





Telomere Length and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease and Cancer (Vol 70, pg 506, 2017)

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The overall effect is from fixed-effects meta-analysis of all SVs. Odds ratio (OR) shown with 95% confidence interval (CI) relates to a change in risk per-SD shortening in gTL."

The authors apologize for these errors.

The online version of the article has been corrected to reflect these changes.

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2018.02.020

Sze E, Samad Z, Dunning A, Campbell KB, Loring Z, Atwater BD, Chiswell K, Kisslo JA, Velazquez EJ, Daubert JP

Impaired Recovery of Left Ventricular Function in Patients With Cardiomyopathy and Left Bundle Branch Block

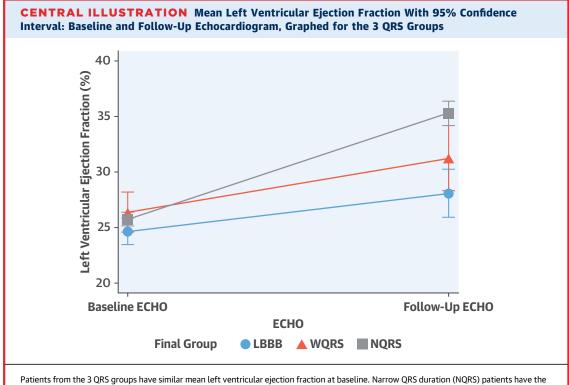


J Am Coll Cardiol 2018;71:306-17.

On page 312, the title of the Central Illustration read: Mean Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction With Standard Deviation: Baseline and Follow-Up Echocardiogram, Graphed for the 3 QRS Groups

But should have read: Mean Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction With 95% Confidence Interval: Baseline and Follow-Up Echocardiogram, Graphed for the 3 QRS Groups

The corrected Central Illustration is printed below.



highest rates of left ventricular functional recovery, whereas left bundle branch block (LBBB) patients have the lowest. WQRS = non-left bundle branch block wide QRS duration.

The authors apologize for this error.

The online version of the article has been corrected to reflect this change.

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