



## University of Groningen

## Effectiveness of long-term follow-up of breast cancer

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## **Statements**

Related to the thesis

## Effectiveness of long-term follow-up of breast cancer

Wenli Lu, January 11,2012

1. Clinical guidelines all recommend history taking, physical examination and mammography to breast cancer survivors.

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- 2. Early detection of isolated loco-regional or contra-lateral breast cancer recurrences in patients without symptoms has a beneficial impact on the survival of breast cancer patients when compared to late symptomatic detection. (This thesis)
- 3. All guidelines endorse a less intensive clinical follow-up excluding distant metastasis related tests in the absence of evidence that early treatment of metastatic disease will prolong life.
- 4. For one-third of these patients the time of stopping their hospital follow-up was earlier than it should have been based on the guidelines. (This thesis)
- 5. The results show that patients with contralateral breast cancer detected by routine mammography have better survival rates than patients with contralateral breast cancers detected by other means. (This thesis)
- 6. Routine physical examination may be most valuable for women with a history of breast cancer younger than 60 years. (This thesis)
- 7. Shortening the follow-up time in the hospital leads to a significant reduction in costs and maintains the same clinical effects. (This thesis).
- 8. Frankness is the most advisable maneuver.
- 9. The important thing in life is to have a great aim, and the determination to attain it. (Goethe)