3rd Symposium of Young Researchers on Pharmacognosy



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BOOK OF ABSTRACTS



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Isolation and identification of triterpenes from *Pholiota populnea*: new members of the Pholiol series

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Strophariaceae family has 18 genera and 1.316 species, found in northern temperature zones [1,2]. Pholiota populnea (syn. Pholiota destruens, Hemipholiota populnea) is a saprophytic or sometimes parasitic mushroom species, which plays a considerable role in decomposing the deadwood of cottonwoods. The aim of our work was the isolation and structure determination of bioactive compounds of *P. populnea*. The mushroom material (4.2 kg) was extracted with methanol by percolation. After concentration, the methanolic extract was subjected to solventsolvent partition using *n*-hexane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, respectively. The chloroform and ethyl acetate phases were separated by flash chromatography on normal (NP) and reversed phase (RP) column, by NP- and RP-HPLC and gel filtration on Sephadex LH-20. The structures were elucidated using extensive spectroscopic analyses, including 1D and 2D NMR and HRMS measurements. The detailed phytochemical analysis of the chloroform and ethyl acetate phases of P. populnea led to the isolation of six new lanostane diesters, named pholiols E-J, together with (+)-clavaric acid and two known ribonucleosides. All compounds were isolated for the first time from this mushroom. Our results indicate that *P. populnea* is a promising source for finding new triterpenes. We plan to investigate the anti-inflammatory activity of the compounds in the future.

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References

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