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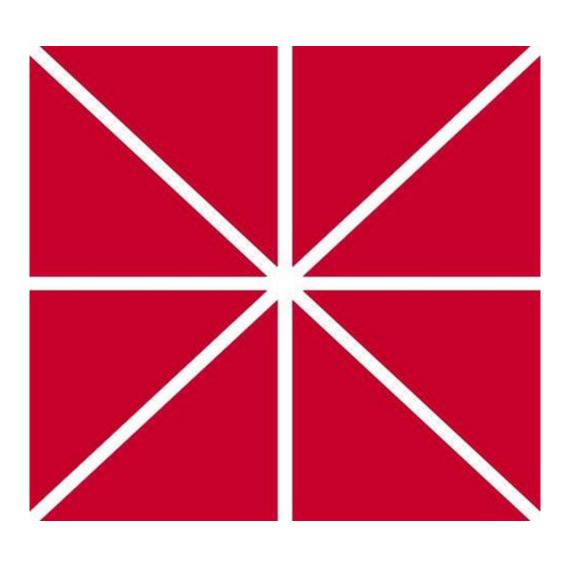
Ketone Hydrosilylation Studies Using a Carbodiphosphorane Catalyst

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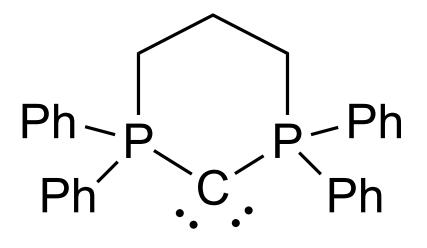


Ketone Hydrosilylation Studies Using a Carbodiphosphorane Catalyst Liam Sullivan, Dr. Allegra Liberman-Martin Schmid College of Science and Technology, Chapman University

Background

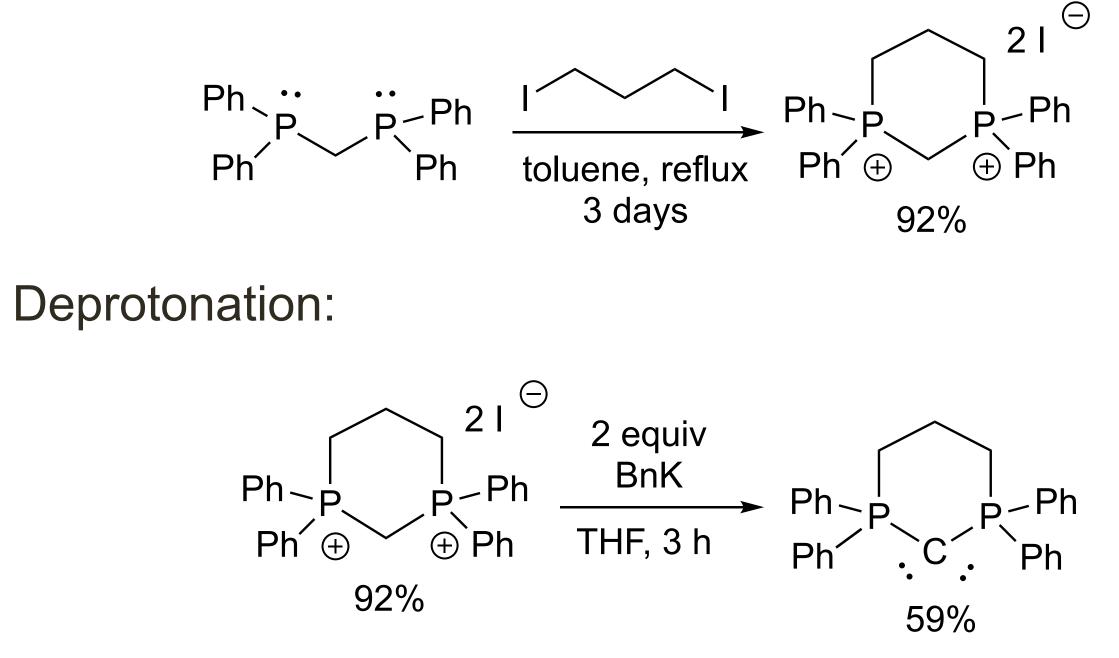
Ketone hydrosilylation is used for the synthesis of alcohol products.

We are investigating a carbodiphosphorane catalyst as a metal-free nucleophilic organic catalyst.



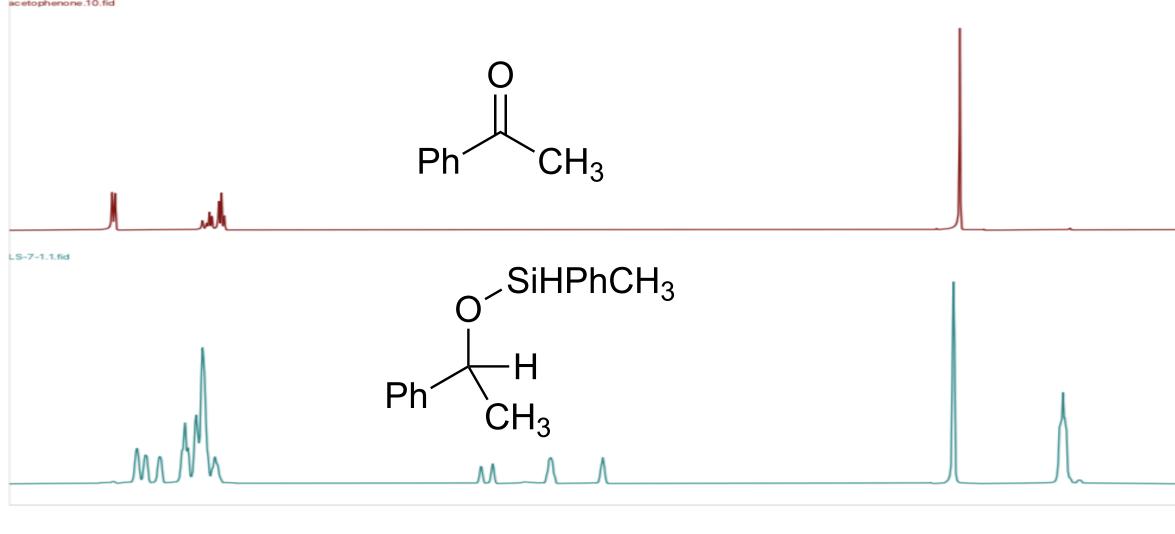
Catalyst Synthesis

Alkylation:



Methodology

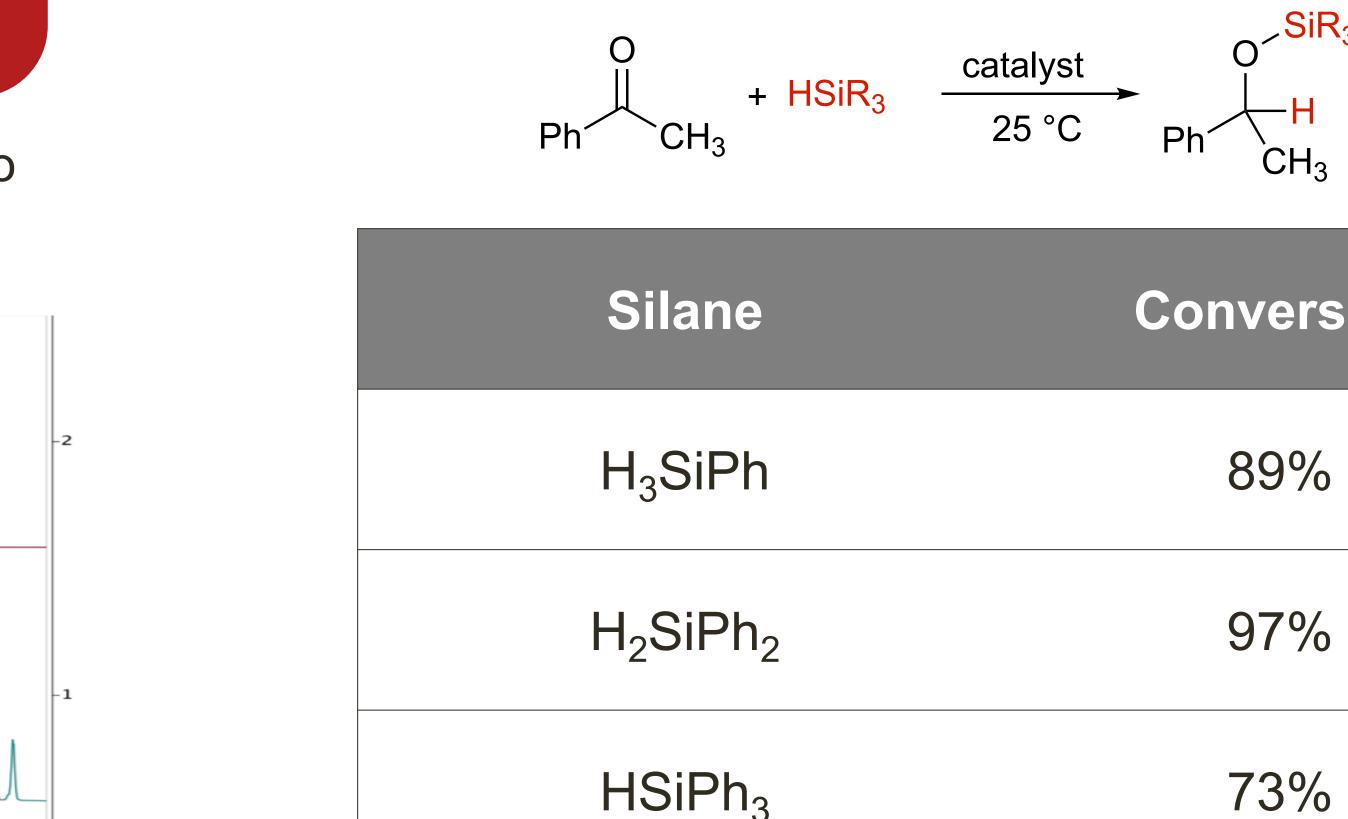
¹H NMR spectra of the starting ketone were compared to hydrosilylation products to determine the conversion.



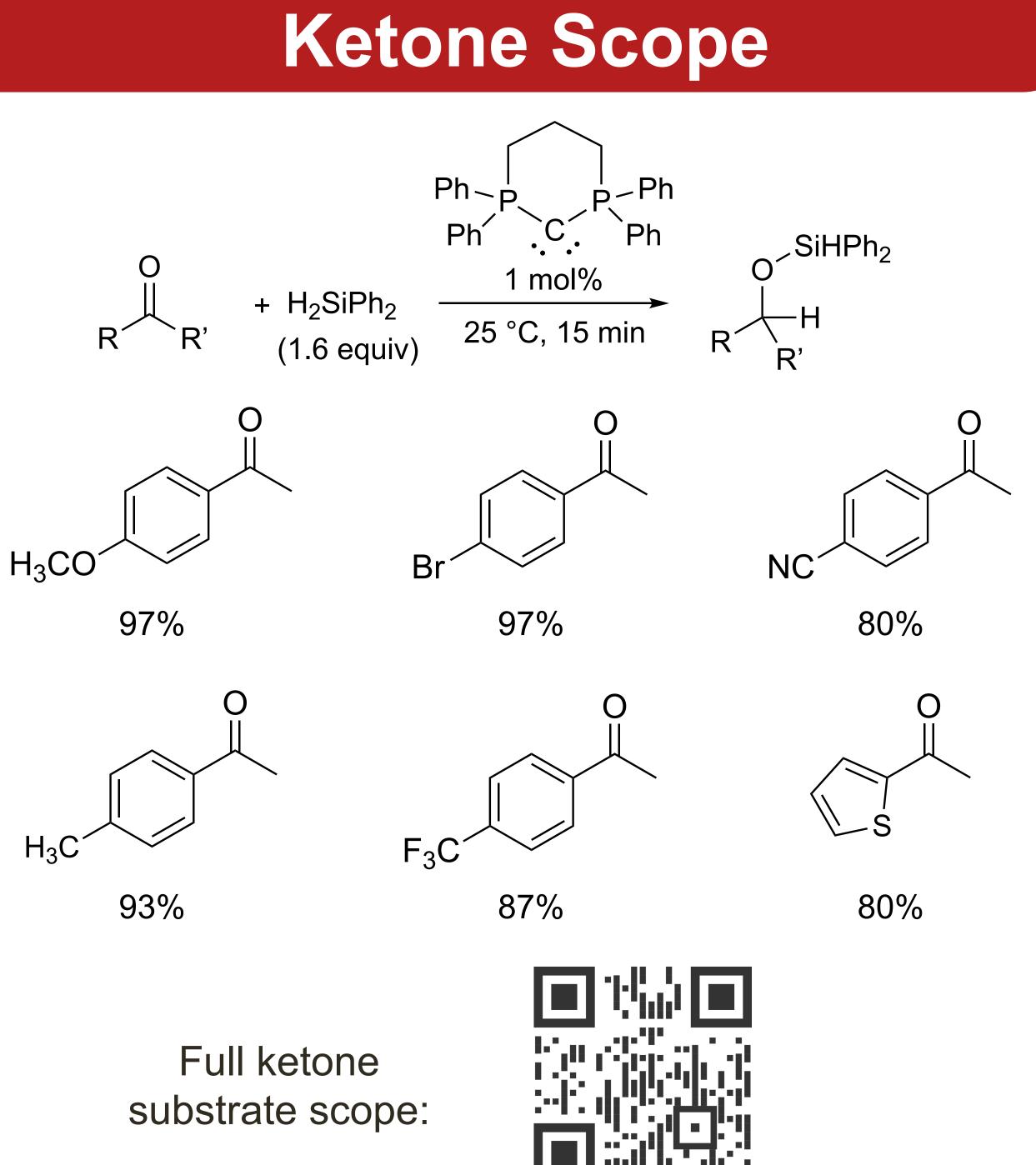
Nucleophilic Catalyst Comparison

$\begin{array}{c} O \\ H \\$			
Catalyst	Catalyst Loading	Time	Conversion
Ph - P - Ph Ph - C - Ph Ph - C - Ph	5 mol% 1 mol%	1 h	94% 92%
$\begin{array}{ccc} CH_3 & CH_3 \\ Ph \begin{array}{c} I \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} I \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \\ P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & P \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} P \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & P \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} &$	5 mol% 1 mol%	1 h	100% 25%
Ph Ph Ph Ph CH ₂	5 mol%	1 h	53%
$\begin{array}{ccc} Ph & Ph \\ Ph & & \\ Ph & P & P \\ Ph & P & Ph \\ Ph & C & Ph \end{array}$	5 mol%	1 h	6%
	5 mol%	1 h	8%

Silane Scope



Conversion



(1) Wang, Z.; Fetterly, B.; Verkade, J. G. P(MeNMCH2CH2)3N: An Effective Catalyst for Trimethylsilycyanation of Aldehydes and Ketones. Journal of Organometallic Chemistry 2002, 646, 161–166. (2) Wang, Z.; Wroblewski, A. E.; Verkade, J. G. P(MeNCH2CH2)3N: An Efficient Promoter for the Reduction of Aldehydes and Ketones with Poly(Methylhydrosiloxane). J. Org. Chem. 1999, 64, 8021-8023.

(3) Wu, W.-B.; Zeng, X.-P.; Zhou, J. Carbonyl-Stabilized Phosphorus Ylide as an Organocatalyst for Cyanosilylation Reactions Using TMSCN. J. Org. Chem. 2020, 85, 14342–14350.

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References