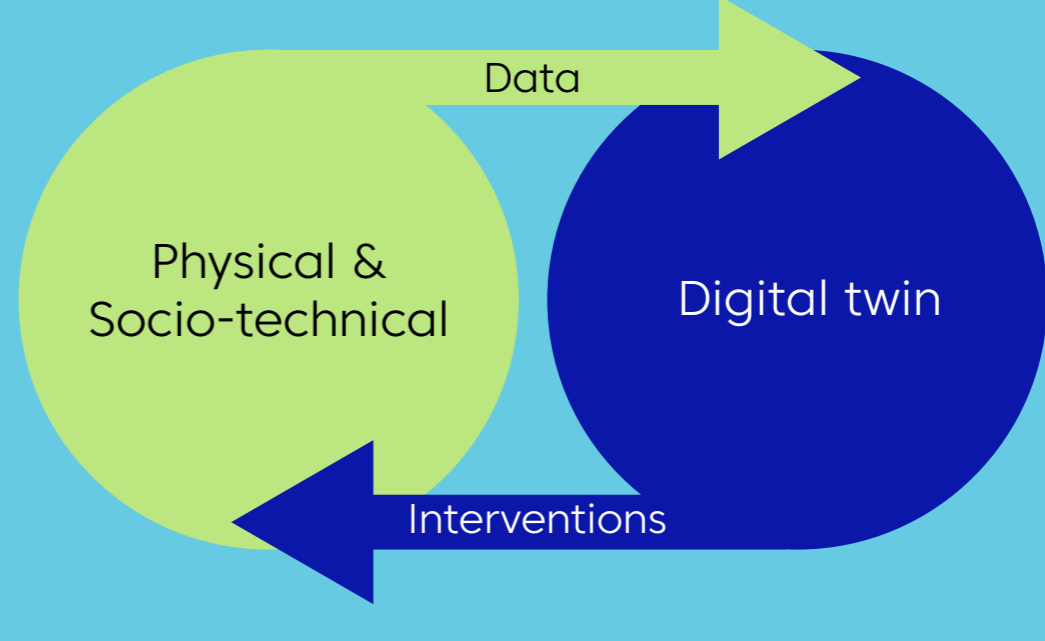


# Digital Twin Journeys: An iterative approach to prototyping digital twins

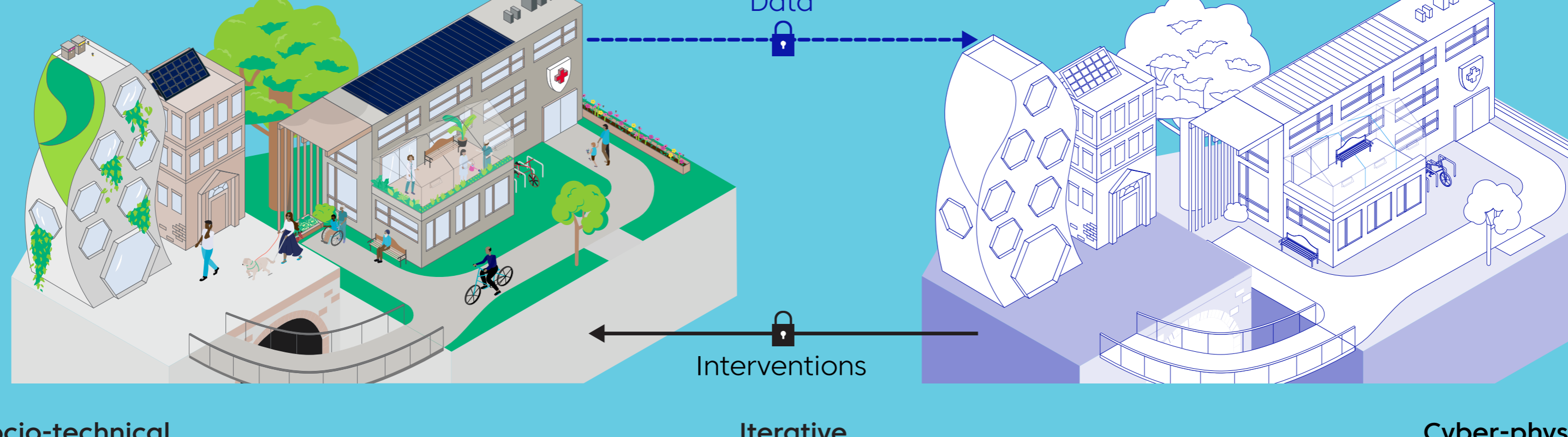
Embarking on a digital twin journey can help you better understand a problem and provide insights that can help you solve it. This infographic is a guide to capturing value through prototyping digital twins, based on lessons learned from the digital twin research delivered by the Centre for Digital Built Britain as a partner in the Construction Innovation Hub and undertaken by the University of Cambridge.

Please visit <https://www.cddb.cam.ac.uk/research/digital-twin-journeys> for more information about this research.



## What is a digital twin?

A digital twin is a digital representation of a physical asset (e.g. a bridge, a building, a train car or a rail network) based on timely data that allows for analysis, insight, decision-making, sense-making and interventions in the physical world.



### Socio-technical

Digital twins involve developing technology, but also designing processes and tools that are run by people, enable collaboration, support human decision-makers and create positive outcomes for society.

### Iterative

Digital twins scale up and improve through an ongoing cycle of prototyping, deployment and reflection. You don't need to solve all of your problems with your first prototype.

### Cyber-physical

Digital twins bridge the physical world around us with a world of digital data and models, which represent the state of the asset, how it is performing and potentially predict its future state, enabling better interventions in the physical world.

## Getting started on your first digital twin

Start with a minimum viable twin - one that does only the most essential tasks and enables the best environment to develop a digital twin that is fit for purpose.

If you take an iterative approach to digital twins, it will result in Digital Twins that are aligned to emerging requirements. It is much easier for stakeholders to assess the uses of a digital twin if they are able to test it.

By focusing on creating value and realising benefits, you can create small prototypes that are working toward broader goals, like better performance of assets, and environmental and social good.

**Mara, a digital twin guide, is about to help Desmond develop his first digital twin prototype.**

Hi, Desmond. I heard you have ambitions to deliver net zero emissions for your building stock. How can I help?

We have these targets, but I don't know what data we have or how to use it to make better decisions. Where do I start?

Let's see how developing a digital twin prototype can help.

Follow Desmond's digital twin journey below...

## Purpose

The requirements for a digital twin clearly describe what job it is doing or the problem it is solving. Why are you developing this digital twin?

It is important to set a clear goal that the project stakeholders agree upon.

### Define the requirements

Start with a problem that can be observed using sensors and up to date information sources. Connect these information sources to people who can use it to make better informed decisions.

## Analysis

Analysis involves digging into why people use your service, why it is valuable and what you want to get out of developing a digital twin.

### Understand how people use your asset/service

What are their needs and expectations? How would they be impacted by changes in your problem space?

[Read more](#)

### Identify your enablers and resources

Consider what you have to hand that can help you. What can you use that's Open Source? What anonymous data can you use to make yourself? Who in your organisation can help you?

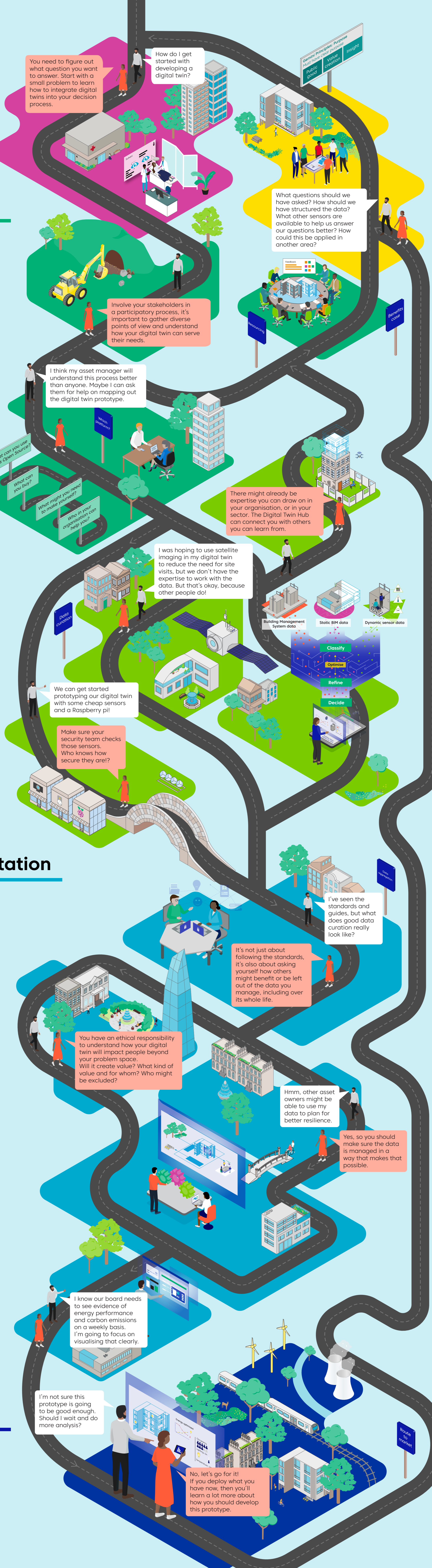
There may be free sources of data that you can draw on. For example, some remote geospatial data is free to access, though it requires a specialist to process.

[Read more](#)

### Sensors don't need to be expensive or bespoke

Off the shelf sensors can be combined in innovative ways to meet the information need. You may already have sensors you can use to infer other information.

[Read more](#)



## Implementation

### Consider security implications of the data you are collecting and managing

Will the risk increase when aggregated with other data or digital twins? Will data be managed securely? Will anonymous data remain anonymous when considered in the context of a real building?

[Read more](#)

### Understand the ethical and legal frameworks in which your digital twin will operate

Data and digital technology don't exist in a vacuum, they impact people's lives. Look at the legal landscape, but also consider the people who will be impacted by your decisions.

[Read more](#)

### Communicate data visually for better insights

The visual interface with the digital twin should be appropriate to the stakeholders who will be using the twin to make decisions. The style of the visualisation, the information it provides, the frequency and uncertainty are decisions you need to make consciously at this stage.

## Testing

### Develop your prototype

Take all of the decisions with the digital twin should be appropriate to the stakeholders who will be using the twin to make decisions. The style of the visualisation, the information it provides, the frequency and uncertainty are decisions you need to make consciously at this stage.

## What's next for digital twins?

Digital twins are still pretty new, though, right? What are the gaps that I should know about?

Of course. We're still early in developing the technical capability of digital twins and the process and skills for people to use them well. Timely, accurate, predictive insights about your energy performance requires time and effort. It's important to understand what's achievable and test different possibilities to understand the way forward.

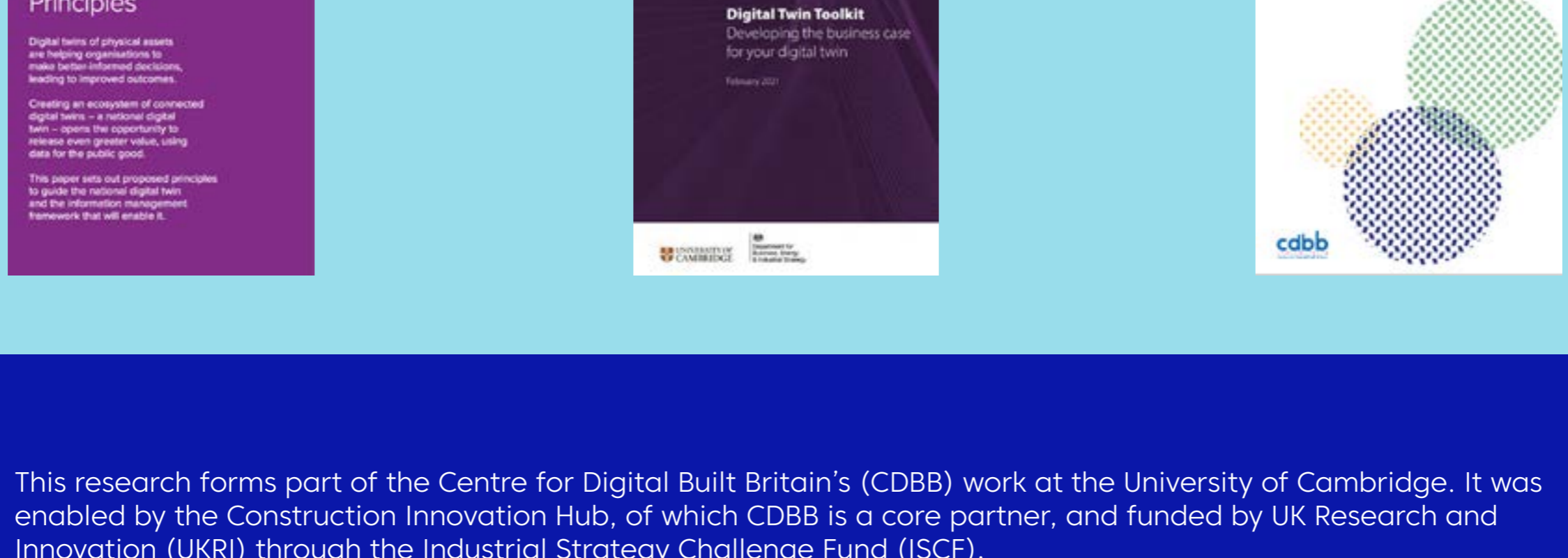
But by developing a prototype and sharing your experience, you're starting to fill some of those gaps!

## Getting started on your first digital twin

To explore all of the Digital Twin Journeys research projects and outputs, visit the [home page](#).

<b>Staffordshire Bridges</b>	<b>Sensors and Sensibility</b> <a href="#">Understanding the information need - a bridge to better information management</a>	<b>Satellites for Remote Sensing</b>	<a href="#">Creating value from high-volume built environment data</a> <a href="#">Digital Twins from Space</a>
<b>West Cambridge Digital Twin - Institute for Manufacturing</b>	<a href="#">Data Ingestion</a> <a href="#">Data for asset managers</a>	<b>Smart Hospital</b>	<a href="#">The journey to the smart hospital of the future</a> <a href="#">Ecosystems of services enabled by connected digital twins</a>
<b>West Cambridge Digital Twin - Computer Lab</b>	<a href="#">Training a Computer to See</a> <a href="#">Coffee Time</a>	<b>Project OAK</b>	<a href="#">Playing the digital twin ethics game</a>

## Other key resources



This research forms part of the Centre for Digital Built Britain's (CDBB) work at the University of Cambridge. It was enabled by the Construction Innovation Hub, of which CDBB is a core partner, and funded by UK Research and Innovation (UKRI) through the Industrial Strategy Challenge Fund (ISCF).

To join the conversation with others who are on their own digital twin journeys, join the [Digital Twin Hub](#).