications] Y.Tanaka and T.Sakuta: "Numerical Analysis on Transient Behavior of Induction SF6 Thermal Plasma by Non-Chemical Equilibrium Model" IEEJ Workshop, ED-98-232, 29-34 (1999) [Publications] K.C.Paul, T.Takashima, T.Sakuta: "Copper Vapor Effect on RF Inductively Coulped SF6 Plasmas" IEEE Trans. On Plasma Sci.Vol.26, No.3. 1000-1009 (1998)

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